HAZARDOUS MATERIALS SURVEY AND 2022 REASSESSMENT 555 KING EDWARD AVENUE, OTTAWA, ON



Project No.: 0Z2021101HZ / CCC-230252-00

Prepared for:

University of Ottawa

Prepared by:

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Date:

January 10, 2023

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RFASSESSMENT SURVEY 2022

McIntosh Perry Limited (MPL) was retained by the University of Ottawa, to complete to a hazardous materials survey of Marchand Residence located at 555 King Edward Avenue. The survey was conducted on June 12th, 2020. The reassessment was completed on June 29th, 2022.

The purpose of the reassessment was to evaluate the condition and quantity of previously reported asbestos-containing materials (ACM) and develop corrective action plans as required for the purposes of long-term management.

The assessment and reassessment determined the following findings and recommendations.

Summary of the Reassessment Findings:

- ACM Vinyl Floor Tile (VFT) was observed to be in Good Condition in the basement of the subject building.
- ACM Vinyl Sheet Flooring (VSF) was observed to be in Good Condition in the basement of the subject building.
- No water damaged or mould affected materials were observed during the site survey.

Summary of Recommendations:

- Perform a reassessment of asbestos materials on an annual basis.
- Perform a pre-construction assessment and remove all asbestos-containing materials (ACM) prior to alterations or maintenance work if ACM may be disturbed by the work.
- Follow appropriate safe work procedures when handling or disturbing asbestos.
- Sample any presumed ACM prior to alteration or maintained work if presumed ACM may be disturbed by the work.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

McIntosh Perry Limited (MPL) was retained by the University of Ottawa, to complete a hazardous materials survey for the building located at 555 King Edward Avenue. The survey was conducted on June 12th, 2020. The Reassessment Survey was completed on June 29th, 2022.

The purpose of the survey was to determine the presence of building materials containing Designated Substances and other hazardous materials, as defined under the Ontario Occupational Health and Safety Act. Designated Substances are eleven chemical agents prescribed under Ontario Regulation 490/09.

Based on the assessment conducted by MPL, the following ACMs were identified or suspected to be present in the building:

Material Description	Friable?	Location	Type of Asbestos
Vinyl Floor Tiles	Non-Friable	Specific Areas Only	Chrysotile
Vinyl Sheet Flooring	Non-Friable	Specific Areas Only	Chrysotile
Concrete Block Mortar	-	Throughout Building	Suspected
Brick/Stone Mortar	-	Throughout Building	Suspected
Ceramic Floor/Wall Tile Grout	-	Throughout Building	Suspected
Roofing Material	-	Roof	Suspected

Table A: Summary of Asbestos-Containing Materials Identified

Note: Please refer to the complete report for specific details and recommendations.

All repairs or removal of asbestos-containing materials must be conducted according to Ontario Regulation 278/05, Regulation respecting Asbestos on Construction Projects and in Buildings and Repair Operations - made under the Occupational Health and Safety Act. Asbestos containing waste must also be handled and disposed of according to Ontario Regulation 347/90 as amended – made under the Environmental Protection Act. Any suspect building materials encountered that were not assessed as part of this survey, should be assumed to contain asbestos until proven otherwise by analytical testing;

Sub-trades working with or in close proximity to asbestos-containing material should be informed of its presence;

Given that asbestos containing materials (ACMs) have been identified and will likely remain in place, an Asbestos Management Plan (AMP) is therefore required and an inventory of ACMs must be kept on site. All ACMs must be routinely inspected to ensure no damage has occurred, and the inventory must be updated once in each 12-month period and as may be required based on expected changing site conditions, abatement and/or renovation activities.

Based on the assessment conducted by MPL, the following Designated Substances were identified or suspected to be present in the building:

Table B: Summary of Designated Substances & Hazardous Materials Identified

Material Description	Location
Lead Paint	Specific Areas Only
Lead Acid Batteries	Specific Equipment
ASTs/USTs	Specific Equipment
Ozone Depleting Substances	Specific Equipment
Mercury Vapour	Specific Equipment
Silica	Throughout Building

Note: Please refer to the complete report for specific details and recommendations.

Designated Substances area regulated under Ontario Regulation 490/09 — Designated Substances, made under the Ontario Health and Safety Act, which applies to controlling designated substances in the workplace.

In addition to Ontario Regulation 490/09, the following guidelines must also be adhered to when conducting work activities that that involve disturbance of the above-mentioned materials:

- Guideline: Lead on Construction Projects, issued April 2011 by the Occupational Health and Safety branch of the Ministry of Labour
- Guideline: Silica on Construction Projects issued April 2011 by the Occupational Health and Safety branch of the Ministry of Labour.
- Environmental Abatement Council of Canada (EACC) Lead Abatement Guidelines.

Prior to any renovations or demolition activities within building, designated substances must be decommissioned by a licensed contractor such that they are contained and not released to the environment during decommissioning as per O. Reg. 347/09- made under the Environmental Protection Act.

Any suspect building materials encountered that were not assessed as part of this survey, should be assumed to contain designated substances or hazardous materials until proven otherwise by analytical testing.

This report should be made available to contractors tendering on any renovation or demolition work. In turn, all contractors requesting tenders from subcontractors shall furnish this report to subcontractors.

This executive summary is not to be used alone. This report should be reviewed in its entirety.

McINTOSH PERRY iii

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January 10, 2023

University of Ottawa 141 Louis-Pasteur Private Ottawa, Ontario K1N 1E3

Attention: Joel Lajeunesse, Project Manager

Re: 555 King Edward Avenue, Ottawa, Ontario

Hazardous Materials Survey and 2022 Reassessment

McIntosh Perry Limited Reference No. Z2021101HZ / CCC-230252-00

1.0 INTRODUCTION

In accordance with your instructions, McIntosh Perry Limited (MPL) carried out a Hazardous Materials Survey at the former residential building located at 555 King Edward Avenue, Ottawa, Ontario. The site is situated on the eastern side of King Edward Avenue, between King Edward Avenue and Somerset Street East. The survey of the building was conducted on June 12th, 2020. The Reassessment Survey was completed on June 29th, 2022.

via email: joel.lajeunesse@uottawa.ca

The purpose of the survey was to determine the presence of building materials containing Designated Substances and other hazardous materials, as defined under the Ontario Occupational Health and Safety Act. Designated Substances are eleven chemical agents prescribed under Ontario Regulation 490/09. In addition, a visual assessment was conducted for the presence of polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs), radioactive materials, ozone depleting substances (ODSs), other halocarbons and mould.

MPL completed the following,

- Visual review of the building to identify materials which could contain Designated Substances and hazardous materials;
- Bulk sampling and analysis of building materials suspected of containing asbestos (if required);
- Bulk sampling and analysis of representative paints and finishes suspected of containing lead (if required);
- Review of previously completed Hazardous Materials Survey(s) and historical building record(s); and,
- Recommendations for appropriate action where required.

2.0 PROPERTY DESCRIPTION

The subject building is a three-storey residential unit, built in 1920 and approximately 6,800 square feet. The subject building was observed to be constructed with a stone and mortar foundation. The exterior walls are finished with brick, and the roof is composed of asphalt shingles. Within the subject building, interior walls and ceilings were observed to be mainly plaster with some drywall. The floors were generally vinyl floor tile and carpet.

3.0 FINDINGS & RECOMMENDATIONS

Designated Substances

3.1 Asbestos

Findings

A total of fifty-seven (57) bulk samples were collected during the survey and sent to an accredited laboratory for analysis. A summary of potential asbestos-containing samples collected along with the sample location, type and friability are presented in Table 1.

Laboratory certificates of analysis for asbestos are included in Appendix C.

<u>Table 1:</u>
Asbestos Laboratory Results

Sample ID	Location	Material	Type and Content	Friability
BS 1.1	Room 103	Drywall Joint Compound	None Detected	N/A
BS 1.2	Room 306	Drywall Joint Compound	None Detected	N/A
BS 1.3	Room 207	Drywall Joint Compound	None Detected	N/A
BS 1.4	Room B3	Drywall Joint Compound	None Detected	N/A
BS 1.5	Room B1A	Drywall Joint Compound	None Detected	N/A
BS 1.6	Room 106	Drywall Joint Compound	None Detected	N/A
BS 1.7	Room 201	Drywall Joint Compound	None Detected	N/A
BS 2.1	Room 304	VFT (12"x12" - Grey with Orange and White Flecks)	None Detected	N/A
		Mastic (Black)	None Detected	N/A
BS 2.2	Room 304	VFT (12"x12" - Grey with Orange and White Flecks)	None Detected	N/A
		Mastic (Black)	None Detected	N/A
BS 2.3	Room 304	VFT (12"x12" - Grey with Orange and White Flecks)	None Detected	N/A
		Mastic (Black)	None Detected	N/A

Sample ID	Location	Material	Type and Content	Friability
BS 3.1	Room 202	Plaster Skim Coat (White)	None Detected	N/A
D3 3.1	ROUIII 202	Plaster Base Coat (Grey)	None Detected	N/A
DC 2 2	Doom 207	Plaster Skim Coat (White)	None Detected	N/A
BS 3.2	Room 207	Plaster Base Coat (Grey)	None Detected	N/A
BS 3.3	Room B5	Plaster Skim Coat (White)	None Detected	N/A
D3 3.3	ROUIII BO	Plaster Base Coat (Grey)	None Detected	N/A
BS 3.4	Doom D1A	Plaster Skim Coat (White)	None Detected	N/A
D3 3.4	Room B1A	Plaster Base Coat (Grey)	None Detected	N/A
BS 3.5	Room B1	Plaster Skim Coat (White)	None Detected	N/A
D3 3.3	KOOIII B I	Plaster Base Coat (Grey)	None Detected	N/A
DC 2 /	Doom D7	Plaster Skim Coat (White)	None Detected	N/A
BS 3.6	Room B7	Plaster Base Coat (Grey)	None Detected	N/A
DC 2.7	Doom D/	Plaster Skim Coat (White)	None Detected	N/A
BS 3.7	Room B6	Plaster Base Coat (Grey)	None Detected	N/A
DC 4.1	Room 206	VSF (Grey)	None Detected	N/A
BS 4.1		Mastic (Yellow)	None Detected	N/A
DC 4.2	Room 206	VSF (Grey)	None Detected	N/A
BS 4.2		Mastic (Yellow)	None Detected	N/A
DC 4.2	Room 206	VSF (Grey)	None Detected	N/A
BS 4.3		Mastic (Yellow)	None Detected	N/A
DC F 1	Room 300	VFT (12"x12" - White with Red and Blue Flakes)	None Detected	N/A
BS 5.1		Mastic (Black)	None Detected	N/A
DC E O	Room 300	VFT (12"x12" - White with Red and Blue Flakes)	None Detected	N/A
BS 5.2	R00m 300	Mastic (Black)	None Detected	N/A
BS 5.3	Room 300	VFT (12"x12" - White with Red and Blue Flakes)	None Detected	N/A
BS 5.3		Mastic (Black)	None Detected	N/A
BS 6.1	Room B9A	Firestop Caulking (Red)	None Detected	N/A
BS 6.2	Room B9A	Firestop Caulking (Red)	None Detected	N/A
BS 6.3	Room B9A	Firestop Caulking (Red)	None Detected	N/A
BS 7.1	Room 102	Ceiling Tile (1'x1' - Pinholes)	None Detected	N/A
BS 7.2	Room 102	Ceiling Tile (1'x1' - Pinholes)	None Detected	N/A
BS 7.3	Room 102	Ceiling Tile (1'x1' - Pinholes)	None Detected	N/A
DC 0 1	Da a.m. DE	VFT (12"x12" - Beige with Brown Streaks)	None Detected	N/A
BS 8.1	Room B5	Mastic (Black)	None Detected	N/A
DC O O	Door Dr	VFT (12"x12" - Beige with Brown Streaks)	None Detected	N/A
BS 8.2	Room B5	Mastic (Black)	None Detected	N/A
DC O O	Door Dr	VFT (12"x12" - Beige with Brown Streaks)	None Detected	N/A
BS 8.3	Room B5	Mastic (Black)	None Detected	N/A

Sample ID	Location	Material	Type and Content	Friability
BS 9.1	Room B4	VFT (12"x12" - Beige with Grey Streaks)	None Detected	N/A
BS 9.2	Room B4	VFT (12"x12" - Beige with Grey Streaks)	None Detected	N/A
BS 9.3	Room B4	VFT (12"x12" - Beige with Grey Streaks)	None Detected	N/A
BS 10.1	Room B9	VSF (Green with Pattern)	None Detected	N/A
BS 10.2	Room B9	VSF (Green with Pattern)	None Detected	N/A
BS 10.3	Room B9	VSF (Green with Pattern)	None Detected	N/A

N/A – Not Applicable

VFT - Vinyl Floor Tiles

Stop Positive – Material considered being asbestos-containing as per O. Reg. 278/05.

Please refer to Appendix E – Asbestos-Containing Materials Checklist for material conditions, quantities (where applicable), and recommended actions.

The following building materials (if present) were investigated for asbestos content:

3.1.1 Fireproofing

No fireproofing was observed in the subject building.

3.1.2 Mechanical Pipe Insulation

3.1.2.1 Mechanical Pipe Straight Insulation

Mechanical pipe straight insulation was observed throughout the subject building. MPL made several incisions throughout to investigate its composition, and it was visually identified as fiberglass, and therefore not suspected of containing asbestos.

3.1.2.2 Mechanical Piping Elbows/Fittings Insulation

Mechanical pipe elbows/fittings insulation was observed throughout the subject building. MPL made several incisions throughout to investigate its composition, and it was visually identified as fiberglass, and therefore not suspected of containing asbestos.

3.1.2.3 Mechanical Piping Hangers Insulation

Mechanical pipe hanger insulation was observed throughout the subject building. MPL made several incisions throughout to investigate its composition, and it was visually identified as fiberglass, and therefore not suspected of containing asbestos.

3.1.2.4 HVAC Duct Insulation

No HVAC duct insulation was observed in the subject building.

3.1.3 Flexible Duct Connector

No flexible duct connectors were observed in the subject building.

3.1.4 Heat Shield or Heat Shield Insulation

No potential asbestos-containing heat shield insulation were observed in the subject building.

3.1.5 Texture Finishes

No texture finishes were observed in the subject building.

3.1.6 Plaster

Plaster was observed and sampled in Rooms B1, B1A, B5, B6, B7, 202, and 207. The laboratory analytical results indicate that this material does not contain asbestos.

3.1.7 Drywall Joint Compound

Drywall joint compound was observed and sampled in Rooms B1A, B3, 103, 106, 201, 207, and 306. The laboratory analytical results indicate that this material does not contain asbestos.

3.1.8 Ceiling Tiles

Ceiling tiles (1'x1' - Pinholes) was observed and sampled in Room 102. The laboratory analytical results indicate that this material does not contain asbestos.

3.1.9 Vinyl Floor Tiles

Several different types of vinyl floor tiles were observed and sampled within the building as follows:

- Vinyl floor tiles (12" x 12"- Grey with Orange and White Flecks) were observed and sampled in Room 304. The laboratory analytical results indicate that this material does not contain asbestos. The associated mastic (Black) was also determined not to contain asbestos.
- Vinyl floor tiles (12" x 12"- White with Red and Blue Flakes) were observed and sampled in Room 300. The laboratory analytical results indicate that this material does not contain asbestos. The associated mastic (Black) was also determined not to contain asbestos.
- Vinyl floor tiles (12" x 12"- Beige with Brown Streaks) were observed and sampled in Room B5. The laboratory analytical results indicate that this material does not contain asbestos. The associated mastic (Black) was also determined not to contain asbestos.
- Vinyl floor tiles (12" x 12"- Beige with Grey Streaks) were observed and sampled in Room B4. The laboratory analytical results indicate that this material does not contain asbestos. The associated mastic (Black) was also determined not to contain asbestos.

Previously identified asbestos-containing vinyl floor tiles (12" x 12"- Beige with Brown Lines) were
observed throughout the subject building. This material contains 16.5% Chrysotile asbestos. This material
is considered to be non-friable and was observed in good condition. Previously identified locations with
poor condition asbestos-containing vinyl floor tiles were observed to be removed during the 2022
Reassessment.

3.1.10 Vinyl Sheet Flooring

Several different types of vinyl sheet flooring were observed and sampled within the building as follows:

- Vinyl sheet flooring (Grey) was observed and sampled in Room 206. The laboratory analytical results
 indicate that this material does not contain asbestos. The associated mastic (Yellow) was also
 determined not to contain asbestos.
- Vinyl sheet flooring (Green with Pattern) was observed and sampled in Room B9. The laboratory analytical results indicate that this material does not contain asbestos.
- Previously identified asbestos-containing vinyl sheet flooring (Yellow Rectangle Pattern) was observed in Room B9. This material contains 0.8% Chrysotile asbestos. Previously identified locations with poor condition asbestos-containing vinyl floor tiles were observed to be removed during the 2022 Reassessment.

3.1.11 Brick/Stone Mortar

To avoid damage and compromising the integrity of the structure, no bulk samples of the brick/stone mortar were collected. Prior to renovation/demolition, brick mortar should be examined and tested for asbestos content. Brick/stone mortar should therefore be considered to contain asbestos until bulk samples and analysis proves otherwise.

3.1.12 Concrete Block Mortar

To avoid damage and compromising the integrity of the structure, no bulk samples of the concrete block mortar were collected. Prior to renovation/demolition, concrete block mortar should be examined and tested for asbestos content. Concrete block mortar should therefore be considered to contain asbestos until bulk samples and analysis proves otherwise.

3.1.13 Ceramic Wall / Floor Tile Grout

To avoid damage and compromising the integrity of the structure, no bulk samples of the ceramic wall/floor tile grout were collected. Prior to renovation/demolition, ceramic wall/floor tile grout should be examined and tested for asbestos content. Ceramic wall/floor tile grout should therefore be considered to contain asbestos until bulk samples and analysis proves otherwise.

3.1.14 Transite (Asbestos Cement)

No transite materials were observed in the subject building.

3.1.15 Caulking

Firestop caulking (Red) was observed and sampled in Room B9A. The laboratory analytical results indicate that this material does not contain asbestos.

3.1.16 Cementitious Coating

No cementitious coating finishes were observed in the subject building.

3.1.17 Fire Doors

No fire doors were observed within the subject building.

3.1.18 Roofing Material

To avoid damage and compromising the integrity of roofing material, no bulk samples of the roofing materials were collected. Prior to removal and/or replacement, roofing materials should be examined and tested for asbestos content. Roofing materials should be considered to contain asbestos until bulk samples and analysis proves otherwise.

Recommendations

- Asbestos-containing materials identified to be in poor condition must be repaired/removed immediately, following Type 1/2/3 asbestos abatement work procedures as detailed in O. Reg. 278/05 and disposed of as asbestos waste under O. Reg. 347;
- Materials identified to contain asbestos that are in good condition and do not pose a risk to workers or
 occupants can be managed in place. Prior to renovation/demolition activities that may disturb the
 ACMs, these materials must be removed following appropriate Type 1/2/3 asbestos abatement work
 procedures as detailed in O. Reg. 278/05 and disposed of as asbestos waste under O. Reg. 347;
- Please refer to Appendix E Asbestos-Containing Materials Checklist for material conditions, quantities (where applicable), and recommended actions;
- Prior to renovation/demolition of materials which are assumed to be asbestos-containing (suspect
 materials which were not sampled, i.e., brick/stone mortar, and electrical wire fabric covers), these
 materials must either be tested for asbestos content or removed following appropriate asbestos
 abatement work procedures (Type 1/2/3) as detailed in O. Reg. 278/05 and disposed of as asbestos
 waste under O. Reg. 347;
- All repairs or removal of asbestos-containing materials must be conducted according to Ontario Regulation 278/05, Regulation respecting Asbestos on Construction Projects and in Buildings and

Repair Operations - made under the Occupational Health and Safety Act. Asbestos containing waste must also be handled and disposed of according to Ontario Regulation 347/90 as amended – made under the Environmental Protection Act. Any suspect building materials encountered that were not assessed as part of this survey, should be assumed to contain asbestos until proven otherwise by analytical testing;

- Sub-trades working with or in close proximity to asbestos-containing material should be informed of its presence; and
- Given that asbestos containing materials (ACMs) have been identified and will likely remain in place, an Asbestos Management Plan (AMP) is therefore required and an inventory of ACMs must be kept on site. All ACMs must be routinely inspected to ensure no damage has occurred, and the inventory must be updated once in each 12-month period and as may be required based on expected changing site conditions, abatement and/or renovation activities.

3.2 Lead

Findings

3.2.1 Paint Finishes

A total of three (3) paint samples from the subject building were collected and analyzed for lead content. Results of bulk sampling testing are summarized in Table 2 and the laboratory certificate of analysis can be found in Appendix C.

<u>Table 2:</u> Lead Sampling Locations and Laboratory Results

Sample I.D.	Location	Material	Colour	Lead Concentration Weight by Conc. (%)
Pb 1	100A	Trim Paint	Green	0.017
Pb 2	Room B5	Wall Paint	Beige	3.5
Pb 3	Room B4	Wall Paint	White	0.13
	Previous	sly Identified Lead I	Paint	
216-E-LBP-080307-01	Building Exterior	Door Paint	Grey	0.06
216-E-LBP-080307-02	Building Exterior	Brick Paint	Orange	0.02
216-B-LBP-080307-03 Room B5		Pipes/Wall Paint	Beige	4.5
216-B-LBP-080307-04	Room B3	Wall Paint	Light Grey	<0.04
216-B-LBP-080307-05	Room B9A	Wall Paint	Green	0.23

Sample I.D.	Location	Material	Colour	Lead Concentration Weight by Conc. (%)
216-1-LBP-080307-06	Room 11	Front Door Paint	Purple	<0.05
216-1-LBP-080307-07	Room 14	Wall Paint	Light Purple	0.26
216-2-LBP-080307-08	Room 22	Ceiling/Radiator Paint	White	0.08

The paint finishes highlighted in blue in the above table were determined to contain low concentrations of lead which are less than or equal to 0.1%. These paint finishes were observed to be in good condition, with the exception of select areas which were observed in poor condition.

The paint finishes highlighted in pink in the above table are considered lead-containing paints or surface coatings with concentrations greater than 0.1% lead by weight. These paint finishes were observed to be in good condition, with the exception of select areas which were observed in poor condition.

All other paints throughout the subject building that are not mentioned in this report must be considered to be lead-containing unless sampling and analysis proves otherwise.

3.2.2 Battery Packs

MPL identified lead-containing acid battery packs in Room B2. These battery packs were observed on walls within the subject building.

Lead may also be present in the following materials in the building:

- Solder used on copper domestic water lines;
- Solder used in bell fittings for cast iron pipes;
- Solder used in electrical equipment;
- Ceramic tile glaze; and
- Concrete and mortar products, etc.

Recommendations

Paints identified to contain lead that are in poor condition must be immediately repaired and/or stabilized following a minimum Type 1/2 lead abatement procedures as per OMOL "Lead on Construction Project" dated April 2011.

Paints identified to contain lead that are in good condition and do not pose a risk to workers or occupants can be managed in place.

Detailed worker protection protocols are outlined in the OMOL Guideline "Lead on Construction Projects" dated April 2011. Generally, the removal of the lead-based paint with the use of a chemical gel or paste, or a power tool equipped with a HEPA filter is considered a Type 1 operation. The removal of lead-based paint by

scraping or sanding using non-powered hand tools is considered a Type 2 operation. The removal of lead-based paint using abrasive blasting, or power tools without a HEPA filter, is considered a Type 3 operation, and requires the most stringent worker protection protocols (similar to asbestos); Furthermore, high temperature cutting or welding would also require Type 3 Operations under the Guideline for Lead on Construction Projects. If this type of work is required, it may be prudent to chemically remove the lead paint in selected locations prior to performing any high temperature cutting or welding.

All lead materials that are removed must follow the Ministry of Labour and Environmental Abatement Council of Ontario Lead Guidelines.

Please refer to Appendix F – Hazardous Materials Checklist for material conditions, quantities (where applicable), and recommended actions.

Precautions should be taken as required during major renovations and demolition projects to ensure that workers' exposure levels to airborne lead does not exceed 0.05 mg/m3. This can be achieved by:

- providing workers with proper training;
- providing the workers with respiratory protection;
- o wetting the surface of the materials to prevent dust emissions; and,
- o providing workers with hygiene facilities to properly wash prior to exiting the work area.

Sub-trades working with or in close proximity to lead based paint should be informed of its presence.

All waste material must be handled and disposed of according to the Revised Regulation of Ontario 347/90 as amended – made under the Environmental Protection Act. Lead waste generated may also be subject to Leachate Criteria (Schedule 4) of this regulation.

3.3 Mercury

Findings

3.3.1 Thermostat Switches

MPL did not observe thermostats containing liquid mercury within the subject building.

3.3.2 Fluorescent Light Tubes

MPL identified fluorescent light fixtures throughout the surveyed area containing 2 to 4 fluorescent light tubes per fixture. Mercury is likely to be present in vapor form in the fluorescent light tubes.

3.3.3 Pressure Gauges and Float Switches

MPL did not identify any pressure gauges or float switches containing liquid mercury throughout the subject building.

Recommendations

Please refer to Appendix F – Hazardous Materials Checklist for equipment conditions, quantities (where applicable), and recommended actions.

3.4 Silica

Findings

Silica is expected to be present in building materials such as concrete, brick, mortar and ceramic tiles located throughout the structures. Free crystalline silica (α -Quartz) may be a component in ceiling tiles and gypsum board. Silica (including free crystalline silica) may also be a component of concrete and brick surfaces noted in the building.

Recommendations

Please refer to Appendix F – Hazardous Materials Checklist for equipment conditions, quantities (where applicable), and recommended actions.

Precautions should be taken as required during major renovations and demolition projects on concrete (i.e. coring through concrete slabs, demolition of masonry, etc.) to ensure that workers' exposure levels to airborne silica does not exceed 0.05 mg/m³.

This can be achieved by:

- providing workers with proper training;
- o providing the workers with respiratory protection;
- o wetting the surface of the materials to prevent dust emissions; and,
- o providing workers with facilities to properly wash prior to exiting the work area.

Demolition work that is likely to impact silica-containing materials should be carried out in accordance with the requirement detailed in the Ontario Ministry of Labour document entitled "Guideline: Silica on Construction Projects", dated April 2011.

Other Hazardous Materials

3.5 Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs)

Findings

3.5.1 Light Ballasts

The subject building is illuminated by LED and fluorescent lights. MPL assessed representative ballasts in the building, and these ballasts were identified as non-PCBs content. These light ballasts were observed to be manufactured by Universal Lighting Technologies.

3.5.2 Transformers

MPL did not observe any PCBs containing electrical transformers within the subject building.

Recommendations

Please refer to Appendix F – Hazardous Materials Checklist for material conditions, quantities (where applicable) and recommended actions.

Prior to any renovations, all light ballasts and electrical wires containing or suspected of containing PCBs that will be affected by the work, must be decommissioned by a licensed contractor such that PCBs are contained and not released to the environment during decommissioning and properly disposed of in accordance with R.R.O. 1990, Regulation 347 General – Waste Management, made under the Environmental Protection Act.

3.6 Ozone Depleting Substances (ODSs) and Other Halocarbon

Findings

A visual assessment for equipment potentially containing ODSs and other halocarbons was conducted. Equipment containing ODSs or other halocarbons was observed in the subject building.

Recommendations

Please refer to Appendix F – Hazardous Materials Checklist for equipment conditions, approximate quantities (where applicable), and recommended actions.

Under the management of a licensed contractor, equipment containing R-134a does not represent a significant threat to human health or the environment however, a licensed contractor must decommission equipment such that CFCs are contained and not released to the environment during servicing or operation.

3.7 Radioactive Materials

Findings

MPL did not observe any electrical components containing radioactive materials.

Recommendations

Since no radioactive materials were observed or suspected to be present during the site survey, no further action is required.

3.8 Underground and Above Ground Storage Tanks (USTs and ASTs)

Findings

A visual survey of the subject building was conducted to determine if any USTs and ASTs were present. MPL observed two (2) above ground diesel storage tanks in Room B8.

Recommendations

Please refer to Appendix F – Hazardous Materials Checklist for equipment conditions, quantities (where applicable), and recommended actions.

Prior to any demolition in the buildings within the facility, all USTs and ASTs equipment must be decommissioned by a licensed contractor such that substances are contained and not released to the environment during decommissioning.

3.9 Mould

Findings

3.9.1 Mould

A visual survey of the subject building was conducted to determine if any mould was present. MPL did not identify any areas with mould growth.

3.9.2 Water Damage

A visual survey of the subject building was conducted to determine if any water damaged was present. MPL did not identify any areas throughout the subject building, where materials were affected by water damage.

Recommendations

Since no mould or water damaged building materials were observed to be present during the site survey, no further action is required.

This report should be made available to contractors tendering on any renovation or demolition work. In turn, all contractors requesting tenders from subcontractors shall furnish this report to subcontractors

4.0 GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS AND LIMITATIONS

The information presented in this report is based on information provided by others, direct visual observation made by personnel with McIntosh Perry Limited (MPL), and the results of laboratory testing as identified herein.

It should be noted that there might be hazardous materials in locations not visible during our investigation. In the event such material is encountered during demolition operations in the building, this material should be tested and dealt with accordingly.

The findings detailed in this report are based upon the information available at the time of preparation of the report. No investigative method eliminates the possibility of obtaining imprecise or incomplete information. Professional judgement was exercised in gathering and analyzing the information obtained and in the formulation of our conclusions and recommendations.

MPL does not certify or warrant the environmental status of the property nor the building on the property.

Please note that the passage of time affects the information provided in the report. Environmental conditions of a site can change. Opinions relating to the site conditions are based upon information that existed at the time that the conclusions were formulated.

The client expressly agrees that it has entered into this agreement with MPL, both on its own behalf and as agent on behalf of its employees and principals.

The client expressly agrees that MPL's employees and principals shall have no personal liability to the client in respect of a claim, whether in contract, tort and/or any other cause of action in law. Accordingly, the client expressly agrees that it will bring no proceedings and take no action in any court of law against any of MPL's employees or principals in their personal capacity.

We trust that we have detailed our findings clearly and that we have satisfactorily addressed the scope of work you require at this time. In the event you wish us to review our findings with you, or require our services further in this regard, please do not hesitate to contact our office.

Yours truly,

MCINTOSH PERRY LIMITED

Lauren Hamilton, B.Eng. Project Technician

Hazardous Materials/ Environmental Health & Safety

John Tufts, B.Sc. Project Manager

Hazardous Materials/ Environmental Health & Safety

APPENDIX A

Regulatory Requirements

REGULATORY REOUIREMENTS

In Ontario, there is a total of eleven Designated Substances. These substances have been regulated under Ontario Regulation 490/09 — *Designated Substances*, made under the Ontario Health and Safety Act, which applies to controlling designated substances in the workplace.

In addition to the Ontario Regulation 490/09 noted above, the following were observed for this survey:

<u>Guideline: Lead on Construction Projects</u>, issued April 2011 by the Occupational Health and Safety branch of the Ministry of Labour

<u>Guideline: Silica on Construction Projects</u> issued April 2011 by the Occupational Health and Safety branch of the Ministry of Labour.

<u>The Occupational Health and Safety Act</u> (OHSA), R.S.O. 1990, c.O.1, s.30 (1) specifies that: "Before beginning a project, the owner shall determine whether any Designated Substances are present at the project site and shall prepare a list of all Designated Substances that are present at the site.

Section 30 of <u>The Act</u> requires that the list of Designated Substances be provided to prospective contractors and subcontractors who may do work on a site and come into contact at the site with Designated Substances.

The Ministry of Labour has designated the following substances:

Acrylonitrile

Arsenic

Asbestos

Benzene

Coke Oven Emissions

Ethylene Oxide

Isocyanates

Lead

Mercury

Silica

· Vinyl Chloride

Ontario Regulation 278/05 (O. Reg. 278/05), the Regulation respecting Asbestos on Construction Projects and in Buildings and Repair Operations, made under the <u>Occupational Health and Safety Act (OHSA)</u>, requires owners of a building to identify Asbestos-containing Materials (ACMs) prior to potential disturbance of the materials.

In addition, an owner of a building is required to have an Asbestos Management Plan (AMP) if ACMs (friable or non-friable) are present in the building and are to remain in place. An inventory of ACMs must be kept on site. All ACMs must be routinely inspected to ensure no damage has occurred, and the inventory must be updated once in each 12-month period and as may be required based on expected changing site conditions, abatement and/or renovation activities. Removal of all asbestos-containing materials is required prior to building demolition.

In addition to the Designated Substances, the building was also surveyed for the presence of other hazardous materials such as polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs), radioactive materials, ozone depleting substances (ODSs), other halocarbons, and mould.

We understand that this survey has been conducted to comply with the regulatory requirements of Ontario Regulation 278/05.

APPENDIX B

Survey Methodology & Background Information

SURVEY METHODOLOGY

For the purpose of this survey, not all Designated Substances or suspect hazardous material were sampled. Selective sampling was carried out only for substances that were suspected to be present or those deemed to have a likely source of origin in the survey areas.

Materials that were homogeneous in nature and/or similar in appearance to other materials tested were considered to be of similar composition. The likelihood of ACMs being present in inaccessible areas such as above gypsum board ceilings or behind gypsum wallboards was determined by assessing the presence of asbestos-containing systems in adjacent areas. Equipment such as boilers, motors, blowers, electrical panels, fire doors etc., were not de-energized or disassembled to examine internal components or materials. These items should be considered to contain hazardous materials until proven otherwise.

During the survey, representative samples of suspect building materials were collected and sent to CAELA accredited independent laboratory for analysis. Laboratory Certificate of Analysis are attached in Appendix C.

Other potential hazardous materials were identified by visual observation and/or by reviewing Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) and/or safety labels where available.

Investigated Areas

The survey included all accessible areas and ceiling space within 555 King Edward Avenue as required under our scope of work. No destructive investigations were performed as part of this survey. Photographs of the areas investigated can be found in Appendix D.

The assessment was directed on the interior structure and finishes of the building. It did not consider current or past owner or occupant articles within the building (i.e. contents, furniture, etc.) and does not report on possible contaminants in the soil under and surrounding the building, or contents of vessels, drums, etc. that may be concealed.

Sampling and Assessment Methodologies

Sampling was conducted as part of this assessment. Results for asbestos and lead samples can be found in the Findings & Recommendation Section 3.0.

A historical review of previous designated substance survey reports and abatement reports was examined as part of this survey. Due to concerns regarding certain historical analytical results, mainly in 2008 and prior years, confirmatory re-sampling was conducted for selected materials previously identified not to contain asbestos. However, building materials previously identified to be asbestos-containing were not re-sampled. The reports are listed as follows,

- Designated Substance Inventory, 555 King Edward Avenue, Ottawa, Ontario, prepared by Conestoga-Rovers & Associates (dated March 2008, reference # 045870 (54));
- Asbestos Bulk Sampling, 555 King Edward Avenue, Ottawa, Ontario, prepared by Conestoga-Rovers & Associates (dated March 2010, reference # 007966Memo-177);
- Lead & Asbestos Bulk Sampling, 555 King Edward Avenue, Ottawa, Ontario, prepared by EHS (dated March 7, 2014, reference # 04-0033-14-010)).

Asbestos

Background Information on Asbestos

Asbestos is a generic name that has been given to a group of naturally occurring fibrous minerals. In the past, asbestos was commonly used as a component in building materials such as insulation, fireproofing and acoustic or decorative panels. Although there are many types of asbestos, the three main forms of commercial importance in Ontario are chrysotile, amosite and crocidolite.

An Asbestos-Containing Material (ACM) is defined by O. Reg. 278/05 as a material that contains 0.5% or more asbestos by dry weight. ACMs are placed into two general classes, "friable" and "non-friable" ACMs. Friable ACMs are those materials that when dry can be crumbled, pulverized and reduced to powder by hand pressure. Typical friable ACMs include acoustical or decorative texture coats, fireproofing and thermal insulation. Non-friable ACMs are much more durable as they are held together by a binder such as cement, vinyl or asphalt. Typical non-friable ACMs include floor tiles, fire blankets, roofing materials and cementitious products such as wallboards, pipes or siding.

It has been recognized that hazardous situations may exist in buildings where asbestos-containing materials are found. This is especially true where asbestos fibres may become airborne as a result of material ageing, physical damage, and water damage or air movement.

In contrast, there is little reason for concern if the asbestos is in good condition, has not been damaged and is not in a location where it is likely to be disturbed.

Asbestos Survey Methodology

The asbestos survey included the identification of potential friable and non-friable asbestos-containing materials within the surveyed areas of the subject building.

The likelihood of ACMs being present in inaccessible areas such as above gypsum wallboard ceilings and walls was determined by assessing the presence of asbestos-containing materials in adjacent areas.

Fiberglass insulation was not submitted for analysis as it can be identified visually as non-asbestos material.

Building materials suspected of containing asbestos were identified and representative sampling and laboratory testing of these materials was conducted. The number of bulk material samples collected from a homogeneous area was in accordance with Table 1. O. Reg. 278/05 s. 3 (3) below. Building materials suspected of containing asbestos were collected using wetting techniques and hand sampling tools.

Table 1 - O. Reg. 278/05 s. 3(3): Minimum Asbestos Bulk Material Sample Requirements

Item	Type of material	Size of area of homogeneous material	Minimum number of bulk material samples to be collected
1.	Surfacing material, including without limitation, material that is applied to surfaces by spraying, by troweling or	Less than 90 square metres	3
		90 or more square metres, but less than 450 square metres	5

	otherwise, such as acoustical plaster on ceilings and fireproofing materials on structural members	450 or more square metres	7
2.	Thermal insulation, except as described in item 3	any size	
3.	Thermal insulation patch	Less than 2 linear metres or 0.5 square metres	1
4.	Other material	Any size	3

Preliminary identification of the samples was made using polarized light microscopy (PLM), with confirmation of presence and type of asbestos made by dispersion staining optical microscopy. This analytical procedure follows the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Test Method EPA/600/R-93/116 Method for the Determination of Asbestos in Bulk Building Materials, June 1993.

All bulk samples were analysed for asbestos content by EMSL Canada Inc. (EMSL), an independent laboratory. EMSL is an independent laboratory accredited by National Institute of Standards and Technology/National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation (NIST/NVLAP) (Lab Code #200877-0).

Vinyl floors tiles were analyzed using the phase light microscopy (PLM) method of analysis. However, given the composition of vinyl floor products, the PLM analysis method may be prone to yielding false negative analytical results. Therefore, prior to removal or replacement, vinyl floor products previously identified to be negative, should undergo additional analysis by Transmission Electron Microscopy (TEM) to confirm asbestos content, if any.

Materials identified to contain asbestos were assessed on the relative possibility of fibre release into the air due to a combination of their condition and accessibility.

Evaluation of ACMs Based on Condition

In evaluating an ACM's condition, the following criteria was applied:

- Good Material shows no signs of damage and/or is encapsulated. Asbestos-containing material could remain in place until eventual building demolition or major renovation.
- Fair Material shows signs of minor damage (<5% damage) or otherwise near the end of useful life. This includes minor shrinking, cracking, delamination and/ or other damage. Material should be monitored closely and scheduled to be repaired, encapsulated or removed.
- Poor Damage is greater than 5% to any ACM material and is highly recommended to be removed, repaired or encapsulated.

Note: The above evaluation criteria was also applied to other hazardous materials where applicable. Please refer to the Asbestos and Hazardous Materials Checklist in Appendix E & F for further details.

Lead

Background Information on Lead

Lead was a common additive in exterior and hard-wearing paint applications. Lead was used to prolong shelf life of paint and to increase its flexibility and durability to wear and weather. Acute exposure to lead by inhalation or ingestion may cause headaches, fatigue, nausea, abdominal cramps and joint pain. Chronic

exposures can cause reduced haemoglobin production and reduced lifespan. It has also been known to impact the body's central and peripheral nervous systems and brain function and has been linked to learning disabilities in children.

Currently in Ontario, there is no regulatory limit that determines what concentration of lead constitutes a "lead containing material". On October 21, 2010, Health Canada, under the *Hazardous Products Act*, stated that the lead content in surface-coating materials, furniture, toys and other articles for children, should not exceed 90 mg/kg (0.009%, 90 ppm). However, this is intended for the importation or sale of products within Canada. Therefore, this is not to be misconstrued as a limit established to define a lead-containing material or a limit with respect to lead on construction projects.

The Environmental Abatement Council of Canada (EACC) has also developed the "Lead Guideline for Construction, Renovation, Maintenance or Repair" dated October 2014, which discusses the classification, handling, disturbance and removal of lead-containing materials. For the purpose of this guideline, paints or surface coatings containing less than or equal to 0.1% lead by weight (1000 mg/kg or 1000 ppm) are considered low-level lead paints or surface coatings. If these materials (and their respective surfaces) are disturbed in a non-aggressive manner and performed using adequate dust control procedures, then worker protection from the inhalation of lead is not required.

Furthermore, paints or surface coatings containing greater than 0.1% lead by weight are considered lead-containing paints or surface coatings. If these materials (and their respective surfaces) are disturbed, appropriate lead abatement procedures must always be followed.

Exposure to lead-containing materials is regulated under Ontario Regulation 490/09, *Designated Substances* made under the Occupational Health and Safety Act. Care must be taken to prevent lead-containing particles from becoming airborne during the disturbance of lead-containing surfaces (i.e., during renovation or demolition projects). All lead abatement work must follow procedures outlined in the <u>Guideline Lead on Construction Projects</u>, issued in September 2004 (amended in April 2011) by the Occupational Health and Safety branch of the Ministry of Labour (Type 1-3). Similarly, the lead abatement work procedures outlined in the <u>EACC Lead Guideline for Construction, Renovation, Maintenance or Repair</u> (October 2014) may also be implemented (Class 1-3).

Lead is known to have been used in solder on copper plumbing fixtures, in lead conduit pipes, in lead-calcium battery plates, ammunition, and in nuclear and X-ray shielding devices. However, these materials were not sampled during this investigation, but were noted where applicable.

To verify lead content in paints, representative bulk samples of paint and finishes suspected of containing lead were collected. Bulk samples were scraped down to the building base structure, with all possible layer's present, placed in sealed plastic bags and labeled; and then submitted to an independent laboratory for analysis. Samples were treated with a dilute nitric acid sample digestion prior to filtration. Analysis utilized for lead detection in filtered samples was inductively coupled plasma optical emission spectrometry (ICP-OES).

Mercury

Background Information on Mercury

Mercury is known to cause poisoning in humans through the inhalation of vapours, ingestion of contaminated materials or skin absorption through direct contact with the liquid.

Precautions must be taken to prevent mercury vapours from becoming airborne during renovations or demolition of the building. Exposure to airborne mercury is regulated under the Revised O. Reg. 490/09 as amended – Regulation respecting Mercury – made under the Occupational Health and Safety Act; and under O. Reg. 558, which amended O. Reg. 347/90 (General - Waste Management), mercury is classified as a Schedule 2(b) Hazardous Waste Chemical. Its hazardous waste number is U151.

Mercury is found in products such as thermostats, temperature and pressure gauges, fluorescent lamps and batteries. Mercury in products can be released to the environment through breakage, or disposal at the end of a product's useful life. Improper disposal of these mercury products poses a health and environmental risk to everyone. In addition, the disposal of mercury-containing products can create wastes that are often classified as hazardous. Wastes that leach mercury in concentrations exceeding Ontario Regulation 347/90 (General - Waste Management) limits are also considered hazardous.

The mercury in thermostats switch contains approximately 3-4 grams of mercury in a glass ampoule, typically attached to a metal coil. Mercury-containing switches have been used in thermostats for over 40 years.

Mercury is an essential component in fluorescent lamps and HID lamps. The mercury is in a vapour form and in the phosphor coating on the lamp tube. Estimates of the mercury content contained in compact, 4 foot, and 8-foot lamps are 10 mg, 23 mg, and 46 mg respectively.

Most fluorescent lamps qualify as hazardous waste when removed from service and are therefore prohibited from disposal in the solid waste stream. Fluorescent lamps would be classified as 146T on your facility Generator Registration Report under O. Reg. 347/90 - General Waste Management, as amended by O. Reg. 558/00. Under this regulation, if the leachate results exceed 0.1 milligrams of mercury per litre for a given waste, then the facility must treat the waste as hazardous waste. Most fluorescent and HID lamps will exceed the leachate toxicity limit; therefore, these wastes must be registered and treated as hazardous waste or sent for recycling.

Silica

Background Information on Silica

Silica is expected to be present in building materials such as concrete, brick, mortar and ceramic tiles located throughout the structures. Free crystalline silica (α -Quartz) may be a component in ceiling tiles and gypsum board. Silica (including free crystalline silica) may also be a component of concrete and brick surfaces noted in the building.

Exposure to airborne silica is regulated under Ontario Regulation 490/09, *Designated Substances* - made under the Occupational Health and Safety Act.

Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs)

Background Information on PCBs

Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs) were commonly used as dielectric insulating fluid in electrical equipment such as transformers and capacitors, and in the fluorescent and HID lamp ballasts. The production of PCBs in the North America started in 1929 and was banned at the beginning of 1979. After 1981, no manufacturers produced fluorescent and HID lamps with PCB-containing ballasts.

PCBs are not a designated substance under the Occupational Health and Safety Act.

PCB Regulations (SOR/2008-273)

The *PCB Regulations* (the Regulations) set specific deadlines for ending the use of PCBs in concentrations at or above 50 mg/kg, eliminating all PCBs and equipment containing PCBs currently in storage and limiting the period of time PCBs can be stored before being destroyed. The Regulations also establish sound practices for the better management of the remaining PCBs in use (i.e. those with content of less than 50 mg/kg), until their eventual elimination, to prevent contamination of dielectric fluids and dispersion of PCBs in small quantities into other liquids.

Ozone Depleting Substances (ODSs) and Other Halocarbons

Background Information on ODSs

Within Ontario, the general use of ozone depleting substances (ODSs) and other halocarbons is controlled through Regulation 463/10 of the Environmental Protection Act. Production of ODSs in the form of hydro chlorofluorocarbons (HCFCs) and chlorofluorocarbons (CFCs) ceased in Canada in 1993 as a result of their ozone-depleting characteristics. Importation of CFCs into Canada ceased in 1997 and total ban was placed on their use since 2010. The use of these materials is still permitted in existing equipment, but equipment must be serviced by a licensed contractor such that CFCs are contained and not released to the environment during servicing or operation.

Radioactive Materials

There are two types of smoke detectors commonly found in building (residential, institutional, commercial, industrial, etc). Photoelectric-type smoke detectors detect smoke using an optical sensor, whereas ionization-type smoke detectors use an ionization chamber containing radioactive material. The ionization type is cheaper and is particularly common in older buildings. A typical modern detector contains about 1.0 microcurie of the radioactive element americium, a decrease from 3 microcurie in 1978. The use of sealed radioactive material sources in fire detection systems is still permitted and regulated by the Canadian Nuclear Safety Commission (CNSC) and the Canadian Nuclear Safety Act. The radioactive sources in smoke alarms are sealed and contained within a metal case inside the smoke detector and must not be damaged or tampered with.

Mould & Water Damage

Mould growth inside buildings is due to excess moisture caused by leakages, condensation or capillary movement of water into the building. Toxic moulds such as *Stachybotrys chartarum* and some species of *Aspergillus* spp. are greenish-black, wet and slimy moulds that grow on soaking wet cellulose-based materials. They are often found near water leaks or where drying is very slow and can form after flooding if insufficient cleanup and drying occurred. They will generally not occur if materials are kept dry.

MPL conducted a general visual assessment for any obvious signs of visible mould and/or water damage. Based on our visual observations, the following guidelines were used in providing our recommendations for remedial action where required:

 Institute of Inspection Cleaning and Restoration Certification (IICRC) S520 Standard and Reference for Professional Mould Remediation,

- The Canadian Construction Association (CCA) Mould Guidelines for the Canadian construction industry (CCA document 82-2004)
- Environmental Abatement Council of Canada (EACC) Mould Abatement Guidelines.

Other Designated Substances

Select Designated Substances (acrylonitrile, arsenic, coke oven emissions, ethylene oxide, isocyanates, benzene, or vinyl chloride) are not expected to be present in the building in matrix or sufficient quantities to cause an exceedance of Ministry of Labour exposure guidelines. As such, no sampling was conducted for these materials.

Vinyl Chloride

Vinyl chloride (monomer) is likely to be present in stable form within poly vinyl-chloride (PVC) piping and conduits and as a component of interior finishes. Such building materials are not considered to be hazardous in their current matrix/composition.

Acrylonitrile

Acrylonitrile or ACN (also known as vinyl cyanide) is an explosive, flammable liquid used in the manufacture of acrylic fibres, rubber-like materials and pesticide fumigants. Acrylonitrile was not noted and would not be expected to be present in the project specific area/surveyed area/subject building.

Arsenic

Arsenic is used in metallurgy for hardening copper, lead and alloys, in pigment production, in the manufacture of certain types of glass, in insecticides, fungicides and rodenticides, as a by-product in the smelting of copper ores, and as a dopant material in semiconductor manufacturing. Arsenic or arsenic compounds were not noted and are not expected to be present in the project specific area/surveyed area/subject building.

Benzene

Benzene or benzol is a colourless liquid. It is used as an intermediate in the production of styrene, phenol, cyclohexane, and other organic chemicals, and in the manufacture of detergents, pesticides, solvents, and paint removers. It is also found in gasoline. Benzene may be present in stable form in roofing materials, paints and adhesives located throughout the subject building. Such building materials are not considered to be hazardous in their current matrix/composition.

Coke Oven Emissions

Coke oven emission is benzene soluble fraction of total particulate matter of the substances emitted into the atmosphere from metallurgical coke ovens.

Ethylene Oxides

Ethylene oxide is a colourless gas liquefying below 12°C. It is used generally as a fumigant and sterilizing agent for medical equipment. It is used generally as a fumigant and sterilizing agent for medical equipment.

Isocyanates

Isocyanates compounds may be present in stable form in paint finishes, varnishes, and polyurethane plastics, synthetic rubbers, foams and adhesives. Such building materials are not considered to be hazardous in their current matrix/composition.

In order to reduce the potential for exposure to workers or occupants, any suspect hazardous building material(s) that are not detailed within this survey due to inaccessibility and/or are discovered during renovation/demolition activities, must be properly assessed and/or tested prior to their disturbance.

APPENDIX C

Laboratory Analytical Reports



22 Antares Drive Suite 102 Ottawa, ON K2E 7Z6 Phone/Fax: (343) 882-6076 / (343) 882-6077 http://www.EMSL.com / ottawalab@EMSL.com

EMSL Canada Order 672000957 Customer ID: 55CTCS25B 0Z2-021101 Customer PO: Project ID: Ottawa DSS

Lab Sample ID:

Lab Sample ID:

672000957-0003

672000957-0004

Attn: Stefan Holik

McIntosh Perry Consulting Engineers Ltd

115 Walgreen Rd RR 3 Carp, ON K0A 1L0

Phone:

(613) 836-2184

Fax:

Collected: 6/12/2020 Received: 6/19/2020

Analyzed:

6/26/2020

University of Ottawa 0Z2-021101 (555 KE) (Ottawa DSS) Proj:

Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials for Ontario Regulation 278/05 via EPA600/R-93/116 Method

672000957-0001 Lab Sample ID: Client Sample ID:

Sample Description: 555 King Edward/DJC

	Analyzed		Non	-Asbestos			
TEST	Date	Color	Fibrous	Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	6/26/2020	White	0.0%	100.0%	None Detected		
0" 10 10 10						Lab Cample ID:	672000057 0002

Client Sample ID:

Sample Description:

555 King Edward/DJC

	Analyzed		Non-	Asbestos		
TEST	Date	Color	Fibrous	Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment
PLM	6/26/2020	White	0.0%	100.0%	None Detected	

Client Sample ID: 1.3

Sample Description:

555 King Edward/DJC

	Analyzed		Non	-Asbestos		
TEST	Date	Color	Fibrous	Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment
PLM	6/26/2020	White	0.0%	100.0%	None Detected	

Client Sample ID: Sample Description:

555 King Edward/DJC

		Analyzed		Non	-Asbestos				
TEST		Date	Color	Fibrous	Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment		
PLM		6/26/2020	White	0.0%	100.0%	None Detected			
Client Sample ID:	1.5						Lab Sample ID:	672000957-0005	

Client Sample ID: Sample Description:

555 King Edward/DJC

		Analyzed		Non	-Asbestos				
TEST		Date	Color	Fibrous	Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment		
PLM		6/26/2020	White	0.0%	100.0%	None Detected			
Client Sample ID:	1.6						Lab Sample ID:	672000957-0006	

Client Sample ID: Sample Description:

555 King Edward/DJC

	Analyzed		Non-	Asbestos			
TEST	Date	Color	Fibrous	Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	6/26/2020	White	0.0%	100.0%	None Detected		
Olivet Completing 17						Lah Sample ID:	672000057 0007

Client Sample ID: Sample Description:

555 King Edward/DJC

	Analyzed		Non-Asbestos			
TEST	Date	Color	Fibrous Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	6/26/2020	White	0.0% 100.0%	None Detected		



22 Antares Drive Suite 102 Ottawa, ON K2E 7Z6 Phone/Fax: (343) 882-6076 / (343) 882-6077 http://www.EMSL.com / ottawalab@EMSL.com EMSL Canada Order 672000957
Customer ID: 55CTCS25B
Customer PO: 0Z2-021101
Project ID: Ottawa DSS

Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials for Ontario Regulation 278/05 via EPA600/R-93/116 Method

			LI AGGOTI	-93/110 WEU	iou		
Client Sample ID:	2.1-Floor Tile					Lab Sample ID:	672000957-0008
Sample Description:	555 King Edward/VFT - grey	with orange and	d white flakes -	Room 34			
	Analyzed		Non	-Asbestos			
TEST	Date	Color		Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	6/26/2020	Gray	0.0%		None Detected		
Client Sample ID:	2.1-Mastic					Lab Sample ID:	672000957-0008A
Sample Description:	555 King Edward/VFT - grey	with orange and	d white flakes -	Room 34		,	
	3 7	· ·					
	Analyzed		Non	-Asbestos			
TEST	Date	Color		Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	6/26/2020	Black	0.0%	100.0%	None Detected		
Client Sample ID:	2.2-Floor Tile					Lab Sample ID:	672000957-0009
Sample Description:	555 King Edward/VFT - grey	with orange and	d white flakes -	Room 34			
	Analyzed		Non	-Asbestos			
TEST	Date	Color		Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	6/26/2020	Gray	0.0%	100.0%	None Detected		
Client Sample ID:	2.2-Mastic					Lab Sample ID:	672000957-0009A
Sample Description:	555 King Edward/VFT - grey	with orange and	d white flakes -	Room 34		,	
	g. oy	o.ago a	a mino manoo	. 100 0 .			
	Analyzed		Non	-Asbestos			
TEST	Date	Color	Fibrous	Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	6/26/2020	Black	0.0%	100.0%	None Detected		
Client Sample ID:	2.3-Floor Tile					Lab Sample ID:	672000957-0010
Sample Description:	555 King Edward/VFT - grey	with orange and	d white flakes -	Room 34			
TEST	Analyzed	Color		-Asbestos Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	6/26/2020	Color Gray	0.0%		None Detected	Comment	
		Olay		100.070	None Detected	Lab Cample ID:	070000057 0040 4
Client Sample ID:	2.3-Mastic					Lab Sample ID:	672000957-0010A
Sample Description:	555 King Edward/VFT - grey	with orange and	d white flakes -	Room 34			
	Analyzed		Non	-Asbestos			
TEST	Date	Color		Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	6/26/2020	Black	0.0%	100.0%	None Detected		
Client Sample ID:	3.1-Skim Coat					Lab Sample ID:	672000957-0011
Sample Description:	555 King Edward/Plaster						
-	3						
	Analyzed		Non	-Asbestos			
TEST	Date	Color		Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	6/26/2020	White	0.0%	100.0%	None Detected		
Client Sample ID:	3.1-Rough Coat					Lab Sample ID:	672000957-0011A
Sample Description:	555 King Edward/Plaster						
TEST	Analyzed	Color		-Asbestos	Ashastas	Comment	
PLM	6/26/2020	Color		Non-Fibrous	Asbestos None Detected	Comment	
	0/20/2020	Gray	0.0%	100.0%	None Detected		



22 Antares Drive Suite 102 Ottawa, ON K2E 7Z6 Phone/Fax: (343) 882-6076 / (343) 882-6077 http://www.EMSL.com / ottawalab@EMSL.com EMSL Canada Order 672000957
Customer ID: 55CTCS25B
Customer PO: 0Z2-021101
Project ID: Ottawa DSS

Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials for Ontario Regulation 278/05 via EPA600/R-93/116 Method

			EPA600/R-93/116 Metho	Ju		
Client Sample ID:	3.2-Skim Coat				Lab Sample ID:	672000957-0012
ample Description:	555 King Edward/Plaster					
	Analyzed		Non-Asbestos			
TEST PLM	Date	Color	Fibrous Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
	6/26/2020	White	0.0% 100.0%	None Detected		
Client Sample ID:	3.2-Rough Coat				Lab Sample ID:	672000957-0012A
Sample Description:	555 King Edward/Plaster					
	A a b a .d		Non Ashastas			
TEST	Analyzed Date	Color	Non-Asbestos Fibrous Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	6/26/2020	Gray	0.0% 100.0%	None Detected	Comment	
					Lab Cample ID:	672000057 0042
Client Sample ID:	3.3-Skim Coat				Lab Sample ID:	672000957-0013
Sample Description:	555 King Edward/Plaster					
	Analyzed		Non-Asbestos			
TEST	Date	Color	Fibrous Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	6/26/2020	White	0.0% 100.0%	None Detected		
Client Sample ID:	3.3-Rough Coat				Lab Sample ID:	672000957-0013A
Sample Description:	_				zab campic iz.	0.20000.
sample Description.	555 King Edward/Plaster					
	Analyzed		Non-Asbestos			
TEST	Date	Color	Fibrous Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	6/26/2020	Gray	0.0% 100.0%	None Detected		
Client Sample ID:	3.4-Skim Coat				Lab Sample ID:	672000957-0014
Sample Description:	555 King Edward/Plaster					
	Analyzed		Non-Asbestos			
TEST	Date	Color	Fibrous Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	6/26/2020	White	0.0% 100.0%	None Detected		
Client Sample ID:	3.4-Rough Coat				Lab Sample ID:	672000957-0014A
Sample Description:	555 King Edward/Plaster					
	· ·					
	Analyzed		Non-Asbestos			
TEST	Date	Color	Fibrous Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	6/26/2020	Gray	0.0% 100.0%	None Detected		
Client Sample ID:	3.5-Skim Coat				Lab Sample ID:	672000957-0015
Sample Description:	555 King Edward/Plaster					
	•					
	Analyzed		Non-Asbestos			
TEST	Date	Color	Fibrous Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	6/26/2020	White	0.0% 100.0%	None Detected		
Client Sample ID:	3.5-Rough Coat				Lab Sample ID:	672000957-0015A
Sample Description:	555 King Edward/Plaster					
	•					
	Analyzed		Non-Asbestos			
TEST	Date	Color	Fibrous Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	

0.0%

100.0%

None Detected

6/26/2020

Gray

PLM



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EMSL Canada Order 672000957 55CTCS25B Customer ID: 0Z2-021101 Customer PO: Ottawa DSS Project ID:

Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials for Ontario Regulation 278/05 via EPA600/R-93/116 Method

			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	00/110 1110111	- u		
Client Sample ID:	3.6-Skim Coat					Lab Sample ID:	672000957-0016
Sample Description:	555 King Edward/Plaster						
	Analyzed		Non	-Asbestos			
TEST	Date	Color		Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	6/26/2020	White	0.0%	100.0%	None Detected		
Client Sample ID:	3.6-Rough Coat					Lab Sample ID:	672000957-0016A
Sample Description:	555 King Edward/Plaster						
	Analyzed		Non	-Asbestos			
TEST	Date	Color	Fibrous	Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	6/26/2020	Gray	0.0%	100.0%	None Detected		
Client Sample ID:	3.7-Skim Coat					Lab Sample ID:	672000957-0017
Sample Description:	555 King Edward/Plaster					·	
	Analyzed		Non	-Asbestos			
TEST	Date	Color		Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	6/26/2020	White	0.0%	100.0%	None Detected		
Client Sample ID:	3.7-Rough Coat					Lab Sample ID:	672000957-0017A
Sample Description:	555 King Edward/Plaster					•	
•							
	Analyzed		Non	-Asbestos			
TEST	Date	Color	Fibrous	Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	6/26/2020	Gray	0.0%	100.0%	None Detected		
Client Sample ID:	4.1-Vinyl Sheet Flooring					Lab Sample ID:	672000957-0018
Sample Description:	555 King Edward/VSF - grey	- Room 25					
	Analyzed		Non	-Asbestos			
TEST	Date	Color	Fibrous	Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	6/26/2020	Gray	0.0%	100.0%	None Detected		
Client Sample ID:	4.1-Mastic					Lab Sample ID:	672000957-0018A
Sample Description:	555 King Edward/VSF - grey	- Room 25					
	0 0,						
	Analyzed		Non	-Asbestos			
TEST	Date	Color		Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	6/26/2020	Yellow	0.0%	100.0%	None Detected		
Client Sample ID:	4.2-Vinyl Sheet Flooring					Lab Sample ID:	672000957-0019
Sample Description:	555 King Edward/VSF - grey	- Room 25					
TEOT	Analyzed	0-1-		-Asbestos	A_L	Cam	
TEST PLM	Date	Color		Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
LIVI	6/26/2020	Gray	0.0%	100.0%	None Detected		
Client Sample ID:	4.2-Mastic					Lab Sample ID:	672000957-0019A
Sample Description:	555 King Edward/VSF - grey	- Room 25					
	Analyzed		Non	-Asbestos			
TEST	Date	Color		Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	6/26/2020	Yellow	0.0%	100.0%	None Detected		



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Customer ID: 55CTCS25B
Customer PO: 0Z2-021101
Project ID: Ottawa DSS

Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials for Ontario Regulation 278/05 via EPA600/R-93/116 Method

			PA600/R-				
Client Sample ID:	4.3-Vinyl Sheet Flooring					Lab Sample ID:	672000957-0020
Sample Description:	555 King Edward/VSF - grey - Ro	oom 25					
	Analyzod		Mon	Asbestos			
TEST	Analyzed Date	Color		Aspestos Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	6/26/2020	Gray	0.0%	100.0%	None Detected		
Client Sample ID:	4.3-Mastic					Lab Sample ID:	672000957-0020A
Sample Description:	555 King Edward/VSF - grey - Ro	nom 25					
, , , , , , ,	ooo rang Lawara, von groy ra	20111 20					
	Analyzed		Non-	Asbestos			
TEST	Date	Color		Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	6/26/2020	Yellow	0.0%	100.0%	None Detected		
Client Sample ID:	5.1-Floor Tile					Lab Sample ID:	672000957-0021
Sample Description:	555 King Edward/VFT - white with	h blue and red	flakes - Roor	n 39			
TEST	Analyzed Date	Color		Asbestos Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	6/26/2020	Gray	0.0%	100.0%	None Detected	Commont	
	5.1-Mastic					Lab Sample ID:	672000957-0021A
Client Sample ID: Sample Description:	555 King Edward/VFT - white with	h hlue and roa	flakes Door	n 30		Las Gampie ID.	J. 2000001-0021A
затріє Безсприот.	555 King Edward/VFT - White Will	n blue and red	illakes - Rooi	11 39			
	Analyzed		Non-	Asbestos			
TEAT	D-4-						
TEST	Date	Color	Fibrous	Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
	6/26/2020	Color Black	Fibrous 0.0%	Non-Fibrous 100.0%	Asbestos None Detected	Comment	
PLM						Comment Lab Sample ID:	672000957-0022
PLM Client Sample ID:	6/26/2020	Black	0.0%	100.0%			672000957-0022
PLM Client Sample ID:	6/26/2020 5.2-Floor Tile 555 King Edward/VFT - white with	Black	0.0% flakes - Roor	100.0% n 39			672000957-0022
PLM Client Sample ID: Sample Description:	6/26/2020 5.2-Floor Tile 555 King Edward/VFT - white with	Black	0.0%	100.0% n 39 Asbestos	None Detected	Lab Sample ID:	672000957-0022
Client Sample ID: Sample Description: TEST	6/26/2020 5.2-Floor Tile 555 King Edward/VFT - white with Analyzed Date	Black h blue and rec	0.0% flakes - Roor Non- Fibrous	n 39 Asbestos Non-Fibrous	None Detected Asbestos		672000957-0022
PLM Client Sample ID: Sample Description: TEST	6/26/2020 5.2-Floor Tile 555 King Edward/VFT - white with Analyzed Date 6/26/2020	Black	0.0%	100.0% n 39 Asbestos	None Detected	Lab Sample ID: Comment	
Client Sample ID: Sample Description: TEST PLM Client Sample ID:	6/26/2020 5.2-Floor Tile 555 King Edward/VFT - white with Analyzed Date 6/26/2020 5.2-Mastic	Black h blue and rec Color Gray	0.0% flakes - Roor Non- Fibrous 0.0%	n 39 Asbestos Non-Fibrous 100.0%	None Detected Asbestos	Lab Sample ID:	672000957-0022 672000957-0022A
Client Sample ID: Sample Description: TEST PLM Client Sample ID:	6/26/2020 5.2-Floor Tile 555 King Edward/VFT - white with Analyzed Date 6/26/2020	Black h blue and rec Color Gray	0.0% flakes - Roor Non- Fibrous 0.0%	n 39 Asbestos Non-Fibrous 100.0%	None Detected Asbestos	Lab Sample ID: Comment	
Client Sample ID: Sample Description: TEST PLM Client Sample ID:	6/26/2020 5.2-Floor Tile 555 King Edward/VFT - white with Analyzed Date 6/26/2020 5.2-Mastic 555 King Edward/VFT - white with	Black h blue and rec Color Gray	0.0% flakes - Roor Non- Fibrous 0.0% flakes - Roor	n 39 Asbestos Non-Fibrous 100.0%	None Detected Asbestos	Lab Sample ID: Comment	
Client Sample ID: Sample Description: TEST PLM Client Sample ID:	6/26/2020 5.2-Floor Tile 555 King Edward/VFT - white with Analyzed Date 6/26/2020 5.2-Mastic	Black h blue and rec Color Gray	0.0% flakes - Roor Non- Fibrous 0.0% flakes - Roor Non-	n 39 Asbestos Non-Fibrous 100.0%	None Detected Asbestos	Lab Sample ID: Comment	
Client Sample ID: Sample Description: TEST Client Sample ID: Sample Description: TEST	6/26/2020 5.2-Floor Tile 555 King Edward/VFT - white with Analyzed Date 6/26/2020 5.2-Mastic 555 King Edward/VFT - white with	Black h blue and rec Color Gray h blue and rec	0.0% flakes - Roor Non- Fibrous 0.0% flakes - Roor Non-	n 39 Asbestos Non-Fibrous 100.0% n 39	Asbestos None Detected	Lab Sample ID: Comment Lab Sample ID:	
Client Sample ID: Sample Description: TEST PLM Client Sample ID: Sample Description: TEST	6/26/2020 5.2-Floor Tile 555 King Edward/VFT - white with Analyzed Date 6/26/2020 5.2-Mastic 555 King Edward/VFT - white with Analyzed Date	Black h blue and rec Color Gray h blue and rec Color	0.0% flakes - Roor Non- Fibrous 0.0% flakes - Roor Non- Fibrous	n 39 Asbestos Non-Fibrous 100.0% m 39 Asbestos Non-Fibrous	Asbestos Asbestos Asbestos	Lab Sample ID: Comment Lab Sample ID:	
Client Sample ID: Sample Description: TEST PLM Client Sample ID: Sample Description: TEST PLM Client Sample ID:	6/26/2020 5.2-Floor Tile 555 King Edward/VFT - white with Analyzed Date 6/26/2020 5.2-Mastic 555 King Edward/VFT - white with Analyzed Date 6/26/2020	Black h blue and rec Color Gray h blue and rec Color Black	0.0% flakes - Roor Non- Fibrous 0.0% flakes - Roor Non- Fibrous 0.0%	n 39 Asbestos Non-Fibrous 100.0% n 39 Asbestos Non-Fibrous 100.0%	Asbestos Asbestos Asbestos	Lab Sample ID: Comment Lab Sample ID: Comment	672000957-0022A
Client Sample ID: TEST PLM Client Sample ID: Sample Description: TEST PLM Client Sample ID: Client Sample ID:	6/26/2020 5.2-Floor Tile 555 King Edward/VFT - white with Analyzed Date 6/26/2020 5.2-Mastic 555 King Edward/VFT - white with Analyzed Date 6/26/2020 5.3-Floor Tile	Black h blue and rec Color Gray h blue and rec Color Black	0.0% flakes - Roor Non- Fibrous 0.0% flakes - Roor Non- Fibrous 0.0%	n 39 Asbestos Non-Fibrous 100.0% n 39 Asbestos Non-Fibrous 100.0%	Asbestos Asbestos Asbestos	Lab Sample ID: Comment Lab Sample ID: Comment	672000957-0022A
Client Sample ID: Sample Description: TEST PLM Client Sample ID: Sample Description: TEST PLM Client Sample ID: Sample Description:	5.2-Floor Tile 555 King Edward/VFT - white with Analyzed Date 6/26/2020 5.2-Mastic 555 King Edward/VFT - white with Analyzed Date 6/26/2020 5.3-Floor Tile 555 King Edward/VFT - white with	Black h blue and rec Color Gray h blue and rec Color Black h blue and rec	flakes - Roor Non- Fibrous 0.0% flakes - Roor Non- Fibrous 0.0%	n 39 Asbestos Non-Fibrous 100.0% n 39 Asbestos Non-Fibrous 100.0% n 39 Asbestos Asbestos	Asbestos None Detected Asbestos None Detected	Lab Sample ID: Comment Lab Sample ID: Comment Lab Sample ID:	672000957-0022A
Client Sample ID: Sample Description: TEST PLM Client Sample ID: Sample Description: TEST PLM Client Sample ID: Sample Description:	5.2-Floor Tile 555 King Edward/VFT - white with Analyzed Date 6/26/2020 5.2-Mastic 555 King Edward/VFT - white with Analyzed Date 6/26/2020 5.3-Floor Tile 555 King Edward/VFT - white with Analyzed Date Analyzed Date Analyzed Date	Black h blue and rec Color Gray h blue and rec Color Black h blue and rec Color	flakes - Roor Non- Fibrous 0.0% flakes - Roor Non- Fibrous 0.0% flakes - Roor Non- Fibrous	n 39 Asbestos Non-Fibrous 100.0% n 39 Asbestos Non-Fibrous 100.0% n 39 Asbestos Non-Fibrous Non-Fibrous	Asbestos None Detected Asbestos None Detected Asbestos None Detected	Lab Sample ID: Comment Lab Sample ID: Comment	672000957-0022A
PLM Client Sample ID: Sample Description: TEST PLM Client Sample ID: Sample Description: TEST PLM Client Sample ID: Sample Description: TEST PLM Client Sample ID: Sample Description:	6/26/2020 5.2-Floor Tile 555 King Edward/VFT - white with Analyzed Date 6/26/2020 5.2-Mastic 555 King Edward/VFT - white with Analyzed Date 6/26/2020 5.3-Floor Tile 555 King Edward/VFT - white with Analyzed Date 6/26/2020	Black h blue and rec Color Gray h blue and rec Color Black h blue and rec	flakes - Roor Non- Fibrous 0.0% flakes - Roor Non- Fibrous 0.0%	n 39 Asbestos Non-Fibrous 100.0% n 39 Asbestos Non-Fibrous 100.0% n 39 Asbestos Asbestos	Asbestos None Detected Asbestos None Detected	Lab Sample ID: Comment Lab Sample ID: Comment Lab Sample ID:	672000957-0022A 672000957-0023
Client Sample ID: Sample Description: TEST Client Sample ID: Sample Description: TEST Client Sample ID: Sample Description: TEST PLM Client Sample ID: Client Sample ID: Client Sample ID: Client Sample ID:	5.2-Floor Tile 555 King Edward/VFT - white with Analyzed Date 6/26/2020 5.2-Mastic 555 King Edward/VFT - white with Analyzed Date 6/26/2020 5.3-Floor Tile 555 King Edward/VFT - white with Analyzed Date Analyzed Date Analyzed Date	Black h blue and rec Color Gray h blue and rec Color Black h blue and rec Color	flakes - Roor Non- Fibrous 0.0% flakes - Roor Non- Fibrous 0.0% flakes - Roor Non- Fibrous	n 39 Asbestos Non-Fibrous 100.0% n 39 Asbestos Non-Fibrous 100.0% n 39 Asbestos Non-Fibrous Non-Fibrous	Asbestos None Detected Asbestos None Detected Asbestos None Detected	Lab Sample ID: Comment Lab Sample ID: Comment Lab Sample ID:	672000957-0022A
PLM Client Sample ID: Sample Description: TEST PLM Client Sample ID: Sample Description: TEST PLM Client Sample ID: Sample Description: TEST PLM Client Sample ID: Client Sample ID: Client Sample Description:	6/26/2020 5.2-Floor Tile 555 King Edward/VFT - white with Analyzed Date 6/26/2020 5.2-Mastic 555 King Edward/VFT - white with Analyzed Date 6/26/2020 5.3-Floor Tile 555 King Edward/VFT - white with Analyzed Date 6/26/2020	Color Black Color Color Color Color Color Color Color Gray	flakes - Roor Non- Fibrous 0.0% flakes - Roor Non- Fibrous 0.0% flakes - Roor Non- Fibrous 0.0%	n 39 Asbestos Non-Fibrous 100.0% n 39 Asbestos Non-Fibrous 100.0% n 39 Asbestos Non-Fibrous 100.0%	Asbestos None Detected Asbestos None Detected Asbestos None Detected	Lab Sample ID: Comment Lab Sample ID: Comment Lab Sample ID:	672000957-0022A 672000957-0023
PLM Client Sample ID: Sample Description: TEST PLM Client Sample ID: Sample Description: TEST PLM Client Sample ID: Sample Description:	5.2-Floor Tile 555 King Edward/VFT - white with Analyzed Date 6/26/2020 5.2-Mastic 555 King Edward/VFT - white with Analyzed Date 6/26/2020 5.3-Floor Tile 555 King Edward/VFT - white with Analyzed Date 6/26/2020 5.3-Mastic	Color Black Color Color Color Color Color Color Color Gray	flakes - Roor Non- Fibrous 0.0% flakes - Roor Non- Fibrous 0.0% flakes - Roor Non- Fibrous 0.0%	n 39 Asbestos Non-Fibrous 100.0% n 39 Asbestos Non-Fibrous 100.0% n 39 Asbestos Non-Fibrous 100.0%	Asbestos None Detected Asbestos None Detected Asbestos None Detected	Lab Sample ID: Comment Lab Sample ID: Comment Lab Sample ID:	672000957-0022A 672000957-0023

6/26/2020

Black

0.0%

100.0%

None Detected

PLM



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Customer ID: 55CTCS25B
Customer PO: 0Z2-021101
Project ID: Ottawa DSS

Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials for Ontario Regulation 278/05 via EPA600/R-93/116 Method

		EPA600/I	K-93/116 IVIE	uiou		
Client Sample ID:	6.1				Lab Sample ID:	672000957-0024
Sample Description:	555 King Edward/Firestop caulkir	ng - Room B9A				
	Analyzed		n-Asbestos			
TEST PLM	6/26/2020		Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
	6/26/2020	Red 0.0	% 100.0%	None Detected		
Client Sample ID:	6.2				Lab Sample ID:	672000957-0025
Sample Description:	555 King Edward/Firestop caulkir	ng - Room B9A				
	Analyzad	No	n-Asbestos			
TEST	Analyzed Date		Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	6/26/2020	Red 0.0		None Detected		
Client Sample ID:	6.3				Lab Sample ID:	672000957-0026
Sample Description:	555 King Edward/Firestop caulkir	ag Poom POA			Lab Gampie ID.	0.200001 0020
cample 2000 phoni	333 King Edward/I liestop cadikii	ig - Noom bak				
	Analyzed	No	n-Asbestos			
TEST	Date	Color Fibrous	Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	6/26/2020	Red 0.0	% 100.0%	None Detected		
Client Sample ID:	7.1				Lab Sample ID:	672000957-0027
Sample Description:	555 King Edward/CT - 1x1 - Dots	- Room 13				
	Analyzed	No	n-Asbestos			
TEST	Date	Color Fibrous		Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	6/26/2020	Beige 70.0°	% 30.0%	None Detected		
Client Sample ID:	7.2				Lab Sample ID:	672000957-0028
Sample Description:	555 King Edward/CT - 1x1 - Dots	- Room 13				
	A I	N				
TEST	Analyzed Date		n-Asbestos Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	6/26/2020	Beige 75.0°		None Detected	Commone	
					Lab Sample ID:	672000957-0029
Client Sample ID: Sample Description:	7.3	Dage 42			Lab Sample ID.	072000337-0023
Sample Description.	555 King Edward/CT - 1x1 - Dots	- R00m 13				
	Analyzed	No	n-Asbestos			
TEST	Date	Color Fibrous	Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	6/26/2020	Beige 90.0	% 10.0%	None Detected		
Client Sample ID:	8.1-Floor Tile				Lab Sample ID:	672000957-0030
Sample Description:	555 King Edward/VFT - beige wit	h brown streaks - Room I	35		-	
	<u> </u>					
	Analyzed	No	n-Asbestos			
TEST	Date	Color Fibrous		Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	6/26/2020	Beige 0.0	% 98.0% 	2% Chrysotile		
Client Sample ID:	8.1-Mastic				Lab Sample ID:	672000957-0030A
Sample Description:	555 King Edward/VFT - beige wit	h brown streaks - Room I	35			
TEOT	Analyzed		n-Asbestos	Astron	Commercial	
TEST	Date	Color Fibrous	Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	

6/26/2020

Black

0.0%

100.0%

None Detected

PLM



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Customer ID: 55CTCS25B
Customer PO: 0Z2-021101
Project ID: Ottawa DSS

Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials for Ontario Regulation 278/05 via EPA600/R-93/116 Method

Client Sample ID:	8.2-Floor Tile					Lab Sample ID:	672000957-0031
Sample Description:	555 King Edward/VFT - I	beige with brown strea	aks - Room B	5			
	Analyzed			-Asbestos		_	
TEST	Date	Color	Fibrous	Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	6/26/2020			Positiv	re Stop (Not Analyzed)		
Client Sample ID:	8.2-Mastic					Lab Sample ID:	672000957-0031A
Sample Description:	555 King Edward/VFT - I	beige with brown strea	aks - Room B5	5			
TEST	Analyzed	Color		-Asbestos Non-Fibrous	Ashaatas	Comment	
TEST PLM	6/26/2020	Color Black	0.0%	100.0%	Asbestos None Detected	Comment	
FLIVI	0/20/2020	Diack	0.0%	100.0%	None Detected		
Client Sample ID:	8.3-Floor Tile					Lab Sample ID:	672000957-0032
Sample Description:	555 King Edward/VFT - I	beige with brown strea	aks - Room B5	5			
TEST	Analyzed Date	Color		-Asbestos Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	6/26/2020		Fibrous		ve Stop (Not Analyzed)	Comment	
				1 03111	e Stop (Not Analyzed)		
Client Sample ID:	8.3-Mastic					Lab Sample ID:	672000957-0032A
Sample Description:	555 King Edward/VFT - I	beige with brown stream	aks - Room B5	5			
	A		N	Ashastas			
TEST	Analyzed Date	Color		-Asbestos Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	6/26/2020	Black	0.0%	100.0%	None Detected	Commone	
			0.070			Lab Sample ID:	672000957-0033
Client Sample ID:	9.1		5 54			Lab Sample ID.	012000931-0033
Sample Description:	555 King Edward/VFT - I	beige with grey streak	s - Room B4				
	Analyzed		Non	-Asbestos			
TEST	Date	Color		Non-Fibrous		Comment	
PLM	6/26/2020		Fibrous		Asbestos	Commicne	
Client Sample ID:	0/20/2020	Beige	10.0%	90.0%	Asbestos None Detected	Comment	
•		Beige					672000957-0034
Sample Description:	9.2		10.0%			Lab Sample ID:	672000957-0034
Sample Description:			10.0%				672000957-0034
Sample Description:	9.2 555 King Edward/VFT - I		10.0% ss - Room B4				672000957-0034
Sample Description: TEST	9.2		10.0% ss - Room B4	90.0%			672000957-0034
	9.2 555 King Edward/VFT - Analyzed	beige with grey streak	10.0% ss - Room B4	90.0% -Asbestos Non-Fibrous	None Detected	Lab Sample ID:	672000957-0034
TEST PLM	9.2 555 King Edward/VFT - I Analyzed Date 6/26/2020	beige with grey streak Color	10.0% ss - Room B4 Non- Fibrous	90.0% -Asbestos Non-Fibrous	None Detected Asbestos	Lab Sample ID:	672000957-0034 672000957-0035
TEST	9.2 555 King Edward/VFT - Analyzed Date 6/26/2020 9.3	beige with grey streak Color Beige	10.0% ss - Room B4 Non- Fibrous 10.0%	90.0% -Asbestos Non-Fibrous	None Detected Asbestos	Lab Sample ID: Comment	
TEST PLM Client Sample ID:	9.2 555 King Edward/VFT - I Analyzed Date 6/26/2020	beige with grey streak Color Beige	10.0% ss - Room B4 Non- Fibrous 10.0%	90.0% -Asbestos Non-Fibrous	None Detected Asbestos	Lab Sample ID: Comment	
TEST PLM Client Sample ID:	9.2 555 King Edward/VFT - Analyzed Date 6/26/2020 9.3	beige with grey streak Color Beige	10.0% as - Room B4 Non- Fibrous 10.0% as - Room B4	90.0% -Asbestos Non-Fibrous	None Detected Asbestos	Lab Sample ID: Comment	
TEST PLM Client Sample ID:	9.2 555 King Edward/VFT - I Analyzed Date 6/26/2020 9.3 555 King Edward/VFT - I	beige with grey streak Color Beige	10.0% as - Room B4 Non- Fibrous 10.0% as - Room B4 Non-	90.0% -Asbestos Non-Fibrous 90.0%	None Detected Asbestos	Lab Sample ID: Comment	
TEST PLM Client Sample ID: Sample Description:	9.2 555 King Edward/VFT - I Analyzed Date 6/26/2020 9.3 555 King Edward/VFT - I Analyzed	beige with grey streak Color Beige beige with grey streak	10.0% as - Room B4 Non- Fibrous 10.0% as - Room B4 Non-	-Asbestos Non-Fibrous 90.0%	Asbestos None Detected	Lab Sample ID: Comment Lab Sample ID:	
TEST PLM Client Sample ID: Sample Description: TEST PLM	9.2 555 King Edward/VFT - I Analyzed Date 6/26/2020 9.3 555 King Edward/VFT - I Analyzed Date	beige with grey streak Color Beige beige with grey streak Color	10.0% SS - Room B4 Non- Fibrous 10.0% SS - Room B4 Non- Fibrous	-Asbestos Non-Fibrous 90.0% -Asbestos Non-Fibrous	Asbestos None Detected Asbestos	Lab Sample ID: Comment Lab Sample ID:	
TEST PLM Client Sample ID: Sample Description: TEST	9.2 555 King Edward/VFT - I Analyzed Date 6/26/2020 9.3 555 King Edward/VFT - I Analyzed Date 6/26/2020	beige with grey streak Color Beige beige with grey streak Color Beige	10.0% Is - Room B4 Non- Fibrous 10.0% Is - Room B4 Non- Fibrous 10.0%	-Asbestos Non-Fibrous 90.0% -Asbestos Non-Fibrous	Asbestos None Detected Asbestos	Lab Sample ID: Comment Lab Sample ID: Comment	672000957-0035
TEST PLM Client Sample ID: Sample Description: TEST PLM Client Sample ID:	9.2 555 King Edward/VFT - I Analyzed Date 6/26/2020 9.3 555 King Edward/VFT - I Analyzed Date 6/26/2020	beige with grey streak Color Beige beige with grey streak Color Beige	10.0% Is - Room B4 Non- Fibrous 10.0% Is - Room B4 Non- Fibrous 10.0%	-Asbestos Non-Fibrous 90.0% -Asbestos Non-Fibrous	Asbestos None Detected Asbestos	Lab Sample ID: Comment Lab Sample ID: Comment	672000957-0035
TEST PLM Client Sample ID: Sample Description: TEST PLM Client Sample ID:	9.2 555 King Edward/VFT - I Analyzed Date 6/26/2020 9.3 555 King Edward/VFT - I Analyzed Date 6/26/2020	beige with grey streak Color Beige beige with grey streak Color Beige	10.0% Is - Room B4 Non- Fibrous 10.0% Is - Room B4 Non- Fibrous 10.0%	-Asbestos Non-Fibrous 90.0% -Asbestos Non-Fibrous	Asbestos None Detected Asbestos	Lab Sample ID: Comment Lab Sample ID: Comment	672000957-0035
TEST PLM Client Sample ID: Sample Description: TEST PLM Client Sample ID:	9.2 555 King Edward/VFT - I Analyzed Date 6/26/2020 9.3 555 King Edward/VFT - I Analyzed Date 6/26/2020 10.1 555 King Edward/VSF - I	beige with grey streak Color Beige beige with grey streak Color Beige	10.0% Is - Room B4 Non- Fibrous 10.0% Is - Room B4 Non- Fibrous 10.0% Coom B9	90.0% -Asbestos 90.0% -Asbestos Non-Fibrous 90.0%	Asbestos None Detected Asbestos	Lab Sample ID: Comment Lab Sample ID: Comment	672000957-0035



22 Antares Drive Suite 102 Ottawa, ON K2E 7Z6 Phone/Fax: (343) 882-6076 / (343) 882-6077 http://www.EMSL.com / ottawalab@EMSL.com EMSL Canada Order 672000957
Customer ID: 55CTCS25B
Customer PO: 0Z2-021101
Project ID: Ottawa DSS

Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials for Ontario Regulation 278/05 via EPA600/R-93/116 Method

Client Sample ID: 10.2 Lab Sample ID: 672000957-0037

Sample Description: 555 King Edward/VSF - green with pattern - Room B9

	Analyzed			Non	-Asbestos			
TEST		Date	Color	Fibrous	Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM		6/26/2020	Black	Black 0.0% 1		None Detected		
Client Sample ID:	10.3						Lab Sample ID:	672000957-0038

Sample Description: 555 King Edward/VSF - green with pattern - Room B9

	Analyzed		Non-	Asbestos			
TEST	Date	Color	Fibrous	Non-Fibrous	Asbestos	Comment	
PLM	6/26/2020	Black	0.0%	100.0%	None Detected		

Analyst(s):

Anne Balayboa PLM (14)
Tiffany Pilon PLM (41)

Reviewed and approved by:

Simon Parent, Laboratory Manager or Other Approved Signatory

None Detected = <0.1%. EMSL maintains liability limited to cost of analysis. This report relates only to the samples reported above and may not be reproduced, except in full, without written approval by EMSL. EMSL bears no responsibility for sample collection activities or analytical method limitations. Interpretation and use of test results are the responsibility of the client. Samples received in good condition unless otherwise noted. This report must not be used to claim product endorsement by NVLAP of any agency or the U.S. Government

Samples analyzed by EMSL Canada Inc. Mississauga, ON NVLAP Lab Code 200877-0

Initial report from: 06/26/202014:01:16



Stefan Holik

EMSL Canada Inc.

2756 Slough Street, Mississauga, ON L4T 1G3

Phone/Fax: (289) 997-4602 / (289) 997-4607

http://www.EMSL.com torontolab@emsl.com

torontolab@emsl.com

McIntosh Perry Consulting Engineers Ltd 115 Walgreen Rd RR 3

Carp, ON K0A 1L0

Phone: (613) 836-2184

Fax:

Received: 6/22/2020 11:22 AM

EMSL Canada Or

CustomerID:

CustomerPO:

ProjectID:

552007001

55CTCS25B

0Z2-021101

Ottawa DSS

Collected:

Project: University of Ottawa 0Z2-021101 "Ottawa DSS

Test Report: Lead in Paint Chips by Flame AAS (SW 846 3050B/7000B)*

Client SampleDescription	Collected Analyzed	Weight RDI	Lead Concentration
PB1 552007001-0001	6/24/2020 Site: 555 King Edward - green trim	0.2516 g 0.0	0080 % wt 0.017 % wt
PB2 552007001-0002	6/24/2020 Site: 555 King Edward - Beige wall - B5	0.2508 g	0.16 % wt 3.5 % wt
PB3 552007001-0003	6/24/2020 Site: 555 King Edward - white wall - B4	0.2516 g 0.0	0080 % wt 0.13 % wt

Rowena Fanto, Lead Supervisor or other approved signatory

EMSL maintains liability limited to cost of analysis. Interpretation and use of test results are the responsibility of the client. This report relates only to the samples reported above, and may not be reproduced, except in full, without written approval by EMSL. EMSL bears no responsibility for sample collection activities or analytical method limitations. The report reflects the samples as received. Results are generated from the field sampling data (sampling volumes and areas, locations, etc.) provided by the client on the Chain of Custody. Samples are within quality control criteria and met method specifications unless otherwise noted.

Analysis following Lead in Paint by EMSL SOP/Determination of Environmental Lead by FLAA. Reporting limit is 0.008% wt based on the minimum sample weight per our SOP. "<" (less than) result signifies the analyte was not detected at or above the reporting limit. Measurement of uncertainty is available upon request. Definitions of modifications are available upon request. Samples analyzed by EMSL Canada Inc. Mississauga, ON AIHA-LAP, LLC - ELLAP #196142

Initial report from 06/29/2020 07:47:57

APPENDIX D

Site Photographs



Representative view of the interior finishes observed throughout the subject building.



Photo 2: View of the poor condition lead paint (Beige) identified on pipe straights in Room B5.



Photo 3: View of the nonasbestos containing wall plaster observed throughout the subject building.



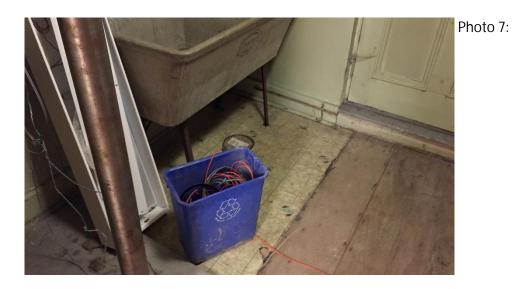
View of the asbestoscontaining vinyl floor tiles (12"x12" – Beige w/ Brown Lines) observed throughout the basement level.



Photo 5: View of the non-PCB light ballasts observed throughout the subject building.



Photo 6: View of the poor condition lead-containing wall paint (Beige) observed in Room B5.



7: View of the asbestoscontaining vinyl sheet flooring (Yellow Rectangular Pattern) observed in Room B9.



Photo 8: View of the leadcontaining batteries observed in Room B2.



Representative view of the interior finishes observed throughout the subject building.



10: View of the equipment containing ODSs observed throughout the subject building.



Photo 11: View of the above ground diesel storage tanks identified in Room B8.

APPENDIX E

Asbestos-Containing Materials Checklists

Floor/Level	Room	Q	Type of ACM	Description	Asbestos Confirmed/ Suspected	Friable/Non-Friable	Damaged/ Deteriorated	Accessibility	Level of Work Near Material	Approx. Quantity	Unit	Recommended Action	Estimated Abatement Cost	Comments
0	Room	B5	12" x 12" Vinyl Floor Tile	Beige with Brown Lines	Confirmed	Non- Friable	Good Condition	Easy	Low	140	SF	Manage in Place		
0	Room	В7	12" x 12" Vinyl Floor Tile	Beige with Brown Lines	Confirmed	Non- Friable	Good Condition	Easy	Low	30	SF	Manage in Place		
0	Throughout Level	-	Brick/Stone Mortar	-	Suspected	1	Good Condition	Easy	Low	1	i	Manage in Place		
1	Throughout Level	=	Brick/Stone Mortar	-	Suspected	1	Good Condition	Easy	Low	1	1	Manage in Place		
2	Throughout Level	-	Brick/Stone Mortar	-	Suspected	1	Good Condition	Easy	Low	1	i	Manage in Place		
3	Throughout Level	-	Brick/Stone Mortar	-	Suspected	1	Good Condition	Easy	Low	1	i	Manage in Place		
0	Throughout Level	-	Concrete Block Mortar	-	Suspected	1	Good Condition	Easy	Low	1	i	Manage in Place		
1	Throughout Level	=	Concrete Block Mortar	-	Suspected	1	Good Condition	Easy	Low	1	1	Manage in Place		
1	Throughout Level	-	Ceramic Wall/Floor Tile	-	Suspected	-	Good Condition	Easy	Low	-	-	Manage in Place		
2	Throughout Level	-	Ceramic Wall/Floor Tile	-	Suspected	-	Good Condition	Easy	Low	-	i	Manage in Place		
3	Throughout Level	-	Ceramic Wall/Floor Tile	-	Suspected	-	Good Condition	Easy	Low	-	i	Manage in Place		
4	Throughout Level	-	Roofing Materials	-	Suspected	-	Good Condition	Easy	Low	-	-	Manage in Place		

APPENDIX F

Hazardous Containing Materials Checklists

Floor/Level	Room	ID	DS Type	Component	Colour	Condition	Manufacturer	Approx. Quantity	Unit	Suspected/ Confirmed	Recommended Action	Estimated Abatement Cost	Comments
0	Throughout Level	-	Mercury	Fluorescent Light Tubes	N/A	Good Condition	-	-	-	Confirmed	Manage in Place		
0	Throughout Level	-	Silica	Concrete, Mortar, Etc.	N/A	Good Condition	-	-	-	Confirmed	Manage in Place		
0	Room	B8	USTs/ASTs	Diesel Storage Tank	N/A	Good Condition	-	2	С	Confirmed	Manage in Place		
0	Room	B2	Lead	Battery Pack	N/A	Good Condition	Emergi-Lite	1	С	Confirmed	Manage in Place		
0	Throughout Level	-	Lead	Trim Paint	Green	Good Condition	-	-	-	Confirmed	Manage in Place		
0	Throughout Level	-	Lead	Wall Paint	Beige	Good Condition	-	-	-	Confirmed	Manage in Place		
0	Room	B6	Lead	Wall Paint	White	Poor Condition	-	5	SF	Confirmed	Paint must be removed and/or stabilized following Class 1/2 or Type 1/2 lead Procedures as per MOL and EACO	\$ 250.00	
0	Room	В7	Lead	Wall Paint	White	Poor Condition	-	15	SF	Confirmed	Paint must be removed and/or stabilized following Class 1/2 or Type 1/2 lead Procedures as per MOL and EACO	\$ 500.00	
0	Throughout Level	-	Lead	Wall Paint	White	Good Condition	-	-	-	Confirmed	Manage in Place		
0	Room	B5	Lead	Pipe & Wall Paint	Beige	Poor Condition	-	10	SF	Confirmed	Paint must be removed and/or stabilized following Class 1/2 or Type 1/2 lead Procedures as per MOL and EACO	\$ 500.00	
0	Throughout Level	-	Lead	Pipe & Wall Paint	Beige	Good Condition	-	-	-	Confirmed	Manage in Place		



Floor/Level	Room	Ol	DS Type	Component	Colour	Condition	Manufacturer	Approx. Quantity	Unit	Suspected/ Confirmed	Recommended Action	Estimated Abatement Cost	Comments
0	Room	B5	Lead	Wall Paint	Light Grey	Poor Condition	-	15	SF	Confirmed	Paint must be removed and/or stabilized following Class 1/2 or Type 1/2 lead Procedures as per MOL and EACO	\$ 500.00	
0	Throughout Level	-	Lead	Wall Paint	Light Grey	Good Condition	-	-	-	Confirmed	Manage in Place		
0	Throughout Level	1	Lead	Wall Paint	Green	Good Condition	-	-	1	Confirmed	Manage in Place		
0	Throughout Level	-	Lead	Door Paint	Purple	Good Condition	-	-	-	Confirmed	Manage in Place		
0	Throughout Level	-	Lead	Wall Paint	Light Purple	Good Condition	-	-	-	Confirmed	Manage in Place		
0	Room	B1	Lead	Ceiling & Radiator Paint	White	Poor Condition	-	3	SF	Confirmed	Paint must be removed and/or stabilized following Class 1/2 or Type 1/2 lead Procedures as per MOL and EACO	\$ 250.00	
0	Throughout Level	-	Lead	Ceiling & Radiator Paint	White	Good Condition	-	-	-	Confirmed	Manage in Place		
1	Room	101	Ozone Depleting Substances (ODS)	Air Conditioning Unit	N/A	Good Condition	Mitsubishi	1	С	Confirmed	Manage in Place		R410A
1	Room	102	Ozone Depleting Substances (ODS)	Air Conditioning Unit	N/A	Good Condition	Mitsubishi	1	С	Confirmed	Manage in Place		R410A
1	Room	103	Ozone Depleting Substances (ODS)	Air Conditioning Unit	N/A	Good Condition	Mitsubishi	1	С	Confirmed	Manage in Place		R410A
1	Throughout Level	-	Lead	Trim Paint	Green	Good Condition	-	-	-	Confirmed	Manage in Place		
1	Room	106	Ozone Depleting Substances (ODS)	Air Conditioning Unit	N/A	Good Condition	Mitsubishi	1	С	Confirmed	Manage in Place		R410A
1	Throughout Level	-	Lead	Wall Paint	Beige	Good Condition	-	-	-	Confirmed	Manage in Place		
1	Throughout Level	-	Lead	Wall Paint	White	Good Condition	-	-	-	Confirmed	Manage in Place		

Floor/Level	Room	Q	DS Type	Component	Colour	Condition	Manufacturer	Approx. Quantity	Unit	Suspected/ Confirmed	Recommended Action	Estimated Abatement Cost	Comments
1	Throughout Level	-	Lead	Pipe & Wall Paint	Beige	Good Condition	-	-	1	Confirmed	Manage in Place		
1	Throughout Level	-	Lead	Wall Paint	Light Grey	Good Condition	-	-	-	Confirmed	Manage in Place		
1	Throughout Level	-	Lead	Wall Paint	Green	Good Condition	-	-	ı	Confirmed	Manage in Place		
1	Throughout Level	-	Lead	Door Paint	Purple	Good Condition	-	-	-	Confirmed	Manage in Place		
1	Throughout Level	-	Lead	Wall Paint	Light Purple	Good Condition	-	-	-	Confirmed	Manage in Place		
1	Throughout Level	-	Lead	Ceiling & Radiator Paint	White	Good Condition	-	-	-	Confirmed	Manage in Place		
1	Throughout Level	-	Mercury	Fluorescent Light Tubes	N/A	Good Condition	-	-	-	Confirmed	Manage in Place		
1	Throughout Level	-	Silica	Concrete, Mortar, Etc.	N/A	Good Condition	-	-	-	Confirmed	Manage in Place		
2	Throughout Level	-	Mercury	Fluorescent Light Tubes	N/A	Good Condition	-	-	-	Confirmed	Manage in Place		
2	Throughout Level	-	Silica	Concrete, Mortar, Etc.	N/A	Good Condition	-	-	-	Confirmed	Manage in Place		
2	Room	201	Ozone Depleting Substances (ODS)	Air Conditioning Unit	N/A	Good Condition	Mitsubishi	1	С	Confirmed	Manage in Place		R410A
2	Room	202	Ozone Depleting Substances (ODS)	Air Conditioning Unit	N/A	Good Condition	Mitsubishi	1	С	Confirmed	Manage in Place		R410A
2	Throughout Level	-	Lead	Trim Paint	Green	Good Condition	-	-	-	Confirmed	Manage in Place		
2	Throughout Level	-	Lead	Wall Paint	Beige	Good Condition	-	-	-	Confirmed	Manage in Place		
2	Throughout Level	-	Lead	Wall Paint	White	Good Condition	-	-	-	Confirmed	Manage in Place		
2	Throughout Level	-	Lead	Pipe & Wall Paint	Beige	Good Condition	-	-	-	Confirmed	Manage in Place		
2	Throughout Level	-	Lead	Wall Paint	Light Grey	Good Condition	-	-	-	Confirmed	Manage in Place		
2	Throughout Level	=	Lead	Wall Paint	Green	Good Condition	-	-	-	Confirmed	Manage in Place		

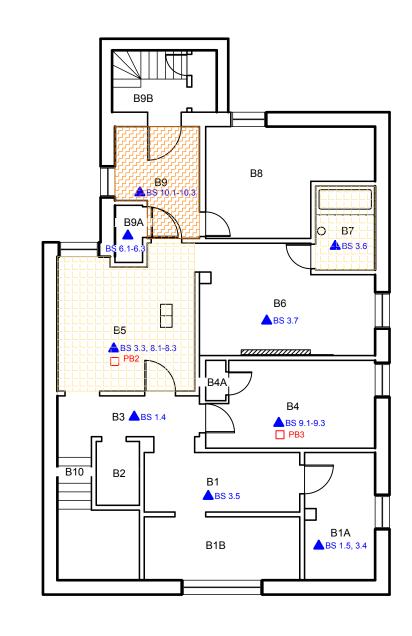
Floor/Level	Room	Q	DS Type	Component	Colour	Condition	Manufacturer	Approx. Quantity	Unit	Suspected/ Confirmed	Recommended Action	Estimated Abatement Cost	Comments
2	Throughout Level	-	Lead	Door Paint	Purple	Good Condition	-	-	-	Confirmed	Manage in Place		
2	Throughout Level	-	Lead	Wall Paint	Light Purple	Good Condition	-	-	-	Confirmed	Manage in Place		
2	Throughout Level	-	Lead	Ceiling & Radiator Paint	White	Good Condition	-	-	-	Confirmed	Manage in Place		
2	Room	203	Ozone Depleting Substances (ODS)	Air Conditioning Unit	N/A	Good Condition	Mitsubishi	1	С	Confirmed	Manage in Place		R410A
2	Room	204	Ozone Depleting Substances (ODS)	Air Conditioning Unit	N/A	Good Condition	Mitsubishi	1	С	Confirmed	Manage in Place		R410A
2	Room	205	Ozone Depleting Substances (ODS)	Air Conditioning Unit	N/A	Good Condition	Mitsubishi	1	С	Confirmed	Manage in Place		R410A
2	Room	206	Ozone Depleting Substances (ODS)	Air Conditioning Unit	N/A	Good Condition	Mitsubishi	1	С	Confirmed	Manage in Place		R410A
3	Throughout Level	-	Mercury	Fluorescent Light Tubes	N/A	Good Condition	-	-	-	Confirmed	Manage in Place		
3	Throughout Level	-	Silica	Wall Paint	N/A	Good Condition	-	-	-	Confirmed	Manage in Place		
3	Room	301	Ozone Depleting Substances (ODS)	Air Conditioning Unit	N/A	Good Condition	Mitsubishi	1	С	Confirmed	Manage in Place		R410A
3	Room	302	Ozone Depleting Substances (ODS)	Air Conditioning Unit	N/A	Good Condition	Mitsubishi	1	С	Confirmed	Manage in Place		R410A
3	Room	303	Ozone Depleting Substances (ODS)	Air Conditioning Unit	N/A	Good Condition	Mitsubishi	1	С	Confirmed	Manage in Place		R410A
3	Room	304	Ozone Depleting Substances (ODS)	Air Conditioning Unit	N/A	Good Condition	Mitsubishi	1	С	Confirmed	Manage in Place		R410A
3	Room	306	Ozone Depleting Substances (ODS)	Refrigerator	N/A	Good Condition	Kenmore	1	С	Confirmed	Manage in Place		Unknown Refrigerant
3	Throughout Level	-	Lead	Trim Paint	Green	Good Condition	-	-	-	Confirmed	Manage in Place		
3	Throughout Level	-	Lead	Wall Paint	Beige	Good Condition	-	-	-	Confirmed	Manage in Place		
3	Throughout Level	-	Lead	Wall Paint	White	Good Condition	-	-	-	Confirmed	Manage in Place		
3	Throughout Level	=	Lead	Pipe & Wall Paint	Beige	Good Condition	-	-	-	Confirmed	Manage in Place		

Floor/Level	Room	QI	DS Type	Component	Colour	Condition	Manufacturer	Approx. Quantity	Unit	Suspected/ Confirmed	Recommended Action	Estimated Abatement Cost	Comments
3	Throughout Level	-	Lead	Wall Paint	Light Grey	Good Condition	-		-	Confirmed	Manage in Place		
3	Throughout Level	-	Lead	Wall Paint	Green	Good Condition	-	-	-	Confirmed	Manage in Place		
3	Throughout Level	-	Lead	Door Paint	Purple	Good Condition	-	-	-	Confirmed	Manage in Place		
3	Throughout Level	-	Lead	Wall Paint	Light Purple	Good Condition	-	1	-	Confirmed	Manage in Place		
3	Throughout Level	-	Lead	Ceiling & Radiator Paint	White	Good Condition	-	-	-	Confirmed	Manage in Place		

APPENDIX G

Site Sampling & Location Plans





6240 HIGHWAY 7 SUITE 200 WOODBRIDGE ON L4H 4G3 Fax: 905.695.0221 www.mcintoshperry.com

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CHECK AND VERIFY ALL DIMENSIONS, REPORT ALL ERRORS AND OMISSIONS TO THE CONSULTANTS, PRIOR TO PROCEEDING WITH ANY WORKS.

Legend:

▲ Asbestos Bulk Sample

□Lead Paint Sample <LOD ■Lead Paint Sample >LOD ACM Vinyl floor Tile (VFT)

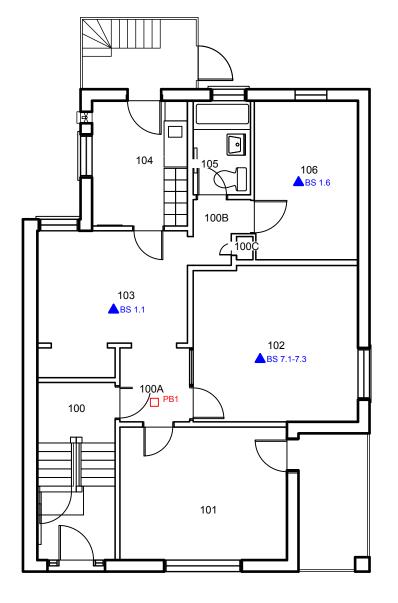
Vinyl Sheet flooring

CLIENT:	UNIVERSITY	OF	OTTAWA	

PROJECT:

HAZARDOUS MATERIALS SURVEY.

SCALE: DATE: 555 KING EDWARD 1:100 AUGUST 14, 2020 DESCRIPTION DATE BY APPE DESIGNATED SUBSTANCE SURVEY DRAWN: CHECKED: DRAWING AO D.B. M.M.



6240 HIGHWAY 7 SUITE 200 WOODBRIDGE ON L4H 4G3 Tel: 905.856.5200 Fax: 905.695.0221 Toll Free: 1.888.348.8991 www.mcintoshperry.com

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CHECK AND VERIFY ALL DIMENSIONS, REPORT ALL ERRORS AND OMISSIONS TO THE CONSULTANTS, PRIOR TO PROCEEDING WITH ANY WORKS.

▲ Asbestos Bulk Sample □Lead Paint Sample <LOD

■Lead Paint Sample >LOD

ACM Vinyl floor Tile (VFT)



Vinyl Sheet flooring

UNIVERSITY OF OTTAWA

555 KING EDWARD

DESIGNATED SUBSTANCE SURVEY

PROJECT:

HAZARDOUS MATERIALS SURVEY.

SCALE:

DRAWN:

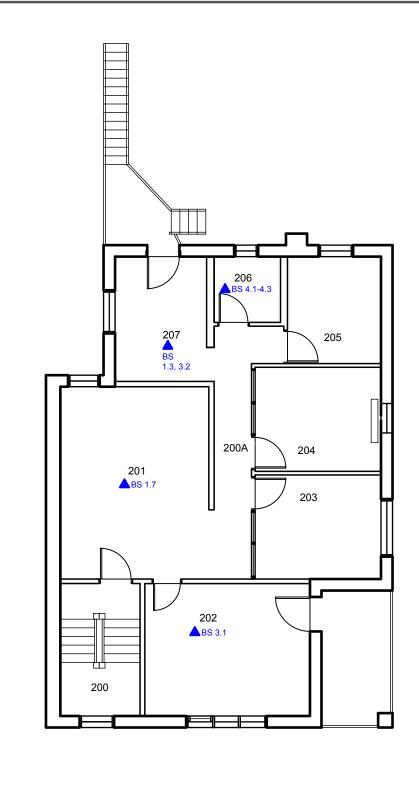
D.B.

DATE: 1:100

CHECKED:

M.M.

AUGUST 14, 2020 DESCRIPTION DRAWING AI



Tel: 905.856.5200 Fax: 905.695.0221 Toll Free: 1.888.348.8991 www.mcintoshperry.com

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CHECK AND VERIFY ALL DIMENSIONS, REPORT ALL ERRORS AND OMISSIONS TO THE CONSULTANTS, PRIOR TO PROCEEDING WITH ANY WORKS.

Legend:

▲ Asbestos Bulk Sample

□Lead Paint Sample <LOD ■Lead Paint Sample >LOD ACM Vinyl floor Tile (VFT) Vinyl Sheet flooring

UNIVERSITY OF OTTAWA

555 KING EDWARD

PROJECT:

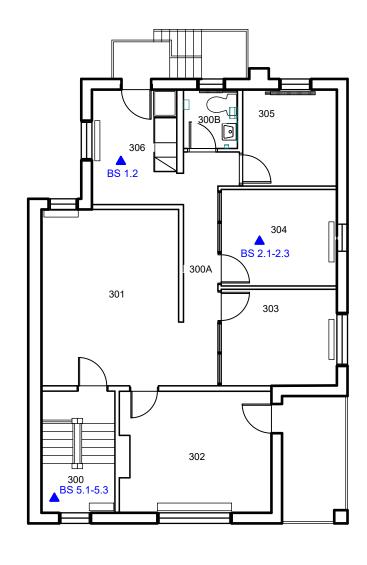
HAZARDOUS MATERIALS SURVEY.

M.M.

SCALE: DATE: 1:100 AUGUST 14, 2020 DESIGNATED SUBSTANCE SURVEY DRAWN: CHECKED:

D.B.

DESCRIPTION DRAWING A2



Tel: 905.856.5200 Fax: 905.695.0221 Toll Free: 1.888.348.8991 www.mcintoshperry.com

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CHECK AND VERIFY ALL DIMENSIONS, REPORT ALL ERRORS AND OMISSIONS TO THE CONSULTANTS, PRIOR TO PROCEEDING WITH ANY WORKS.

Legend: ▲Asbestos Bulk Sample □Lead Paint Sample <LOD ■Lead Paint Sample >LOD

UNIVERSITY OF OTTAWA

555 KING EDWARD

DESIGNATED SUBSTANCE SURVEY

SAMPLE LOCATIONS THIRD FLOOR

SCALE: 1:100 AUGUST 14, 2020 DRAWN: CHECKED: D.B.

DRAWING NUMBER: A3