HAZARDOUS MATERIALS SURVEY AND 2022 REASSESSMENT 113 OSGOODE STREET, OTTAWA, ON



Project No.: 0Z2021101HZ / CCC-230252-00

Prepared for:

University of Ottawa

Prepared by:

McIntosh Perry Limited (MPL)

MPL Contact:

John Tufts, Project Manager

Hazardous Materials / Environmental Health & Safety

T: 613-836-2184 E: j.tufts@mcintoshperry.com

Date:

September 16, 2022

TABLE OF CONTENTS

REAS	SESSME	NT SURVEY 2022	۱.
EXEC	UTIVE S	UMMARY	II
1.0	INTRO	DUCTION	1
2.0	PROPI	ERTY DESCRIPTION	2
3.0	FINDII	NGS & RECOMMENDATIONS	2
Des	ignated	Substances	. 2
3.1	Asbe	estos	. 2
3	.1.1	Fireproofing	. 4
3	.1.2	Mechanical Pipe Insulation	. 4
3	.1.3	Flexible Duct Connector	. 5
3	.1.4	Heat Shield or Heat Shield Insulation	. 5
3	.1.5	Texture Finishes	. 5
3	.1.6	Plaster	. 5
3	.1.7	Drywall Joint Compound	. 5
3	.1.8	Ceiling Tiles	. 5
3	.1.9	Vinyl Floor Tiles	. 5
3	.1.10	Vinyl Sheet Flooring	. 6
3	.1.11	Brick/Stone Mortar	. 6
3	.1.12	Concrete Block Mortar	. 6
3	.1.13	Ceramic Wall / Floor Tile Grout	. 6
3	.1.14	Transite (Asbestos Cement)	. 6
3	.1.15	Caulking	. 6
3	.1.16	Mastic	. 6
3	.1.17	Cementitious Coating	. 6
3	.1.18	Wallpaper	. 7
3	.1.19	Fire Doors	. 7
3	.1.20	Roofing Material	. 7
3.2	Lead	1	. 8

3	3.2.1	Paint Finishes	8
3	3.2.2	Battery Packs	8
3.3	Me	ercury	9
3	3.3.1	Thermostat Switches	9
3	3.3.2	Fluorescent Light Tubes	10
3	3.3.3	Pressure Gauges and Float Switches	10
3.4	Sil	ica	10
Oth	ner Haz	ardous Materials	11
3.5	Ро	lychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs)	11
3	3.5.1	Light Ballasts	11
3	3.5.2	Transformers	11
3.6	Oz	one Depleting Substances (ODSs) and Other Halocarbon	11
<i>3.7</i>	. Ra	dioactive Materials	11
3.8	Un	derground and Above Ground Storage Tanks (USTs and ASTs)	12
3.9	М	ould	12
3	3.9.1	Mould	12
3	3.9.2	Water Damage	12
4.0	GEN	ERAL CONSIDERATIONS AND LIMITATIONS	13

Appendix A – Regulatory Requirements

Appendix B – Survey Methodology & Background Information

Appendix C – Laboratory Certificate of Analysis

Appendix D— Site Photographs

Appendix E – Asbestos Containing Materials Checklist

Appendix F – Hazardous Containing Materials Checklist

Appendix G – Site Sampling & Location Plans

REASSESSMENT SURVEY 2022

McIntosh Perry Limited **(MPL)** was retained by the University of Ottawa to complete a Hazardous Materials Survey for the building located at 113 Osgoode Street in Ottawa, ON. MPL was also retained to reassess the condition of hazardous building materials found. The survey was conducted on March 30th, 2020. The reassessment was completed on June 21st, 2022.

The purpose of the reassessment was to evaluate the condition and quantity of previously reported asbestos-containing materials (ACM) and develop corrective action plans as required for the purposes of long-term management.

The assessment and reassessment determined the following findings and recommendations.

Summary of the Reassessment Findings:

- Suspected ACM in Brick Mortar and Roofing Material were observed to be in Good Condition throughout the subject building.
- No mould or water damaged materials were observed during the site survey

Summary of Recommendations:

- Perform a reassessment of asbestos materials on an annual basis.
- Sample any presumed ACM prior to alteration or maintained work if presumed ACM may be disturbed by the work.
- Perform a pre-construction assessment and remove all asbestos-containing materials (ACM) prior to alterations or maintenance work if ACM may be disturbed by the work.
- Follow appropriate safe work procedures when handling or disturbing asbestos.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

McIntosh Perry Limited (MPL) was retained by the University of Ottawa to complete a Hazardous Materials Survey for the building located at 113 Osgoode Street in Ottawa, ON. The survey was conducted on March 30th, 2020. The Reassessment Survey was conducted on June 21st, 2022.

The purpose of the survey was to determine the presence of building materials containing Designated Substances and other hazardous materials, as defined under the Ontario Occupational Health and Safety Act. Designated Substances are eleven chemical agents prescribed under Ontario Regulation 490/09.

Based on the assessment conducted by MPL, the following ACMs were identified or suspected to be present in the building:

Table A: Summary of Asbestos-Containing Materials Identified

Material Description	Friable?	Location	Type of Asbestos
Brick/Stone Mortar	-	Throughout Building	Suspected
Roofing Materials	-	Roof	Suspected

Note: Please refer to the complete report for specific details and recommendations.

All repairs or removal of asbestos-containing materials must be conducted according to Ontario Regulation 278/05, Regulation respecting Asbestos on Construction Projects and in Buildings and Repair Operations - made under the Occupational Health and Safety Act. Asbestos containing waste must also be handled and disposed of according to Ontario Regulation 347/90 as amended – made under the Environmental Protection Act. Any suspect building materials encountered that were not assessed as part of this survey, should be assumed to contain asbestos until proven otherwise by analytical testing;

Sub-trades working with or in close proximity to asbestos-containing material should be informed of its presence;

Given that asbestos containing materials (ACMs) have been identified and will likely remain in place, an Asbestos Management Plan (AMP) is therefore required and an inventory of ACMs must be kept on site. All ACMs must be routinely inspected to ensure no damage has occurred, and the inventory must be updated once in each 12-month period and as may be required based on expected changing site conditions, abatement and/or renovation activities.

Based on the assessment conducted by MPL, the following Designated Substances and Hazardous Materials were identified or suspected to be present in the building:

Table B: Summary of Designated Substances & Hazardous Materials Identified

Material Description	Location
Lead Paint	Throughout Building

Ozone Depleting Substances	Specific Equipment
Mercury Vapour	Specific Equipment
Mercury Liquid	Specific Equipment
Silica	Throughout Building

Note: Please refer to the complete report for specific details and recommendations.

Designated Substances area regulated under Ontario Regulation 490/09 — Designated Substances, made under the Ontario Health and Safety Act, which applies to controlling designated substances in the workplace.

In addition to Ontario Regulation 490/09, the following guidelines must also be adhered to when conducting work activities that that involve disturbance of the above-mentioned materials:

- Guideline: Lead on Construction Projects, issued April 2011 by the Occupational Health and Safety branch of the Ministry of Labour
- Guideline: Silica on Construction Projects issued April 2011 by the Occupational Health and Safety branch of the Ministry of Labour.
- Environmental Abatement Council of Ontario (EACO) Lead Abatement Guidelines.

Prior to any renovations or demolition activities within building, designated substances must be decommissioned by a licensed contractor such that they are contained and not released to the environment during decommissioning as per O. Reg. 347/09- made under the Environmental Protection Act.

Any suspect building materials encountered that were not assessed as part of this survey, should be assumed to contain designated substances or hazardous materials until proven otherwise by analytical testing.

This report should be made available to contractors tendering on any renovation or demolition work. In turn, all contractors requesting tenders from subcontractors shall furnish this report to subcontractors.

This executive summary is not to be used alone. This report should be reviewed in its entirety.

McINTOSH PERRY iii

McINTOSH PERRY

September 16, 2022

University of Ottawa

141 Louis-Pasteur Private Ottawa, Ontario K1N 1E3

Attention: Joel Lajeunesse, Project Manager

Re: 113 Osgoode Street, Ottawa, ON

Hazardous Materials Survey

McIntosh Perry Limited Reference No. Z2021101HZ / CCC-230252-00

1.0 INTRODUCTION

In accordance with your instructions, McIntosh Perry Limited (MPL) carried out a Hazardous Materials Survey at the building located at 113 Osgoode Street, Ottawa, ON. The site is situated on the northwest corner of Henderson Avenue and Osgoode Street. The survey of the building was conducted on March 30th 2020. **The Reassessment Survey was conducted on June 21**st, **2022.**

via email: joel.lajeunesse@uottawa.ca

The purpose of the survey was to determine the presence of building materials containing Designated Substances and other hazardous materials, as defined under the Ontario Occupational Health and Safety Act. Designated Substances are eleven chemical agents prescribed under Ontario Regulation 490/09. In addition, a visual assessment was conducted for the presence of polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs), radioactive materials, ozone depleting substances (ODSs), other halocarbons and mould.

MPL completed the following,

- Visual review of the building to identify materials which could contain Designated Substances and hazardous materials;
- Bulk sampling and analysis of building materials suspected of containing asbestos (if required);
- Bulk sampling and analysis of representative paints and finishes suspected of containing lead (if required);
- Review of previously completed Hazardous Materials Survey(s) and historical building record(s); and,
- Recommendations for appropriate action where required.

2.0 PROPERTY DESCRIPTION

The subject building is a two-storey institutional building built in 1939 and approximately 2,850 square feet. The subject building was observed to be constructed with a concrete foundation. The exterior walls are finished with siding and shingle roof. Within the subject building, interior walls were observed to be drywall and plaster, and ceilings were observed to be mainly ceiling tiles, plaster and drywall. The floors were generally vinyl floor tile and vinyl sheet flooring.

3.0 FINDINGS & RECOMMENDATIONS

Designated Substances

3.1 Asbestos

Findings

A total of sixty-two (62) bulk samples were collected during the survey and sent to an accredited laboratory for analysis. A summary of potential asbestos-containing samples collected along with the sample location, type and friability are presented in Table 1.

Laboratory certificates of analysis for asbestos are included in Appendix C.

<u>Table 1:</u>
Asbestos Laboratory Results

Sample ID	Location	Material	Type and Content	Friability
BS 1.1	1 Room 102 Ceiling Tiles (Pinholes with Wide Fissures)		None Detected	N/A
BS 1.2	Room 102	Ceiling Tiles (Pinholes with Wide Fissures)	None Detected	N/A
BS 1.3	Room 102	Ceiling Tiles (Pinholes with Wide Fissures)	None Detected	N/A
BS 2.1	Room B1	Firestop (Red)	None Detected	N/A
BS 2.2	Room B1	Firestop (Red)	None Detected	N/A
BS 2.3	Room B1	Firestop (Red)	None Detected	N/A
BS 3.1	Room 100	VSF (White with Blue)	None Detected	N/A
D3 3.1	KOOIII 100	Mastic (Clear)	None Detected	N/A
BS 3.2	Room 100	VSF (White with Blue)	None Detected	N/A
D3 3.2	KOOIII 100	Mastic (Clear)	None Detected	N/A
DC 2 2	Doom 100	VSF (White with Blue)	None Detected	N/A
BS 3.3	Room 100	Mastic (Clear)	None Detected	N/A
BS 4.1	6 4.1 Room B1 Wall Plaster (White)		None Detected	N/A
BS 4.2	Room B1	Wall Plaster (White)	None Detected	N/A
BS 4.3	Room B1	Wall Plaster (White)	None Detected	N/A
BS 5.1	Room 102	Wallpaper (White with Blue Dots)	None Detected	N/A

BS 5.2 Room 102 Wallpaper (White with Blue Dots) None Detected N BS 5.3 Room 102 Wallpaper (White with Blue Dots) None Detected N BS 6.1 Room 102 VFT (12"x12" White with Beige Flakes) None Detected N BS 6.2 Room 102 VFT (12"x12" White with Beige Flakes) None Detected N BS 6.3 Room 102 VFT (12"x12" White with Beige Flakes) None Detected N BS 7.1 Room 103 VFT (12"x12" White with Beige Flakes) None Detected N BS 7.2 Room 103 VFT (12"x12" Grey with White Marks) None Detected N BS 7.2 Room 103 VFT (12"x12" Grey with White Marks) None Detected N Mastic (Yellow) None Detected N More Detected N	
BS 5.3 Room 102 Wallpaper (White with Blue Dots) None Detected N BS 6.1 Room 102 VFT (12"x12" White with Beige Flakes) None Detected N Mastic (Black) None Detected N Word (Black) None Detected N Mastic (Black) None Detected N Mastic (Black) None Detected N Mastic (Black) None Detected N Mone Detected N	/A /A /A /A /A /A /A /A /A
BS 6.1 Room 102 VFT (12"x12" White with Beige Flakes) None Detected None	/A //A //A //A //A //A //A //A //A //A
BS 6.1 Room 102 Mastic (Black) None Detected N BS 6.2 Room 102 VFT (12"x12" White with Beige Flakes) None Detected N BS 6.3 Room 102 VFT (12"x12" White with Beige Flakes) None Detected N BS 7.1 Room 103 VFT (12"x12" Grey with White Marks) None Detected N BS 7.2 Room 103 VFT (12"x12" Grey with White Marks) None Detected N Mastic (Yellow) None Detected N More Detected N	/A //A //A //A //A //A //A //A
BS 6.2 Room 102 VFT (12"x12" White with Beige Flakes) None Detected N Mastic (Black) None Detected N BS 6.3 Room 102 VFT (12"x12" White with Beige Flakes) None Detected N BS 7.1 Room 103 VFT (12"x12" Grey with White Marks) None Detected N BS 7.2 Room 103 VFT (12"x12" Grey with White Marks) None Detected N Mastic (Yellow) None Detected N WFT (12"x12" Grey with White Marks) None Detected N Mastic (Yellow) None Detected N Mastic (Yellow) None Detected N BS 8.1 Room 100 VSF (White with Squares) None Detected N BS 8.2 Room 100 VSF (White with Squares) None Detected N	/A /A /A /A /A /A
BS 6.2 Room 102 Mastic (Black) None Detected N BS 6.3 Room 102 VFT (12"x12" White with Beige Flakes) None Detected N BS 7.1 Room 103 VFT (12"x12" Grey with White Marks) None Detected N BS 7.2 Room 103 VFT (12"x12" Grey with White Marks) None Detected N Mastic (Yellow) None Detected N WFT (12"x12" Grey with White Marks) None Detected N Mastic (Yellow) None Detected N Mastic (Yellow) None Detected N BS 8.1 Room 100 VSF (White with Squares) None Detected N BS 8.2 Room 100 VSF (White with Squares) None Detected N	/A /A /A /A
BS 6.3 Room 102 VFT (12"x12" White with Beige Flakes) None Detected N BS 7.1 Room 103 VFT (12"x12" Grey with White Marks) None Detected N BS 7.2 Room 103 VFT (12"x12" Grey with White Marks) None Detected N Mastic (Yellow) None Detected N VFT (12"x12" Grey with White Marks) None Detected N VFT (12"x12" Grey with White Marks) None Detected N Mastic (Yellow) None Detected N BS 8.1 Room 100 VSF (White with Squares) None Detected N BS 8.2 Room 100 VSF (White with Squares) None Detected N	/A /A /A
BS 7.1 Room 103 VFT (12"x12" Grey with White Marks) None Detected N BS 7.2 Room 103 VFT (12"x12" Grey with White Marks) None Detected N Mastic (Yellow) None Detected N VFT (12"x12" Grey with White Marks) None Detected N WFT (12"x12" Grey with White Marks) None Detected N Mastic (Yellow) None Detected N Mastic (Yellow) None Detected N BS 8.1 Room 100 VSF (White with Squares) None Detected N WSF (White with Squares) None Detected N	/A /A /A
BS 7.2 Room 103 VFT (12"x12" Grey with White Marks) None Detected N Mastic (Yellow) None Detected N VFT (12"x12" Grey with White Marks) None Detected N WFT (12"x12" Grey with White Marks) None Detected N Mastic (Yellow) None Detected N BS 8.1 Room 100 VSF (White with Squares) None Detected N BS 8.2 Room 100 VSF (White with Squares) None Detected N	/A /A
BS 7.2 Room 103 Mastic (Yellow) None Detected N VFT (12"x12" Grey with White Marks) None Detected N Mastic (Yellow) None Detected N None Detected N VSF (White with Squares) None Detected N None Detected N None Detected N VSF (White with Squares) None Detected N	/A
BS 7.3 Room 103 VFT (12"x12" Grey with White Marks) None Detected N Mastic (Yellow) None Detected N BS 8.1 Room 100 VSF (White with Squares) None Detected N BS 8.2 Room 100 VSF (White with Squares) None Detected N	-
BS 7.3 Room 103 Mastic (Yellow) None Detected N BS 8.1 Room 100 VSF (White with Squares) None Detected N BS 8.2 Room 100 VSF (White with Squares) None Detected N	/A
BS 8.1 Room 100 VSF (White with Squares) None Detected N BS 8.2 Room 100 VSF (White with Squares) None Detected N	/^
BS 8.2 Room 100 VSF (White with Squares) None Detected N	/A
	/A
	/A
	/A
J. 17	/A
BS 9.2 Room B1 Cementitious Coating (Grey) None Detected N	/A
BS 9.3 Room B1 Cementitious Coating (Grey) None Detected N	/A
BS 10.1 Room 101 Ceiling Plaster (White) None Detected N	/A
BS 10.2 Room 101 Ceiling Plaster (White) None Detected N	/A
BS 10.3 Room 101 Ceiling Plaster (White) None Detected N	/A
BS 11.1 Room 100A Wallpaper (Black) None Detected N	/A
BS 11.2 Room 100A Wallpaper (Black) None Detected N	/A
BS 11.3 Room 100A Wallpaper (Black) None Detected N	/A
BS 12.1 Room 205A Cementitious Coating (Grey) None Detected N	/A
BS 12.2 Room 205A Cementitious Coating (Grey) None Detected N	/A
BS 12.3 Room 205A Cementitious Coating (Grey) None Detected N	/A
VFT (12"x12" White with Beige Flakes) None Detected N	/A
BS 13.1 Room 201 Mastic (Black) None Detected N	/A
VFT (12"x12" White with Beige Flakes) None Detected N	/A
BS 13.2 Room 201 Mastic (Black) None Detected N	/A
VFT (12"x12" White with Beige Flakes) None Detected N	/A
BS 13.3 Room 201	/A
	/A
	/A
	/A
	/ ^
BS 15.2 Room 205A VSF (Blue) None Detected N	/A /A

Sample ID	Location	Material	Type and Content	Friability
BS 15.3	Room 205A	VSF (Blue)	None Detected	N/A
BS 16.1	Room 102	Drywall Joint Compound	None Detected	N/A
BS 16.2	Room 100	Drywall Joint Compound	None Detected	N/A
BS 16.3	Room 102	Drywall Joint Compound	None Detected	N/A
BS 16.4	Room 203	Drywall Joint Compound	None Detected	N/A
BS 16.5	Room 205A	Drywall Joint Compound	None Detected	N/A
BS 16.6	Room 201	Drywall Joint Compound	None Detected	N/A
BS 16.7	Room 200	Drywall Joint Compound	None Detected	N/A

N/A – Not Applicable

VFT - Vinyl Floor Tiles

VSF - Vinyl Sheet Flooring

Stop Positive – Material considered being asbestos-containing as per O. Reg. 278/05.

Please refer to Appendix E – Asbestos-Containing Materials Checklist for material conditions, quantities (where applicable), and recommended actions.

The following building materials (if present) were investigated for asbestos content:

3.1.1 Fireproofing

No fireproofing was observed in the subject building.

3.1.2 Mechanical Pipe Insulation

3.1.2.1 Mechanical Pipe Straight Insulation

Mechanical pipe straight insulation was observed throughout the subject building. MPL made several incisions throughout to investigate its composition, and it was visually identified as fiberglass, and therefore not suspected of containing asbestos.

3.1.2.2 Mechanical Piping Elbows/Fittings Insulation

Mechanical pipe elbows/fittings insulation was observed throughout the subject building. MPL made several incisions throughout to investigate its composition, and it was visually identified as fiberglass, and therefore not suspected of containing asbestos.

3.1.2.3 Mechanical Piping Hangers Insulation

Mechanical pipe hanger insulation was observed throughout the subject building. MPL made several incisions throughout to investigate its composition, and it was visually identified as fiberglass, and therefore not suspected of containing asbestos.

3.1.2.4 HVAC Duct Insulation

No HVAC duct insulation was observed in the subject building.

3.1.3 Flexible Duct Connector

No flexible duct connectors were observed in the subject building.

3.1.4 Heat Shield or Heat Shield Insulation

No potential asbestos-containing heat shield insulation were observed in the subject building.

3.1.5 Texture Finishes

No texture finishes were observed in the subject building.

3.1.6 Plaster

Several different types of plaster were observed and sampled within the building as follows:

- Wall plaster (White) was observed and sampled in Room B1. The laboratory analytical results indicate that this material does not contain asbestos.
- Ceiling plaster (White) was observed and sampled in Room 101. The laboratory analytical results indicated that this material does not contain asbestos.

3.1.7 Drywall Joint Compound

Drywall joint compound was observed and sampled in Rooms 100, 102, 200, 201, 203, and 205A. The laboratory analytical results indicate that this material does not contain asbestos.

3.1.8 Ceiling Tiles

Ceiling tiles (2'x4'- Pinholes w/ Wide Fissures) were observed and sampled in Room 102. The laboratory analytical results indicated that this material does not contain asbestos.

3.1.9 Vinyl Floor Tiles

Several different types of vinyl floor tiles were observed and sampled within the subject building as follows:

- Vinyl floor tiles (12" x 12" White with Beige Flakes) were observed and sampled in Room 102. The laboratory analytical results of the samples collected indicate that this material does not contain asbestos. The associated mastic (Black) was also determined not to contain asbestos.
- Vinyl floor tiles (12" x 12" Grey w/ White Marks) were observed and sampled in Room 103. The laboratory analytical results of indicate that this material does not contain asbestos. The associated mastic (Yellow) was also determined not to contain asbestos.
- Vinyl floor tiles (12" x 12" White with Beige Flakes) were observed and sampled in Room 201. The laboratory analytical results of the samples collected indicate that this material does not contain asbestos. The associated mastic (Black) was also determined not to contain asbestos.

3.1.10 Vinyl Sheet Flooring

Several different types of vinyl sheet flooring were observed and sampled within the subject building as follows:

- Vinyl sheet flooring (White w/ Blue) were observed and sampled in Room 100. The laboratory analytical results of the samples collected indicate that this material does not contain asbestos. The associated mastic (Clear) was also determined not to contain asbestos.
- Vinyl sheet flooring (Grey) were observed and sampled in Room 204. The laboratory analytical results of the samples collected indicate that this material does not contain asbestos.
- Vinyl sheet flooring (Blue) were observed and sampled in Room 205A. The laboratory analytical results of the samples collected indicate that this material does not contain asbestos.
- Vinyl sheet flooring (White w/ Squares) were observed and sampled in Room 100. The laboratory analytical results of the samples collected indicate that this material does not contain asbestos.

3.1.11 Brick/Stone Mortar

To avoid damage and compromising the integrity of the structure, no bulk samples of the brick/stone mortar were collected. Prior to renovation/demolition, brick mortar should be examined and tested for asbestos content. Brick/stone mortar should therefore be considered to contain asbestos until bulk samples and analysis proves otherwise.

3.1.12 Concrete Block Mortar

No concrete block mortar was observed in the subject building.

3.1.13 Ceramic Wall / Floor Tile Grout

No ceramic wall/floor tile grout was observed in the subject building.

3.1.14 Transite (Asbestos Cement)

No transite (asbestos cement) was observed in the subject building.

3.1.15 Caulking

Firestop caulking (Red) was observed and sampled in Room B1. The laboratory analytical results indicated that this material does not contain aspestos.

3.1.16 Mastic

No potential asbestos-containing mastic was observed in the subject building.

3.1.17 Cementitious Coating

Several different types of cementitious coatings were observed and sampled within the subject building as follows:

- Cementitious wall coating (Grey) was observed and sampled in Room B1. The laboratory analytical
 results indicate that this material does not contain asbestos.
- Cementitious wall coating (Grey) was observed and sampled in Room 205A. The laboratory analytical results indicate that this material does not contain asbestos.

3.1.18 Wallpaper

Several different types of wallpaper were observed and sampled within the subject building as follows:

- Wallpaper (Black) was observed and sampled in Room 100A. The laboratory analytical results indicated that this material does not contain asbestos.
- Wallpaper (White w/ Blue Dots) was observed and sampled in Room 100A. The laboratory analytical results indicated that this material does not contain asbestos.

3.1.19 Fire Doors

No fire doors were observed in the subject building.

3.1.20 Roofing Material

To avoid damage and compromising the integrity of roofing material, no bulk samples of the roofing materials were collected. Prior to removal and/or replacement, roofing materials should be examined and tested for asbestos content. Roofing materials should be considered to contain asbestos until bulk samples and analysis proves otherwise.

Recommendations

- Please refer to Appendix E Asbestos-Containing Materials Checklist for material conditions, quantities (where applicable), and recommended actions;
- Prior to renovation/demolition of materials which are assumed to be asbestos-containing (suspect
 materials which were not sampled, i.e., brick/stone mortar and roofing materials), these materials
 must either be tested for asbestos content or removed following appropriate asbestos abatement work
 procedures (Type 1/2/3) as detailed in O. Reg. 278/05 and disposed of as asbestos waste under O. Reg.
 347;
- All repairs or removal of asbestos-containing materials must be conducted according to Ontario Regulation 278/05, Regulation respecting Asbestos on Construction Projects and in Buildings and Repair Operations - made under the Occupational Health and Safety Act. Asbestos containing waste must also be handled and disposed of according to Ontario Regulation 347/90 as amended – made under the Environmental Protection Act. Any suspect building materials encountered that were not assessed as part of this survey, should be assumed to contain asbestos until proven otherwise by analytical testing;

- Sub-trades working with or in close proximity to asbestos-containing material should be informed of its presence; and
- Given that asbestos containing materials (ACMs) have been identified and will likely remain in place, an Asbestos Management Plan (AMP) is therefore required and an inventory of ACMs must be kept on site. All ACMs must be routinely inspected to ensure no damage has occurred, and the inventory must be updated once in each 12-month period and as may be required based on expected changing site conditions, abatement and/or renovation activities.

3.2 Lead

Findings

3.2.1 Paint Finishes

A total of two (2) paint samples from the subject building were collected and analyzed for lead content. Results of bulk sampling testing are summarized in Table 2 and the laboratory certificate of analysis can be found in Appendix C.

<u>Table 2:</u>
Lead Sampling Locations and Laboratory Results

Sample I.D.	Location	Material	Colour	Lead Concentration Weight by Conc. (%)
Pb 1	Room 100	Wall Paint	Beige	<0.027
Pb 2	Room 101	Wall Paint	White	0.23

The paint finishes highlighted in pink in the above table are considered lead-containing paints or surface coatings with concentrations greater than 0.1% lead by weight. These paint finishes were observed to be in good condition.

All other paints throughout the subject building that are not mentioned in this report must be considered to be lead-containing unless sampling and analysis proves otherwise.

3.2.2 Battery Packs

MPL did not observe any lead-containing acid battery packs within the subject building.

Lead may also be present in the following materials in the building:

- Solder used on copper domestic water lines;
- Solder used in bell fittings for cast iron pipes;
- Solder used in electrical equipment;
- Ceramic tile glaze; and
- Concrete and mortar products, etc.

Recommendations

Paints identified to contain lead that are in good condition and do not pose a risk to workers or occupants can be managed in place.

Detailed worker protection protocols are outlined in the OMOL Guideline "Lead on Construction Projects" dated April 2011. Generally, the removal of the lead-based paint with the use of a chemical gel or paste, or a power tool equipped with a HEPA filter is considered a Type 1 operation. The removal of lead-based paint by scraping or sanding using non-powered hand tools is considered a Type 2 operation. The removal of lead-based paint using abrasive blasting, or power tools without a HEPA filter, is considered a Type 3 operation, and requires the most stringent worker protection protocols (similar to asbestos); Furthermore, high temperature cutting or welding would also require Type 3 Operations under the Guideline for Lead on Construction Projects. If this type of work is required, it may be prudent to chemically remove the lead paint in selected locations prior to performing any high temperature cutting or welding.

All lead materials that are removed must follow the Ministry of Labour and Environmental Abatement Council of Ontario Lead Guidelines.

Please refer to Appendix F – Hazardous Materials Checklist for material conditions, quantities (where applicable), and recommended actions.

Precautions should be taken as required during major renovations and demolition projects to ensure that workers' exposure levels to airborne lead does not exceed 0.05 mg/m3. This can be achieved by:

- o providing workers with proper training;
- o providing the workers with respiratory protection;
- o wetting the surface of the materials to prevent dust emissions; and,
- o providing workers with hygiene facilities to properly wash prior to exiting the work area.

Sub-trades working with or in close proximity to lead based paint should be informed of its presence.

All waste material must be handled and disposed of according to the Revised Regulation of Ontario 347/90 as amended – made under the Environmental Protection Act. Lead waste generated may also be subject to Leachate Criteria (Schedule 4) of this regulation.

3.3 Mercury

Findings

3.3.1 Thermostat Switches

MPL did not observe thermostats containing liquid mercury within the subject building.

3.3.2 Fluorescent Light Tubes

MPL identified fluorescent light fixtures throughout the surveyed area containing 2 to 4 fluorescent light tubes per fixture. Mercury is likely to be present in vapor form in the fluorescent light tubes.

3.3.3 Pressure Gauges and Float Switches

MPL identified a sump pump with a float switch containing liquid mercury in Room B1.

Recommendations

Please refer to Appendix F – Hazardous Materials Checklist for equipment conditions, quantities (where applicable), and recommended actions.

3.4 Silica

Findings

Silica is expected to be present in building materials such as concrete, brick, mortar and ceramic tiles located throughout the structures. Free crystalline silica (α -Quartz) may be a component in ceiling tiles and gypsum board. Silica (including free crystalline silica) may also be a component of concrete and brick surfaces noted in the building.

Recommendations

Please refer to Appendix F – Hazardous Materials Checklist for equipment conditions, quantities (where applicable), and recommended actions.

Precautions should be taken as required during major renovations and demolition projects on concrete (i.e. coring through concrete slabs, demolition of masonry, etc.) to ensure that workers' exposure levels to airborne silica does not exceed 0.05 mg/m³.

This can be achieved by:

- providing workers with proper training;
- o providing the workers with respiratory protection;
- o wetting the surface of the materials to prevent dust emissions; and,
- o providing workers with facilities to properly wash prior to exiting the work area.

Demolition work that is likely to impact silica-containing materials should be carried out in accordance with the requirement detailed in the Ontario Ministry of Labour document entitled "Guideline: Silica on Construction Projects", dated April 2011.

Other Hazardous Materials

3.5 Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs)

Findings

3.5.1 Light Ballasts

The subject building is illuminated by LED and fluorescent lights. MPL assessed representative ballasts in the building, and these ballasts were identified as non-PCBs content.

3.5.2 Transformers

MPL did not observe any PCB containing electrical transformers within the subject building. Transformers that could be assessed were observed to be dry-type and manufactured by Hammond Manufacturing.

Recommendations

Since no PCB containing equipment were observed or suspected to be present during the site survey, no further action is required.

3.6 Ozone Depleting Substances (ODSs) and Other Halocarbon

Findings

A visual assessment for equipment potentially containing ODSs and other halocarbons was conducted. Equipment containing ODSs or other halocarbons was observed in the subject building.

Recommendations

Please refer to Appendix F – Hazardous Materials Checklist for equipment conditions, approximate quantities (where applicable), and recommended actions.

Under the management of a licensed contractor, equipment containing R-134a does not represent a significant threat to human health or the environment however, a licensed contractor must decommission equipment such that CFCs are contained and not released to the environment during servicing or operation.

3.7 Radioactive Materials

Findings

MPL did not observe any electrical components containing radioactive materials.

Recommendations

Since no radioactive materials were observed or suspected to be present during the site survey, no further action is required.

3.8 Underground and Above Ground Storage Tanks (USTs and ASTs)

Findings

A visual survey of the subject building was conducted to determine if any USTs and ASTs were present. No USTs and ASTs were present within the subject building.

Recommendations

Since no underground and/or above ground storage tanks (USTs and ASTs) were observed or suspected to be present during the site survey, no further action is required.

3.9 Mould

Findings

3.9.1 Mould

A visual survey of the subject building was conducted to determine if any mould was present. MPL did not identify any areas with mould growth.

3.9.2 Water Damage

A visual survey of the subject building was conducted to determine if any water damaged was present. MPL did not identify any areas affected by water damage.

Recommendations

Since no mould and/or water damage was observed to be present during the site survey, no further action is required.

This report should be made available to contractors tendering on any renovation or demolition work. In turn, all contractors requesting tenders from subcontractors shall furnish this report to subcontractors

4.0 GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS AND LIMITATIONS

The information presented in this report is based on information provided by others, direct visual observation made by personnel with **McIntosh Perry Limited (MPL)**, and the results of laboratory testing as identified herein.

It should be noted that there might be hazardous materials in locations not visible during our investigation. In the event such material is encountered during demolition operations in the building, this material should be tested and dealt with accordingly.

The findings detailed in this report are based upon the information available at the time of preparation of the report. No investigative method eliminates the possibility of obtaining imprecise or incomplete information. Professional judgement was exercised in gathering and analyzing the information obtained and in the formulation of our conclusions and recommendations.

MPL does not certify or warrant the environmental status of the property nor the building on the property.

Please note that the passage of time affects the information provided in the report. Environmental conditions of a site can change. Opinions relating to the site conditions are based upon information that existed at the time that the conclusions were formulated.

The client expressly agrees that it has entered into this agreement with MPL, both on its own behalf and as agent on behalf of its employees and principals.

The client expressly agrees that MPL's employees and principals shall have no personal liability to the client in respect of a claim, whether in contract, tort and/or any other cause of action in law. Accordingly, the client expressly agrees that it will bring no proceedings and take no action in any court of law against any of MPL's employees or principals in their personal capacity.

We trust that we have detailed our findings clearly and that we have satisfactorily addressed the scope of work you require at this time. In the event you wish us to review our findings with you, or require our services further in this regard, please do not hesitate to contact our office.

Yours truly,

MCINTOSH PERRY LIMITED

Lauren Hamilton, B.Eng. Project Technician

Hazardous Materials/Environmental Health & Safety

John Tufts, B.Sc. Project Manager

Hazardous Materials/ Environmental Health & Safety

APPENDIX A

Regulatory Requirements

REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

In Ontario, there is a total of eleven Designated Substances. These substances have been regulated under Ontario Regulation 490/09 — *Designated Substances*, made under the Ontario Health and Safety Act, which applies to controlling designated substances in the workplace.

In addition to the Ontario Regulation 490/09 noted above, the following were observed for this survey:

<u>Guideline: Lead on Construction Projects</u>, issued April 2011 by the Occupational Health and Safety branch of the Ministry of Labour

<u>Guideline: Silica on Construction Projects</u> issued April 2011 by the Occupational Health and Safety branch of the Ministry of Labour.

<u>The Occupational Health and Safety Act</u> (OHSA), R.S.O. 1990, c.O.1, s.30 (1) specifies that: "Before beginning a project, the owner shall determine whether any Designated Substances are present at the project site and shall prepare a list of all Designated Substances that are present at the site.

Section 30 of <u>The Act</u> requires that the list of Designated Substances be provided to prospective contractors and subcontractors who may do work on a site and come into contact at the site with Designated Substances.

The Ministry of Labour has designated the following substances:

Acrylonitrile

Arsenic

Asbestos

Benzene

Coke Oven Emissions

Ethylene Oxide

Isocyanates

Lead

Mercury

Silica

Vinyl Chloride

Ontario Regulation 278/05 (O. Reg. 278/05), the Regulation respecting Asbestos on Construction Projects and in Buildings and Repair Operations, made under the <u>Occupational Health and Safety Act (OHSA)</u>, requires owners of a building to identify Asbestos-containing Materials (ACMs) prior to potential disturbance of the materials.

In addition, an owner of a building is required to have an Asbestos Management Plan (AMP) if ACMs (friable or non-friable) are present in the building and are to remain in place. An inventory of ACMs must be kept on site. All ACMs must be routinely inspected to ensure no damage has occurred, and the inventory must be updated once in each 12-month period and as may be required based on expected changing site conditions, abatement and/or renovation activities. Removal of all asbestos-containing materials is required prior to building demolition.

In addition to the Designated Substances, the building was also surveyed for the presence of other hazardous materials such as polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs), radioactive materials, ozone depleting substances (ODSs), other halocarbons, and mould.

We understand that this survey has been conducted to comply with the regulatory requirements of Ontario Regulation 278/05.

APPENDIX B

Survey Methodology & Background Information

SURVEY METHODOLOGY

For the purpose of this survey, not all Designated Substances or suspect hazardous material were sampled. Selective sampling was carried out only for substances that were suspected to be present or those deemed to have a likely source of origin in the survey areas.

Materials that were homogeneous in nature and/or similar in appearance to other materials tested were considered to be of similar composition. The likelihood of ACMs being present in inaccessible areas such as above gypsum board ceilings or behind gypsum wallboards was determined by assessing the presence of asbestos-containing systems in adjacent areas. Equipment such as boilers, motors, blowers, electrical panels, fire doors etc., were not de-energized or disassembled to examine internal components or materials. These items should be considered to contain hazardous materials until proven otherwise.

During the survey, representative samples of suspect building materials were collected and sent to AIHA accredited independent laboratory for analysis. Laboratory Certificate of Analysis are attached in Appendix A.

Other potential hazardous materials were identified by visual observation and/or by reviewing Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) and/or safety labels where available.

Investigated Areas

The survey included all accessible areas and ceiling space within 113 Osgoode Street as required under our scope of work. No destructive investigations were performed as part of this survey. Photographs of the areas investigated can be found in Appendix D.

The assessment was directed on the interior structure and finishes of the building. It did not consider current or past owner or occupant articles within the building (i.e. contents, furniture, etc.) and does not report on possible contaminants in the soil under and surrounding the building, or contents of vessels, drums, etc. that may be concealed.

Sampling and Assessment Methodologies

Sampling was conducted as part of this assessment. Results for asbestos and lead samples can be found in the Findings & Recommendation Section 3.0.

A historical review of previous designated substance survey reports and abatement reports was examined as part of this survey. Due to concerns regarding certain historical analytical results, mainly in 2008 and prior years, confirmatory re-sampling was conducted for selected materials previously identified not to contain asbestos. However, building materials previously identified to be asbestos-containing were not re-sampled. The reports are listed as follows,

 Designated Substance Inventory, 113 Osgoode Street, Ottawa, Ontario, prepared by Conestoga-Rovers & Associates (dated April 2008, reference # 045870 (37)).

Asbestos

Background Information on Asbestos

Asbestos is a generic name that has been given to a group of naturally occurring fibrous minerals. In the past, asbestos was commonly used as a component in building materials such as insulation, fireproofing and acoustic or decorative panels. Although there are many types of asbestos, the three main forms of commercial importance in Ontario are chrysotile, amosite and crocidolite.

An Asbestos-Containing Material (ACM) is defined by O. Reg. 278/05 as a material that contains 0.5% or more asbestos by dry weight. ACMs are placed into two general classes, "friable" and "non-friable" ACMs. Friable ACMs are those materials that when dry can be crumbled, pulverized and reduced to powder by hand pressure. Typical friable ACMs include acoustical or decorative texture coats, fireproofing and thermal insulation. Non-friable ACMs are much more durable as they are held together by a binder such as cement, vinyl or asphalt. Typical non-friable ACMs include floor tiles, fire blankets, roofing materials and cementitious products such as wallboards, pipes or siding.

It has been recognized that hazardous situations may exist in buildings where asbestos-containing materials are found. This is especially true where asbestos fibres may become airborne as a result of material ageing, physical damage, and water damage or air movement.

In contrast, there is little reason for concern if the asbestos is in good condition, has not been damaged and is not in a location where it is likely to be disturbed.

Asbestos Survey Methodology

The asbestos survey included the identification of potential friable and non-friable asbestos-containing materials within the surveyed areas of the subject building.

The likelihood of ACMs being present in inaccessible areas such as above gypsum wallboard ceilings and walls was determined by assessing the presence of asbestos-containing materials in adjacent areas.

Fiberglass insulation was not submitted for analysis as it can be identified visually as non-asbestos material.

Building materials suspected of containing asbestos were identified and representative sampling and laboratory testing of these materials was conducted. The number of bulk material samples collected from a homogeneous area was in accordance with Table 1. O. Reg. 278/05 s. 3 (3) below. Building materials suspected of containing asbestos were collected using wetting techniques and hand sampling tools.

Table 1 - O. Reg. 278/05 s. 3(3): Minimum Asbestos Bulk Material Sample Requirements

Item	Type of material	Size of area of homogeneous material	Minimum number of bulk material samples to be collected
1.	Surfacing material, including without limitation, material	Less than 90 square metres	3
1	that is applied to surfaces by spraying, by troweling or	90 or more square metres, but less than 450 square metres	5

	otherwise, such as acoustical plaster on ceilings and fireproofing materials on structural members	450 or more square metres	7
2.	Thermal insulation, except as described in item 3	any size	3
3.	Thermal insulation patch	Less than 2 linear metres or 0.5 square metres	1
4.	Other material	Any size	3

Preliminary identification of the samples was made using polarized light microscopy (PLM), with confirmation of presence and type of asbestos made by dispersion staining optical microscopy. This analytical procedure follows the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Test Method EPA/600/R-93/116 Method for the Determination of Asbestos in Bulk Building Materials, June 1993.

All bulk samples were analysed for asbestos content by EMSL Canada Inc. (EMSL), an independent laboratory. EMSL is an independent laboratory accredited by National Institute of Standards and Technology/National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation (NIST/NVLAP) (Lab Code #200877-0).

Vinyl floors tiles were analyzed using the phase light microscopy (PLM) method of analysis. However, given the composition of vinyl floor products, the PLM analysis method may be prone to yielding false negative analytical results. Therefore, prior to removal or replacement, vinyl floor products previously identified to be negative, should undergo additional analysis by Transmission Electron Microscopy (TEM) to confirm asbestos content, if any.

Materials identified to contain asbestos were assessed on the relative possibility of fibre release into the air due to a combination of their condition and accessibility.

Evaluation of ACMs Based on Condition

In evaluating an ACM's condition, the following criteria was applied:

- Good Material shows no signs of damage and/or is encapsulated. Asbestos-containing material
 could remain in place until eventual building demolition or major renovation.
- Fair Material shows signs of minor damage (<5% damage) or otherwise near the end of useful life. This includes minor shrinking, cracking, delamination and/ or other damage. Material should be monitored closely and scheduled to be repaired, encapsulated or removed.
- **Poor** Damage is greater than 5% to any ACM material and is highly recommended to be removed, repaired or encapsulated.

Note: The above evaluation criteria was also applied to other hazardous materials where applicable. Please refer to the Asbestos and Hazardous Materials Checklist in Appendix E & F for further details.

Lead

Background Information on Lead

Lead was a common additive in exterior and hard-wearing paint applications. Lead was used to prolong shelf life of paint and to increase its flexibility and durability to wear and weather. Acute exposure to lead by inhalation or ingestion may cause headaches, fatigue, nausea, abdominal cramps and joint pain. Chronic

exposures can cause reduced haemoglobin production and reduced lifespan. It has also been known to impact the body's central and peripheral nervous systems and brain function and has been linked to learning disabilities in children.

Currently in Ontario, there is no regulatory limit that determines what concentration of lead constitutes a "lead containing material". On October 21, 2010, Health Canada, under the *Hazardous Products Act*, stated that the lead content in surface-coating materials, furniture, toys and other articles for children, should not exceed 90 mg/kg (0.009%, 90 ppm). However, this is intended for the importation or sale of products within Canada. Therefore, this is not to be misconstrued as a limit established to define a lead-containing material or a limit with respect to lead on construction projects.

The Environmental Abatement Council of Ontario (EACO) has also developed the "Lead Guideline for Construction, Renovation, Maintenance or Repair" dated October 2014, which discusses the classification, handling, disturbance and removal of lead-containing materials. For the purpose of this guideline, paints or surface coatings containing less than or equal to 0.1% lead by weight (1000 mg/kg or 1000 ppm) are considered low-level lead paints or surface coatings. If these materials (and their respective surfaces) are disturbed in a non-aggressive manner and performed using adequate dust control procedures, then worker protection from the inhalation of lead is not required.

Furthermore, paints or surface coatings containing greater than 0.1% lead by weight are considered lead-containing paints or surface coatings. If these materials (and their respective surfaces) are disturbed, appropriate lead abatement procedures must always be followed.

Exposure to lead-containing materials is regulated under Ontario Regulation 490/09, *Designated Substances* - made under the Occupational Health and Safety Act. Care must be taken to prevent lead-containing particles from becoming airborne during the disturbance of lead-containing surfaces (i.e., during renovation or demolition projects). All lead abatement work must follow procedures outlined in the <u>Guideline Lead on Construction Projects</u>, issued in September 2004 (amended in April 2011) by the Occupational Health and Safety branch of the Ministry of Labour (Type 1-3). Similarly, the lead abatement work procedures outlined in the <u>EACO Lead Guideline for Construction, Renovation, Maintenance or Repair</u> (October 2014) may also be implemented (Class 1-3).

Lead is known to have been used in solder on copper plumbing fixtures, in lead conduit pipes, in lead-calcium battery plates, ammunition, and in nuclear and X-ray shielding devices. However, these materials were not sampled during this investigation, but were noted where applicable.

To verify lead content in paints, representative bulk samples of paint and finishes suspected of containing lead were collected. Bulk samples were scraped down to the building base structure, with all possible layer's present, placed in sealed plastic bags and labeled; and then submitted to an independent laboratory for analysis. Samples were treated with a dilute nitric acid sample digestion prior to filtration. Analysis utilized for lead detection in filtered samples was inductively coupled plasma optical emission spectrometry (ICP-OES).

Mercury

Background Information on Mercury

Mercury is known to cause poisoning in humans through the inhalation of vapours, ingestion of contaminated materials or skin absorption through direct contact with the liquid.

Precautions must be taken to prevent mercury vapours from becoming airborne during renovations or demolition of the building. Exposure to airborne mercury is regulated under the Revised O. Reg. 490/09 as amended – Regulation respecting Mercury – made under the Occupational Health and Safety Act; and under O. Reg. 558, which amended O. Reg. 347/90 (General - Waste Management), mercury is classified as a Schedule 2(b) Hazardous Waste Chemical. Its hazardous waste number is U151.

Mercury is found in products such as thermostats, temperature and pressure gauges, fluorescent lamps and batteries. Mercury in products can be released to the environment through breakage, or disposal at the end of a product's useful life. Improper disposal of these mercury products poses a health and environmental risk to everyone. In addition, the disposal of mercury-containing products can create wastes that are often classified as hazardous. Wastes that leach mercury in concentrations exceeding Ontario Regulation 347/90 (General - Waste Management) limits are also considered hazardous.

The mercury in thermostats switch contains approximately 3-4 grams of mercury in a glass ampoule, typically attached to a metal coil. Mercury-containing switches have been used in thermostats for over 40 years.

Mercury is an essential component in fluorescent lamps and HID lamps. The mercury is in a vapour form and in the phosphor coating on the lamp tube. Estimates of the mercury content contained in compact, 4 foot, and 8-foot lamps are 10 mg, 23 mg, and 46 mg respectively.

Most fluorescent lamps qualify as hazardous waste when removed from service and are therefore prohibited from disposal in the solid waste stream. Fluorescent lamps would be classified as 146T on your facility Generator Registration Report under O. Reg. 347/90 - General Waste Management, as amended by O. Reg. 558/00. Under this regulation, if the leachate results exceed 0.1 milligrams of mercury per litre for a given waste, then the facility must treat the waste as hazardous waste. Most fluorescent and HID lamps will exceed the leachate toxicity limit; therefore, these wastes must be registered and treated as hazardous waste or sent for recycling.

Silica

Background Information on Silica

Silica is expected to be present in building materials such as concrete, brick, mortar and ceramic tiles located throughout the structures. Free crystalline silica (P-Quartz) may be a component in ceiling tiles and gypsum board. Silica (including free crystalline silica) may also be a component of concrete and brick surfaces noted in the building.

Exposure to airborne silica is regulated under Ontario Regulation 490/09, *Designated Substances* - made under the Occupational Health and Safety Act.

Other Designated Substances

Select Designated Substances (acrylonitrile, arsenic, coke oven emissions, ethylene oxide, isocyanates, benzene, or vinyl chloride) are not expected to be present in the building in matrix or sufficient quantities to cause an exceedance of Ministry of Labour exposure guidelines. As such, no sampling was conducted for these materials.

Vinyl Chloride

Vinyl chloride (monomer) is likely to be present in stable form within poly vinyl-chloride (PVC) piping and conduits and as a component of interior finishes. Such building materials are not considered to be hazardous in their current matrix/composition.

Acrylonitrile

Acrylonitrile or ACN (also known as vinyl cyanide) is an explosive, flammable liquid used in the manufacture of acrylic fibres, rubber-like materials and pesticide fumigants. Acrylonitrile was not noted and would not be expected to be present in the project specific area/surveyed area/subject building.

Arsenic

Arsenic is used in metallurgy for hardening copper, lead and alloys, in pigment production, in the manufacture of certain types of glass, in insecticides, fungicides and rodenticides, as a by-product in the smelting of copper ores, and as a dopant material in semiconductor manufacturing. Arsenic or arsenic compounds were not noted and are not expected to be present in the project specific area/surveyed area/subject building.

Benzene

Benzene or benzol is a colourless liquid. It is used as an intermediate in the production of styrene, phenol, cyclohexane, and other organic chemicals, and in the manufacture of detergents, pesticides, solvents, and paint removers. It is also found in gasoline. Benzene may be present in stable form in roofing materials, paints and adhesives located throughout the subject building. Such building materials are not considered to be hazardous in their current matrix/composition.

Coke Oven Emissions

Coke oven emission is benzene soluble fraction of total particulate matter of the substances emitted into the atmosphere from metallurgical coke ovens.

Ethylene Oxides

Ethylene oxide is a colourless gas liquefying below 12°C. It is used generally as a fumigant and sterilizing agent for medical equipment. It is used generally as a fumigant and sterilizing agent for medical equipment.

Isocyanates

Isocyanates compounds may be present in stable form in paint finishes, varnishes, and polyurethane plastics, synthetic rubbers, foams and adhesives. Such building materials are not considered to be hazardous in their current matrix/composition.

In order to reduce the potential for exposure to workers or occupants, any suspect hazardous building material(s) that are not detailed within this survey due to inaccessibility and/or are discovered during renovation/demolition activities, must be properly assessed and/or tested prior to their disturbance.

APPENDIX C

Laboratory Analytical Reports



22 Antares Drive Suite 102 Ottawa, ON K2E 7Z6 Phone/Fax: (343) 882-6076 / (343) 882-6077 http://www.EMSL.com / ottawalab@EMSL.com

EMSL Canada Order 672000636 55CTCS25B Customer ID: 0Z2-021101 Customer PO: Ottawa DSS Project ID:

Lab Sample ID:

Lab Sample ID:

Lab Sample ID:

672000636-0003

672000636-0004

672000636-0005

Attn: Stefan Holik

McIntosh Perry Consulting Engineers Ltd

115 Walgreen Rd RR 3 Carp, ON K0A 1L0

Phone:

(613) 836-2184

Fax:

Collected: 3/31/2020 Received: 4/03/2020

Analyzed:

4/09/2020

Proj: University of Ottawa 0Z2-021101 (113 Osgoode) (Ottawa DSS)

Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials for Ontario Regulation 278/05 via EPA600/R-93/116 Method

Lab Sample ID: 672000636-0001 Client Sample ID:

Sample Description: 113 Osgoode/CT - Pinholes with wide fissures - Room 102

Analyzed Non-Asbestos TEST Date Color **Fibrous** Non-Fibrous Asbestos Comment PLM 4/09/2020 20.0% Gray 80.0% None Detected Lab Sample ID: 672000636-0002 Client Sample ID: 1.2

Sample Description: 113 Osgoode/CT - Pinholes with wide fissures - Room 102

Analyzed Non-Asbestos **TEST** Date Color Fibrous Non-Fibrous Asbestos Comment PLM 4/09/2020 Gray 80.0% 20.0% None Detected

Client Sample ID: Sample Description: 113 Osgoode/CT - Pinholes with wide fissures - Room 102

Analyzed Non-Asbestos **TEST** Fibrous Non-Fibrous Comment Date Color Asbestos PLM 4/09/2020 Gray 80.0% 20.0% None Detected

Sample Description: 113 Osgoode/Red firestop - Room B1

1.3

Client Sample ID:

Analyzed Non-Asbestos **TEST** Date Color **Fibrous** Non-Fibrous Asbestos Comment PLM 4/09/2020 Red 0.0% 100.0% None Detected

Client Sample ID:

Sample Description: 113 Osgoode/Red firestop - Room B1

2.2

Analyzed Non-Asbestos TEST Date Fibrous Non-Fibrous Comment Color Asbestos PLM 4/09/2020 Red 0.0% 100.0% None Detected 2.3 Lab Sample ID: 672000636-0006 Client Sample ID:

Sample Description: 113 Osgoode/Red firestop - Room B1

Analyzed Non-Asbestos **TEST** Date Color **Fibrous** Non-Fibrous Asbestos Comment PLM 4/09/2020 Red 0.0% 100.0% None Detected Lab Sample ID: 672000636-0007 3.1-Vinyl Floor Tile Client Sample ID:

Sample Description: 113 Osgoode/VSF - White with blue - Room 100

Analyzed Non-Asbestos **TEST** Fibrous Non-Fibrous Comment Date Color Asbestos PLM 4/09/2020 White 0.0% 100.0% None Detected



22 Antares Drive Suite 102 Ottawa, ON K2E 7Z6 Phone/Fax: (343) 882-6076 / (343) 882-6077 http://www.EMSL.com / ottawalab@EMSL.com EMSL Canada Order 672000636
Customer ID: 55CTCS25B
Customer PO: 0Z2-021101
Project ID: Ottawa DSS

Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials for Ontario Regulation 278/05 via EPA600/R-93/116 Method

		Cr	A600/R-93/116 Me	tnoa			
Client Sample ID:	3.1-Mastic				Lab Sample ID:	672000636-0007A	
Sample Description:	113 Osgoode/VSF - White wit	h blue - Room 100					
TEST	Analyzed Date	Color	Non-Asbestos Fibrous Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment		
PLM	4/09/2020	Clear	0.0% 100.0%	None Detected	Comment		
				Trong Delegiou	Lab Sample ID:	672000636-0008	
Client Sample ID: Sample Description:	3.2-Vinyl Floor Tile	h hlur. Daam 100			Lab Sample ID.	67200050-0006	
Sample Description.	113 Osgoode/VSF - White wit	n blue - Room 100					
	Analyzed		Non-Asbestos				
TEST	Date	Color	Fibrous Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment		
PLM	4/09/2020	White	0.0% 100.0%	None Detected			
Client Sample ID:	3.2-Mastic				Lab Sample ID:	672000636-0008A	
Sample Description:	113 Osgoode/VSF - White wit	h blue - Room 100					
	Analyzed		Non-Asbestos		0		
TEST	Date	Clear	Fibrous Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment		
PLM	4/09/2020	Clear	0.0% 100.0%	None Detected			
Client Sample ID:	3.3-Vinyl Floor Tile				Lab Sample ID:	672000636-0009	
Sample Description:	113 Osgoode/VSF - White wit	h blue - Room 100					
	Analyzed		Non-Asbestos				
TEST	Date	Color	Fibrous Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment		
PLM	4/09/2020	White	0.0% 100.0%	None Detected			
Client Sample ID:	3.3-Mastic				Lab Sample ID:	672000636-0009A	
Sample Description:	113 Osgoode/VSF - White wit	h blue - Room 100					
	Analyzed		Non-Asbestos				
TEST	Date	Color	Fibrous Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment		
PLM	4/09/2020	Clear	0.0% 100.0%	None Detected			
Client Sample ID:	4.1				Lab Sample ID:	672000636-0010	
Sample Description:	113 Osgoode/Skim coat - Roo	om B1					
	A I I		No. Asharta				
TEST	Analyzed Date	Color	Non-Asbestos Fibrous Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment		
PLM	4/09/2020	Gray	0.0% 100.0%	None Detected			
Client Sample ID:	4.2	······			Lab Sample ID:	672000636-0011	
Sample Description:	113 Osgoode/Skim coat - Roo	nm R1					
	110 Obgoode/Okim Coat = Not	51					
	Analyzed		Non-Asbestos				
TEST	Date	Color	Fibrous Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment		
PLM	4/09/2020	Gray	0.0% 100.0%	None Detected			
Client Sample ID:	4.3				Lab Sample ID:	672000636-0012	
Sample Description:	113 Osgoode/Skim coat - Roo	om B1					
TF0	Analyzed	0.1	Non-Asbestos	A	0		
TEST	Date	Color	Fibrous Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment		

4/09/2020

Gray

0.0%

100.0%

None Detected



22 Antares Drive Suite 102 Ottawa, ON K2E 7Z6 Phone/Fax: (343) 882-6076 / (343) 882-6077 http://www.EMSL.com / ottawalab@EMSL.com EMSL Canada Order 672000636
Customer ID: 55CTCS25B
Customer PO: 0Z2-021101
Project ID: Ottawa DSS

Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials for Ontario Regulation 278/05 via EPA600/R-93/116 Method

			EFA000/K-93/110 Metil	ou		
Client Sample ID:	5.1				Lab Sample ID:	672000636-0013
Sample Description:	113 Osgoode/Wallpaper - W	hite with blue do	ts - Room 102			
TEST	Analyzed Date	Color	Non-Asbestos Fibrous Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	4/09/2020	Beige	90.0% 10.0%	None Detected	Comment	
	5.2	3-			Lab Sample ID:	672000636-0014
Client Sample ID: Sample Description:		h:4:4h- h-1 al-a	to Deam 100		Lab Sample ID.	0/2000030-0014
sample Description.	113 Osgoode/Wallpaper - W	fille with blue do	IS - R00III 102			
	Analyzed		Non-Asbestos			
TEST	Date	Color	Fibrous Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	4/09/2020	Beige	90.0% 10.0%	None Detected		
Client Sample ID:	5.3				Lab Sample ID:	672000636-0015
Sample Description:	113 Osgoode/Wallpaper - W	hite with blue do	ts - Room 102			
TEOT	Analyzed	0-1-	Non-Asbestos	Auborton	Cam	
TEST PLM	4/09/2020	Color White	Fibrous Non-Fibrous 90.0% 10.0%	Asbestos None Detected	Comment	
		vviille	90.0% 10.0%	None Detected		0700000000000
Client Sample ID:	6.1-Vinyl Floor Tile				Lab Sample ID:	672000636-0016
Sample Description:	113 Osgoode/VFT - White w	ith beige marks	- Room 102			
	Analyzed		Non-Asbestos			
TEST	Date	Color	Fibrous Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	4/09/2020	Beige	0.0% 100.0%	None Detected		
Client Sample ID:	6.1-Mastic				Lab Sample ID:	672000636-0016A
Sample Description:	113 Osgoode/VFT - White w	ith beige marks	- Room 102			
	· ·	· ·				
	Analyzed		Non-Asbestos			
TEST	Date	Color	Fibrous Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	4/09/2020	Black	0.0% 100.0%	None Detected		
Client Sample ID:	6.2-Vinyl Floor Tile				Lab Sample ID:	672000636-0017
Sample Description:	113 Osgoode/VFT - White w	ith beige marks	- Room 102			
	Analyzad		Non-Asbestos			
TEST	Analyzed Date	Color	Fibrous Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	4/09/2020	Beige	0.0% 100.0%	None Detected		
Client Sample ID:	6.2-Mastic				Lab Sample ID:	672000636-0017A
Sample Description:	113 Osgoode/VFT - White w	ith beige marks	- Room 102		•	
,	o o o good or i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	20.50 11101110				
	Analyzed		Non-Asbestos			
TEST	Date	Color	Fibrous Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM 	4/09/2020	Black	0.0% 100.0%	None Detected		
Client Sample ID:	6.3				Lab Sample ID:	672000636-0018
Sample Description:	113 Osgoode/VFT - White w	ith beige marks	- Room 102			
TEST	Analyzed	Calan	Non-Asbestos	Anh	Comment	
TEST	Date	Color	Fibrous Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	

4/09/2020

White/Beige

0.0%

100.0%

None Detected



22 Antares Drive Suite 102 Ottawa, ON K2E 7Z6 Phone/Fax: (343) 882-6076 / (343) 882-6077 http://www.EMSL.com / ottawalab@EMSL.com EMSL Canada Order 672000636
Customer ID: 55CTCS25B
Customer PO: 0Z2-021101
Project ID: Ottawa DSS

Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials for Ontario Regulation 278/05 via EPA600/R-93/116 Method

			EPA600/R-93/116 Meti	noa		
Client Sample ID:	7.1				Lab Sample ID:	672000636-0019
Sample Description:	113 Osgoode/VFT - Grey wi	th white marks -	Room 103			
	Analysed		Non Ashastas			
TEST	Analyzed Date	Color	Non-Asbestos Fibrous Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	4/09/2020	White	0.0% 100.0%	None Detected		
Client Sample ID:	7.2-Vinyl Floor Tile				Lab Sample ID:	672000636-0020
Sample Description:	113 Osgoode/VFT - Grey wi	th white marks -	Room 103			0.200000
	Tro Cogodac, VI 1 Cicy Wi	in white mans	Noom 100			
	Analyzed		Non-Asbestos			
TEST	Date	Color	Fibrous Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	4/09/2020	Gray	0.0% 100.0%	None Detected		
Client Sample ID:	7.2-Mastic				Lab Sample ID:	672000636-0020A
Sample Description:	113 Osgoode/VFT - Grey wi	th white marks -	Room 103			
TEST	Analyzed Date	Color	Non-Asbestos Fibrous Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	4/09/2020	Yellow	Fibrous Non-Fibrous 0.0% 100.0%	None Detected	Comment	
			0.070	None Detected	Lab Cample ID:	672000626 0024
Client Sample ID:	7.3-Vinyl Floor Tile				Lab Sample ID:	672000636-0021
Sample Description:	113 Osgoode/VFT - Grey wi	th white marks -	Room 103			
	Analyzed		Non-Asbestos			
TEST	Date	Color	Fibrous Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	4/09/2020	Gray	0.0% 100.0%	None Detected		
Client Sample ID:	7.3-Mastic				Lab Sample ID:	672000636-0021A
Sample Description:	113 Osgoode/VFT - Grey wi	th white marks -	Room 103			
	Analyzed		Non-Asbestos			
TEST	Date	Color	Fibrous Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	4/09/2020	Yellow	0.0% 100.0%	None Detected		
Client Sample ID:	8.1				Lab Sample ID:	672000636-0022
Sample Description:	113 Osgoode/VSF - White v	vith squares - Ro	oom 100			
	Analyzed		Non-Asbestos			
TEST	Date	Color	Fibrous Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	4/09/2020	White	0.0% 100.0%	None Detected		
Client Sample ID:	8.2				Lab Sample ID:	672000636-0023
Sample Description:		vith squares - Ro	oom 100		•	
	.					
	Analyzed		Non-Asbestos			
TEST	Date	Color	Fibrous Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	4/09/2020	White	0.0% 100.0%	None Detected		
Client Sample ID:	8.3				Lab Sample ID:	672000636-0024
Sample Description:	113 Osgoode/VSF - White v	vith squares - Ro	oom 100			
	A		Nam Asharta			
TEST	Analyzed Date	Color	Non-Asbestos Fibrous Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
1531	Date	COIDI	FIDIOUS MOII-FIDIOUS	พอกคอเกอ	Comment	

4/09/2020

White

0.0%

100.0%

None Detected



22 Antares Drive Suite 102 Ottawa, ON K2E 7Z6 Phone/Fax: (343) 882-6076 / (343) 882-6077 http://www.EMSL.com / ottawalab@EMSL.com

EMSL Canada Order 672000636 55CTCS25B Customer ID: 0Z2-021101 Customer PO: Ottawa DSS Project ID:

Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials for Ontario Regulation 278/05 via EPA600/R-93/116 Method

		·	/ 1000//11	OO/ 110 Micti			
Client Sample ID:	9.1					Lab Sample ID:	672000636-0025
Sample Description:	113 Osgoode/Mortar - Room	B1					
	Analyzed		Non	-Asbestos			
TEST	Date	Color	Fibrous	Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	4/09/2020	Gray	0.0%	100.0%	None Detected		
Client Sample ID:	9.2					Lab Sample ID:	672000636-0026
Sample Description:	113 Osgoode/Mortar - Room	B1					
	Analyzed		Non	-Asbestos			
TEST	Date	Color	Fibrous	Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	4/09/2020	Gray	0.0%	100.0%	None Detected		
Client Sample ID:	9.3					Lab Sample ID:	672000636-0027
Sample Description:	113 Osgoode/Mortar - Room	B1				·	
	Analyzed		Non	-Asbestos			
TEST	Date	Color	Fibrous	Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	4/09/2020	Gray	0.0%	100.0%	None Detected		
Client Sample ID:	10.1					Lab Sample ID:	672000636-0028
Sample Description:	113 Osgoode/Ceiling plaster	- Room 101				•	
	110 Osgoode/Ociling plaster	100111101					
	Analyzed		Non	-Asbestos			
TEST	Date	Color	Fibrous	Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	4/09/2020	White	0.0%	100.0%	None Detected		
Client Sample ID:	10.2					Lab Sample ID:	672000636-0029
Sample Description:	113 Osgoode/Ceiling plaster	- Room 101					
	Analyzed		Non	-Asbestos			
TEST	Date	Color	Fibrous	Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	4/09/2020	White	0.0%	100.0%	None Detected		
Client Sample ID:	10.3					Lab Sample ID:	672000636-0030
Sample Description:	113 Osgoode/Ceiling plaster	- Room 101				•	
	9						
	Analyzed		Non	-Asbestos			
TEST	Date	Color	Fibrous	Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	4/09/2020	White	0.0%	100.0%	None Detected		
Client Sample ID:	11.1					Lab Sample ID:	672000636-0031
Sample Description:	113 Osgoode/Black wallpap	er - Room 100A				-	
	110 Cogodac/Black Walipap	or recom recort					
	Analyzed		Non	-Asbestos			
TEST	Date	Color	Fibrous		Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	4/09/2020	Brown/Black	90.0%	10.0%	None Detected		
Client Sample ID:	11.2				<u> </u>	Lab Sample ID:	672000636-0032
Sample Description:	113 Osgoode/Black wallpap	er - Room 100A					
	A		Al.	Ashanta-			
TEST	Analyzed	Color		-Asbestos	Ashastas	Comment	
TEST DI M	//09/2020	Color Brown/Black		Non-Fibrous	Asbestos None Detected	Comment	
PLM	4/09/2020	Brown/Black	90.0%	10.0%	None Detected		



22 Antares Drive Suite 102 Ottawa, ON K2E 7Z6 Phone/Fax: (343) 882-6076 / (343) 882-6077 http://www.EMSL.com / ottawalab@EMSL.com EMSL Canada Order 672000636
Customer ID: 55CTCS25B
Customer PO: 0Z2-021101
Project ID: Ottawa DSS

Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials for Ontario Regulation 278/05 via EPA600/R-93/116 Method

			PA600/R-93/116 Weth	ou		
Client Sample ID:	11.3				Lab Sample ID:	672000636-0033
Sample Description:	113 Osgoode/Black wallpa	per - Room 100A				
	Analyzed		Non-Asbestos			
TEST PLM	4/09/2020	Color Brown/Black	Fibrous Non-Fibrous 90.0% 10.0%	Asbestos	Comment	
		Brown/Black	90.0% 10.0%	None Detected		
Client Sample ID:	12.1				Lab Sample ID:	672000636-0034
Sample Description:	113 Osgoode/Mortar - Roo	m 205A				
	Analyzad		Non-Asbestos			
TEST	Analyzed Date	Color	Fibrous Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	4/09/2020	Gray	0.0% 100.0%	None Detected		
Client Sample ID:	12.2				Lab Sample ID:	672000636-0035
Sample Description:	113 Osgoode/Mortar - Roo	m 205A			,	
	The edgeodermental Tree	200/ 1				
	Analyzed		Non-Asbestos			
TEST	Date	Color	Fibrous Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	4/09/2020	Gray	0.0% 100.0%	None Detected		
Client Sample ID:	12.3				Lab Sample ID:	672000636-0036
Sample Description:	113 Osgoode/Mortar - Roo	m 205A				
TEOT	Analyzed	0.1	Non-Asbestos	A = b = = d = =	Commont	
PLM	4/09/2020	Color Gray	Fibrous Non-Fibrous 0.0% 100.0%	Asbestos None Detected	Comment	
			0.070 100.070	None Beleeted	Lab Sample ID:	672000636-0037
Client Sample ID:	13.1-Vinyl Floor Tile				Lab Sample ID:	6/2000636-003/
Sample Description:	113 Osgoode/VFT - White	with beige flakes - F	Room 201			
	Analyzed		Non-Asbestos			
TEST	Date	Color	Fibrous Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	4/09/2020	White	0.0% 100.0%	None Detected		
Client Sample ID:	13.1-Mastic				Lab Sample ID:	672000636-0037A
Sample Description:	113 Osgoode/VFT - White	with beige flakes - F	Room 201			
	Analyzed		Non-Asbestos			
TEST	Date	Color	Fibrous Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM 	4/09/2020	Black	0.0% 100.0%	None Detected		
Client Sample ID:	13.2-Vinyl Floor Tile				Lab Sample ID:	672000636-0038
Sample Description:	113 Osgoode/VFT - White	with beige flakes - F	Room 201			
	Anglyzad		Non-Asbestos			
TEST	Analyzed Date	Color	Fibrous Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	4/09/2020	White	0.0% 100.0%	None Detected	-	
Client Sample ID:	13.2-Mastic				Lab Sample ID:	672000636-0038A
Sample Description:	113 Osgoode/VFT - White	with heige flakes - 5	200m 201			
	710 Obgoode/VI I - Wille	mai boigo liakes - N	2011			
	Analyzed		Non-Asbestos			
TEST	Date	Color	Fibrous Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	

4/09/2020

Black

0.0%

100.0%

None Detected



22 Antares Drive Suite 102 Ottawa, ON K2E 7Z6 Phone/Fax: (343) 882-6076 / (343) 882-6077 http://www.EMSL.com / ottawalab@EMSL.com

EMSL Canada Order 672000636 55CTCS25B Customer ID: 0Z2-021101 Customer PO: Ottawa DSS Project ID:

Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials for Ontario Regulation 278/05 via EPA600/R-93/116 Method

		_		-33/110 1416(11	ou		
Client Sample ID:	13.3-Vinyl Floor Tile					Lab Sample ID:	672000636-0039
Sample Description:	113 Osgoode/VFT - White v	vith beige flakes - I	Room 201				
	Analyzed		Non	-Asbestos			
TEST	Date	Color	Fibrous	Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	4/09/2020	Gray/White	0.0%	100.0%	None Detected		
Client Sample ID:	13.3-Mastic					Lab Sample ID:	672000636-0039A
Sample Description:	113 Osgoode/VFT - White v	vith beige flakes - I	Room 201				
	Analyzed		Non	-Asbestos			
TEST	Date	Color	Fibrous	Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	4/09/2020	Black	0.0%	100.0%	None Detected		
Client Sample ID:	14.1					Lab Sample ID:	672000636-0040
Sample Description:	113 Osgoode/VSF - Grey -	Room 204					
	Analyzed		Non	-Asbestos			
TEST	Date	Color	Fibrous	Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	4/09/2020	Gray	0.0%	100.0%	None Detected		
Client Sample ID:	14.2					Lab Sample ID:	672000636-0041
Sample Description:	113 Osgoode/VSF - Grey -	Room 204					
	Analyzed		Non	-Asbestos			
TEST	Date	Color	Fibrous	Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	4/09/2020	Gray	0.0%	100.0%	None Detected		
Client Sample ID:	14.3					Lab Sample ID:	672000636-0042
Sample Description:	113 Osgoode/VSF - Grey -	Room 204					
	Analyzed		Non	-Asbestos			
TEST	Date	Color	Fibrous	Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	4/09/2020	Gray	0.0%	100.0%	None Detected		
Client Sample ID:	15.1					Lab Sample ID:	672000636-0043
Sample Description:	113 Osgoode/VSF - Blue -	Room 205A					
	Analyzed		Non	-Asbestos			
TEST	Date	Color	Fibrous	Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	4/09/2020	Blue	0.0%	100.0%	None Detected		
Client Sample ID:	15.2					Lab Sample ID:	672000636-0044
Sample Description:	113 Osgoode/VSF - Blue -	Room 205A					
	Analyzed		Non	-Asbestos			
TEST	Date	Color	Fibrous	Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	4/09/2020	Blue	0.0%	100.0%	None Detected		
Client Sample ID:	15.3					Lab Sample ID:	672000636-0045
Sample Description:	113 Osgoode/VSF - Blue -	Room 205A					
	Analyzed		Non	-Asbestos			
TEST	Date	Color	Fibrous	Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	4/09/2020	Blue	0.0%	100.0%	None Detected		



22 Antares Drive Suite 102 Ottawa, ON K2E 7Z6 Phone/Fax: (343) 882-6076 / (343) 882-6077 http://www.EMSL.com / ottawalab@EMSL.com EMSL Canada Order 672000636 Customer ID: 55CTCS25B Customer PO: 0Z2-021101 Project ID: Ottawa DSS

Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials for Ontario Regulation 278/05 via EPA600/R-93/116 Method

Client Sample ID:	16.1					Lab Sample ID:	672000636-0046
Sample Description:	113 Osgoode/DJC						
	Analyzed			Asbestos		_	
TEST	Date	Color		Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	4/09/2020	White	0.0%	100.0%	None Detected		
Client Sample ID:	16.2					Lab Sample ID:	672000636-0047
Sample Description:	113 Osgoode/DJC						
	Analyzed		Non-	Asbestos			
TEST	Date	Color	Fibrous	Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	4/09/2020	White	0.0%	100.0%	None Detected		
Client Sample ID:	16.3					Lab Sample ID:	672000636-0048
Sample Description:	113 Osgoode/DJC						
	Analyzed		Non-	Asbestos			
TEST	Date	Color		Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	4/09/2020	White	0.0%	100.0%	None Detected		
Client Sample ID:	16.4					Lab Sample ID:	672000636-0049
Sample Description:	113 Osgoode/DJC						
	Analyzed		Non-	Asbestos			
TEST	Date	Color	Fibrous	Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	4/09/2020	White	0.0%	100.0%	None Detected		
Client Sample ID:	16.5					Lab Sample ID:	672000636-0050
Sample Description:	113 Osgoode/DJC						
	Analyzed		Non-	Asbestos			
TEST	Date	Color	Fibrous	Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	4/09/2020	White	0.0%	100.0%	None Detected		
Client Sample ID:	16.6					Lab Sample ID:	672000636-0051
Sample Description:	113 Osgoode/DJC						
	Analyzed		Non-	Asbestos			
TEST	Date	Color	Fibrous	Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	4/09/2020	White	0.0%	100.0%	None Detected		
Client Sample ID:	16.7					Lab Sample ID:	672000636-0052
Sample Description:	113 Osgoode/DJC						
	Analyzed		Non-	Asbestos			
TEST	Date	Color		Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	4/09/2020	White	0.0%	100.0%	None Detected		



22 Antares Drive Suite 102 Ottawa, ON K2E 7Z6 Phone/Fax: (343) 882-6076 / (343) 882-6077 http://www.EMSL.com / ottawalab@EMSL.com EMSL Canada Order 672000636
Customer ID: 55CTCS25B
Customer PO: 0Z2-021101
Project ID: Ottawa DSS

Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials for Ontario Regulation 278/05 via EPA600/R-93/116 Method

Analyst(s):		
Margaret Lee	PLM (21)	
Nicole Yeo	PLM (41)	
Reviewed and approved by	:	Sombald

Simon Parent, Laboratory Manager or Other Approved Signatory

None Detected = <0.1%. EMSL maintains liability limited to cost of analysis. This report relates only to the samples reported above and may not be reproduced, except in full, without written approval by EMSL. EMSL bears no responsibility for sample collection activities or analytical method limitations. Interpretation and use of test results are the responsibility of the client. Samples received in good condition unless otherwise noted. This report must not be used to claim product endorsement by NVLAP of any agency or the U.S. Government

Samples analyzed by EMSL Canada Inc. Burnaby, BC

Initial report from: 04/13/202014:12:13



2756 Slough Street, Mississauga, ON L4T 1G3

Phone/Fax: (289) 997-4602 / (289) 997-4607

http://www.EMSL.com torontolab@emsl.com

Project

(613) 836-2184

CustomerPO: ProjectID:

CustomerID:

EMSL Canada Or

552003820

55CTCS25B

0Z2-021101

Stefan Holik McIntosh Perry Consulting Engineers Ltd 115 Walgreen Rd RR 3 Carp, ON K0A 1L0 Phone: Fax:

Received: 04/06/20 10:36 AM

Collected:

Project: University of Ottawaa 0Z2-021101 Ottawa DSS

Test Report: Lead in Paint Chips by Flame AAS (SW 846 3050B/7000B)*

Client SampleDescription	Collected Analyzed	Weight RDL	Lead Concentration
PB1 552003820-0001	4/7/2020 Site: Beige - Room 100 Insufficient sample to reach reporting limit.	0.0748 g 0.027 % wt	<0.027 % wt
PB2 552003820-0002	4/7/2020 Site: White - Room 101	0.1423 g 0.014 % wt	0.23 % wt

Rowena Fanto, Lead Supervisor or other approved signatory

*Analysis following Lead in Paint by EMSL SOP/Determination of Environmental Lead by FLAA. Reporting limit is 0.008 % wt based on the minimum sample weight per our SOP. Unless noted, results in this report are not blank corrected. EMSL maintains liability limited to cost of analysis. Interpretation and use of test results are the responsibility of the client. This report relates only to the samples reported above, and may not be reproduced, except in full, without written approval by EMSL. EMSL bears no responsibility for sample collection activities or analytical method limitations. The report reflects the samples as received. When the information supplied by the customer can affect the validity of the results, it will be noted on the reoprt. "<" (less than) result signifies the analyte was not detected at or above the reporting limit. Measurement of uncertainty is available upon request. The QC data associated with the sample results included in this report meet the recovery and precision requirements unless specifically indicated otherwise. Definitions of modifications are available upon request.

Samples analyzed by EMSL Canada Inc. Mississauga, ON AIHA-LAP, LLC - ELLAP #196142



2756 Slough Street, Mississauga, ON L4T 1G3

(289) 997-4602 / (289) 997-4607

http://www.EMSL.com torontolab@emsl.com CustomerID: CustomerPO: 55CTCS25B 0Z2-021101

552003820

ProjectID:

EMSL Canada Or

Stefan Holik **McIntosh Perry Consulting Engineers Ltd** 115 Walgreen Rd RR 3 Carp, ON K0A 1L0

Phone: (613) 836-2184

Fax:

Received: 04/06/20 10:36 AM

Collected:

Project: University of Ottawaa 0Z2-021101 Ottawa DSS

Test Report: Lead in Paint Chips by Flame AAS (SW 846 3050B/7000B)*

Client SampleDescription	Collected Analyzed	Weight RDL	Lead Concentration
PB1 552003820-0001	4/7/2020 Site: Beige - Room 100 Insufficient sample to reach reporting limit.	0.0748 g 270 ppm	<270 ppm
PB2 552003820-0002	4/7/2020 Site: White - Room 101	0.1423 g 140 ppm	2300 ppm

Rowena Fanto, Lead Supervisor or other approved signatory

*Analysis following Lead in Paint by EMSL SOP/Determination of Environmental Lead by FLAA. Reporting limit is 0.008 % wt based on the minimum sample weight per our SOP. Unless noted, results in this report are not blank corrected. EMSL maintains liability limited to cost of analysis. Interpretation and use of test results are the responsibility of the client. This report relates only to the samples reported above, and may not be reproduced, except in full, without written approval by EMSL. EMSL bears no responsibility for sample collection activities or analytical method limitations. The report reflects the samples as received. When the information supplied by the customer can affect the validity of the results, it will be noted on the reoprt. "<" (less than) result signifies the analyte was not detected at or above the reporting limit. Measurement of uncertainty is available upon request. The QC data associated with the sample results included in this report meet the recovery and precision requirements unless specifically indicated otherwise. Definitions of modifications are available upon request.

Samples analyzed by EMSL Canada Inc. Mississauga, ON AIHA-LAP, LLC - ELLAP #196142

APPENDIX D

Site Photographs



Photo 1: View of the interior finishes observed throughout the subject building.



Photo 2: View of the nonasbestos containing wall plaster observed throughout the subject building.



View of the nonasbestos containing ceiling tiles identified throughout the subject building.

McINTOSH PERRY 1



Photo 4: View of the ODScontaining equipment observed in the subject building.



Photo 5: View of the sump pump containing a mercury float switch observed in Room B1.



 View of the mercury vapour containing fluorescent light fixtures observed throughout the subject building.

McINTOSH PERRY 2

APPENDIX E

Asbestos-Containing Materials Checklists

Floor/Level	Room	٩	Type of ACM	Description	Asbestos Confirmed/ Suspected	Friable/Non- Friable	Damaged/ Deteriorated	Accessibility	Level of Work Near Material	Approx. Quantity	Unit	Recommended Action	Estimated Abatement Cost	Comments
0	Throughout Level	-	Brick/Stone Mortar	-	Suspected	-	Good Condition	Easy	Low	-	1	Manage in Place		
1	Throughout Level	-	Brick/Stone Mortar	-	Suspected	-	Good Condition	Easy	Low	-	1	Manage in Place		
2	Throughout Level	-	Brick/Stone Mortar	-	Suspected	-	Good Condition	Easy	Low	-	1	Manage in Place		
3	Roof Level	-	Roofing Materials	-	Suspected	-	Good Condition	Easy	Low	-	-	Manage in Place		

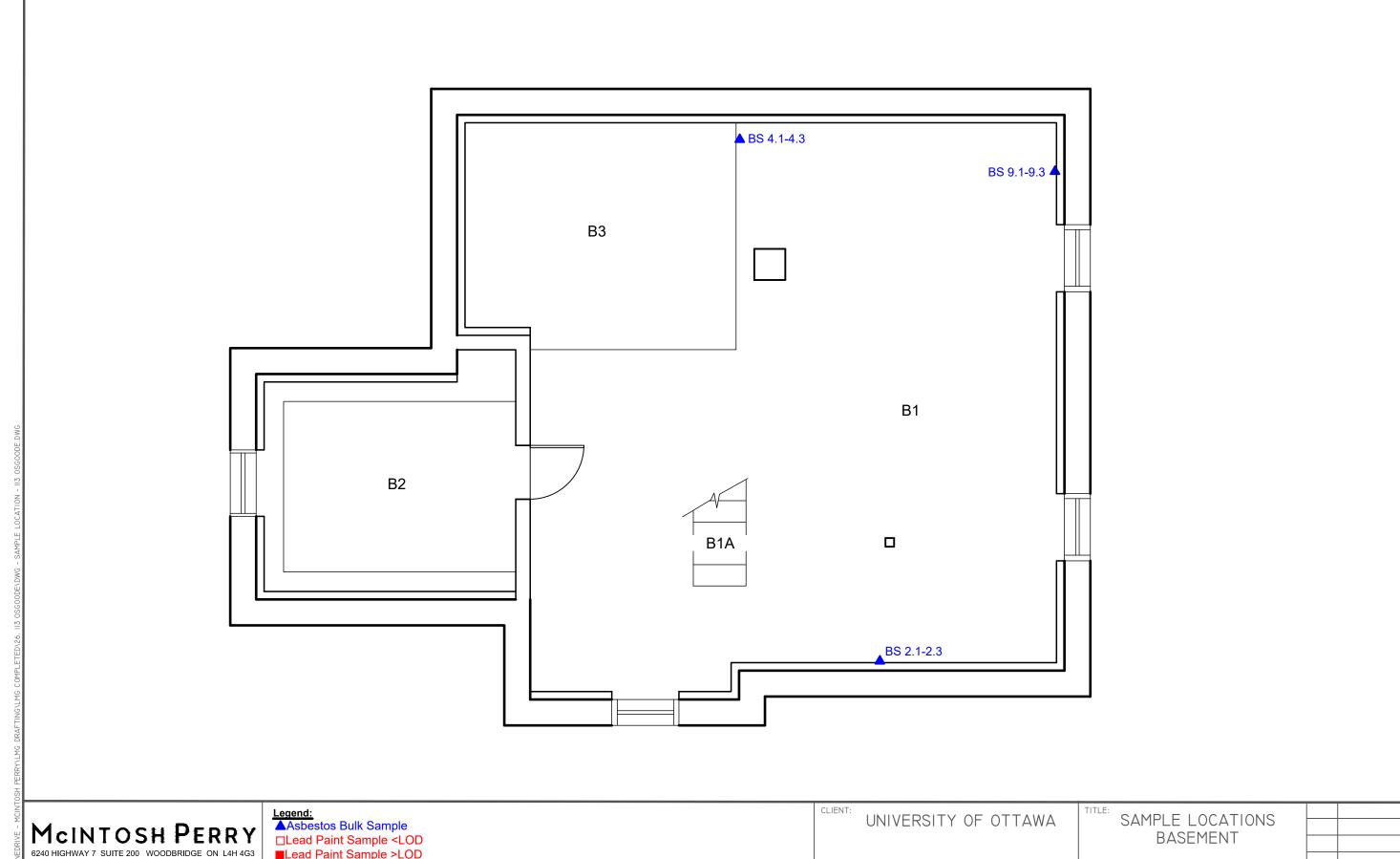
APPENDIX F

Hazardous Containing Materials Checklists

Floor/Level	Room	Q	DS Type	Component	Colour	Condition	Manufacturer	Approx. Quantity	Unit	Suspected/ Confirmed	Recommended Action	Estimated Abatement Cost	Comments
0	Throughout Level	-	Mercury	Fluorescent Light Tubes	N/A	Good Condition	-	-	-	Confirmed	Manage in Place		
0	Throughout Level	-	Silica	Concrete, Mortar, Etc.	N/A	Good Condition	-	-	-	Confirmed	Manage in Place		
0	Throughout Level	-	Lead	Wall Paint	White	Good Condition	-	-	-	Confirmed	Manage in Place		
0	Room	B1	Mercury	Float Switch	N/A	Good Condition	-	1	С	Confirmed	Manage in Place		
1	Throughout Level	1	Mercury	Fluorescent Light Tubes	N/A	Good Condition	-	-	-	Confirmed	Manage in Place		
1	Throughout Level	1	Silica	Concrete, Mortar, Etc.	N/A	Good Condition	-	1	-	Confirmed	Manage in Place		
1	Room	102	Ozone Depleting Substances (ODS)	Refrigerator	N/A	Good Condition	Unknown	1	С	Confirmed	Manage in Place		R134a
1	Throughout Level	-	Lead	Wall Paint	White	Good Condition	-	-	-	Confirmed	Manage in Place		
2	Throughout Level	-	Mercury	Fluorescent Light Tubes	N/A	Good Condition	-	-	-	Confirmed	Manage in Place		
2	Throughout Level	-	Silica	Concrete, Mortar, Etc.	N/A	Good Condition	-	-	-	Confirmed	Manage in Place		
2	Throughout Level	-	Lead	Wall Paint	White	Good Condition	-	-	-	Confirmed	Manage in Place		

APPENDIX G

Site Sampling & Location Plans



Tel: 905.856.5200 Fax: 905.695.0221 Toll Free: 1.888.348.8991 www.mcintoshperry.com

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CHECK AND VERIFY ALL DIMENSIONS, REPORT ALL ERRORS AND OMISSIONS TO THE CONSULTANTS, PRIOR TO PROCEEDING WITH ANY WORKS.

■Lead Paint Sample >LOD

PROJECT: II3 OSGOODE

DATE: AUGUST 14, 2020

DESCRIPTION

1:50 DESIGNATED SUBSTANCE SURVEY DRAWN: CHECKED: D.B. M.M.

SCALE:

DRAWING AO

Tel: 905.856.5200 Fax: 905.695.0221 Toll Free: 1.888.348.8991 www.mcintoshperry.com

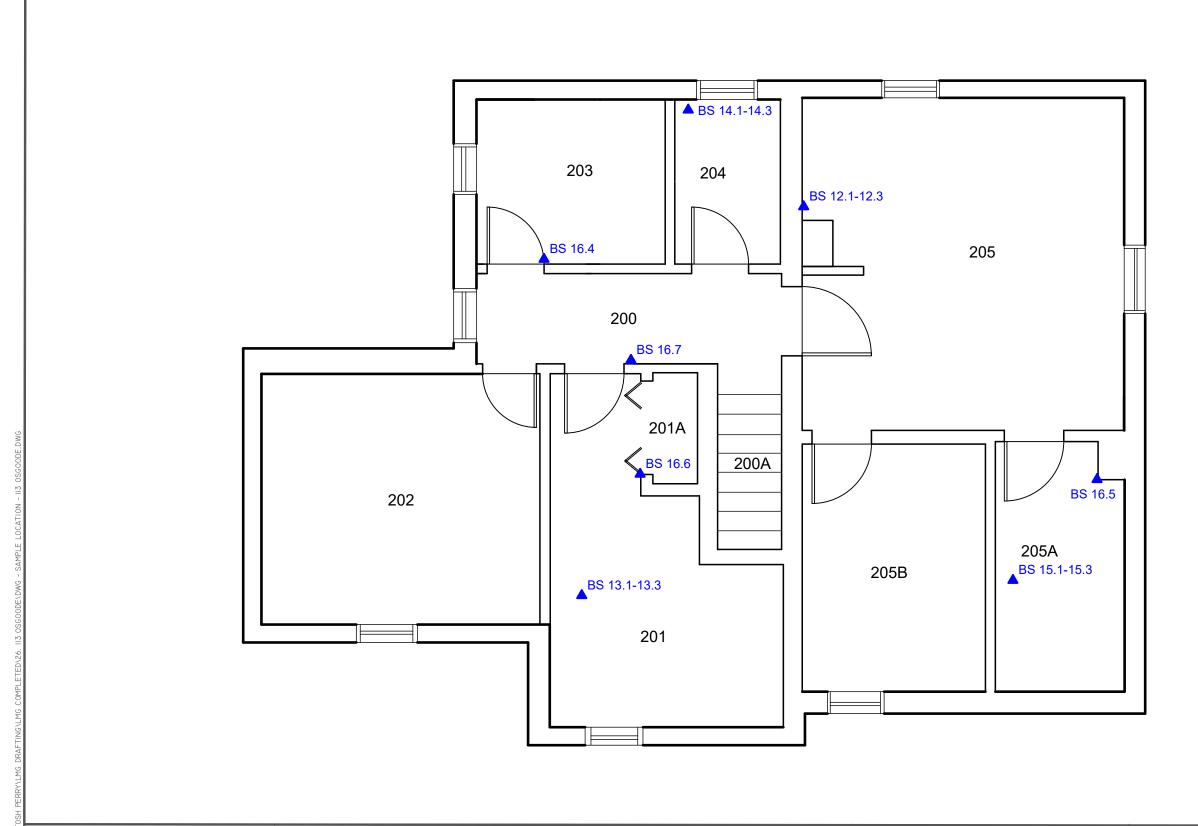
THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CHECK AND VERIFY ALL DIMENSIONS, REPORT ALL ERRORS AND OMISSIONS TO THE CONSULTANTS, PRIOR TO PROCEEDING WITH ANY WORKS.

Legend:

▲Asbestos Bulk Sample

□Lead Paint Sample <LOD ■Lead Paint Sample >LOD

CLIENT:	UNIVERSITY OF OTTAWA	SAMPLE LOCATIONS GROUND FLOOR							
PROJECT	II3 OSGOODE	SCALE:	1:50	DATE: AUGUST 14, 2020	REV. NO.	DESCRIPTION	DATE	BY	APPD
DESIGNATED SUBSTANCE SURVEY	DRAWN:	D.B.	CHECKED: M.M.	DRAWII NUMBE			REV	/.:	



McINTOSH PERRY 6240 HIGHWAY 7 SUITE 200 WOODBRIDGE ON L4H 4G3

Tel: 905.856.5200 Fax: 905.695.0221 Toll Free: 1.888.348.8991 www.mcintoshperry.com

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CHECK AND VERIFY ALL DIMENSIONS, REPORT ALL ERRORS AND OMISSIONS TO THE CONSULTANTS, PRIOR TO PROCEEDING WITH ANY WORKS.

Legend:

▲Asbestos Bulk Sample

□Lead Paint Sample <LOD ■Lead Paint Sample >LOD

UNIVERSITY OF OTTAWA SAMPLE LOCATIONS SECOND FLOOR SCALE: PROJECT: DATE: II3 OSGOODE 1:50 AUGUST 14, 2020 DESCRIPTION DATE BY APPE DESIGNATED SUBSTANCE SURVEY DRAWN: CHECKED: DRAWING A2 D.B. M.M.