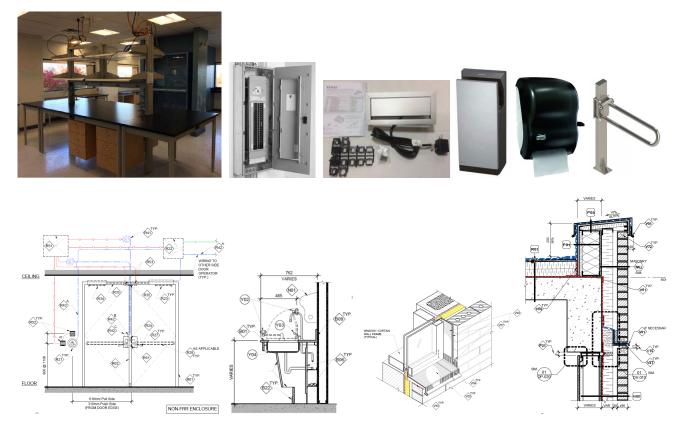


Immeubles Facilities



DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

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<mark>2024-03-01</mark>

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DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

VOLUME I **1a.** DEFINITION & CONTACT INORMATION

GENERAL 1.0

1.1 Overview

The following are main information implicated in the current Guidelines. For full contact .1 information, visit UofO web site.

1.2 De

Defin	ition, Ref	erences and Contact info:
.1	<u>Genera</u>	<u>l:</u>
	AODA:	Accessibility for Ontarians with Disabilities Act
	CFI:	Canadian Foundation for Innovation
	DCG:	UofO Design and Construction Guidelines
	ECA:	Environmental Compliance Approval
	OEPA:	Ontario Environmental and Protection Act
	Facilitie	es: Physical Resources Services of the UofO , located at:
		141 Louis Pasteur,
		Ottawa, Ontario, K1N 6N5
	GC:	General Contractor (including all sub-contractors), and all individual Contractors
	MECP:	Ministry of the Environment and Climate Change (Ontario)
	OBC:	Ontario Building Code
	OFC:	Ontario Fire Code
	OWRA:	Ontario Water Resource Act
	TSSA:	Technical Standard & Safety authority
	UofO:	University of Ottawa, duly constituted and having a place of business at:
		550 Cumberland,
		Ottawa, Ontario, K1N 6N5.
.2	Faciliti	es and UofO Service departments:
	ACVS:	Animal Care & Veterinary Services
		Contact: Holly Orlando – Ext.: 8409
	ARCH:	Architecture, Building Code & Technical Expertise Services
		Contact: Charles Albert Azar – Cell.: 613-797-7469
	BAS:	Building Automation Systems
		<u>Contact</u> : Raymond Carrey – Ext.: 6938
	CSS:	Cleaning and Senitory Senvices
	035.	Cleaning and Sanitary Services Contact: Suzanne Vincent – Ext.: 6613
		Brigitte Morin – Ext.: 8013
		Drighter Moritin = Ext 0110
	DES:	Interior Design & Furniture Services

Contact: Nathalie Charron - Cell.: 613-286-6514

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VOLUME I 1a. DEFINITION & CONTACT INORMATION

FPS: **Fire Protection Services** Contact: Richard Sincennes - Ext.: 6091 - Cell.: 343-998-8975 DHS: **Designated and Hazardous Substances** Contact: Martine Bergeron - Ext.: 6992 HS: **Housing Services** Contact: Jérémie Génier - Ext.: 6333 ITS: **IT Services** Contact: Eric Rivard - Ext.: 2269 KCS: Keying and Cylinder systems Contact: Vernon McLeod - Ext.: 1468 LGS: Landscaping, Grounds, Snow removal & Ancillary Services Contact: Pierre-Yves Leroux - Cell.: 613-697-0100 M&E: Mechanical and Electrical services Contact: Shahrokh Farzam – Cell: 613-769-5908 **OPST:** Office of Parking and Sustainable Transportation (Also responsible for the approval of the fire prevention department) Contact: Francine Faubert - Ext .3050 Charles Martel - Ext .4409 **ORM:** Office of Risk Management: **Environmental Management** Contact: Pascal Simard - Ext.: 2487 Health & Safety Contact: Celine Clement - Ext.: 3052 Graham Nelson - Ext.: 2486 Insurances Contact: John Lamney - Ext.: 2093 Rad Laser Biosafety

Contact: Lois Sowden-Plunkett - Ext.: 3058

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VOLUME I 1a. DEFINITION & CONTACT INORMATION

PRO: Protection

<u>Contact</u>: Roger Morin – Ext.: 7703 Olivier Cousineau – Email: <u>Olivier.Cousineau@uottawa.ca</u>

TERR: Terrain

<u>Contact</u>: Pierre – Yves Leroux – Email: <u>pierre-yves.leroux@uottawa.ca</u> Frédéric Desjardins – Email: <u>fdesjar2@uottawa.ca</u>

- **TLSS**: Teaching and Learning support Service A/V components <u>Contact</u>: Xavier Erdmer – Ext.: 5900
- **SAGO:** Support, Architectural and Grounds Operations <u>Contact</u>: Alexis Michaud – Cell.: 613-799-7534
- SME: Subject Matter Experts Refer to ARCH, DES, M&E & SRS
- SPS: Security and Protection Services alarms & card reader systems General Contact: Luc Nadon – Ext.: 5971

Installation <u>Contact</u>: Constantin Serban Cosmin – Email: <u>cserban@uottawa.ca</u>

SRW: Signage, Room numbering & Wayfinding Services <u>Contact:</u> Jordan Labelle – Cell.: 613-291-1341 – Email: sign@uottawa.ca

VOLUME I 2a. INTRODUCTION, GENERAL & CODES INFORMATION

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Overview

- .1 This document was prepared by **Facilities** to act as a standard reference applicable on all renovation or construction projects at the **UofO**. Establishing standards ensures a required minimal quality for physical installations and facilitates their maintenance.
- .2 We realize that existing situations on renovation projects may challenge the application of these standards. In which case, we will aim to attain the highest level possible to comply with them.
- .3 These Guidelines are not meant to replace any regulation or standard issued by proper authorities. If in any case a standard described in this document contravenes with an effective regulation, that regulation overrides the standard. In which case, **Facilities** needs to be notified promptly.
 - .4 All design and execution work shall conform with the latest version of all applicable Codes, Acts, Regulations and Municipal Bylaws including but not limited to **AODA**, **EPA**, **OBC**, **OFC**, NFPA and **TSSA**.
- .5 Comments or recommendations to improve this document and its application are welcomed.

1.2 Document structure

.1 VOLUME I – SPACE & DESIGN STANDARDS

Categorizes the General Guidelines for different spaces or Services, including Areas, design, schedules, quantities, and similar information generally necessary for preliminary design information.

.2 VOLUME II – CONTRACT GENERAL CONDITIONS

Categorizes the Guidelines related to General and supplementary conditions and all similar information related to Contracts.

.3 VOLUME III, IV & V – CONSTRUCTION STANDARD

Regroups precise or performance specifications, classified by the National Master Specification (**NMS**) sections which every Consultant needs to incorporate to their respective specifications and documents at advanced design stages.

.4 VOLUME VI - APPENDIX

Consist of Notes, Details, Sketches, or Diagrams showing depict standard guidelines for designing high performance assemblies or components, intended to reflect "best practice" options applied in previous projects, and are based on several industry standards. They reflect the detailing level and quality to expect in any project.

They are complementary to the notes and guidelines listed elsewhere in the other sections of this document. In case of discrepancies, the later shall prevail.

They are to be validated and adapted to the specifics of the project, as applicable. Any variations shall be with equivalent materials, to be approved by **Facilities**.

1.3 Overall Design and Building Code information

- .1 <u>Code related issues</u>:
 - .1 <u>General</u>: Unless rare exceptions, Campus new buildings or alterations to existing shall be classified according to **OBC** Major Occupancies definition as follow:
 - "A-2 Institutional", for all buildings.

VOLUME I

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

2a. INTRODUCTION, GENERAL & CODES INFORMATION

"C – Residential", for building dedicated to house students or dormitories.

All other occupancies, ("F" - Laboratories, "D" - Offices, and similar) shall be considered subsidiary occupancies to the main ones. This approach allows the **UofO** to easily modify the space occupancies and the introduction of student or teaching spaces anywhere on Campus without resorting to complex building reclassification processes or the addition of unnecessary fire separations.

- .2 <u>Corridors:</u>
 - .1 <u>In new or additions to existing Buildings</u>: Design layout shall allow flexibility for future alteration into open spaces without the need for corridors. Exits shall be strategically located to avoid the creation of any rated fire-separation in the corridors used by public. Except in circulation areas, travel distances as defined by **OBC** shall be measured on a perpendicular path line toward the Exits.
 - .2 <u>Alteration to existing Buildings</u>: Some of the corridors used by public in the existing buildings are fire-rated, others are not. The alteration shall be directed toward the objective of waiving those fire-rated corridors where possible. Contact **SME Arch** at **Facilities** for any further information.
- .3 Occupant Load:
 - .1 <u>In new or additions to existing Buildings</u>: Occupant Load shall be based on the **most stringent** number among the following factors listed by **OBC**:
 - .1 Per design:
 - The number of seats in spaces with fixed seats, or
 - The number of persons for which the area is designed if there is no known furniture in the space.
 - .2 Per OBC Table factor:
 - As per the designated occupancy in the user's requirement, or
 - Using the "classrooms" factor for shell spaces with unknown designation dedicated for future occupancy designation.
 - .2 <u>Alteration to existing Buildings</u>: Occupant Load may be restricted by the existing parameters (Exit widths, washroom numbers, High Building status or similar), and shall be verified with **SME Arch** at **Facilities**.
- .4 <u>Washroom count</u>:
 - .1 Unless otherwise noted, Washroom count shall be based on OBC 3.7.4.3.(15) (college buildings), that attributes one fixture for each 100 males and one fixture for each 75 females. Nevertheless, any additional number of fixtures is encouraged. Also Refer to section "**VOLUME I I. Washrooms**".
- .2 <u>Heritage Buildings</u>:
 - .1 All work done to the buildings with historical values shall be performed in accordance with the principles listed in The Standards and Guidelines for the Conservation of Historic Places in Canada.

VOLUME I 3a. DOCUMENTS & PROCEDURES

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Overview

.1 **UofO** follows a particular drawing standard for presentation, drawings, specifications and other similar production standards. However, those standards are not mandatory for external Consultants, unless they are mandated as sub-consultants for one of **Facilities**' internal projects, where their drawings will be required to be integrated.

2.0 REQUIRMENTS

2.1 Drawings generalities

The following requirements are strongly recommended to be followed by the external consultants for their drawings; to ease **Facilities**', follow up and review process, to minimize errors, and save time and cost in the event of modifications:

- .1 Drawing organization:
 - .1 Organize sheets in sequences or series for plans, elevations, sections, details, etc. in order to ease the addition or withdrawal of sheets, without undermining the whole numbering system.
 - .2 Product specifications, brand names, etc. should not be described on the drawings, but in a separate specification document. For very small projects, such specifications could be part of the drawings, but preferably on separate sheets dedicated only for this purpose.
 - .3 Keep specifications as generic as possible. Keep free from quantities, legends, components schedules, or any space detailed information specifics to the drawings.
 - .4 Show in the title sheet the following:
 - .1 Name of all the Main Consultants involved.
 - .2 **UofO** Project number.
 - .3 UofO Logo.
- .2 Drawing methodology:
 - .1 <u>Components schedules</u>: To be used as often as possible and referred on the drawings with Tags, for the different components such as:
 - .1 Partition & Ceiling types showing the support system and substrate layers.
 - .2 External wall, roof and window types.
 - .3 Doors, screen schedule and similar.
 - .2 Keynotes & legends:
 - .1 For all repeated information, Key notes to be used and referred on the drawings as the best option and referred on the drawings instead of written texts.
 - .2 Keynote numbers should be kept consistent on all series of drawings. Different numbers attributed to the same note leads to confusion. Use prefix if necessary to distinguish between the different keynote types on the different pages (e.g.: "D" for demolition notes, "P" for partition notes, and similar).
 - .3 In alteration projects, avoid using the term "New". Use only "Existing" for elements to remain to remove. Everything else is deemed new.

VOLUME I 3a. DOCUMENTS & PROCEDURES

- .3 <u>Duplication of information</u>: To be avoided as possible, especially:
 - .1 Between similar detail types. Use multi-references instead.
 - .2 Between the source drawing and the blow-up portion. If the info is in the blowup portion or detail, remove it from the source.
 - .3 Between Components schedules and the drawings: If the info is shown in the schedule, do not repeat it on the drawings. The reference Tag should be enough.
- .4 <u>Clarity</u>: Insure clarity of information, especially for the following:
 - .1 Elevations: Show hierarchy in the lines: Use dark lines for close object, and light lines as objects fades back.
 - .2 Nomenclature: Shall be with the appropriate sizes suitable for each scale. Avoid oversize or very small illegible sizes.
- .5 <u>Redundancies</u>: Avoid unnecessary drawings, such as:
 - .1 Several internal Elevations, Plans or Details showing the same information for different but similar- types of spaces or conditions. Use multi-reference instead.

2.2 Documents deliverables

The following may be superseded by particular requests or detailed checklist, depending on project's complexities and contract specifics:

- .1 <u>Architectural drawings should show at minimum As applicable</u>:
 - .1 <u>Preliminary & Schematic Concept Design</u>:
 - .1 Schematic design documents to illustrate the scale and character of the Project and how the parts of the Project functionally relate to each other including as appropriate.
 - .2 Applicable codes summary.
 - .3 Site Plan.
 - .4 Spatial Relationship diagrams.
 - .5 Schematic Floor Plans.
 - .6 Schematic Elevations & Sections.
 - .7 Outline Specifications
 - .2 <u>Design Brief (to be included with every submittal)</u>:
 - .1 Executive Summary & Introduction.
 - .2 Applicable codes and standards.
 - .3 Brief analysis of Project's requirements.
 - .4 Sketches and/or Schematics of proposed concept, reflecting current site conditions.
 - .5 Appendices as required.

VOLUME I 3a. DOCUMENTS & PROCEDURES

- .3 <u>At 33% stage</u>:
 - .1 Code Matrix analysis.
 - .2 Building main envelope system descriptions (exterior walls, roofs, parapets, soffits, internal partitions, and similar).
 - .3 Site plans, Floor plans showing main layouts.
 - .4 Elevations and sections.
- .4 At 66% stage. At minimum:
 - .1 Fire safety drawings.
 - .2 Site, Roof & Floor plans showing the different wall and partition types.
 - .3 Reflected Ceiling plans showing the different compositions.
 - .4 Wall sections identifying main components.
 - .5 External elevations with identified materials.
 - .6 Typical main envelope details.
 - .7 Preliminary detailed spec sections.
 - .8 Preliminary door and finish schedules.
- .5 <u>At 99% stage</u>:
 - .1 All the previous stage items fully developed, identified and dimensioned.
 - .2 Interior elevations as applicable.
 - .3 Finished colored pattern (at least % of accent items).
 - .4 Location of internal partition control joints and patterns.
 - .5 Location of external masonry control joints and patterns.
- .6 <u>Fire-Safety drawings submitted to the City</u>:
 - .1 A summary description of the scope.
 - .2 For new construction or Extensive Renovation (**OBC**) projects:
 - .1 A matrix summarizing the basic building information: Area, year of construction, type, number of stories, applicable Codes, major fire-rated components for floors, and similar.
 - .2 Fire-separations on all partitions on the entire floor area.
 - .3 Show Fire-spatial separations (floors, shafts, etc.), if the layout include Mezzanines or other complex spatial components.
 - .4 Critical travel distances to the exits covering the entire floor area.
 - .3 <u>For Basic Renovation (**OBC**) projects</u>: Where information may not be available for the rest of the space:
 - .1 The matrix provided by **Facilities** which summarize the basic building information and a justification for the assessment of the fire-resistance ratings of spaces.
 - .2 Fire-separations on partitions only in the affected area.
 - .3 Travel distances **only** from the affected area to the exits.

.4 ULC, cUL or OBC SB-3 reference test number (or any approved equivalent) on all proposed fire-resistance or sound rated assemblies.

.2 Mechanical, Electrical, Plumbing drawings should show at minimum - As applicable:

<u>I&R & Schematic Design</u>:

.1

- .1 Detailed report that thoroughly describes and characterizes the options. This is to include:
- .2 An overview of the project;
- .3 Narratives to describe the existing mechanical, electrical, controls, life and safety systems, and related elements including their condition, deficiencies and life expectancy;
- .4 Report on existing mechanical, electrical, controls and life and safety systems and related elements;
- .5 Narratives to determine all applicable codes, regulation, standards and authorities having jurisdiction and outlined requirements related to the project;
- .6 Graphical floor plans and schematics for all mechanical and electrical system to clearly demonstrate proposed options proposed in the report being recommended along with description how the new equipment/systems will impact existing installations;
- .7 Provide sequencing of project deliverables and phasing based on priority and/or constructability. Identify short/medium/long term requirements;
- .8 Identify the project impact on existing spaces which may need to remain operational during construction; identify project impact on spaces that fall outside of the project boundary taking into account all project phases.
- .9 Regardless of whether existing infrastructure is being utilized or not, investigate how other areas of the building may be negatively affected due to shutdowns, etc. Also provide recommendations to alleviate any building system capacity issues that may arise due to the project;
- .10 Identify long delivery items which have impact on project schedule and/or phasing of construction. Equipment with long delivery time will require to be purchased in advance;
- .11 Prepare and submit Life Cycle Cost Analysis (LCCA) of mechanical and electrical systems for preferred option and/or recommendation(s). LCCA shall consider the total life cycle cost of the project. LCCA shall include the initial or first cost plus the overall operating cost and equipment replacement costs when applicable over the life of the project;
- .12 Report shall include an executive summary;
- .13 Breakdown Class D cost estimate for recommended options and other options pertain to all mechanical and electrical systems related to the project;
- .14 As a minimum the I&R report shall include sections to cover the following topics:
 - Executive summary.
 - Introduction.
 - Project background.
 - Applicable codes and standards.

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

VOLUME I 3a. DOCUMENTS & PROCEDURES

- Existing conditions.
- Analysis of project's requirements.
- Validation and/or deviation along with recommendation(s).
- Energy consumption and O&M cost impact.
- Appendices as necessary.
- .2 Design Brief (to be included with every submittal):
 - .1 Executive Summary & Introduction.
 - .2 Applicable codes and standards.
 - .3 Brief analysis of Project's requirements.
 - .4 Narratives to describe all of the proposed mechanical systems. For controls system provide narrative to describe the integration with other building systems including lighting controls, fire alarm, security, energy monitoring and verification.
 - .5 Narratives to describe all of the proposed electrical systems. Narratives to include total connected normal load, maximum demand and diversity factors for normal load, total connected emergency load and capacity of base building emergency generator (where applicable), short-circuit requirements and calculations showing the ratings of equipment used.
 - .6 Approximate size of the required equipment/systems along with cut-sheet of preliminary selections.
 - .7 Analysis of selected equipment and calculations sufficient to justify the economy of the selected equipment.
 - .8 Sketches and/or Schematics of proposed concept, reflecting current site conditions.
 - .9 Appendices as necessary.
- .3 <u>At 33% stage</u>:
 - .1 Single line diagrams of all mechanical system including but not limited to HVAC, plumbing, fire protection and process systems indicating the equipment tags, preliminary system sizing, flow rates and directions, equipment capacities and all control valves, isolating valves, strainers, gauges, dampers, louvers, etc. Single line to demonstrate all the spaces affected by the project and modification(s) to existing systems.
 - .2 Mechanical controls schematics complete with sequences of operations and comprehensive list of control points.
 - .3 Floor plans showing the preliminary sizing, physical dimensions and require service areas of all major equipment complete with their locations and layouts (Equipment on floor plans must reflect the proper location within the system on both this drawing and the single line diagrams).
 - .4 Floor plans showing the zoning of thermal, ventilation and lighting systems.
 - .5 Equipment schedule including preliminary selection of all major mechanical and electrical equipment.

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

VOLUME I 3a. DOCUMENTS & PROCEDURES

- .6 Floor plans showing the applicable occupancy classification for fire protection systems.
- .7 Site Plan showing service entrances for mechanical and electrical systems and connections to utility services including all key elevations.
- .8 Single line diagram of the electrical power distribution circuits with their metering and protection, including rating of equipment, ratios and connections of current transformer and power transformer, description of relays (when used, maximum short circuit levels on which design is based. identification and size of services, connected load and estimated maximum demand on each load center.
- .9 Riser diagrams for lighting, power and telecommunication cable systems, fire alarm and other systems.
- .10 Preliminary control diagrams for each system.
- .11 Schedule for motors and controls.
- .12 Panel boards schedule with loadings for each panel.
- .4 <u>At 66% stage</u>:
 - .1 Revised design brief as required.
 - .2 Revised single line diagrams of systems as required.
 - .3 Schedule for motor and controls.
 - .4 Floor plans of mechanical systems showing routing and sizing of major lines and location of all equipment.
 - .5 Floor plans of power distribution indicating all conduit and wire sizes except for minimum sizes (minimum sizes should be given in the specification).
- .5 <u>At 99% stage</u>:
 - .1 Revised design brief as required.
 - .2 Revised single line diagrams of systems as required.
 - .3 Complete working drawings.
 - .4 Specifications in National Master Specification format.
 - .5 Class A cost estimate (Highlight changes from previous cost estimate).
 - .6 Preliminary Coordination, Short Circuit, Device Evaluation, and Arc Flash study.
 - .7 ESA Plans Approval Response.
 - .8 Electrical drawings as a minimum must show the following:
 - .9 Single line diagram of the electrical power distribution circuits with their metering and protection, including Complete rating of equipment, Ratios and connections of Current Transformer (CT's) and Power Transformer (PT's), Description of relays when used, Maximum short circuit levels on which design is based, Identification and size of services and Connected load and estimated maximum demand on each load center.
 - .10 Electrical plans with: Circuit numbers at outlets and control switching identified. All conduit and wire sizes except for minimum sizes which should be given in

the specification and IT, AV and Security conduits system layout for ceiling/floor distribution.

- .11 For electrical layout and schedule provide the following data:
- .12 Total connected normal load.
- .13 Maximum demand and diversity factors for normal load.
- .14 Total connected emergency load.
- .15 Maximum demand and diversity factors for emergency load.
- .16 Capacity of base building emergency generator.
- .17 Sizing of standby load.
- .18 Short-circuit requirements and calculations showing the ratings of equipment used.
- .3 <u>Specifications:</u>
 - .1 Specifications produced by the external consultants, shall follow the National Master Specification (NMS) format in a separate document. For very small projects, the specifications could be incorporated to the drawings on separate sheets dedicated for this purpose, following the same NMS format.
- .4 <u>Cost Estimates</u>:
 - Preliminary Concept, schematic, I&R, and similar: Class D.
 - 33% Stage: Class C.
 - 66% Stage: Class B.
 - 99% Stage: Class A.
- .5 <u>Closeouts</u>:
 - Updated & Record Drawings.
 - Updated & Record Specifications.
 - Contractor's Documentation at Completion, including Warranties, Test reports, Owner Manuals, Shop Drawings Samples, and similar.
 - Updated Code reports, if done by external Consultants.
 - Final Commissioning Reports and related data.
 - Drawing electronic format. Refer to "VOLUME I 4a. Drafting.
 - Any other as listed in the project specific requirements.

3.1 Procedures

- .1 <u>Reviews</u>:
 - .1 Coordination: At early design stages, coordination between the different Consultants, the users and Facilities is imperative toward the realization of the design objectives. Special attention should be given to the equipment and clearances for maintenance and easy access. Design developments, Construction drawings, Reports, and all other similar documents shall be reviewed by **SME**'s during the different project phases as established and agreed with the Project Manager.

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

VOLUME I 3a. DOCUMENTS & PROCEDURES

- .2 **SME**'s will overview the documents to ensure they are conforming to the established **UofO DCG** and will highlight any issues to Consultants a.s.a.p. (typically, allow 5 working days). Consultant shall incorporate review comments into the next submission stage and provide written responses as necessary.
- .3 Unless otherwise noted, Consultants to provide written responses to all comments received from the **UofO**, Comments shall be incorporated in the next submission as required.
- .4 During the review process by **SME**'s, the Consultant shall keep working in parallel to develop their documents for the next phase, **unless specifically requested to stop** by **UofO**. Depending on the project's complexities, Consultants may be requested to obtain authorization before proceeding to the following stage.
- .5 **UofO** review does not relieve the Consultants from their responsibilities and/or liabilities. The Consultants are solely responsible for integrity of design and shall ensure project requirements and **DCG** have been included in design.
- .2 Room Numbering:
 - .1 It is imperative to consult **UofO**, **SRW** department to establish the proper Room numbering **prior to the beginning of every project. Room numbering done without such consultation will not be accepted.** Refer to contact information at the beginning of this document.
- .3 Color & Samples:
 - .1 Color & Finish Sample patterns, shall be ready ideally by 99% phase and submitted to **UofO** for review.
- .4 <u>Shop Drawings (SD)</u>:
 - .1 SD's shall be submitted to Consultant and **UofO** in parallel.
 - .2 If specific input is required, Consultant to highlight to **UofO**, and vice versa.
 - .3 **UofO** will not necessarily review all SD's, but in some case may do so. **UofO** will inform Consultants about any new pressing issues if applicable.
 - .4 Once reviewed by Consultant, SD's electronic copy to be sent to contractor and **UofO**.
- .4 <u>Construction Documents</u>:
 - .1 Consultants to issue fully stamped/sealed construction sets by all consultants.
 - .2 If exceptions present themselves, **UofO** must formally agree to release without stamps.

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Overview

- .1 This document comprises the **Facilities** Computer Aided Drafting and Design (CADD) & other related drafting Standard.
- .2 This document forms a legal part of project deliverables. It is to be applied both internally and by any Consultant providing external Drafting, or on Project delivery services for **UofO**.

2.0 **REQUIRMENTS**

2.1 Production

- .1 <u>Consultants working Medium</u>:
 - .1 <u>BIM (Revit or similar 3D) modeling Software</u>: Shall be used in:
 - .1 New Buildings.
 - .2 New addition to existing buildings.
 - .3 Alteration / renovation to newly constructed buildings after 2015 (ARC, CRX & STEM).
 - .4 Major Renovation projects inside older buildings (generally where project area exceeds 50% of floor).
 - .2 CADD Software:
 - .1 Can be used in all other conditions not listed above, which include generally minor renovations, roof renewal, landscape projects, etc.
 - .2 Refer to the Related document and Sample drawing / Blocks / Layering & Attributes on **UofO** Web Site.

2.2 Deliverable

- .1 <u>Timeline</u>:
 - .1 At all project phases; drawings, or other requested files as per agreements, shall be delivered to **Facilities**.
 - .2 In addition, As Built Record drawings to be delivered as follow:
 - .1 <u>Architecture</u>: 30 days at most after the project close-out.
 - .2 <u>M&E, Structure and other disciplines</u>: 60 days at most after the project closeout.

.2 <u>Format</u>:

- .1 <u>Pdfs</u>:
 - .1 To be delivered in electronic tabled (indexed) format.
 - .2 Paper format is optional, depending on the project size.

.2 <u>CADD software</u>:

- .1 Refer to the Related "Cad Standards" document on UofO Web Site.
- .2 Layer structure, Blocks, Symbols, and other similar components shall conform to **UofO's** standards, published on the Web Site.

- .3 BIM (Revit or similar 3D) modeling Software:
 - .1 To be delivered in both Revit and CADD format.
 - .2 At Final closeout delivery, BIM Model shall be converted into CADD drawings, based on the same CADD parameters highlighted above.
 - .3 <u>Not accepted</u>: Overlapping partition lines (resulting from 3D flattening process).

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Overview

.1 Unless otherwise noted, the measures indicated below shall to be applied by the **GC**, depending on project complexities, scope, and duration.

2.0 **REQUIRMENTS**

- .1 <u>Access</u>:
 - .1 Provide access to building and Employees' Parking Area at all times. Arrange access points with Owner.
 - .2 Provide and maintain road access and egress from / to property fronting, except where other means of road access exist that meet approval by **Facilities**.
- .2 <u>Traffic Control</u>:
 - .1 Provide traffic control mechanisms for all areas surrounding the buildings for extended or prolonged Construction periods. **PRO** may take very limited and short periods in charge. To be confirmed with every scope.
 - .2 Traffic control Measures shall be based on "Ontario Traffic Manual, Book 7 -Temporary Conditions", mainly:
 - .1 Through competent and trained flag personnel.
 - .2 By continually maintain traffic control devices in use.
 - .3 By maintaining and providing signs, flashing warning lights and other devices required to indicate construction activities or other temporary and unusual conditions resulting from Project.

.3 <u>Waste containers:</u>

- .1 All applications for projects waste containers on campuses shall be approved by the **OPST** and by the **Facilities TERR** department.
- .2 Once the application is approved, the **GC** must respect the demands laid upon approval. E.g.: Install boards under the waste container to protect asphalt or terrain, observe the established distances around trees, and similar.
- .3 All waste containers must be enclosed (fenced in) in order to minimize the chances of people getting injured trying to get inside, or that other people use the container without project approval. E.g.: To throw dangerous products or material that cannot usually be thrown in the waste.
- .4 A poster with the name and contact of the **UofO** Project Manager and the **GC** shall be installed on the fences surrounding the waste container.
- .5 The **GC** must comply with the dates initially established, as there could be other projects requesting this specific space. If there are no other requests, a new date could be established.
- .6 The **GC** is responsible to establish the space to its originally state before the waste container installation. E.g.: re-installation of grass or damaged plants.
- .7 The **GC** shall pay for parking that was blocked by the waste container to the tariff established in the initial meeting (as applicable.
- .8 For all additional info, contact **PRO**, or **TERR**.

VOLUME I A. STUDENT SPACES

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Overview

.1 Student spaces vary based on project and design specifics.

1.2 Design

- .1 <u>Definitions:</u>
 - .1 <u>Master or PHD student spaces</u>:
 - .1 Enclosed study spaces to accommodate several students applying for their Master Studies.
 - .2 Design permitted, shall have direct access to natural lighting or indirectly through vision panels.
 - .2 <u>Student Association offices</u>:
 - .1 Enclosed office to hold common activity by several Student associations.
 - .2 Design permitted, shall have direct access to natural lighting or indirectly through vision panels.
 - .3 <u>Student Lounge / Focus room</u>: Refer to Public spaces section.
 - .4 Quiet Study Space / Workstation:
 - .1 Open or closed spaces to accommodate several students, in a quit individual environment for studying.

1.3 Accessories

.1 <u>Coat Hook Strip (10 28 10)</u>: To be installed in every closed office, behind door.

2.0 SERVICES

- 2.1 Mechanical
 - .1 Xxxxxx

2.2 Electrical

.1 Xxxxxx

2.3 Power and Data outlets

.1 In Student lounge / focus room spaces, trailing wires connected to wall-mount outlets constitutes a Health safety hazard. Special consideration shall be taking while designing the outlets through integrating them into furniture or by other means.

VOLUME I B. ADMINISTRATIVE SPACES

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Overview

.1 Administrative spaces vary considerably based upon major users such as the Registrar or a Faculty, and project specific.

1.2 Design

- .1 Definitions:
 - .1 <u>Closed (Private) Offices</u>:
 - .1 Sizes vary based on the users and their hierarchy. To include but not limited to: Dean, Chair, Professor, Directors Assistant directors, Admin CAO, and similar.
 - .2 Design permitted, shall have direct access to natural lighting, or indirectly through vision panels.
 - .2 <u>Open Office spaces</u>:
 - .1 Open spaces for admin personnel, to be organized in a way to preserve a semi-privacy factor, with enough circulating and gathering spaces.
 - .2 Shall have direct access to natural lighting, or indirectly through skylights.
 - .3 <u>Meeting Rooms</u>:
 - .1 Design shall accommodate reasonable number of people based on design requirements, with a versatile design.
 - .2 Shall be located at strategic places, ideally at intersection of main corridors, to facilitate its sharing between different groups.
 - .4 <u>Reception Areas</u>:
 - .1 Space to accommodate several persons depending on design parameters with enough support space for electronic equipment.
 - .2 Consider in the design additional space for lineups or waiting seated area, which do not impede on the main corridors or circulation.
 - .5 <u>Staff & Professor Lounge</u>:
 - .1 Closed spaces for common social, gaming and reading activities.
 - .2 Could be used as lunchroom with a small kitchenette space with sink, which can accommodate basic appliances such as microwave and fridge.
 - .6 <u>Support Spaces</u>:
 - .1 Include all related support administrative spaces include but not limited to:
 - .1 Reprographics.
 - .2 Storage for students' Records.
- .2 General:
 - .1 For privacy and acoustical issues, avoid locating office and meeting room doors face to face in double loaded corridors.

1.3 Accessories

- .1 <u>Coat Hook Strip (10 28 10)</u>: To be installed in the following locations:
 - .1 In every closed office, behind door.
 - .2 In every Meeting room behind door, and common office space, closed to every workstation.

2.0 SERVICES

2.1 Mechanical

.1 Xxxxxxx

2.2 Electrical

.1 In Meeting rooms, consider dimmable pot light combined with on/off fluorescent fixtures.

2.3 Power and Data outlets

.1 Depending on size and design imperatives, Power and Data outlets shall be located in a monument type on the floor, with possibilities of extension to the meeting table.

VOLUME I C. CLASSROOMS

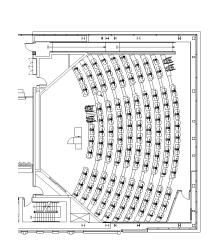
1.0 GENERAL

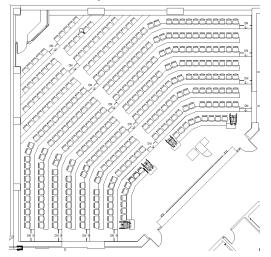
1.1 Overview

.1 Classrooms and their specific requirements vary considerably based upon major users such as the Registrar or a Faculty.

1.2 Design

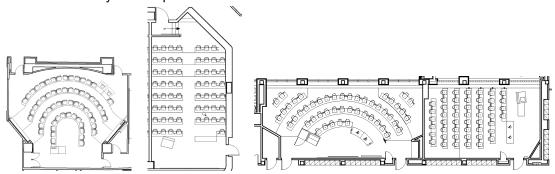
- .1 <u>Definitions:</u>
 - .1 <u>Amphitheater / Auditorium</u>:
 - .1 Design generally accommodates more than 80 seats, with different teaching accessories.
 - .2 Shall be designed as Auditorium style, multilevel or tired.



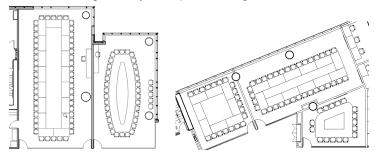


.2 Lecture / Regular Classroom:

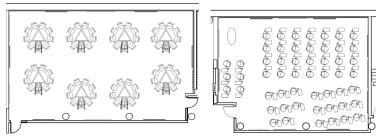
- .1 Design generally accommodates 40 to 80 places, with different teaching accessories.
- .2 Aisles to be preferably designed as large arrow, single or multi-level configuration. Design options shall minimize or eliminate the need for a tired system as possible.



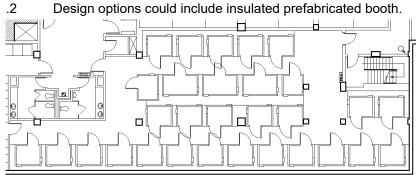
- .3 Seminar Room:
 - .1 Design accommodates generally 20 to 50 places, with different teaching accessories.
 - .2 Shall be designed for an interactive teaching environment, single tire, with aisles generally set-up in rectangular fashion.



- .4 Computer Classroom:
 - Depending on the parameters, design shall accommodate variable number of .1 students, and other teaching accessories.
 - .2 Design shall be versatile, to accommodate different student's or TLSS groups.



- .5 Music (acoustic) Room:
 - .1 Closed room or space designated for students to play different musical instruments. Sizes vary based on the number of instrument enclosed.



.6 <u>A/V Control Room</u>:

.1

Is generally required is required when a fixed podium is being installed and not required with the A/V rack. The door entrance of this room shall be located outside of the classroom.



- .2 General:
 - .1 Spaces widths to depth ratio is absolutely critical to functional well. Avoid 1:1 ratio (square) or long and narrow room layout these are acoustically bad and not recommended. Recommended classroom proportions are to be 1/3 of front of room for instructor's station and remaining 2/3 for students.
 - .2 Depending on the room width, a single center aisle is generally the most efficient losing space to the center aisle is often best to having two side aisles. Ideally, students should not have to cross more than 5 other seats to reach the middle seats in that row this often dictates the placement of aisles.
 - .3 Preferred entrance to be located at the low level in the front of the room as it provides better access and locations to disabled persons in wheelchair.
 - .4 Design site lines and angle of vision in a way that no seat shall be outside of 45 deg. off the classroom centerline on either side, within 90 deg. horizontally and 15 deg. vertically.
 - .5 In general, Classrooms do not require a vestibule, except for very large and Amphitheater type Classrooms where a vestibule may be considered.
 - .6 Where tired seating is introduced, each two rows shall share the same level to encourage collaborative and interaction context.
 - .7 <u>Not permitted</u>: Built-in heavy structured tires for Classrooms. Floor shall be flat; tires & steps shall be built in light structure elements, easily removable for more design flexibility in the future.

1.3 Accessories

- .1 <u>Coat Hook Strip (10 28 10)</u>: To be installed in every Classroom (quantity to equal 50% of seating capacity), up to 60 hooks maximum per space, to be confirmed by **Facilities**.
- .2 <u>Seats</u>: Free standing or fixed models, depends on space configuration. Other than amphitheatres, all seat options shall have the ability for 360degress rotation for shared learning experience.

2.0 MULTIMEDIA TECHNOLOGIES PRESENTATION TOOLS

2.1 Overview

.1 This is a very specialized and essential component of classroom design. Requirements and technologies are in constant evolution. Coordination with **TLSS** Multimedia Section is mandatory.

2.2 Typical Multimedia video conference technologies

.1 <u>Podium desk (12 50 00):</u>

- .1 <u>General</u>:
 - .1 Designed to house all the electronics and computer teaching equipment and is linked to the classroom light controls, ceiling projectors and screens and other stuff.
 - .2 This is a prefabricated unit with a fixed non-adjustable component and an electrically adjustable component designed to meet barrier free requirements.
 - .3 To be provided and installed by **GC**.
 - .4 Refer to furniture standard for more details on **UofO** Web site.
- .2 Podium desk control (26 50 00):
 - .1 One dedicated telephone line to be located on the <u>*Podium desk*</u> or at the front of the room adjacent to professors teaching station. This is required in the event of an emergency or a technology malfunction.
 - .2 Control design shall be similar to the following sketch. Refer to Xxxxxxx.
- .2 <u>Multi-media Rack</u>: A fixed unit containing A/V equipment and is used in smaller type classrooms where fixed podiums will not fit and are not used. This unit is supplied and installed by **TLSS**.
- .3 <u>Computers</u>: Supplied and installed by **TLSS**.
- .4 Projectors, (overhead, ceiling mounted) and sound systems: Supplied and installed by TLSS.
- .5 <u>Projection Screens, (manual and/or motorized):</u>
 - .1 Are supplied by **TLSS** and installed by the Contractor.
 - .2 A/V screens to be concealed within the ceiling space or using gypsum board bulkheads.
- .6 Visual Display Boards Writing Surfaces (10 11 00), Bulletin Boards and Tack Strips:
 - .1 Shall be included in the **GC** responsibilities to supply and install. As a general rule mounting heights for chalkboards and whiteboards to be 36" above finished floor.
 - .2 Chalk boxes are always required. These are specially designed units by **UofO** and installed by **GC**. Request installation with **Facilities**, Custodial section.
 - .3 White boards are not allowed in Registrar classrooms, chalkboards to be installed.
- .7 <u>Flat screen Monitor</u>: Supplied and installed by **TLSS**.
- .8 <u>Clocks (12 50 00)</u>:
 - .1 To install a minimum of one Clock per room located so that is visible to both students and teachers.

VOLUME I C. CLASSROOMS

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

- .2 Where possible, Clock type shall be integrated with the building master clock system, c/w battery backup.
- .3 No battery-operated Clocks are permitted.

3.0 SERVICES

3.1 Mechanical

.1 Consider the cooling load required for equipment heat rejection, especially in A/V control rooms, with the appropriate solution.

3.2 Electrical

- .1 <u>Electrical Panel (26 00 00)</u>:
 - .1 Each new Classroom shall have a new <u>*Electrical Panel*</u>, to be located outside the Technical Support room and the Classroom to permit electricians' access.
 - .2 All audio/video equipment circuits shall be connected to the same phase and same ground at the *Electrical Panel*.
 - .2 Light Fixtures:
 - .1 <u>*Classroom Light* (26 50 00)</u>: Use preferably 2'x2' indirect light fixture to allow for better zone distribution application.
 - .2 <u>Classroom Fluorescent Lamps (26 50 00)</u>: Shall be of dimmable type.

.3 Lighting Controls:

- .1 <u>General:</u>
 - .1 All lighting controls shall be located in the A/V room and be accessible.
 - .2 A plasticized lighting zones plan shall be affixed inside A/V Control room and on the wall, including zone numbers and electrical circuit numbers.
- .2 <u>Wiring (26 50 00)</u>: Run separate neutral for dimmable lighting load circuits. No common neutral.
- .3 <u>Terminal Strip Box (26 00 00):</u> All lighting zones power circuit shall be run to a terminal strip box.
- .4 Lighting & Emergency Light Controller (26 50 00):
 - .1 Shall not exceed maximum recommended load per zone and per controller.
 - .2 If emergency lighting to the multimedia classroom is not required, use normal power circuits for lighting control.
- .5 <u>Occupancy Sensor (26 50 00)</u>:
 - .1 Classroom lighting shall be controlled by occupancy sensors.
 - .2 All lighting zones need to be turned off when room is unoccupied.

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

- .6 <u>Lighting Panic Mode</u>: Consider the requirement for lighting panic mode option in case of a fire alarm, and if the lights are OFF due to a video presentation.
- .7 <u>Motorized Projection Screen control (26 00 00)</u>:
 - .1 Must be installed inside the A/V Control room.
 - .1 Are supplied by **TLSS** and installed by the Contractor.
- .8 <u>Multimedia Conduits (26 00 00)</u>: Provide an additional EMT conduit for lighting control wiring between the main lighting controller, switches, interfaces and scene selectors at the podium.

3.3 Power and Data outlets

- .1 <u>Data</u>:
 - .1 Data port required at podium or media rack.
 - .2 Fixed seats; Data outlets or wireless system requirement to be confirmed on an individual project basis.
- .2 <u>Power outlets</u>: A minimum of one receptacle per wall shall be installed.
- .3 <u>A/V Electric Outlet (26 00 00)</u>: All electric receptacles for audio/video systems (excluding student table power pack) shall be new surge suppression duplex receptacles.
- .4 <u>Accessible Table outlets (26 00 00)</u>: Install one power outlet (2 plugs) per table on centerline of long side.
- .5 <u>Seats with retractable tablet outlets (26 00 00) and similar fixed:</u>
 - .1 Design shall allow for a maximum of eight laptops per 15 amp, 1110 volt circuit or 1.5 amp draw per electrical outlet.
 - .2 Electric raceway systems and top table power pack shall be approved by the **UofO** and authority having jurisdiction.
 - .3 To install one power outlet (2 plugs) at:
 - .1 Every <u>seat with retractable tablet</u>.
 - .2 Every *Fixed table* for each 2 *Swivel Seats*.

VOLUME I D. LABORATORIES & SUPPORT

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Overview

- .1 Laboratories vary from very large to smaller, more precise specific areas. Each of these Labs types have their own specific requirements and the functional programs associated with these spaces must be clearly defined early in the design process since size and weight of materials being handled will affect both the structural aspects as well as location and proximity to major loading areas, some specific equipment may generate excessive noise or heat or require large amount of chilled water or domestic water. It is very important to work with the users to define their needs and confirm with Facilities & ORM, for elements such as:
 - .1 Natures of operations they are conducting, including hazardous materials, chemicals and similar.
 - .2 Type of Labs they operate.
 - .3 Furniture configuration, material, accessories and hardware.
 - .4 Equipment & Fume hood types, sizes, weights, locations, and similar info.
 - .5 All requested or necessary services.

1.2 Design

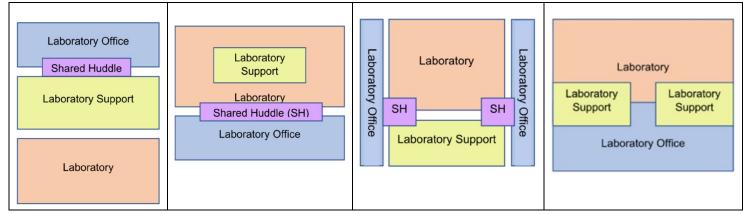
- .1 <u>Definitions</u>:
 - .1 <u>Laboratories</u>: Spaces designated in general for testing, teaching or experimental activities requesting specialized equipment, furniture and related M&E features. <u>They include</u>:
 - .1 <u>Categories</u>:
 - .1 <u>Animal Care / Vivarium Facilities</u>: Labs where experiments are performed on animals, fishes and similar that requires special architectural and HVAC confined environment. May also request to be confined, if dealing with hazardous experiments as defined by Health Agency of Canada's.
 - .2 <u>Clean Rooms (ISO 1 ISO 9)</u>: Labs mainly dealing with non-hazardous pathogens that require special architectural and HVAC confined environment as defined in ISO Standards (formally known as Class 1, Class 100,000, etc.).
 - .3 <u>Classified (Bio containment level CL2(Basic), CL2-Ag, CL2-P, CL3)</u>: Labs mainly dealing with hazardous pathogens that require special architectural and HVAC confined environment as defined by Health Agency of Canada's. They include generally the following types:
 - .1 <u>Wet (Chemical / Biological)</u>: Generally, where drugs, chemicals, and other types of biological matter can be analyzed and tested by using various liquids or flammable products, with plumbing services. They often require special architectural and HVAC environment.
 - .2 <u>Dry (Analytical & Support)</u>: Generally, focuses more on applied or computational or electronic mathematical analyses via the creation of computer-generated models or simulations, without plumbing services. They may require humidity and temperature control, or dust control.

<u>Note</u>: Unless otherwise noted, **UofO** Wet (Chemical) Labs shall be designed based on the CL2(Basic) principles.

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

VOLUME I D. LABORATORIES & SUPPORT

- .4 <u>Non-classified</u>: Labs mainly dealing with chemicals requiring special power, humidity and cooling control systems, or particular safety and health requirements, in a non-confined environment.
- .5 <u>Engineering</u>: Labs dealing with machinery, industrial experiment, or similar. They may require proper HVAC or dedicated power systems.
- .2 <u>Other</u>:
 - .1 <u>Lab offices</u>: Spaces that are generally daily used by the same personnel who will be operating the laboratory. While they could be integrated to the same confined Lab area, it is recommended by **ORM** to keep them separate, depending on design parameters.
 - .2 <u>Cloakrooms</u>: Design permitted, consider an open separated space located adjacent to a Lab zone, for personal's students' belongings such as coats, bags, water & coffee bottles, and similar belongings not allowed inside the Labs.
 - .3 <u>Computer Classrooms</u>: Spaces with large number of computers generally dedicated for students use, that are not considered Labs as described in this section. They may require proper HVAC or dedicated power systems.
 - .4 <u>High Hazard Spaces</u>:
 - .1 <u>Hazardous Waste Spaces</u>: To be implemented in every building containing Labs, for the use of **ORM** and external contractors), for the flammable, compressed gas, combustible liquid, radioactive, and similar hazardous waste material storage.
 - .2 <u>Hazardous Storage Spaces</u>: To be implemented in every building containing Labs, dedicated for the flammable, compressed gas, combustible liquid, radioactive, and similar hazardous material storage.
 - .3 <u>Hazardous Dispensing Spaces</u>: To be implemented in every building containing Labs, dedicated for the flammable or combustible liquid dispensing for cylinders or containers exceeding the permitted sizes in a typical Lab.
- .2 <u>General Concepts</u>:
 - .1 Depending on Project's specifics, several options could be implemented for a combination of Large open Labs, Support Labs & related Offices, as per the following illustrations (courtesy of Parkin Architects Ltd Report, 2020):



DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

VOLUME I D. LABORATORIES & SUPPORT

- .2 Labs with lots of Fume-Hoods should be located at top floor levels.
- .3 Windowsills must be above the bench height, with enough space for backsplash.
- .4 Labs should not be installed against exterior windows. Space adjacent to exterior windows should be used for circulation corridors to allow for providing temperature and humidity to be easily controllable in the Labs. If labs are installed against exterior windows, avoid installing Lab benches lengthwise against exterior windows as it limits the shelving potential and interferes with proper ventilation around windows. Instead, they should be installed butt-end to the windows.
- .5 In an open Lab concept, ideal layout is island benches repeated on a 3000mm -3200mm pattern, to leave 1550mm - 1650mm clear circulation. Additional circulation space should be given if benches are located parallel to exit path of travel.
- .6 Unless few exceptions in existing buildings, Labs with Class I liquids which requires handling shall not be installed in the basement levels or any building, according to **OFC**.
- .3 <u>Safety Measures</u>:
 - .1 <u>Laboratories Handling Pathogen agents or Animal Care facilities</u>: To follow:
 - .1 Public Health Agency of Canada's Laboratory Biosafety Guidelines. http://www.phac-aspc.gc.ca/lab-bio/index-eng.php
 - .2 Canadian Food Inspection Agency's Containment Standards for Veterinary Facilities.
 - .3 Canadian Council on Animal Care in science.
 - .4 Animals for Research Act.

http://www.ontario.ca/laws/regulation/900024

- .5 Occupation Health & Safety Act & Regulations.
- .2 <u>Laboratories handling chemicals, flammable or combustible material</u>: Shall follow NFPA 45 - Standard on Fire Protection for Laboratories Using Chemicals, and **ORM** Hazardous material & waste directives. Depending on the sizes, Fire-Rated boundaries or compartments can include a single or serval contiguous Labs.
- .3 Specific Measures:
 - .1 <u>Eye/Face Wash Deck-mount (22 42 01)</u>: Should be installed in each Lab which deal with chemical or hazardous materials, or as necessary, adjacent to a <u>Sink</u> (22 42 01), along the closest exit pathway.
 - .2 <u>Emergency Showers & eye wash (22 42 01)</u>: Design permitted, not to be installed within the Laboratories, but in nearby corridors.
 - .3 <u>First-aids and other safety equipment</u>: Shall be located next to entrance within the Lab, and generally supplied and installed by **UofO**.
 - .4 <u>Spill kits</u>: Supplied by **ORM**, shall be installed in every Lab dealing with chemical or hazardous materials, shall be highly visible, and hooked on walls.
 - .5 *Fume Hoods*: To take in consideration minimal clearances (i.e., safety, proper airflow), as per described standards below.
 - .6 In Contained spaces:
 - .1 All Mechanical / Electrical fixtures and similar penetrations on ceiling and walls, must be air-tight and sealed around their entire perimeter, with compressible gaskets and appropriate sealants.

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

VOLUME I D. LABORATORIES & SUPPORT

1.3 Accessories & Furniture

- .1 Refer to "**VOLUME VI Appendix DB. Lab Furniture Details**" Series and related notes for proposed configurations.
- .2 *Lab furniture (12 35 00)*: Unless there is any special condition or design specific:
 - .1 <u>Existing Lab extensions or modifications</u>: Shall follow the existing configuration and materials, unless otherwise indicated by **Facilities**.
 - .2 New Labs:
 - .1 <u>System</u>: Units shall be <u>Fixed Countertop Units</u> for Labs requiring plumbing and complex services, and <u>Mobile Countertop Units</u>, serviced from ceiling for Labs requiring few services, depending on design imperatives.
 - .2 <u>Dimensions</u>: Countertop unit width: 762mm. Shelves and wall units: 305mm.
 - .3 <u>Materials</u>: Refer to the following Schedule which represents a preferred finish or varieties of finish options covering the different possible areas. The Designer may submit an alternative for approval depending on the scope and budget.

		<u>COUNTERTOPS</u> (12 35 00)							<u>CASEWORK</u> <u>(12 35 00)</u>						Exposed and interior <u>SHELVES</u> (12 35 00)								CHASE (12 35 00)	SINK & CUP SINKS	(22 42 01)	DRYING RACKS	(12 35 00)	
	Stainless Steel	Plastic Laminate Facing Acid Resistant	Plastic Laminate Facing	Solid Phenolic Resin (Solid pl. Laminate)	Epoxy Resin - Acid & Heat Resistant		Stainless Steel	Prepainted Steel	Wood - Plastic Laminate Facing	Wood - Wood Veneer Facing	Wood -Thermally Fused melamine (TFM)	Catalyzed Vinyl Finish	Stainless Steel	Prepainted Steel	Plastic Laminate Facing Resistant to acid	Wood – wood Veneer Facing	Wood -Thermally Fused melamine (TFM)	Catalyzed Vinyl Finish	Same as Countertop		Stainless Steel	Prepainted Steel		Stainless Steel	Epoxy Resin	Stainless Steel	Solid Phenolic Resin (Solid pl. Laminate)	Notes
Animal Care Lab	Х			Х	Х		Х	Х					Х	Х							Х	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х	
Classified – CL3	Х				Х		Х						Х								Х			Х		Х		
Clsfd' – CL2-Ag, P	Х			Х	Х			Х			Х	Х			Х	Х	Х		Х			Х		Х	Х	Х	Х	
Glassified-CL2 (Basic)				Х	Х			Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х			Х			Х		Х	
General, non-clsfd				Х				Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х			Х			Х		Х	
Engineering		Х	Х					Х				Х		Х								Х					Х	
Hazardous Spaces	Х			Х	Х		Х	Х					Х	Х							Х	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х	

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

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Notes: .1 Most common combination for Labs (12 35 00),: Frame assembly: Mobile system, mounted on Open leg frame assembly, with interchangeable Suspended Base Cabinets for general use, and fixed Floor-mount Base Cabinets for Sinks (22 42 01), and other plumbing units. .2 Fixed floor-mount units shall have movable Service panels in prepainted steel to cover all exposed piping and conduits underneath the <u>Countertops</u>, or between the <u>Countertops</u> and the ceiling, or elsewhere. .3 Countertop work surfaces & reagent shelves: Solid Phenolic resin (Solid plastic Laminate), with 100 or 150mm backlash on all Units adjacent to walls. Exposed shelves materials: In Thermally fused Melamine (TFM), and Prepainted steel gable supports. .4 Casework materials: Completely in Prepainted Steel, or Thermally fused Melamine (TFM), or a combination of both for sides & faces. .5 Catalyzed Vinyl Finish to be considered for teaching and high abuse Labs. Base Cabinet Doors: Swinging, same finish as body. .6

.7 Upper Cabinet Doors: Sliding, in glass.

.3 <u>Accessories:</u>

- .1 For a typical Lab, at every Sink:
 - o <u>Drying Rack (12 35 00)</u>
 - <u>Paper towel dispenser, surface mounted (12 28 10)</u>
 - o <u>Soap dispenser (12 28 10)</u>
 - o <u>Hand Sanitizer (12 28 10)</u>
 - o Integrated <u>waste bins:</u> Only in classified Labs, where no exposure is allowed.
 - All other **M&E** accessories as per design imperative
- .2 For a Cloakroom, or a Lab:
 - <u>Coat Hook Strip: (10 28 10)</u>: Quantity to equal 50% of space capacity, to be confirmed by Facilities.

2.0 CANOPIES, BIOLOGICAL SAFETY CABINETS & FUME HOODS

2.1 Standard References

- .1 *Fume Hoods (12 35 00)*: To follow CSA Standard Z316.5, latest edition Fume Hoods and Associated Exhaust Systems.
- .2 <u>Class I and Class II biological safety cabinet</u>:
 - .1 NSF/ANSI 49-2004a Class II (Laminar Flow) Biosafety Cabinetry standard. Should be certified by the supplier at the time of installation.
 - .2 NSF/ANSI 49 Installation and field testing of biological containment cabinets.
- .3 <u>Flammable Liquid Storages</u>: UL/NFPA standards.

2.2 Design

- .1 When selecting a *Fume Hood (12 35 00)*, user needs, type of use and type of sash must be considered. In all cases consideration shall be given to the use of low volume Hoods.
- .2 <u>Base Cabinets, for Storage of Chemical Products (12 35 00)</u> products shall be properly ventilated.

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

VOLUME I D. LABORATORIES & SUPPORT

- .3 Canopy Hoods i.e., overhead Hoods are only intended to vent heat or local processes (e.g. autoclaves) and not designed for a personal work station. Where work involves manual manipulation or release of volatile materials, a chemical fume Hood shall be used.
- .4 Ductless Fume Hoods are generally not permitted; portable Hood may however be used for limited applications e.g. used for odor control.
- .5 In general, consideration must be given to using high efficiency-low air volume Fume-Hood. Where the required velocity can be obtained by partly closing the sash, the sash and/or jamb shall be marked to show the maximum opening at which the Hood face velocity will meet the requirements.
- .6 Automatic fire dampers shall not be used in Hood exhaust systems.

3.0 SERVICES (as applicable)

3.1 Ventilation

- .1 Unless otherwise noted, minimal ventilation rates within Wet (Chemical) Labs, all the time shall be as per **OFC** part 4, as minimal 6 Air Change per Hour (ACH).
- .2 Outdoor exchange rates must be established in consultation with **Facilities**.
- .3 Air flow to the rooms should be such that a good purge of all spaces within the room is maintained while avoiding drafts.
- .4 Air flow in front of fume Hoods should not cause a turbulence that will affect the operation of the Hood. Supply diffusers shall be selected such that air flow in vicinity of Bio Safety Hoods is laminar.
- .5 Variable air volume system shall be used in densely spaced Hood installations where design room air changes significantly exceed 5 air changes per hour.
- .6 Certain Labs applications will permit air to be turned down/off when the lab is not in use.
- .7 The Lab exhaust system shall preferably incorporate a heat recovery loop system.
- .8 Discharge from exhaust stacks must have a velocity of 3000 fpm. This velocity should not be achieved by the installation of a cone type reducer. Exhaust duct may be reduced but the duct beyond the reduction must be of sufficient length to allow the air movement to return to a linear pattern (Ref ANSI Z. 95-2003, 5.3.5). Strobic type exhaust fans may be used to address exhaust velocity needs.
- .9 Lab ventilation exhaust fans shall be spark-proof and constructed of materials or coated with corrosion resistant materials for the chemicals being transported. V-belt drives shall be conductive.
- .10 Labs venting must be dedicated, separated from all other Building systems.

3.2 Heating/Cooling/Humidity Control

- .1 Hydronic heating should be designed to heat the space in order to allow the outdoor air ventilation system to be turned off/down in these Labs during unoccupied hours, but never –in any case- below the minimal ACH value indicated above.
- .2 Ceiling mounted hydronic radiant panels could be considered in order to allow the butting of the Lab benches to the exterior windows.
- .4 Where applicable main outdoor air supply unit shall be equipped with additional heating coils to allow for use of chill water return to preheat air during colder seasonal weather.
- .5 Humidity control shall be provided where 100% outdoor air is supplied. Minimum 18% RH shall be provided during the dry winter periods, maximum 55% shall be maintained during the

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

VOLUME I D. LABORATORIES & SUPPORT

wetter summer periods. More stringent humidity control ranges mat be required for certain applications (animal care areas).

3.3 **Provincial requirements**

.1 Fume Hood exhaust system design and installation must meet all requirements under section 9 of **EPA** and related regulations. Liaison and application for **ECA** is made through **ORM**.

3.4 Plumbing

- .1 Each Lab should have accessible shut off valves at all time. They should be located in the wall c/w a 24"x24" access door located between 3-5 feet above finished floor.
- .2 All piping servicing Labs shall be in horizontal pipe chases, integrated within cabinets' benches and easily accessible through removable panels.
- .3 A separate dedicated drainage system shall be provided for drains, <u>Sinks</u>, <u>Cup sinks</u>, <u>Emergency Showers & eye wash (22 42 01)</u> floor drains, and similar; then combined with building sanitary system immediately after exiting the Building.
- .4 Ensure piping system and jointing methods will resist spills and illicit discharges of corrosive chemicals.
- .5 <u>Drying Racks (12 35 00)</u> must not drain into the sewer system.

3.5 Power and Data outlets

.1 Depending on hazardous material type, quantities and applicable Codes, in Hazardous Spaces, electrical equipment may be required to be explosion proof.

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Overview

- .1 Public spaces vary considerably based upon design parameters and project or building specifics.
- .2 Spaces are very valuable to **UofO**. General circulation and open Public spaces shall have reasonable proportions, but not to be overdesigned.

1.2 Design

- .1 <u>Definitions:</u>
 - .1 Cafeterias:
 - .1 Design shall include:
 - .1 Seating area, versatile to accommodate eating as well as common activities.
 - .2 Check-in counter space, and all related accessories.
 - .3 Kitchen area, accommodating service and all related catering equipment and services.
 - .2 Shall have direct access to exterior light, through windows or skylight.

.2 <u>Corridors, Atrium Hall and Vestibule spaces</u>:

- .1 Shall be designed with reasonable proportions between widths and heights, in order to minimize the "tunnel effect".
- .2 Design permitted, Vestibules to be designed with enough dimensions, to accommodate *Foot Grilles (12 48 00)*: with a minimum depth of 1600mm.

.3 <u>Elevators (14 20 00)</u>:

- .1 Sizes to accommodate a stretcher.
- .2 At least one freight elevator shall be included in every new building.
- .4 <u>Libraries</u>:
 - .1 Design shall include:
 - .1 Reading areas. To be organized to insure a quite environment as possible.
 - .2 Book storing aisles.
 - .3 Reception area, with related security gates and service spaces.
 - .2 Aisles to be designed in order to ease the circulation and increase the security. Avoid exposing bookshelves to direct sun contact.

.5 Locker spaces:

- .1 Depending on project requirements, spaces could be left open with no entrance doors, located adjacent to corridors.
- .2 Shall take in consideration enough circulation space around <u>*Lockers* (10 51 00)</u> with no dead end corridors.
- .3 Avoid placing *Lockers (10 51 00*) within corridors or main circulation areas.

.6 Lounge spaces:

- .1 Open spaces designated for general public. Shall have appealing and versatile design, which could be converted to accommodate different activities.
- .2 Design permitted, shall be located adjacent to public corridors, in a manner to ease movement without impeding main traffic areas.

.7 <u>Stairs</u>:

- .1 <u>Exit stairs</u>: Design and finishes shall be limited to the minimum Code requirements.
- .2 <u>Internal communication and exterior stairs</u>: Use durable, easy to clean materials. Shall not be overdesigned. Step sizes shall be:
 - .1 Risers: 152mm minimum, up to 177mm maximum.
 - .2 Treads: 305mm minimum.
- .2 <u>General</u>:
 - .1 Avoid placing Cafeterias, Lounge and other noisy spaces close to classrooms laboratory or similar study spaces.
 - .2 Avoid installing showers for public use in new buildings unless specifically requested for operational or health and safety purposes. Confirm with **Facilities** before proceeding.

2.0 SERVICES

2.1 Mechanical

- .1 <u>Water Fountains (22 42 03)</u>: To install minimum 1 per floor in visible locations. Not inside Washrooms or any similar closed spaces.
- .2 Vestibules located on top of occupied basements shall be equipped with corrosive resistant drains & appropriate <u>PVC Rated (22 42 02)</u> piping.

2.2 Electrical

.1 In Stairwell, light fixture should be installed on walls or in the ceiling of the landing area, avoid installing fixtures above the stairs.

2.3 Power and Data outlets

- .1 Electrical outlets in stand up counters, trailing wires connected to wall-mount outlets constitutes a Health safety hazard. Special consideration shall be taking while designing the outlets through integrating them into furniture or by other means.
- .2 In general, consideration should be given to the use wireless internet and data connections.

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

VOLUME I F. RESIDENCES

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Overview

- .1 Residences and their specific requirements vary considerably based upon number of users and design specifics. Layout, amenities services, furnishings and similar shall be coordinated with **HS**. <u>They are generally split into 2 categories</u>:
 - .1 <u>Suite style Residences</u>: Described in this section.
 - .2 <u>Dormitory style Residences</u>: With common or public services and amenities. Shall follow similar Guidelines described in other sections.
- .2 Users are mainly Students who rent the places during learning season. In summer time, some units are also rented to the public (hotel style).
- .3 These spaces are subject to high abuse; construction and finished materials should be easy to maintain and resistant to high-abuse.

1.2 Design

- .1 <u>Definitions</u>:
 - .1 Common Spaces:
 - .1 <u>Corridors, Halls, Vestibules and service areas</u>: Refer to Public spaces section.
 - .2 Laundry facilities:
 - .1 Not to be located inside of Suites, but as Common closed space which accommodate sufficient Laundry equipment.
 - .2 Design permitted, to be located on each floor.
 - .3 Lounge spaces:
 - .1 Closed Shared spaces for common social, gaming and reading activities.
 - .2 Design permitted, shall be located on every floor, with direct access to natural lights and terraces, if applicable.
 - .2 Suite spaces:
 - .1 <u>In-suite Bathrooms</u>:
 - .1 Design to accommodate practical functioning. Not oversized or too squeezed.
 - .2 In-suite Bedroom:
 - .1 Sizes shall accommodate a sleeping area and a study area.
 - .2 Built-in closets are highly not recommended, for maintenance issues.
 - .3 Shall have direct access to natural light and ventilation, as per Codes.
 - .3 In-suite Kitchens:
 - .1 Shall be designed as an open concept, without doors.
 - .2 Shall accommodate the typical appliances, such as stove, microwave, fridge and similar, except dishwashers.

.4 <u>In-suite Living room</u>:

- .1 Shall have appropriate proportions to allow common activity, without the narrow-corridor feeling proportions.
- .2 Sizes shall accommodate a sleeping area and a study area.

.2 <u>General</u>:

- .1 Design shall include common Garbage chute.
- .2 Design or project specific permitted, common Terraces to be included in the general layout.

1.3 Accessories

- .1 <u>Mirror, framed (08 80 00)</u>: Shall be installed on top of all Sink counter surface, at 150mm height at least, except for <u>handicapped mirror</u> in accessible area.
- .2 In-suite W.C. Accessories (10 28 10): Types and quantities to be:
 - Stainless sheet plate 610mm wide on each side of the Stove (Kitchen countertops)
 - o 1 Tissue dispenser.
 - o 1 Towel racks.
 - All necessary Toilet accessories, for <u>Accessible W.C.</u> (Refer to the related section).
- .3 <u>Coat Hook Strip (10 28 10)</u>: To be installed in the following locations:
 - .1 In every Bathroom.
 - .2 In every Bedroom (behind doors).
- .4 <u>Stainless steel plates</u>: Shall be installed on the kitchen countertop, extended 300mm at each side of the stove.

2.0 SERVICES

2.1 General

.1 Unless approved by **Facilities**, all Mechanical electrical services on the ceilings including sprinkler heads to be recessed. Exit signs to be mounted on the walls.

2.2 Mechanical

- .1 No ceiling hung pipes or conduits shall be left exposed inside Suites.
- .2 In the In-Suite bathrooms, Shower & bathtub shall be prefabricated units.

2.3 Electrical

.1 Public Electrical panels should be in locked vandal proof enclosures.

2.4 Power and Data outlets

- .1 Considerations should be given for installation of power outlets for hair dryers.
- .2 Every room should have a minimum of two outlets.

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Overview

- .1 Service rooms vary considerably based upon design parameters and project or building specifics.
- .2 Size, number and location of Service spaces, especially **M&E** rooms as well as lay-out of mechanical equipment inside the mechanical rooms shall be considered at the early stage of design process. Adequate space shall be considered to provide safe distance and sufficient work space around and in front of electrical components and equipment to satisfy code requirements and for maintenance work.
- .3 Lay-out of **M&E** rooms shall show the equipment service area(s) to demonstrate component and equipment clearances for code, maintenance and service purposes have been respected.

1.2 Design

- .1 <u>Definitions</u>:
 - .1 Janitor rooms:
 - .1 Shall have appropriate sizes to accommodate cleaning carts, ladders and all other specified cleaning accessories.
 - .2 Shall be located as close as possible to washrooms but not inside, to ease maintenance personnel access.
 - .2 Loading Docks:
 - .1 Design permit, Loading Platform shall be located indoor at the building perimeter not outdoor, using integrated <u>Loading Dock Levellers, Hydraulic</u> (<u>11 13 00)</u>.
 - .2 <u>Overhead Dock Doors, motorized (11 13 00)</u> to be installed on exterior walls, with appropriate sizes to fit the Loading Dock operations. Protective Bollards to be added as necessary for full-height doors.
 - .3 <u>Not Acceptable</u>: Scissor lifts or any other similar lifting mechanism.
 - .3 Mechanical & Electrical rooms:
 - .1 Unless otherwise noted, **M&E** rooms shall be enclosed spaces, accessible from the inside of the building. Wherever impossible or in existing buildings, a special attention shall be given for adequate maintenance access, generally through marine ladders or similar.
 - .2 Location of transformer rooms shall be close to service entrance of building. Main transformer rooms / Vaults shall be accessible from outside of buildings and free of other systems not associated with electrical distribution systems.
 - .3 Design to take in consideration easy access for maintenance and personnel evacuation. Lay-out of **M&E** rooms shall show the equipment to demonstrate sufficient work space around equipment for work, safety, and routine maintenance. Following clearances shall be provided as a minimum:
 - .1 For fans bearing/belts/motors repair/replacement: 75 cm (3 ft.).
 - .2 Around pumps and compressors: 75 cm (3 ft.).
 - .3 For coil removal, filter replacement, tube bundle replacement and VAV boxes: As per manufacturer's recommendation.
 - .4 Installation of equipment from ceiling are not preferred and shall be approved by **Facilities**.

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DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

- .5 Air handling unit shall be installed high enough to ensure adequate trapping and condensate pitch.
- .6 All penthouse mechanical rooms shall have elevator rooftop access for removal/replacement of equipment.
- .7 Penthouse elevators shall have rooftop access for removal/replacement of equipment.
- .8 Basements are considered as preferred location for heating equipment.
- .9 All equipment or part of equipment which imped on minimum clearances of travel of exits shall be highlighted with distinguished colors.
- .10 Where project budget permits it is preferred to provide separate room for switch gear and main distribution panels.
- .11 Electrical rooms for power distribution shall be enclosed and dedicated spaces and accessible from the inside of the building.
- .12 Minimum one electrical room shall be provided per floor.
- .13 All floor mounted transformers, switch gears, large power distribution panels, MCCs and mechanical equipment shall be installed on concrete housekeeping pad minimum 100mm (4 in.) high with rounded or steel angle protected edges.
- .14 Critical **M&E** components and equipment shall be protected from water and fire damage.
- .15 Whenever replacing or adding any equipment in existing spaces, consideration shall be given to refurbish the surrounding walls / floors / ceilings budget permitted. To be discussed with **Facilities**.

.5 <u>Workshop</u>:

- .1 Design to accommodate different repair or maintenance activities.
- .2 To take in consideration all regulation and safety requirements related to the nature of work, including welding, grinding, and similar.

.6 <u>Storage rooms</u>:

- .1 Design shall have sufficient space to store extra replacement materials for each finish product, as indicated in the related sections.
- .2 Design shall optimize the space, while easing the circulation flow with enough manoeuvring space for transportation equipment such as pump lifts and similar.
- .2 Ideally to have a single entrance point for security reasons.

.2 <u>General</u>:

.1 Design permitted, avoid locating the Service spaces close to areas with high sensitivity to vibration or noise, such as Classrooms and Laboratories.

1.3 Accessories

- .1 <u>Mop suspensions:</u> To be installed in Janitor rooms, to fit 6 mops.
- .2 <u>Shelves</u>: To be considered for Janitor spaces, Workshops & Storage rooms.
- .2 Loading Dock Equipment (11 13 00): Budget permitted, design to include:

VOLUME I G. SERVICE ROOMS

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

- .1 Loading Dock Levelers, Hydraulic.
- .2 <u>Dock bumpers</u>.
- .3 <u>Dock door seals</u>.
- .4 <u>Vehicle Restraint system, Wheel chocks, Chains and Signage</u>.
- .5 Any other as necessary or requested.

2.0 SERVICES

2.1 Mechanical

- .1 <u>General</u>: Special consideration shall be given to the heating system in mechanical rooms, loading dock spaces, Workshops or similar spaces, when delivery overhead doors are kept open for prolonged periods of time.
- .2 Janitor rooms:
 - .1 Where Janitor rooms serving floor cleaning machines floor drains or <u>Slop Sink (22 42</u> <u>01)</u> shall be equipped with sediment interceptors.
 - .2 Ventilation shall be capable of ventilation the Janitor rooms at a minimum of 10 L/S/M² (0.2 CFM/ Ft²) or as per **OBC** requirements whichever is greater.
 - .3 <u>Slop Sink (22 42 01)</u> shall be installed in all Janitor rooms.
 - .4 <u>Eve/Face Wash (22 42 01)</u> shall be installed in every Janitor room with dispensing and/or chemical diluting activities.
- .3 Loading Docks:
 - .1 Where loading dock is subject to excessive soiling, hot and cold water shall be included in design.
 - .2 Design shall include dedicated floor drain in loading docks.
 - .3 Where there is risk of freezing, fire protection shall be dry type sprinkler system.
 - .4 Requirements of refrigerated waste room on the loading dock shall be reviewed with **Faculties** when loading dock serves food services.
- .4 Mechanical & Electrical rooms:
 - .1 All equipment shall be seismically retrained as per **OBC**.
 - .2 In each mechanical room one hose bib shall be provided.
 - .3 In Electrical rooms, heating and ventilation systems shall be capable of maintaining the space set point of minimum 13°C (55°F) in winter and maximum of 40°C (104°F) in summer. Mechanical cooling is not preferred. Where mechanical cooling is required review the design with Facilities.
 - .4 All mechanical rooms shall be provided with fire extinguishers distributed as per applicable codes.
 - .5 All penetration sleeves shall extend to a minimum of 25mm (1 in.) above slab.
- .6 <u>Workshop</u>:
 - .1 Ventilation system shall be capable of accommodating the nature of work, including welding, grinding, and similar.

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

- .2 A separate dedicated drainage system shall be provided for drains, <u>Sinks (22 42 01)</u>, and other similar fixtures, and merged with the Sanitary Lab system, if applicable.
- .7 <u>Storage rooms</u>:
 - .1 Ventilation system design shall be capable of providing tempered outdoor air to storage rooms as a minimum.
 - .2 Mechanical systems such as piping, ductwork shall be installed in such maintaining maximum headroom outlined in project requirement.
 - .3 Sprinklers shall be upright pendant with wire cage.

2.2 Electrical

- .1 Janitor rooms:
 - .1 A minimum of one 20A/102V duplex normal power receptacle shall be provided in each janitor room.
- .2 Loading Docks:
 - .1 To be developed.
- .3 <u>Mechanical & Electrical rooms</u>:
 - .1 Motor Control Centers (MCC) shall be located in Mechanical rooms. Consultants shall demonstrate the coordination of the supply of MMC/Starters between trades in construction documents.
 - .2 One campus phone line for emergency shall be provided in main switch gear and/or electrical room.
 - .3 Normal power receptacle(s) (20A) not more than 7.5 m (25 Ft.) apart shall be provided in **M&E** rooms.
 - .4 Minimum one emergency power receptacle shall be provided in main mechanical rooms.
 - .5 Minimum one 50A, 3 phase receptacle for welding purposes shall be provided in main mechanical rooms.
 - .6 At least one emergency light shall be provided in **M&E** rooms.
 - .7 Adequate conduits shall be provided for spare circuits. Spare conduits shall be extended to above ceiling and shall be boxed or troughed at the end.
 - .8 Lighting fixtures shall include T8 LED bulbs.
 - .9 Power distribution panels in **M&E** rooms shall be surface mount (recessed in finished areas).
 - .10 All penetration sleeves shall extend to a minimum of 25mm (1 in.) above slab.
- .11 Workshop:
 - .1 To be developed.
- .12 Storage rooms:
 - .1 Lighting fixtures shall be guarded against damage due to moving objects in the storage rooms.

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Overview

.1 Sports rooms vary considerably based upon design parameters and project or building specifics.

1.2 Design

.1 <u>Definitions</u>:

.1 Change room:

- .1 Design to accommodate *Locker (10 51 00)* spaces with *Benches (10 51 00)*.
- .2 Avoid dead end corridors within the space.
- .2 Entrance and exit doors shall be located separately, or separated by rails, in order to ease people flow, especially in rush hours.

.2 Exercise room:

- .1 Design to accommodate:
 - .1 Check point entrance space; which could accommodate several persons, with related service spaces, including Turnstiles or similar security gates.
 - .3 Exercise space; which should take in consideration training machine sizes and secure circulation spaces around.
- .2 Shall have direct access to natural lighting, or indirectly through skylights.

.3 Gymnasium:

- .1 Design shall accommodate different sport activities as well as major gathering events.
- .2 Shall be built in durable materials to withstand high abuse from.

.4 <u>Shower spaces</u>:

- .1 Shall include <u>Toilet compartments (10 21 00)</u> between showers. Doors ore curtain are optional. Design imperative and ceiling height permitted, shall be Ceiling hung.
- .2 Shower space design shall prevent water spread to adjacent spaces, by curbs or other means installed at every booth, or at the entrance level of the area.
- .3 Spaces to include Washrooms (refer to related section).

.2 General:

.1 Design permitted, Gymnasiums and Exercise rooms, to have direct connection with change rooms, without the need to travel through main corridors.

1.3 Accessories

.1 <u>*Mirrors, framed (08 80 00)*</u>: Shall be installed on Exercise room perimeter, up to 7000mm, installed directly above floor base.

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

VOLUME I H. SPORTS Facilities

2.0 SERVICES

2.1 Mechanical

.1 Xxxxxxxxxx

2.2 Electrical

.1 Xxxxxxxxxxx

2.3 Power and Data outlets

.1 XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

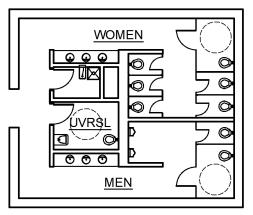
1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Overview

.1 Washrooms to be strategically located – generally on high traffic paths, in order to minimize user's displacements and unnecessary lineups.

1.2 Design

- .1 <u>Definitions:</u>
 - .1 <u>Barrier-Free Compartment</u>: Located within Common Washrooms, to be sized and adapted as per **OBC** requirements.
 - .2 <u>Common Washroom</u>:
 - .1 Includes several Toilets to be segregated by standard height <u>Toilet</u> <u>compartments (10 21 00)</u>. Unless otherwise requested, no Compartment to be installed between Urinals.
 - .2 Where space permits, Common washrooms should be barrier free labyrinth type entrance, with no entrance doors.
 - .3 <u>Universal Washroom</u>: For the use of one person at a time, as defined by **OBC**. To be located on every floor, in addition to the Barrier-Free Compartments located within the Common Washrooms
 - .2 <u>Showers</u>: Spaces permitted, to be placed in Common Washrooms, adjacent to Laboratories: One for males, and one for females.
- .2 <u>General:</u>
 - .1 In new buildings, or extensive renovation projects, all Washrooms to be regrouped in the same vicinity with a common entrance. Additional Individual or independent Washrooms may be added elsewhere, if necessary.



.2 Washroom flooring to have a positive 1% slope toward the drains. In the existing installations, where a slope is difficult, a barrier-free threshold to be installed at the entrance.

1.3 Accessories

- .1 <u>Mirrors</u>:
 - .1 <u>*Mirror, framed (08 80 00)*</u>: Continuous, in one piece, to be installed at 150mm over the top of counter.
 - .2 <u>Mirror for disabled (10 28 10)</u>: To be installed in every Washroom, to accommodate Barrier-Free dedicated <u>Lavatory Sinks (22 42 01)</u>.
- .2 <u>Washroom. Accessories (10 28 10)</u>: Quantities and types to be:
 - .1 In all Washrooms, as applicable:
 - One *<u>Tissue dispenser standard</u>* for each Toilet.
 - One <u>*Heavy duty shelf*</u> in each Toilet, to be mounted at 200 mm on top of <u>*Tissue dispenser*</u>.
 - o One Soap dispenser per 2 Lavatory Sinks (22 42 01).
 - One <u>Waste bin</u> per 4 <u>Lavatory Sinks (22 42 01)</u>.
 - One *Sanitary napkins receptacle* for each female Toilet.
 - One *Individual Hook* for each cubicle.
 - .2 Additional, for Barrier-Free Toilets:
 - One <u>*P.T. hinged offset rail* (10 28 10)</u>, to be installed on the opposite wall space of the grab bars.
 - One <u>Adult change table (10 28 10)</u>, to be installed at least in one Universal Washroom of every new Building.
 - One <u>Portable Ceiling Lift Device (11 14 00)</u>, to be installed at least in one Universal Washroom of every new Building.
 - $\circ~$ Any other as per related Codes (Grab bars and similar).
 - .3 Not acceptable:
 - \circ Recessed Accessories.
 - o Paper towel dispenser (10 28 10), in any Washroom accessible by public.

2.0 SERVICES

2.1 Mechanical

- .1 *Washroom Fixtures (22 42 01)*: Installation criteria to be confirmed by Facilities. In general:
 - o <u>Water Closet:</u>
 - o <u>Manual lever operated</u> for small renovated Washrooms with one Toilet.
 - <u>Sensor activated</u> for Common Washrooms with several Toilets.
 - ∘ <u>Urinals</u>:
 - o <u>Manual lever operated</u> for small renovated Washrooms with one Urinal.
 - o <u>Sensor activated</u> for Common Washrooms with several Urinals.
 - *Water Closet Seat* for every Toilet.
 - <u>Lavatory Sinks</u>:
 - o <u>Manual lever operated</u> for small renovated Washrooms with one <u>Lavatory Sink</u>.
 - <u>Sensor activated faucet</u> for Common washrooms with several <u>Lavatory Sinks</u>.

2.2 Electrical

- .1 *Washroom Fixtures (26 00 00)*: Installation criteria to be:
 - .1 One <u>Electric jet towel hand dryer</u> per 2 <u>Lavatory Sinks (22 42 01)</u>, to be installed in every Washroom.
- .2 <u>Not acceptable</u>: Sensor occupancy mechanism.
- .3 Universal Washrooms door & security operating mechanism:
 - .1 Emergency strobe system and exterior sign to be installed as per **OBC**, and to also be linked to the central security dispatch on Campus. Reduce strobe DB levels to the necessary minimum, to avoid panic among occupants.
 - .2 Interior <u>Actuator Switch (08 70 00)</u> must always unlock the door at any time.
 - .3 "Push to lock" lit button to be installed beside the interior <u>Actuator</u> to deactivate the exterior <u>Actuator</u> while occupied and lock / unlock the door.
 - .4 Interior door <u>Lever (08 70 00)</u> to be always operational (never locked). Door can be manually unlocked and should reactivate the exterior <u>Actuator</u> through a door contact.
 - .5 Outside door <u>Lever (08 70 00)</u> to be always locked with a cylinder key. Outside <u>Door</u> <u>Operator Electrical strike (08 70 00)</u> to not function unless the Washroom is not occupied.
 - .6 Outside <u>Actuator Switch (08 70 00)</u> to be equipped with perimeter lit or additional lit sign, to indicate when Washroom is occupied.

2.3 Power and Data outlets

.1 Xxxxxxx

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

<u>VOLUME I</u>

K. BARRIER-FREE DESIGN

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Overview

- .1 Barrier free design should follow **OBC** requirements, Canadian Standards Barrie-free design, Accessibility Standards (CAN/CSA-B651) for the Built Environment, all other regulations and special owner or users request specifics to the project. **AODA** part IV.1 & IV.2 is currently applicable for all exterior pathways, routes, ramps, and similar; and public customer services spaces (e.g.: service counters). In case of contradiction, the most stringent shall prevail.
- .2 Always verify with users and **Facilities**, the extent and applicability of such Codes into the specifics of each project.

1.2 Design

- .1 <u>Spaces:</u> Design to take in consideration <u>the following</u>:
 - .1 Rooms dedicated to general public, such as Public spaces, Classrooms, Laboratories, Administration spaces, and similar, shall have barrier-free accommodations. (number to vary based on OBC requirements).Refer to related sections for special requirements.
 - .2 Free manoeuvering spaces in front of accessible cubicles in W.C., in order not to interfere with other occupants' activities.
 - .3 Exceptions:
 - .1 Spaces which contain hazardous materials that require highly trained persons, or special procedures, such as classified Labs, Animal care and similar facilities may be exempted from barrier-free requirements However, this issue should be approved by **UofO's** users and accepted by the City.
 - .2 Maintenance spaces that require qualified personnel, such **M&E** spaces, Janitor, and similar, do not require barrier-free accommodations.
- .2 Pathways:
 - .1 Avoid Wall or furniture projections or special design features in barrier-free paths of travel.
 - .2 Exterior ramps to be concrete heated and have a canopy.

1.3 Furniture & Accessories

- .1 <u>General Accessories'</u> height shall conform with barrier-free requirements in the designated areas.
- .2 <u>Coat hooks (10 28 10)</u>: Shall be installed at accessible heights (three minimum), where several units are required in the space.
- .3 <u>Portable Ceiling lift Device (11 14 00)</u>: Shall be installed in a total enclosed and acoustically insulated environment in special accessible W.C. designated by **Facilities**.
- .4 <u>Reception Counter desks</u>: Shall accommodate at least one disabled receptionist and a visitor in wheelchair.
- .5 <u>Accessible Table, Adjustable & Motorized (12 50 00)</u>: Shall be provided in all Classroom and

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

<u>VOLUME I</u>

K. BARRIER-FREE DESIGN

similar spaces with fixed tables. Quantity as prescribed by Codes, size as necessary, but not less than 750mm x 480mm clear space underneath, with 1100mm preferred space on the back.

- .6 <u>Millwork (06 10 00) Stand-up Counters</u>: Shall be provided with a barrier-free section.
- .7 Lab areas:
 - .1 Unless deemed hazardous or highly specialized, each Lab space shall include accommodations for people with disabilities, including at least one <u>Lab furniture</u> <u>countertop units (12 35 00)</u>, <u>Emergency showers and eye wash</u>, <u>Laboratory Sinks (22 42 01)</u>, and other related accessories and features.
 - .2 Accessible *Fume hoods* (12 35 00), shall be provided in each Lab space, if deemed important to the operations for every user. To be discussed with **Facilities**.
- .8 <u>Motorized systems or open pathways</u>: Building Codes & Regulations permitted, doorways in the following location are to be kept open or doors to be provided with <u>Door Operators (08 70</u> <u>00)</u>:
 - .1 Within main corridors, leading to general public spaces.
 - .2 At floor entrances, vestibules, and washrooms.
 - .3 At large classrooms and auditoriums, where the number of occupants exceeds 60 persons.
 - .4 Where the clearances do not meet **OBC** accessibility requirements.
- .9 <u>Universal Barrier-Free Washroom or Accessible stall accessories</u>: .1 Refer to "**VOLUME I – I. Washroom**".
- .10 Door sizes:
 - .1 Refer to "VOLUME I O. Door Schedule".

2.0 SERVICES

2.1 General

.1 Height of Electrical and data, controls outlets, Mechanical services (water fountains, and similar) shall conform with barrier-free requirements in the designated areas.

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

<u>VOLUME I</u>

L. STRUCTURAL DESIGN

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Overview

- .1 The **UofO** advocates matching the built surrounding environment, best practices, City bylaws or any other particular or specific parameters based on the existing conditions or project specifics. Descriptions in this section have been developed to outline the general requirements for the structural system for the project.
- .2 Any design loads recommended in this narrative are a minimum. It remains the responsibility of the Project Structural Engineer of Record to confirm all loading requirements with the Building Code and to ensure the structural design meets the indicative design intent and building code.

1.2 Design

- .1 Unless otherwise noted, the Importance Category for new buildings to be designated as Normal.
- .2 In new Buildings, structural systems shall allow flexibility for future alteration, by prioritizing flat concrete structural slabs & shear walls, that do not require any special fire-protection coating systems which may be damaged during space alterations. Budget permitting, if built in steel, structural elements to be protected by *Intumescent coating (07 80 00)*.
- .3 Provide concrete retaining walls for all exterior landscape elements were indicated by the Landscape consultant. Provide heavy duty slabs on grade where required for heavy loading from vehicular traffic or heavy equipment.
- .4 Superimposed Dead Loads: The design of the structure shall specifically account for vertical loads imposed on the building by systems or elements that do not act as part of the primary structural system. The design shall also include anticipated superimposed dead loads in any seismic load combinations.

2.0 TECHNICAL NOTES

2.1 Vibration Mitigation

- .1 Design and construction are to mitigate vibration especially caused by mechanical equipment.
- .2 Unless project specifics, vibration sensors shall be installed within buildings adjacent to the new construction site, to monitor construction vibration activity. Vibrations due to rock excavation shall be kept to a minimum to allow existing vibration sensitive research facilities to remain fully functional during construction.

2.2 Deflection Limitations

- .1 Unless project specifics, limit Roof assembly deflection due to specified live load to L/360 of span. Limit Floor assembly deflection as follow:
 - .1 Live Load Deflection = L/360.
 - .2 Long-Term Deflection = L/480.
 - .3 Specified Total Load = L/240.

2.3 Loading

- .1 <u>Live Loads</u>: Shall conform to the minimum standards for use and occupancy of the **OBC**, or to project specifics, whichever is greater. The design live loads shall be indicated on plan.
- .2 <u>Dead Loads</u>: The building shall be designed to support the actual weight of all materials, finishes, ceilings, partitions, shielding, piping, and ductwork. Assumed weights shall be indicated on the design documents.

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<u>VOLUME I</u>

L. STRUCTURAL DESIGN

- .3 Useless project specifics, below are the recommended loading conditions for the building. Higher gravity loads may be required depending on the exact use.
 - .1 Corridors, lobbies and aisles: 4.8 kPa
 - .2 Equipment areas and service rooms: 3.6 kPa
 - .3 Exits and fire escapes: 4.8 kPa
 - .4 Footbridges: 4.8 kPa
 - .5 Office areas above the first storey: 2.4 kPa
 - .6 Offices at and below the first storey: 4.8 kPa
 - .7 Operating rooms and laboratories: 3.6 kPa
 - .8 Classrooms, Cafeteria and similar: 4.8 kPa
 - .9 Roofs: 1.0 kPa minimum. Base snow loads plus drift per **OBC**, with IS (ULS) = 1.15 and IS (SLS) = 0.9
 - .10 Green roofs: 7.2 kPa (to be verified with proposed landscaping)
 - .11 Seismic per **OBC** at a minimum, however **NBCC** is recommended. IE (ULS) = 1.3

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

VOLUME I M. BUILDING ENVELOPE

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Overview

.1 **UofO** advocates matching the surrounding built environment, best practices, City bylaws or any other particular or specific parameters based on the existing conditions or project specifics.

2.0 TECHNICAL AND OTHER CRITERIA

2.1 Aspect

- .1 Cladding materials for walls and high sloped roofs shall be durable, easy to maintain and to clean. At grade levels and all similar accessible areas, to be abuse resistant.
- .2 Special consideration shall be taken on designing entrances, to include canopies or other means of protection from weather conditions.
- .3 Building overhead pop-outs shall be avoided over pedestrian circulating areas, unless designed in a way to prevent roof snow avalanche.
- .4 Special consideration shall be taken for traffic protection especially at loading docks, by the means of bollards, corner guards and similar.

2.2 Building Envelope performance

- .1 Achieve total thermal insulation of the building envelope by ensuring continuity of insulating products from the foundation walls up to the roof, minimizing thermal bridging. Exterior wall assemblies to be designed as complete cavity insulated assemblies with all required thermal values installed on exterior face of air and vapour barriers. Thermally broken anchors, supports and clips shall be used to secure cladding to structure. Thermal break shall be located within the continuous insulating layer.
- .2 Achieve complete, uninterrupted moisture and Air/Vapour tightness of the building envelope, ensuring continuity from foundation walls up to and including the roof, covering all surfaces, also ensuring continuity with existing surfaces. Building enclosure elements shall prevent condensation on exposed/concealed interior surfaces caused by water vapour diffusion or air leakage, by maintaining temperatures above the dew point, using Air/Vapour membrane seal on the warm side of the insulation.
- .3 Not acceptable:
 - .1 Hybrid systems consisting of adding *Flexible Insulation (07 20 00)* within the stud cavity except in concealed difficult- to-reach conditions. To be approved by **Facilities**.
 - .2 Any type of <u>Insulation (07 20 00)</u> located on the warm side of the Vapor Barrier membrane line, except for <u>Sprayed Polyurethane Insulation (07 20 00)</u> in very specific locations; or as an added insulating value (for an average thickness of ± 25mm) where the proportion of overall RSI value of the insulation system is at least 80% on the cold

side, and 20% on the warm side. To be approved by **Facilities**.

- .3 Using a Vapor Retarder (Semi-Impermeable) material as a substitute of Vapor Barrier (Impermeable) material, unless approved by **Facilities** and subject to low level moisture conditions.
- .4 Face sealed systems, relying on the exterior wall cladding to be the sole and principal weather shield.

Permeance ng/s∙m²∙Pa (perm)	Term	Class
< 5.72 (< 0.1)	Vapour impermeable	Class I Vapour Retarder (or Vapour Barrier)
5.72 – 572 (0.1 – 1.0)	Semi-impermeable	Class II Vapour Retarder
572 – 5721 (1 - 10)	Semi-permeable	Class III Vapour Retarder
> 5721 (10)	Vapour permeable	

2.3 Drainage

- .1 The exterior wall systems shall follow the Rain Screen principles, with design pressureequalization airspace, vented and drained to the exterior, within the wall construction. All cladding elements to be designed to evacuate water from back cavities with an adequate pressure-equalized continuous drainage cavity outside of exterior wall structural.
- .2 Lower cladding drainage line to be installed at 150mm in height minimum over grade level.
- .3 Provide *Insect screens (07 40 00)* in exterior cladding systems, whenever gaps exceed 6mm.

.4 <u>Not acceptable</u>:

.1 Drainage line from one building components through another. e.g. Wall cavity cladding through Curtain Wall Mullion cap.

2.4 Compatibility

- .1 All installed components to be compatible with each other. Including, but not limited to:
 - .1 Non-compatible materials EDM, PVC, TPO, asphalt or bituminous materials shall be separated using felt membranes, prefinished metal sheets or other similar features.
 - .2 The junctions or interfaces of dissimilar metals shall have an electrolytic separation device or appropriate membrane, to prevent electrolytic corrosion and metal degradation.

2.5 Compartmentalization

- .1 Provide Wind compartmentalization in cladding cavity wall systems, applied vertically @ 9000mm o/c average (±1000mm from building corners).
- .2 If exterior cavity exceeds 25mm, and a combustible or foam plastic insulation is used in the cavity with a flame spread exceeding 25, provide fire compartmentalization (metal sheets or similar) distanced 20m horizontally / 3m vertically in walls, and 20m in soffits, as per **OBC**2012, 3.1.11.2; and 2012, 3.1.11.5(2).

2.6 Structural

.1 Refer to section "**VOLUME I - N. Interior Work**".

2.7 Protection

- .1 Apply <u>Anti-graffiti shield (09 96 00)</u> on all exterior rough surfaces susceptible to be vandalized on new buildings. Protected surfaces –up to 3000m higher than any accessible level, to include walls and high sloped roofs at the following locations:
 - .1 Perimeter at grade level.
 - .2 Perimeter at roof levels accessible to public, patios, terraces, and similar.
 - .3 Any similar, as per project specifics.

2.8 Bird Friendly Design

- .1 Bird friendly Design parameters shall be considered generally on the first 12m of a building (tree canopy height):
 - .1 To follow as a minimum the CSA A460-19 Bird-Friendly Building Design Standards.
 - .2 Design well-articulated buildings where structures are easily distinguishable from the natural environment.

VOLUME I M. BUILDING ENVELOPE

- .3 Avoid parallel glass.
- .4 Avoid at grade glass rails.
- .5 Ensure ground level ventilation grates have a porosity of less than 20mm X 20mm (or 40 mm x 10 mm).
- .6 Ensure lighting is 'Dark Sky' compliant. Lower lighting angles.
- .7 Plant lush landscape immediately adjacent to windows.
- .8 Incorporate features that reduce or break-up reflections or transparency of glass: overhangs, louvers, window treatments, awnings, external screens, lattice or grillwork.
- .9 Use <u>Bird Friendly Glass (**08 80 00**)</u> treatments (fritting, etching, film, frosting and similar), located on the outside of the glass, visible in all light conditions, as per the above-mentioned standard.

2.9 Green Roofs:

- .1 Design permitted; avoid plant material in the following locations:
 - .1 Underneath roof lines unless there is built in irrigation.
 - .2 Within 2 feet of south or west facing walls, unless irrigated weekly (during growing season), as reflected light will cause excessive loss of soil moisture.
 - .3 Underneath downspouts and drip lines.
 - .4 In corners where snow tends to drift during winter.
 - .5 In shady areas, those that get less than 3 hours of direct sunlight per day—too shady for sedums.
 - .6 Locations with constricted air movement.
 - .7 Areas where there is reflected light from white membrane, glass and skylights, unless there is a built-in irrigation system and access to water at least once per week.
 - .8 Areas where there is excessive heat below roof deck, such as from steam or hot water pipes. Use pavers or stone ballast in such areas.
 - .9 Any area where water pools on the roof.
 - .10 Within 10 feet of the leeward side of wind screens unless they extend to the ground. If there is a gap, the wind will blow under it, accelerate, and dry out the plants.
 - .11 Under landscape lighting that is close enough to plant material to throw heat onto the plant material.
- .2 Depending on vegetation type, to take into consideration ANSI/SPRI VF-1 external Fire Design Standard for Vegetated roofs leaving buffer zones (vegetation free) at:
 - .1 Building elevated facades,
 - .2 Between vegetated areas.
 - .3 Around mechanical and other penetrations.

2.9 Energy

.1 Refer to section "VOLUME I - S. Energy and Sustainably".

VOLUME I M. BUILDING ENVELOPE

3.0 SYSTEMS

3.1 Systems Assemblies

- .1 Refer to **"VOLUME VI Appendix DV. Building Envelope Details"** Series and related notes for proposed connection details.
- .2 All building envelope components are subject to **Facilities**' approval. **Facilities** reserves the right to request Hygrothermal or any other analysis, for any assembly or configuration that differ from the examples or indicated systems.
- .3 Unless otherwise noted, all listed assemblies apply for new buildings. Repairs or alterations to existing buildings to match adjacencies depending on conditions and availability. Glazing types may be upgraded, depending on project and design specifics.
- .4 <u>Notes</u>:
 - .1 Depending on the type of plants, all Green roofs shall be provided with non-freezing Hose Bibs. To be confirmed by **Facilities**.
 - .2 Soffits to be vented to the exterior or heated to the interior.
- .5 Not acceptable:
 - .1 EIFS (Exterior Insulation Finish System) wall systems.
 - .2 PVC cladding system.
 - .3 Ceramic cladding system.
 - .4 Thin brick "light" cladding systems.
 - .5 Window wall systems.
 - .6 Curtain wall systems over blind walls (e.g. Concrete sheer walls).
 - .7 Shadow boxes (deep spandrel panels) in curtain wall assemblies.
 - .8 Single unit <u>Glazing (08 80 00)</u> units in new buildings.
 - .9 PVC window frames.
- .6 Insulation thickness, Frames, Glazing types or other similar, to depend on the Energy targets set for the building.
- .7 Unless otherwise noted, exterior doors to be as follow:
 - .1 <u>Exits</u>:
 - Pressed Steel Frames For Exterior Doors, Insulated (08 11 00).
 - <u>Hollow Metal Exterior Doors, Insulated (08 11 00)</u>, with <u>Sealed Glazed Vision Units</u> (08 80 00).
 - .2 <u>Entrances</u>:
 - Frames In Aluminum, Tubular Extrusions For Curtain Wall, Windows And Exterior Doors, Regular Or With S.S.G., Anodized Or Prepainted (08 40 00); Or Frames In Aluminum, Tubular Extrusions For Curtain Wall, Windows And Exterior Doors, With High Thermal Resistance, Regular And For S.S.G. Anodized Or Prepainted (08 40 00); Or Frames In Aluminum, Tubular Extrusions For Light Curtain Wall, Windows And Exterior Doors. Anodized Or Prepainted (08 40 00); Or Frames In Aluminum, Tubular Extrusions For Exterior Doors And Vision Panels Anodized Or Prepainted, Storefront (08 40 00).
 - Aluminum Exterior Swinging Glazed Doors, Insulated Anodized Or Prepainted (08 80 00), with Sealed Glazed Vision Units (08 80 00).

3.2 Typical Assemblies

.1 <u>Glazing & Openings</u>:

C01 – Strip window, Curtain Wall & Glazing (for large Glazed surfaces, Atriums and similar – and for Strip or Punch windows in Institutional Buildings and similar).

- + Frames In Aluminum, Tubular Extrusions For Curtain Wall, Windows And Exterior Doors, Regular Or With S.S.G., Anodized Or Prepainted (08 40 00); Or Frames In Aluminum, Tubular Extrusions For Curtain Wall, Windows And Exterior Doors, With High Thermal Resistance, Regular And For S.S.G. Anodized Or Prepainted (08 40 00); Or Frames In Aluminum, Tubular Extrusions For Light Curtain Wall, Windows And Exterior Doors. Anodized Or Prepainted (08 40 00).
- + <u>Aluminum Curtain Wall Frame Covers, Anodized Or Prepainted (08 40 00)</u>; Or <u>Sun Control</u> <u>Screens, Aluminum, Anodized Or Prepainted (08 40 00)</u> - On chosen locations; Or <u>Structural</u> <u>Silicone Adhesive Sealant (08 80 00)</u> - With S.S.G. frames.
- + <u>Sealed Glazed Vision Units, Regular Or With S.S.G (08 80 00)</u>; Or <u>Insulated Sandwich</u> <u>Panels In Aluminum, Anodized Or Prepainted (08 40 00)</u>; Or similar.

C02 – Spandrel Panel (for large Glazed surfaces, Atriums and similar).

- + <u>Opaque Glass For Spandrel Panels (08 80 00); Or Sealed Unit With Ceramic Frit (08 80 00);</u> Or <u>Cladding Panels In Aluminum, Anodized Or Prepainted (08 40 00)</u>; Or similar.
- + Mineral Fiber Semi-Rigid Board Insulation For Curtain Wall (07 20 00).
- + Cold Formed Galvanized Steel, Air/Vapour Barrier Pans (08 40 00).

C03 – Skylight (for general use, depending on project and design specifics).

- + Frames In Aluminum, Tubular Extrusions For Skylight, Anodized Or Prepainted (08 40 00).
- + Aluminum Skylight Frame Covers, Anodized Or Prepainted (08 40 00).
- + Sealed Glazed Vision Units, Tempered & Laminated (08 80 00).

C04 – Sectional Window (for Residential Buildings and similar).

- + <u>Windows In Aluminum, Anodized Or Prepainted Extruded Sections, With High Thermal</u> <u>Resistance (08 40 00)</u>.
- + <u>Sealed glazed vision units, regular or with S.S.G (08 80 00)</u>; Or <u>Insulated sandwich panels in</u> <u>aluminum, anodized or prepainted (08 40 00)</u>; Or similar.
- .2 Decks & Slabs:

D01 – Slab on grade (for general use, depending on project and design specifics).

+ Concrete Slab-On-Grade (Struct.).

- + Polyolefin Vapour Barrier Membrane (07 10 00).
- + Granular Fill (Stone Dust) (Struct.).

D02 – Grating (for general use, depending on project and design specifics).

- + Foot Grill (12 48 00) + Drainage Pan (As Necessary).
- + Elastomeric Waterproofing Membrane; Or Cementitious Waterproofing (07 10 00).
- + Concrete Slab (Struct.).

.3 Foundation Walls:

F01 – Composite (for general use, depending on project and design specifics).

- + <u>Extruded Expanded Polystyrene Board Wall Insulation With Modified Concrete Facing (07 20</u> <u>00)</u> - on above grade exposed foundations 200mm or higher, and 150mm below grade.
- + Drainage Board (07 10 00) on underground exposed membrane and insulation).
- + <u>Bituminous Damp Proofing Membrane (07 10 00)</u> on total height of foundation walls; Or <u>Applied Asphalt Waterproofing Membrane (07 10 00)</u> on total height of foundation walls; Or <u>Cementitious Waterproofing (07 10 00)</u> on total height of foundation walls, with high exposure to water elevator pits, or similar; Or <u>Elastomeric Waterproofing Membrane (07 10 00)</u> on total height of foundation walls, with high exposure to water, on concrete surface subject to cracks or shear movements; Or <u>Self-Adhering Waterproofing Membrane (07 10 00)</u> on total height of foundation walls, with high hydrostatic pressure, elevator pits, or similar.
- + Concrete Foundation Wall (Struct.).

F02 – Plaster (in less exposed and non-traffic areas).

- + Plaster System For Foundation Walls (07 20 00) up to 150mm below grade.
- + <u>Lightweight Concrete Board (05 40 00)</u> attached to metal furring, on above grade exposed foundations 200mmor higher, and 150mm below grade.
- + Insulation, Waterproofing, etc., similar to "F01" composition.
- .4 Parapets:

P01 - Vertical Framed Surface (for general use, depending on project and design specifics).

- + <u>Modified bitumen two-ply exposed flashing membrane, granule surfaced (07 50 00)</u> and <u>Metal flashing and coping, galvanized or pre-painted (07 40 00)</u> - only if wood Substrate is used.
- + <u>Glass fiber mat faced, silicone core, gypsum exterior wall sheathing board (05 40 00)</u>; Or <u>Lightweight concrete board (05 40 00)</u>; Or <u>Plywood panel, pressure treated, water-resistant</u> (07 50 00).
- + <u>Extruded Expanded Polystyrene Board Wall Insulation (07 20 00)</u> to prevent the thermal bridges over studs.
- + Exterior structural steel stud system, galvanized (05 40 00).
- + <u>Glass fiber flexible insulation (07 20 00)</u> to fill cavities within parapets supporting systems.
- P02 Vertical Solid Surface (for general use, depending on project and design specifics).
- + <u>Modified bitumen two-ply exposed flashing membrane, granule surfaced (07 50 00)</u> and <u>Metal flashing and coping, galvanized or pre-painted (07 40 00)</u> - only if wood Substrate is used.
- + <u>Glass fiber mat faced, silicone core, gypsum exterior wall sheathing board (05 40 00)</u>; Or <u>Lightweight concrete board (05 40 00)</u>; Or <u>Plywood panel, pressure treated, water-resistant</u> (07 50 00).
- + <u>Extruded Expanded Polystyrene Board Wall Insulation (07 20 00)</u> to prevent the thermal bridges over studs, and <u>Metal Furring, For Application With Rigid Insulation (07 20 00)</u>.
- + <u>Inter Connecting Air/Vapor Barrier Membrane (07 50 00)</u>, Or <u>Vapor Barrier Membrane (07 50</u> <u>00)</u>.
- + <u>Concrete</u> Masonry Units (04 80 00) vertically and horizontally reinforced.

P03 – Parapet's Tops (for general use, depending on project and design specifics).

- + <u>Metal flashing and coping, galvanized or pre-painted (07 40 00)</u>; Or <u>Flashing and coping in</u> <u>aluminum, anodized (07 40 00)</u>; Or <u>Aluminum flashing and coping, prepainted (07 40 00)</u>; Or similar.
- + Modified Bitumen Sub-Layer Flashing Membrane (07 50 00).
- + <u>Glass Fiber Mat Faced, Silicone Core, Gypsum Exterior Wall Sheathing Board (05 40 00)</u>; Or <u>Lightweight Concrete Board (05 40 00)</u>; Or <u>Plywood Panel, Pressure Treated, Water-</u> <u>Resistant (07 50 00)</u>.
- + Exterior Structural Steel Stud System, Galvanized (05 40 00)
- + <u>Extruded Expanded Polystyrene Board Wall Insulation (07 20 00)</u>; and <u>Glass Fiber Flexible</u> <u>Insulation (07 20 00)</u> (To fill cavities within supporting systems).
- .5 Roofs:

R01 – Conventional (for general use and roofs filled with Mechanical and other equipment – and in renovation projects, where the current structural capacity is inadequate to sustain any additional load).

- + <u>Modified bitumen two-ply exposed roofing membrane, granule surfaced (07 50 00)</u> Glued or torched.
- + <u>Fiberboard panels, regular (07 50 00)</u>; Or <u>Perlite panels, regular and sloped (07 50 00)</u> Glued.
- + <u>Expanded polystyrene board roof insulation, with laminated fiberboard (07 50 00)</u>; Or <u>Expanded polystyrene board roof insulation, sloped (07 50 00)</u>; Or <u>Expanded polystyrene</u> <u>board roof insulation, w/ sloped laminated fiberboard (07 50 00)</u>; Or <u>Polyisocyanurate board</u> <u>roof insulation, regular and sloped (07 50 00)</u> - Glued.
- + <u>Organic felt reinforced two-ply asphalt roofing membrane (07 50 00)</u>; Or <u>Asphalt laminated</u> <u>kraft paper vapour barrier (07 50 00)</u>; Or <u>Vapour barrier membrane, asphalt or adhesive</u> <u>applied (07 50 00)</u>; Or <u>Modified bitumen one-ply vapour barrier membrane, self-adhesive,</u> <u>torch or adhesive applied (07 50 00)</u> - Glued or torched.
- + <u>Glass fibre mat faced, silicone core gypsum roof sheathing board, regular and primed (07 50</u> <u>00)</u>
- + Concrete slab (Struct.); Or <u>Glass Fiber Mat Faced, Silicone Core Gypsum Roof Sheathing</u> <u>Board</u>; Or <u>Lightweight concrete board (05 40 00</u>) - mechanically fastened to steel deck (Struct.).

R02 – Inverted (for terraces or occupied roofing areas).

- + <u>Gravel ballast (07 50 00);</u> Or Concrete Walking Pads.
- + <u>Woven fabric membrane (07 50 00)</u>.
- + <u>Extruded expanded polystyrene board roof insulation (07 50 00)</u> loose.
- + Roof drainage board (07 50 00) loose.
- + Polyethylene film separation membrane (07 50 00).
- + <u>Modified bitumen two-ply protected roofing membrane (07 50 00)</u> Glued or torched); Or <u>Hot</u> <u>applied modified asphalt protected roofing membrane (07 50 00)</u>.
- + <u>Concrete</u> slab (Struct.); Or <u>Glass Fiber Mat Faced, Silicone Core Gypsum Roof Sheathing</u> <u>Board</u>; Or <u>Lightweight concrete board (05 40 00</u>) - mechanically fastened to steel deck (Struct.).

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

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R03 – Extensive (Light) Green system (for general use, depending on project imperatives, especially on low-level roofs which could be seen from higher floors, or large exposed surfaces – and for renovation projects, where the current structural capacity is adequate to sustain the additional load).

- + Tray Vegetated System (07 50 00).
- + <u>Anti-Root barrier (07 50 00)</u>.
- + Roof drainage board (07 50 00).
- + Membrane, Insulation, etc.: Same as "R01 Conventional".

R04 – Intensive (Heavy) Green system (for low level terraces, depending on project depending on project imperatives).

- + <u>Growing Medium (07 50 00)</u>.
- + Anti-Root barrier (07 50 00).
- + Roof drainage board (07 50 00).
- + Membrane, Insulation, etc.: Same as "R02 Inverted" without ballast.

R05 – Shingles (for replacement of similar systems).

- + <u>Asphalt shingles (07 30 00)</u> on sloped roofs; Or similar.
- + <u>Roofing felt underlayment (07 30 00)</u>
- + <u>Glass fiber reinforced modified bitumen waterproofing membrane for roofing (07 30 00)</u> for leaves -1500mm min. wide, ridges and valleys around openings.
- + <u>Wood</u> Deck; Or similar (Struct.).
- .6 <u>Soffits</u>:

S01 - Metal (for general use, depending on project and design specifics).

- + <u>Cladding panel system in aluminum, anodized or prepainted (07 40 00)</u> with <u>Galvanized</u> <u>Steel Sub-Girt System For Walls (07 40 00)</u>.
- + Brackets, insulation & substrates: Similar to exterior walls "W" Series.

.7 Exterior Walls:

W01 - Masonry Veneer (for general use, depending on project and design specifics).

- + <u>Clay Brick;</u> Or <u>Concrete Masonry Units (04 80 00)</u>; Or <u>Manufactured Stone Masonry Units (04</u> <u>80 00)</u>; Or <u>Natural Stone Masonry (04 80 00)</u>; Or Similar.
- + <u>Air</u> Space 38mm min.
- + <u>Mineral Fiber Semi-Rigid Board Cavity Wall Insulation (07 20 00)</u>; Or <u>Polyisocyanurate Board</u> <u>Wall Insulation (07 20 00)</u>; Or <u>Sprayed Polyurethane Insulation (07 20 00)</u>.
- <u>Modified Bitumen, Air/Vapour Barrier Sheet Membrane, Self-Adhesive (07 10 00)</u> for General use and transition); Or <u>Liquid Emulsion Air and Vapour Barrier Membrane (07 10 00)</u>
 - for General Use; Or <u>Modified Bitumen Air/Vapour Barrier Sheet Membrane, Thermofusible</u> <u>Grade (07 10 00)</u> - at high moisture conditions.
- + <u>Concrete Masonry Units (04 80 00)</u> Vertically and Horizontally Reinforced; Or Structural Concrete elements; Or <u>Glass Mat Exterior Gypsum Wall Sheathing Board (05 40 00)</u> & <u>Exterior Structural Steel Stud System, Galvanized (05 40 00)</u>.

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W02 – Cladding (for general use, depending on project and design specifics).

- + <u>Cladding Panel System In Aluminum, Prepainted (08 40 00)</u>; Or <u>Class Fiber Reinforced</u> <u>Concrete Cladding Panels (07 40 00)</u>, with Trim joint reveals; Or Similar; with <u>Calvanized</u> <u>Steel Sub-Girt System For Walls (07 40 00)</u>,
- + Air Space 25mm or 38mm (within the system).
- + <u>Galvanized Steel sub-girt System for Walls (07 40 00)</u> vertically & horizontally, with <u>Thermal</u> <u>Breaks (07 40 00)</u>; Or <u>Thermally Broken Sub-spacers (07 40 00)</u>.
- + Insulation, Substrate, etc.: Similar to "W01" System.

W03 – Corrugated Metal (for facades hidden from public view, or for Mechanical penthouses and similar).

- + <u>Exterior Metal Siding Panels, Galvanized (07 40 00)</u> Galvalum Plus; Or <u>Exterior Metal</u> <u>Siding Panels, Prepainted (07 40 00)</u>.
- + Air Space 25mm (within the system).
- + <u>Galvanized Steel sub-girt System for Walls (07 40 00)</u> vertically & horizontally, with <u>Thermal</u> <u>breaks (07 40 00)</u>; Or <u>Thermally broken sub- spacers (07 40 00)</u>.
- + Mineral Fiber Semi-Rigid Board Siding Wall Insulation, Medium Density (07 20 00).
- + Interior Metal Liner Panels, Prepainted (07 40 00) applied against structural steel girts.
- + <u>Steel</u>, Primed, Structural Sections (Struct.).

W04 - Precast Concrete (for general use, depending on project and design specifics).

- + <u>Precast Concrete Insulated Sandwich Panels (03 45 00)</u> Exterior and interior skin.
- + Polyisocyanurate Board Wall Insulation (07 20 00) between Concrete panels.
- + <u>Modified bitumen, air/vapour barrier sheet and thru-wall flashing membranes, self-adhesive</u> (07 10 00) - around sandwich panels perimeter, extended 200mm.

W10 - Blocking of openings (for blocking exiting openings or similar).

- + <u>Gypsum Board, Regular (09 20 00)</u> 16mm.
- + Metal Furring, Galvanized (09 20 00) 22mm @ 400mm O/C.
- + Modified Bitumen, Air/Vapour Barrier Sheet Membrane, Self-Adhesive (07 10 00).
- + Extruded Expanded Polystyrene Board Wall Insulation (07 20 00) 25mm.
- + Exterior Structural Steel Stud System, Galvanized (05 40 00) 42mm @ 400mm O/C.
- + Cavity Space Filled With Glass Fiber Flexible Insulation (07 20 00).
- + Existing Window Frame to Remain.
- + Lightweight Concrete Board (05 40 00) with Sealed Edges.
- + Galvanized Steel Sub-Girt System For Walls (07 40 00) Vertical, 25mm @ 400mm O/C.
- + Glass Fiber Reinforced Concrete Cladding Panels (07 40 00).

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VOLUME I N. INTERIOR WORK, PARTITIONS & ACOUSTICAL

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Overview

.1 Non withstand the cases where Building Code allows combustible constructions, only noncombustible partition construction should be used, unless applied to repair or match existing combustible conditions.

2.0 TECHNICAL AND OTHER CRITERIA

2.1 Height

- .1 In general, partitions to be full height <u>in the following locations</u>:
 - .1 Corridors, Halls, and similar common spaces.
 - .2 Classrooms, Teaching labs, Meeting room other similar spaces.
 - .3 Wherever there is a special acoustical necessity.
- .2 In spaces places where sound attenuation is not an issue, or whenever sound tests allows it, partitions may stop at 150mm above ceiling height.
- .3 Avoid terminating partitions under ceiling height, unless working in an existing –difficult to reach area, or in flexible design spaces.
- .4 <u>Notes:</u>
 - .1 Unless any particular necessity, in non-Fire-Rated full-height Gypsum board partitions, substitute all Gypsum board types above ceiling level, with Regular *gypsum board (09 20 00)*, same thickness.

2.2 Thicknesses

- .1 As necessary by design specifics, <u>but not less than</u>:
 - .1 16mm for *Board material (09 20 00)*.
 - .2 92mm for <u>Steel Stud System (09 20 00)</u>.
 - .3 150mm for <u>Concrete Masonry Units (04 80 00)</u>.

2.3 Structural

- .1 Provide slot connection and gaps as necessary to accommodate structural deflection, which includes, but is not limited to:
 - .1 Exterior cladding support ("z" sub-girts, hat channels, or other).
 - .2 Curtain wall mullions, window support.
 - .3 Masonry, Glazing or Drywall's partition systems, using double tracks, moldings or similar approved.
- .2 Maximum deflections: L/360th of span (ceilings), L/240th of span (partitions).
- .2 All Walls, Partitions and Glazed partitions to comply with **OBC**, section 4, (Loads on walls acting as guards), for all walls where the floor elevation on one side (including around a shaft) is more than 600mm higher than the elevation of the floor or ground on the other side.

3.0 SYSTEMS

3.1 Systems criteria

- .1 General Application Location:
 - .1 *Gypsum board, regular or fire-resistant (09 20 00)*: General use for walls and ceilings.

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- .2 <u>Mould and moisture resistant gypsum board, regular or fire-resistant (09 20 00)</u>: High moisture spaces and similar.
- .3 <u>Glass mat water resistant gypsum board, regular or fire-resistant (09 20 00)</u>: or <u>Llightweight concrete board (05 40 00)</u>: High humid exposed spaces, showers, and all surfaces under ceramic, porcelain, thin brick cladding, Porcelain tiles and similar.
- .4 <u>Abuse resistant gypsum board, regular or fire-resistant (09 20 00)</u>: Corridors, high traffic and all similar spaces.
- .5 <u>High impact resistant gypsum board, regular and fire-resistant (09 20 00)</u>: Corridors, Halls, and all common spaces in Residencies and all similar high abuse spaces.
- .6 <u>Acoustical gypsum board (09 20 00)</u>: Spaces with particular requests for sound attenuation.
- .7 <u>Concrete Masonry Units (04 80 00)</u>: Stairwells, Elevator shafts, Garbage chutes, Mechanical, Machine shops, and all similar and high abuse spaces.
- .8 <u>Demountable Partitions (10 22 00)</u>, with <u>Glass fibre flexible acoustical buffer (07 20</u> <u>00)</u>: Generally in office spaces, Classrooms, temporary spaces or at any location requiring flexibility in design.

3.2 Systems Assemblies

- .1 All partition components shall be approved by **Facilities**.
- .2 Refer to "VOLUME VI Appendix DP. Partition Details" Series and related notes for proposed connection details especially related to Fire-Rated systems.
- .3 Suggested Assemblies:

Number of layers, gauge, thickness to General Application Locations, Fire-Separation, Acoustical parameters and Structural Criteria, using <u>Steel Stud System, Regular, Galvanized</u> (09 20 00) or <u>Concrete Masonry Units</u> (04 80 00) as substrates.

4.0 ACOUSTICAL PERFORMANCE

4.1 Sound attenuation

- .1 <u>Mineral Fibre Acoustical Bat Insulation (07 20 00)</u>: To fill cavities in acoustical rated partitions, as well as in the following or similar conditions:
 - .1 On top of folding panel partitions.
 - .2 In door / vision panel / window frame cavities or similar if partition containing these elements is filled with acoustic insulation.
 - .3 In all concealed voids between partitions and exterior window mullions and other similar adjacent spaces.
 - .4 In the flute metal decks, on top of the partition, if sound insulated.
- .2 Where partitions with acoustical characteristic cannot extend full-height, acoustical integrity to be maintained by one of the following or similar methods:
 - .1 Adding <u>*Glass Fiber Flexible Acoustic Liner* (07 20 00)</u> over suspended ceilings, extended 1220mm on both sides of partition.
 - .2 Suspending <u>Flexible Acoustical Buffer, Or Semi-Rigid Acoustical Buffer (07 20 00)</u> in plenums over the partitions.

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4.2 Parameters

- .1 To ensure that the required STC ratings are achieved, strict adherence to the construction details during installation is critical, including sealing all penetrations and partition perimeters. Leaks or gaps in the walls, or vibrating equipment improperly mounted to the main structure will become sources of unwanted noise and defeat any sound insulation being provided by the walls and doors.
- .2 Reverberation time of 0.8 to 1.0 seconds to be considered (by adding surface Architectural treatment absorptive materials):
 - .1 In large spaces, such as Classrooms and similar spaces.
 - .2 In open ceiling spaces.
- .3 Consideration to be given to exterior outside noise intrusion (ex: vehicle traffic).
- .4 In Amphitheaters, Classrooms, and other similar spaces, the <u>following should be</u> <u>considered</u>:
 - .1 In general, the walls, floor, and ceiling can be finished with acoustically reflective materials, such as wood sheathing, paneling or gypsum board. Concave walls should be avoided to eliminate sound focusing and walls that might produce echoes should be "broken up" with a series of splays or undulations of sufficient scale to scatter the sound.
 - .2 Side walls should provide some lateral reflections to the audience over a broad frequency range. The rear walls should provide reflections to the rear and centre of the rooms. Ceiling reflectors can be used to provide proper sound dispersion around the room.
 - .3 Acoustical sound absorbing panels installed at human height shall be in abuse resistive materials.

4.2 Sound Transmission Class (STC) ratings

- .1 Specific requirements are relative to the type of each space, existing locations, conditions and particular specifics of every space, including those of the OBC.
- .2 STC rated components shall be based on OBC SB-3 or any approved equivalent tested assemblies.
- .3 <u>Existing spaces</u>: Existing partitions upgrades to be dealt with on a case-by-case basis, depending on the situation and the budget.
- .4 <u>New or renovated spaces</u>: The STC Rating performance schedule indicated in the last page is to be applied in new partitions.

4.2 Mechanical & Electrical related

.1 <u>General</u>:

- .1 Mechanical system design shall incorporate all necessary sound attenuation features (flexible connections, duct acoustic lining, mufflers, low velocity diffusers, etc...) to assure the required room acoustic performance.
- .2 Isolate the ventilating equipment from floors, walls and ceilings using rubber isolators.
- .3 Use large fan blades and ducts operating at the low speed to keep the air velocity as low as possible. (below 500 fpm at the supply register and 600 fpm at the return grille).
- .4 Apply absorptive treatment in the duct system and in the mechanical rooms. The discharge duct of the fan in the mechanical room should be connected to subsequent

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ductwork through a flexible coupling to reduce transmitted vibration and the first 1-2 m. of ductwork (including a 90 deg. angle) should be fitted with absorptive material to minimize transmitted sound.

- .5 Mechanical equipment having rotating parts should not have any direct physical contact with the walls or ceilings. Isolate the ventilating equipment from floors, walls and ceilings using rubber isolators.
- .6 yout supply air ductwork and registers to have equivalent duct lengths between diffusers and the fan.
- .7 Do not locate air-moving devices in the ceiling plenum directly above the studio theatre or classrooms. This includes heat pumps, fan powered boxes, variable air volume boxes (VAV), fan coil units (FCU), exhaust fans, and air handlers (AHU)
- .8 Consideration could also be given to the use of stanchion supports on the roof. Noise from the air-handler is transmitted in two ways: direct transmission of rumble through the building structure, and airborne noise through the ducted air. If air-handlers have to be mounted on the roof, extend the ducting as far as possible before a downturn to reduce airborne noise.
- .9 All air handlers and projector exhaust fans must be vibration isolated.
- .10 Review supply air diffuser selections and specify an NC rating five points less than required.
- .11 Lampers should never be located directly behind the face of the air distribution device.
- .12 Provide a clearance between pipes and gypsum board or other finish surfaces. Do not allow pipes to make rigid metal-to-metal contact between ceiling hanger wires, supports, framing, or other structure to which finishes are attached.
- .13 Ducts penetrating the sound rated wall or floor/ceiling construction should be in an insulated sleeve packed with one inch thick mineral wool fire safing and sealed on both sides using backer rod and acoustical sealant. Piping penetrations less than three inches in diameter should be sealed using acoustic sealant filling a 1/4-inch clearance. Larger pipes should be treated similar to ducts.
- .14 Avoid any back-to-back penetrations, such as electrical panel boards, junction boxes or fire extinguisher cabinets. Offset penetrations two stud cavities.
- .2 <u>Amphitheaters, Classrooms and similar teaching spaces</u>:
 - .1 Avoid locating plumbing and rainwater leaders in the walls or ceiling spaces.
 - .2 Avoid locating Air Handling Units devices on the roof directly on top.
 - .3 Isolate the ventilation ducts from noise pickup in adjacent rooms en route to the Auditoriums and Classrooms. These ducts should be enclosed in a sealed wall (STC 4045).
 - .1 Any piping located in the walls or ceiling should be attached with resilient mountings.
- .3 <u>Audiovisual Control rooms:</u>
 - .1 Special consideration shall be given to eliminate sound transmission from A/V Control rooms located within spaces, particularly concerning ventilation systems.

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STC Ratings

A. Student spaces	STC	B. Admin Spaces	STC	C. Classrooms	STO
Closed Office	45*	Open office space	35	Amphitheatre	58
Student Lounge	50	Closed office	45*	A/V Control Room	50
Quiet Study space	50	Meeting, Conference	50	Computer Classroom	52
		Lounge	50	Lecture Room	52
		Support (Repro, etc.)	45	Music (Acoustic) Rooms	55
				Seminar Room	52
D. Laboratories		E. Public Spaces		F. Residences	
Animal Care Lab	55	Atrium Halls, stores	45	Corridors	45
Clean Room (ISO)	50	Cafeteria	55	Laundry	50
Classified – CL2, CL3	50	Corridor (main)	45	Lounge	55
Engineering	50	Corridor (secondary)	40	In-Suite Bedrooms	50
General, non-clssfd'	50	Elevators / shaft walls	60		
Cloakroom	45	Library	55		
Offices	45*	Locker Space	45		
		Lounge	45		
		Parking (Indoor)	55		
		Stairwell (Exit)	55		
		Vestibules	-		
G. Service Spaces		H. Sports Facilities		I. Washrooms	
Janitor Room	45	Change room	45	Individual W.C.	45
Loading Dock	45	Exercise room	50	Common W.C.	50
M&E Room	60	Gymnasium	55		
Storage Room	45	Shower spaces	45		
Notes:					

* When confidentiality is required.

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VOLUME I O. DOOR SCHEDULE

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Overview

.1 The following Schedule represents a preferred <u>Door types (08 11 00)</u> or varieties of Door options covering the different possible areas. Materials may vary to match existing conditions. The Consultant may submit an alternative for approval depending on the scope and budget.

					DOG	ORS	;				FR	AM	ES	SIDE VSN	PANELS		I	=INI	SH ¹⁰)		ACCESSORIES & HARDWARE (08 70 00) 9									
	Plywood faced prtclbrd (08 11 00) ⁸	Hollow Metal (08 11 00) ⁸	Hollow Metal, Sanitary (08 11 00)	Plywood faced prtclbrd, Acoustical (08 11 00)	Hollow Metal, Acoustical (08 11 00)	Aluminum (08 40 00) ⁸	Glass (08 80 00)	In-door Glazing (08 80 00) ³	Stainless Steel	Pressed steel (08 11 00)	Pressed steel, Sanitary (08 11 00)	Aluminum (08 40 00) ⁸	Stainless Steel		Side lights, same Frame & Glass types ⁴		Latex 100% Acrylic H. Perf. (09 91 00)	Light industrial Acrylic or Epoxy ¹⁰ (09 91 00)	Stain and Varnish (09 91 00)	Coating (Epoxy, Urethane & sim) (09 96 00)	Anodized or prefinished (08 80 00)	Abuse-resistant p. laminate sheet (06 10 00)	Door closer ^{9.4}	Door Operator ⁶	Kick plates	Emergency button	Sound attenuation kit	Frosted Films (08 80 00) ^{34, 35}	Notes		
A. Student spaces:																															
Closed Office	Х	Х				Х		Х		Х		Х			Х		Х		Х		Х	Х						Х			
Student Lounge	Х	Х				Х		Х		Х		Х			Х		Х		Х		Х	Х		Х				Х			
Quiet Study spaces	Х	Х				Х		Х		Х		Х			Х		Х		Х		Х	Х						Х			
B. Admin Spaces:																															
Closed office	Х	Х				Х		Х		Х		Х			Х		Х		Х		Х	Х						Х			
Open office space	Х	Х				Х		Х		Х		Х			Х		Х		Х		Х	Х						Х			
Meeting, Conference Rm	Х	Х				Х	Х	Х		Х		Х			Х		Х		Х		Х	Х					Х	Х	3		
Lounge	Х	Х				Х		Х		Х		Х			Х		Х		Х		Х	Х						Х			
C. Classrooms:																															
Amphitheatre	Х	Х				Х		Х		Х		Х			Х		Х				Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		Х	Х	5		
A/V Control Room	Х	Х				Х				Х							Х				Х	Х					Х				
Computer Classroom	Х	Х				Х		Х		Х		Х			Х		Х				Х	Х	Х	Х	Х						
Lecture / Regular	Х	Х				Х		Х		Х		Х			Х		Х				Х	Х	Х	Х	Х				5		
Music (Acoustic) Rooms	l			Х	Х					Х		Х			Х		Х		Х		Х	Х	Х		Х		Х	Х	5		
Seminar Room	Х	Х				Х		Х		Х		Х			Х		Х		Х		Х	Х	Х		Х				5		
D. Laboratories:																					_								+		
Animal Care Lab		Х	Х		Х					Х	Х							Х		Х			Х	Х	Х						
Clean Room (ISO)			Х					Х			Х							Х		Х			Х		Х						

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					DO	ORS	;				FR	AM	ES	SIDE VSN	PANELS		ļ	FINI	SH10	0		ACCESSORIES & HARDWARE (08 70 00) 9								
	Plywood faced prtclbrd (08 11 00) ⁸	Hollow Metal (08 11 00) ⁸	Hollow Metal, Sanitary (08 11 00)	Plywood faced prtclbrd, Acoustical (08 11 00)	Hollow Metal, Acoustical (08 11 00)	Aluminum (08 40 00) ⁸	Glass (08 80 00)	In-door Glazing (08 80 00) ³	Stainless Steel	Pressed steel (08 11 00)	Pressed steel, Sanitary (08 11 00)	Aluminum (08 40 00) ⁸	Stainless Steel	Side lights, same Frame & Glass types ⁴		Latex 100% Acrylic H. Perf. (09 91 00)	Light industrial Acrylic or Epoxy ¹⁰ (09 91 00)	Stain and Varnish (09 91 00)	Coating (Epoxy, Urethane & sim) (09 96 00)	Anodized or prefinished (08 80 00)	Abuse-resistant p.laminate sheet (06 10 00)	Door closer ^{9.4}	Door Operator ⁶	Kick plates	Emergency button	Sound attenuation kit	Frosted Films (08 80 00) ^{34, 35}		Notes	
Classified – CL3			Х					Х			Х								Х			Х	Х	Х						
Clsfd' – CL2-Ag		Х	Х					Х		Х	Х					Х	Х		Х			Х	Х	Х						
Classified – CL2 (Basic)		Х						Х		Х						Х	Х					Х	Х	Х						
General, non-classified		Х				Х		Х		Х						Х						Х	Х	Х						
Engineering		Х				Х		Х		Х							Х					Х	Х	Х						
High Hazard Spaces		Х								Х						Х						Х		Х						
Emergency Showers, Fridges, Freezer rooms		Х						Х		х						х														
E. Public Spaces:																														
Cafeteria		Х				Х	Х	Х		Х		Х		Х		Х				Х		Х	Х	Х						
Elevators (Passenger)									Х				Х																	
Elevators (Freight)		Х						Х		Х							Х													
Library		Х				Х	Х	Х		Х		Х		Х		Х				Х		Х	Х	Х					5	
Stairwell (Exit)		Х						Х		Х						Х						Х		Х						
Store						Х	Х	Х		Х		Х		Х						Х							Ш			
Vestibule (interior)						Х	Х	Х				Х		Х						Х		Х	Х				$\mid \mid \mid$			
F. Residences:																														
Laundry	1	Х						Х		Х						Х						Х		Х		Х				
Lounge	ĺ	Х						Х		Х				Х		Х						Х				Х				
In-suite Bathroom	Х									Х						Х					Х									
In-suite Bedrooms	Х									Х						Х					Х									
In-suite Living room		Х								Х						Х						Х					\square			
G. Service Spaces:	$\left \right $																													
Janitor Room		Х								Х						Х						Х		Х						
Loading Dock	1	Х								Х						Х											\square	1		

VOLUME I O. DOOR SCHEDULE

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

		DOORS												FRAMES						INI	SH10)		ACCESSORIES & HARDWARE (08 70 00) 9								
	Plywood faced prtclbrd (08 11 00) ⁸	Hollow Metal (08 11 00) ⁸	Hollow Metal, Sanitary (08 11 00)	Plywood faced prtclbrd, Acoustical (08 11 00)	Hollow Metal, Acoustical (08 11 00)	Aluminum (08 40 00) ⁸	Glass (08 80 00)	In-door Glazing (08 80 00) ³	Stainless Steel		Pressed steel (08 11 00)	Pressed steel, Sanitary (08 11 00)	Aluminum (08 40 00) ⁸	Stainless Steel		Side lights, same Frame & Glass types ⁴		Latex 100% Acrylic H. Perf. (09 91 00)	Light industrial Acrylic or Epoxy ¹⁰ (09 91 00)	Stain and Varnish (09 91 00)	Coating (Epoxy, Urethane & sim) (09 96 00)	Anodized or prefinished (08 80 00)	Abuse-resistant p.laminate sheet (06 10 00)	Door closer ^{e.4}	Door Operator ⁶	Kick plates	Emergency button	Sound attenuation kit	Frosted Films (08 80 00) ^{34, 3.5}	Notes		
M&E Room		Х									Х							Х						Х		Х						
Workshop		Х									Х							Х						Х		Х						
Storage Room		Х									Х							Х								Х						
Garbage Room		Х									Х							Х								Х				╀		
H. Sports Facilities:																														+		
Change room		Х									Х							Х						Х	Х							
Exercise room		Х						Х			Х					Х		Х												Τ		
Gymnasium		Х						Х			Х					Х			Х											Τ		
Shower spaces		Х									Х								Х											\bot		
I. Washrooms:																																
Individual W.C.		Х									Х							Х						Х	Х	Х	Х			7		
Common W.C.		Х									Х							Х						Х	Х	Х				7		

.1 Not accepted:

.1 Hollow core wood doors.

.2 Wood frames.

.2 Meeting room doors to preserve a semi-privacy factor: Users shall be able to keep confidentiality, while outsiders shall be able to observe if the room is occupied or free.

- .3 <u>Vision Panels or glazed partitions:</u>
 - .1 If installed in doors, ideal dimension (Code permitted) is within 200mm from door edge.
 - .2 A fire-rated Glass, or <u>Georgian wired polished glass (08 80 00)</u> to be only used in Fire-rated vision panels. It will not be acceptable in non-Fire-rated vision panels.
 - .3 Only Tempered Glass (08 80 00) or other abuse-resistant glass shall be acceptable in non-Fire-rated vision panels.
 - .4 Architectural Frosted film (08 80 00) for Glass may be applied anywhere, to cover the whole surface, leaving 25mm perimeter gap.
 - .5 Where the glass is covering the whole height (glazed partition) may be confused with an opening, a *<u>Frosted film</u>* (08 80 00) pattern shall be installed on full width, at guard height.
- .4 Depending on the different design features, Side visual panels shall not be combined with in-door Glazing (08 80 00).

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

VOLUME I O. DOOR SCHEDULE

					I	000	۲S					Ff	RAM	ES		SIDE VSN PANELS			FINI	SH ¹⁰)		HA		CES WAI			S & 70 00)9	
		Plywood faced prtclbrd (08 11 00) ⁸		Hollow Metal, Sanitary (08 11 00)	Plywood faced prtclbrd, Acoustical (08 11 00)	ətal, Ac	Ш		in-door Giazing (US SU UU) ³	otarriess oteel	Pressed steel (08 11 00)	Pressed steel. Sanitary (08 11 00)	Aluminum (08 40 00) ⁸	Stainless Steel		Side lights, same Frame & Glass types ⁴	Latex 100% Acrylic H. Perf. (09.91.00)	ndustrial Acrylic or Epoxy ¹⁰ (Stain and Varnish (09 91 00)	Coating (Epoxy, Urethane & sim) (09 96 00)	Anodized or prefinished (08 80 00)	Abuse-resistant p.laminate sheet (06 10 00)	Door closer ^{e.4}	Door Operator ⁶	Kick plates	Emergency button	Sound attenuation kit	Frosted Films (08 80 00) ^{3,4, 3,5}		Notes
.5	<u>Acoustical Parameter</u> <u>Metal (08 11 00)</u> door independent similar p	s to l	be a	cous	stica	lly in:	sula	ated. S	Solic	wood	d cor	e do	ors	to be	als	o consi	dere	d. wi	th th	e ex	cept	ions	of L	Jnive	ersal	l Wa	shro			٦y
.6	Door Operator (08 70			,															5			0-	- ,							
	.1 To be installed wh		equi	red	by ()BC	or ir	ndicat	ed.																					
	.2 Only one to be ins	talle	d in e	each	n de	signa	ted	spac	e wi	h sev	eral	entr	y do	ors.																
	.3 Required only in the	he la	bs w	here	e tea	ching	g ac	ctivity	is to	take	place	e.																		
	.4 Required on all do	ors f	allin	g wi	thin	main	ciro	culatio	on c	orrido	rs.																			
.7	Install accessible thre	sholo	d at o	door	step	o in w	ash	room	s if I	no pos	sitive	slo	pe is	s prov	vide	d to the	drai	ns.												
.8	Unless otherwise note system is used in he a						oor	rs and	l Alu	minur	n fra	mes	s sha	all be	a co	ompone	ent o	f the	<u>Den</u>	noun	table	e Pa	ntitic	ons (<u>10 2</u>	<u>2 00</u>	<u>0)</u> , o	nly if	suc	h
.9	Door Hardware (08 7																													
	.1 Install all typical			-												-														
	.2 Coordinate with											-					on d	oors	in ke	y loo	catio	ns.								
	.3 <u>Kick plates (08 (</u>																			-										
	.4 <u>Closers (08 07 (</u>									or, Se	cure	d do	ors	or as	s pei	any ot	her	/enti	atior	or l	Proje	ect p	arar	nete	ers.					
	.5 Astragals to e in				•													D 4 1		Her	al		.			.lat	- ام	1a -		
10	.6 For electronic ha					-																				elate	d no	tes.		
.10	Epoxy Paint (09 91 00	,		•		•	•			•							miai	. 10	ue a	hhlo	wed	UY F	acii	nies	•					

.11 <u>Finishes</u> shall be read in conjunction with section "VOLUME I - P. Finish Schedule".

1.2 Design

- .1 <u>Aspects (08 11 00)</u>:
 - .1 <u>Sliding doors</u>:
 - .1 Sliding doors are permitted in some particular cases, provided not being on a corridor used by public, or having a secondary egress or break-away system.
 - .2 With the exception listed in **OBC**2012 3.3.1.10 & 3.3.1.11, Sliding doors not having a break-away function are permitted to serve as egress doors in office layouts or small meeting rooms and similar ancillary areas such as photocopy rooms, with the following conditions, as per City of Ottawa Guidelines (based on NFPA 101):
 - .1 The room served contains an occupant load of 10 persons or less.
 - .2 The room is contained in an office type use or similar occupancy (i.e. kitchenettes, photocopy rooms, small "quiet" rooms in schools or libraries, offices in retail units, etc.).
 - .3 The door has no locking hardware or special latching devices of any kind, (i.e. readily openable at all times).
 - .4 An arrow or sign clearly indicating the direction of door opening is visible from inside the room when approaching the door.
 - .5 The door is openable with a force of 67 N (15 lbf) or less.
 - .6 The door is not located in a fire separation (whether fire rated or not).
 - .7 The area of the room is limited to 20 m2 (215 ft2) or less.
 - .2 Double doors that carries Exit devices (panic bars) shall have intermediate mullion. Such mullion to be movable in the following conditions:
 - .1 At least at one Building entrances, unless otherwise approved by **Facilities**.
 - .2 At main corridors, or elsewhere, when there is large equipment susceptible to be transferred through doors.

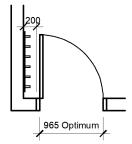


- .4 <u>Dimensions</u>:
 - .1 Door dimensions shall suit projects' specific requirements. Generally, for Basic Renovation (**OBC**) projects, all door dimensions to match existing. For Extensive Renovation (**OBC**) projects, doors to be not less than 925mm wide (rounded up to typical 964mm) to suit **OBC** Accessibility requirements.

VOLUME I O. DOOR SCHEDULE

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

- .2 Particular considerations shall be given to spaces with large equipment, such as laboratories, where a single 1067mm wide door or 2 leaf doors (965mm + 610mm) could be the optimum solution, depending on design parameters.
- .3 In general, a double door of 915mm leaf should be installed on Electrical, Mechanical, or Workshops and all similar technical spaces.
- .5 Location:
 - .1 In general, entrance door frame should be located at 200mm distance minimum from the perpendicular partition to accommodate <u>*Coat Hook Strip*</u> (10) <u>28 10</u>) as requested.



DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

VOLUME I P. FINISH SCHEDULE

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Overview

.1 The following Schedule represents a preferred finish or varieties of finish options covering the different possible areas. Materials may vary to match existing conditions. The Consultant may submit an alternative for approval depending on the scope and budget. To be coordinated with users and **DES**.

					FLO							BA	SES				1	WAL	LS						С	EIL	ING	S1			
	(0	00)		18	9 65 00)			09 65 00)								Paint	(nn 16)	00)			6 00)		Paint and\or	on Gypsum							
	Epoxy Quartz System or MMA ²⁵ (09 67 00)	Coating (Epoxy, Urethane & sim) (09 67 00)	Clear Sealer (09 67 00)	VCT / LVT / or Rubber Tiles (09 20 00) ¹⁸	Homogenous Vinyl or Rubber Sheet (09 65 00)	Linoleum Sheet (09 65 00) ¹²	Porcelain Tile (09 30 00) ¹²	Synth. Carpet / Hybrid Resil. Tiles or Sheets (09 65 00)	Rubber sheet Flooring (09 20 00)	Other ¹⁷	Rubber / Vinyl (09 65 00)	Same as Flooring	Integral with flooring (cove)	Other ¹⁷	Latex 100% Acrylic H. Perf.	Eatex 100% Acrylic	Light industrial Acrylic orEpoxy ²⁴	Coating (Epoxy, Urethane & sim) (09 96 00)	Ceramic / Porcelain Tiles (09 30 00)	Ornamental finishes ²¹	Homogeneous Vinyl Wall Covering (10 26 00)	Other	Latex 100% Acrylic Pain	Light industrial Acrylic orEpoxy ²⁴ on G	Coating (Epoxy, Urethane & sim) (09 96 00)	Acoustical tiles, Regular (09 50 00) ²	Acoustical tiles, Ornamental (09 50 00) ²	Acoustical tiles, soil Resist. Film (09 50 00) ²	Exposed	Other	Notes
A. Student spaces:																															
Closed Office				Х		Х			Х		Х					Х							Х			Х					
Student Lounge				Х		Х			Х		Х				Х								Х			Х				Х	
Study spaces				Х		Х			Х		Х				Х								Х			Х					
B. Admin Spaces:																															
Closed office				Х		Х			Х		Х					Х										Х					
Open office space				Х		Х			Х		Х					Х										Х					
Meeting, Conference Room				Х		Х			Х		Х					Х				Х			х			Х	Х				
Reception Areas				Х		Х			Х		Х					Х				Х			Х			Х	Х				
Lounge				Х		Х			Х		Х					Х							Х			Х				Х	
Support (Reprographics, etc.)				х		Х			Х		Х					Х							х			Х				Х	
C. Classrooms:																															
Amphitheatre		Х		Х		Х		Х	Х		Х		Х		Х								Х				Х		Х	Х	
A/V Control Room				Х		Х			Х		Х				Х											Х					
Computer Classroom				Х		Х			Х		Х				Х											Х					
Lecture / Regular				Х		Х		Х	Х		Х				Х											Х					
Music (Acoustic) room								Х	Х		Х	Х			Х											Х					
Seminar Room				Х		Х			Х		Х				Х											Х					

VOLUME I P. FINISH SCHEDULE

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

				F		ORS						BAS	SE S					WAL	19						^	FII	ING	S 1			
						JKJ	,					DAC	553					vvAL	-13							CIL	ING.	ۍ. ا			
	67 0 0)	00 67 00)		(09 20 00) 18	eet (09 65 00)			heets (09 65 00)								Paint	(00 16 60)	00 96 00)	(((10 26 00)		Paint and\or	on Gypsum	00 96 00)	2	00)2	9 50 00) ²			
	Epoxy Quartz System or MMA ²⁵ (09 67 00)	Coating (Epoxy, Urethane & sim) (09 67 00)	Clear Sealer (09 67 00)	VCT / LVT / or Rubber Tiles (09 2	Homogenous Vinyl or Rubber Sheet (09 65	Linoleum Sheet (09 65 00) ¹²	Porcelain Tile (09 30 00) ¹²	Synth. Carpet / Hybrid Resil. Tiles or Sheets (09 65 00)	Rubber sheet Flooring (09 20 00)	Other ¹⁷	Rubber / Vinyl (09 65 00)	Same as Flooring	Integral with flooring (cove)	Other ¹⁷	Latex 100% Acrylic H. Perf.	Latex 100% Acrylic	Light industrial Acrylic orEpoxy ²⁴	Coating (Epoxy, Urethane & sim) (09 96 00)	Ceramic / Porcelain Tiles (09 30 00)	Ornamental finishes ²¹	Homogeneous Vinyl Wall Covering (10 26 00)	Other	Latex 100% Acrylic	Light industrial Acrylic orEpoxy ²⁴	Coating (Epoxy, Urethane & sim) (09 96 00)	Acoustical tiles, Regular (09 50 $00)^2$	Acoustical tiles, Omamental (09 50 00) ²	Acoustical tiles, soil Resist. Film (09 50 $00)^2$	Exposed	Other	Notes
D. Laboratories:																													-	-	
Animal Care Lab	Х												Х				Х	Х			Х			Х	Х			Х			4, 26
Clean Room (ISO)	Х				Х	Х			Х				Х					Х			Х				Х						4, 26
Classified – CL3	Х												Х					Х			Х				Х						4, 26
Clsfd' – CL2-Ag ¹⁵		Х			Х	Х			Х				Х		Х		Х	Х					Х	Х	Х			Х			4
Classified – CL2 (Basic)				Х	Х	Х			Х		Х	Х	Х		Х								Х					Х			4
General, non- classified				Х	Х	Х			Х		Х				х								Х			Х		Х		Х	4
Engineering		Х	Х	Х		Х			Х		Х	Х		Х			Х						Х			Х			Х	Х	4
Cloakrooms				Х	Х	Х			Х		Х				Х	Х										Х					
Lab Offices			Х	Х	Х	Х			Х		Х	Х	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х					Х	Х	Х	Х		Х	Х	Х	22
High Hazard Spaces	Х	Х										Х	Х				Х	Х						Х		Х			Х		
Emergency Showers, Fridge, Freezer rooms	Х				Х	Х	Х					Х	Х						Х							Х					11
E. Public Spaces:																						_									
Atrium Halls	Х						Х			Х			Х		Х					Х			Х				Х		Х	Х	
Cafeteria						Х	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х			Х		-						Х			Х	Х		Х	Х	
Corridor (main)		Х			Х		Х		Х	Х	Х	Х			Х		-			Х			Х				Х		Х	Х	
Corridor (secondary)		\vdash			Х	Х			Х		Х	Х			Х		-						Х			Х			Х	Х	
Elevators (Passenger)					Х	Х	Х		Х	Х		Х		Х			-					Х								Х	19
Elevators (Freight)										Х				Х			-					Х								Х	19
Library		\vdash				Х		Х	Х		Х				Х		-									Х	Х			Х	
Locker Space		Х		Х		Х	Х		Х		Х				Х								Х			Х					
Lounge (Public)						Х	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х			Х								Х			Х	Х		Х		
Parking (Indoor)			Х												Х														Х		
Stairwell (Exit)		Х	Х								Х				Х								Х						Х		9
Stair (Atrium)							Х			Х				Х						Х			Х						Х	Х	20
Store for public	-				Х	Х				Х	Х	Х			Х							Х	Х			Х	Х		Х	Х	

VOLUME I P. FINISH SCHEDULE

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

				F	LO	ORS	;					BAS	SES				1	WAL	LS						C	EIL	ING	S ¹			
	67 00)	9 67 00)		(09 20 00) 18				ets (09 65 00)								Paint					10 26 00)		Paint and\or	on Gypsum							
	Epoxy Quartz System or MMA ²⁵ (09 67 00)	Coating (Epoxy, Urethane & sim) (09 67 00)	Clear Sealer (09 67 00)	VCT / LVT / or Rubber Tiles (09 20	Homogenous Vinyl or Rubber Sheet (09 65 00)	Linoleum Sheet (09 65 00) ¹²	Porcelain Tile (09 30 00) ¹²	Synth. Carpet / Hybrid Resil. Tiles or Sheets (09 65 00)	Rubber sheet Flooring (09 20 00)	Other ¹⁷	Rubber / Vinyl (09 65 00)	Same as Flooring	Integral with flooring (cove)	Other ¹⁷	Latex 100% Acrylic H. Perf.	Latex 100% Acrylic	Light industrial Acrylic orEpoxy ²⁴	Coating (Epoxy, Urethane & sim) (09 96 00)	Ceramic / Porcelain Tiles (09 30 00)	Ornamental finishes ²¹	Homogeneous Vinyl Wall Covering (10 26 00)	Other	Latex 100% Acrylic	Light industrial Acrylic orEpoxy ²⁴	Coating (Epoxy, Urethane & sim) (09 96 00)	Acoustical tiles, Regular (09 50 00) ²	Acoustical tiles, Ornamental (09 50 00) ²	Acoustical tiles, soil Resist. Film (09 50 $00)^2$	Exposed	Other	Notes
Vestibule	Х	Х						Х		Х		Х	Х		Х								Х							Х	
F. Residences:																															
Corridors		Х			Х	Х			Х	Х	Х				Х								Х			Х			Х		10
Laundry		Х			Х		Х		Х			Х	Х				Х							Х							
Lounge				Х	Х	Х			Х		Х				Х								Х						Х		
In-Suite Bathroom		Х			Х	Х	Х		Х		Х	Х	Х				Х							Х							13
In-Suite Bedroom				Х	Х	Х			Х		Х				Х								Х						Х		13
In-Suite Kitchen				Х	Х	Х			Х		Х				Х								Х						Х		13
In-Suite Living room				Х	Х	Х			Х		Х				Х								Х						Х		13
G. Service Spaces:																															
Janitor Room		Х		Х					Х				Х				Х									Х					16
Loading Dock		Х	Х								Х				Х														Х		
M&E Room		Х									Х				Х														Х		14, 16
Workshop		Х	Х								Х				Х														Х		14
Storage Room			Х	Х					Х		Х				Х											Х					
Garbage Room			Х								Х				Х														Х		
H. Sports Facilities:																															
Change room				Х	Х				Х		Х		Х		Х								Х								
Exercise room	l			Х	Х	Х			Х	Х	Х				Х								Х			Х			Х	Х	
Gymnasium				Х					Х	Х	Х			Х			Х												Х	Х	6
Shower spaces	Х						Х					Х	Х						Х					Х							16
I. Washrooms:																															
Individual W.C.							Х					Х			Х				Х				Х								7
Common W.C.							Х					Х							Х				Х								
L																															

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

VOLUME I P. FINISH SCHEDULE

					F	LOC	DRS						BAS	SES				I	WAL	LS.						С	EILI	NG	S ¹		
		Epoxy Quartz System or MMA ²⁵ (09 67 00)	Coating (Epoxy, Urethane & sim) (09 67 00)	Clear Sealer (09 67 00)	VCT/ LVT/ or Rubber Tiles (09 20 00) ¹⁸	Homogenous Vinyl or Rubber Sheet (09 65 00)	Linoleum Sheet (09 65 00) ¹²	Porcelain Tile (09 30 00) ¹²	Synth. Carpet / Hybrid Resil. Tiles or Sheets (09 65 00)	Rubber sheet Flooring (09 20 00)	Other ¹⁷	Rubber / Vinyl (09 65 00)	Same as Flooring	Integral with flooring (cove)	Other ¹⁷	Latex 100% Acrylic H. Perf.	Latex 100% Acrylic (09 91 00)	Light industrial Acrylic orEpoxy ²⁴	Coating (Epoxy, Urethane & sim) (09 96 00)	Ceramic / Porcelain Tiles (09 30 00)	Omamental finishes ²¹	Homogeneous Vinyl Wall Covering (10 26 00)	Other	_	Light industrial Acrylic orEpoxy ²⁴ on Gypsum	Coating (Epoxy, Urethane & sim) (09 96 00)	Acoustical tiles, Regular (09 50 00) ²	Acoustical tiles, Omamental (09 50 00) ²	Acoustical tiles, soil Resist. Film (09 50 00) ²	Exposed	Notes
	(whenever application																														
	Ceiling heights to				al to	spa	ice s	sizes	6. Ac	cces	s sh	all b	e ta	ken	into	cons	idera	atior	n if p	lacin	ng eo	quipr	nen	t in f	he o	dead	d sp	ace	abo	ve. <u>Pre</u>	ferred
	heights shall not b .1 2450mm (8'-				mo	dium		o ro																							
	.1 2450mm (8-4 .2 2750mm (9'-4										201																				
.2	<u>Acoustical tiles</u> :	0) 0	mo		ary	JC 312	26 10	50111	5 01	эра																					
.2	.1 To be sele	ected	fron	n the	ma	nufa	ctur	er's	star	ndar	d fro	m 6	10 x	610) or '	1220	mm	(24	"x24	" or 4	48")	size	s ra	nae	No	t ac	cen	ted.	610	mm or	762 x
	1525mm															1220		(21		01	10)	0120	010	ngo		1 40	000	<u></u> .	010		102 x
	.2. Acoustical 610mm.	tile	confi	igura	tion	in L	abs	sha	ll ac	coui	nt fo	r fur	nitur	re dii	recti	on ar	nd co	onfig	gurat	tion.	Opt	imal	size	for	mo	vabl	e fu	rnitu	ure: (610mm	х
.3	For maintenanc	e pui	pos	es, u	se a	acou	stic	tiles	whe	erev	er p	ossi	ble.																		
.4	In all the spaces	s with	ı lab	orato	ory fi	urnit	ure,	floo	r, w	all fi	nish	es a	nd b	base	s to	be in	stall	ed i	n the	e ent	ire a	irea,	pric	or to	inst	alla	tion	of f	urnit	ure.	
.5	Install a finish b	ase s	simila	ar to	wha	at us	ed fo	or th	e ro	om,	on a	all N	lillwo	ork a	ind L	_ab fi	urnitı	ure	cabi	net's	bas	ses.									
.6	Bases in Gymna	asiun	ns to	be r	nad	e of	min	. 100)x1(00mi	m ar	ngle	s, ar	ncho	red	only	to the	e wa	alls,	to co	over	the	shrir	nkin	g ga	ips d	on w	/000	l floc	or perin	ieter.
.7	In individual W.0									-				-																	
.8	Unless otherwis areas.	e no	ted,	<u>Shac</u>	ding	Sys	tem	s (1)	<u>2 20</u>	00)	to b	e in	stall	ed a	t all	oper	nings	– e	xce	ot Atı	rium	Hal	s, L	obb	ies a	and	sim	ilar	oper	n gathe	ring
.9	If stairwell not u	sed f	requ	uently	/, ap	oply	seal	ant f	to C	oncr	ete	flooi	ring.	lf us	sed	frequ	ently	/, ap	oply	Еро>	ky ol	r sim	ilar	coat	ing.						
.10	In corridor's res	ideno	ces,	Αсοι	istic	al Ti	iles	choi	ce ir	n coi	rrido	rs is	to b	be co	onfir	med	by F	acil	ities	bec	aus	e of	the	vano	dalis	sm r	isk i	t rep	orese	ents.	
.11	Design permitte																										x 2	400	mm	High.	
.12	Where sound tra																								floc	or.					
.13	All ceiling hung																														
.14	In M&E & Works	-							-				-							imet	ers,	mou	nteo	d at	915	mm	hig	h.			
.15	Unless otherwis																•														
16	In M&E and oth Waterproof Mer	nbrai	ne ((<u>)9 61</u>	00	shal	ll be	con	side	ered.						-						or Co	oatin	g (C	9 6	7 00	<u>)), w</u>	rith l	Inde	erlayer	
.17	Other types of fir			•																											
.18	LVT and other s	simila	ir no	n-wa	ixed	Tile	s ar	e no	ot re	com	men	ded	in H	ligh	Che	mica	l Lat	os, a	as w	axing	g he	lp se	alin	g th	e se	ams	s be	twe	en jo	oints.	

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

VOLUME I P. FINISH SCHEDULE

					FLO	ORS						BAS	SES			1	WAL	LS						С	EIL	ING	S ¹			
		Т	Т						Т													~	_				-		-	
		9 67 00)	00 67 00)	20 00) 18	Rubber Sheet (09 65 00)			heets (09 65 00)							Paint	(00 1.6 60)	00 96 00)	(((10 26 00)		Paint and\or	on Gypsum	00 96 00)	2	00)2	9 50 00) ²			
		Epoxy Quartz System or MMA ²⁵ (09 67 00)	Coating (Epoxy, Urethane & sim) (09 67 00)	Clear Sealer (09 67 00) VCT / IVT / or Rubber Tiles (09 2	Homogenous Vinyl or Rubber She	Linoleum Sheet (09 65 00) ¹²	Porcelain Tile (09 30 00) ¹²	iles	Rubber sheet Flooring (09 20 00)	Other "	Rubber / Vinyl (09 65 00)	Same as Flooring	Integral with flooring (cove) Other ¹⁷	atex 100% Acrulic H Perf	Latex 100% Acrylic	Light industrial Acrylic orEpoxy ²⁴	Coating (Epoxy, Urethane & sim) (09 96 00)	Ceramic / Porcelain Tiles (09 30 00)	Ornamental finishes ²¹	Homogeneous Vinyl Wall Covering (10 26 00)	Other	Latex 100% Acrylic	Light industrial Acrylic orEpoxy ²⁴	Coating (Epoxy, Urethane & sim) (09 96 00)	Acoustical tiles, Regular (09 50 00) ²	Acoustical tiles, Omamental (09 50 00) ²	Acoustical tiles, soil Resist. Film (09 50 00) ²	Exposed	Other	Notes
.19	Elevators recom .1 <u>Passenger</u> • Floor: <u>/</u>	eleva Porce	i <u>tors</u> : elain	<u>Tiles</u> (smal	l size	es) o	_	ompi	res	sible	e me	embrar	e su	ch as	Ditr	a or	sim	lar (to ne	eutra	alize	es m	ove	mer	nt ar	id sti	ress	es).	
	 Bases: 	Stair	nless	Steel	. 316	L gra	de.																							
	Lower	partit	ions:	Stain	ess	Steel	, 31	6L gr	ade.																					
	 Upper 	-		-		mina	<u>te</u> or	othe	er sim	nila	r.																			
	Guard:																													
	Ceiling			ve me	tallic	light	wei	ght fr	ame	d s	yste	em -	access	ible,	from	Elev	vatoi	r ma	nufa	ictur	er se	elect	tion.							
	.2 Freight elev		-	ملما ما	04-3		04		CI				h. fl.a			£ 1			£ 10				سم ام				م م		:	for
	 Floor: (class o 												SUD TIC	or m	ade (ot tw	o iay	/er o	119	mm	ріу	N00(a or	mo	re ri	Jgge	ed as	s req	uirec	TOP
	Bases:		-																											
	Partitio					-		repa	nted	ste	eel).																			
	Bumpe	r rails	s: Sta	ainless	Ste	el 31	6L g	rade	, flat	sur	face	ed a	t a heig	ht of	100	mm a	and	5001	nm.											
	Ceiling	: 22 g	gau.	powde	er coa	ated	pre	paint	ed st	eel)).																			
.20	Handrail & Balus surfaces.	trade	s in	Glazin	g (08	3 80	<u>00)</u> (or oth	er de	eco	rativ	ve m	aterial	s sha	ll be	desi	igne	d to	prev	ent o	dust	, dir	t or	deb	ris i	n dif	ficul	t to a	acces	S
.21	Ornamental finis	hes c	ould	incluc	le Ac	ousti	cal I	Pane	ls, W	000	den	slat	s, Meta	l Pei	forat	ed P	Pane	ls or	sim	ilar.										
.22	Lab Offices finish	nes to	be	depen	ding	on th	eir I	ocati	on ar	nd s	shal	l gei	nerally	be sa	ame	if loc	atec	l witl	nin t	he c	onta	inec	d La	b ar	ea.					
.23	Wall Protection e																													
	 <u>Stainless Si</u> Washrooms 		Corne	er Gua	<u>rds (</u>	<u>10 2</u>	<u>5 00</u>	<u>)</u> : In \$	Stude	ent	Spa	ices	, Class	room	s, La	bora	atorie	es, F	Publi	c Sp	ace	s, S	ervi	ce s	pac	es,	Spor	ts fa	cilitie	es, and
	• <u>Aluminum c</u>	ornei	r Gua	ards (1	0 26	00) :	In A	dmir	spa	ces	S .																			
	<u>Vinyl corner</u>	⁻ Gua	rds (10 26	00) :	In Re	eside	ential	spac	ces	insi	ide S	Studen	Res	iden	ce S	uites	sor	dorn	nitori	es.									
	<u>Crash Rail</u>	Nall I	Bumļ	oers (1	0 26	00) :	In S	Stora	ge sp	ace	es, S	Ship	ping R	eceiv	ing,	Loac	ding	Doc	ks a	nd si	imila	ar sp	ace	s.						
	 <u>Homogenee</u> Labs. 	ous V	'inyl	Wall C	over	ing, c	or <u>St</u>	ainle	<u>ss St</u>	teel	l Wa	all C	<u>overing</u>	<u>(10</u>	<u>26 0</u>	<u>0)</u> : O)n pe	erime	eter	(up t	io 80)0m	m h	igh)	: Ja	nitor	rooi	m, A	nima	l care
.24	<u>Epoxy Paint (09 9</u>	1 00)	to b	e appl	ied o	nly ir	n spa	aces	frequ	len	tly c	lear	ned wit	n che	mica	ls or	r sim	ilar.	To l	oe ap	opro	ved	by	Fac	ilitie	es.				
.25	MMA Flooring Sys				-									•							is a	fact	tor.							
.26	Coved corners on	walls	s and	l ceilin	gs to	be o	ons	idere	d in (Cle	an F	Roor	ns, ste	rile e	nviro	nme	ent, a	and s	simil	ar.										

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

1.2 Design

- .1 <u>General applications for Paints & Coatings:</u>
 - .1 <u>Paint & Varnish (09 91 00) types</u>: As indicated in the above table. Also refer to to "VOLUME I – O. Door Schedule" for relevant openings finishes.

.2 Colors, textures and sizes:

- 1. **UofO** has no standards or specific colors or patterns, except in existing buildings or conditions where the new shall match the existing.
- 2. Apply different colors for Doors, Frames and Walls in order to facilitate the public circulation. Washrooms, Stairwells and Service room's doors shall have different colors from Administrative, Classrooms, Laboratory's doors on a same floor.
- 3. Wherever possible, in main circulation areas, floor finish pattern shall be designed to include signage directions to main spaces.
- 4. Grout color for Porcelain or ceramic tiles, shall be selected within a range of colors which reduce the staining or dirt effect.
- 5. <u>Not acceptable</u>:
 - .1 Sophisticated patterns, or complicated installation systems for wall or ceiling panels, difficult to replace or to open for maintenance.
 - .2 Non-standard sizes for floor or acoustical ceiling tiles.
 - .3 End-of-series or out-of-standard finish materials.
 - .4 Extreme clear or dark colors in high circulation area floorings, such as in Atrium Halls, Communication stairs, Main corridors and similar.

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

VOLUME I Q. FURNITURE & MILLWORK SCHEDULE

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Overview

.1 The following Schedule represents preferred furniture or varieties of furniture options covering the different possible areas. Materials may vary to match existing conditions. Scope of work and responsibilities of external Consultants may vary depending on project specifics. Whether included or not, all furniture to be taken in consideration and coordinated throughout the design. To be coordinated with users and **DES**.

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		Т	T	Г	Г		1			t	Т		Г	Т	Т	t	(0	1 01	00	(0)	┢	Т	П		T	Т	Т	Т	Т					nitu	ire	1	
	Workstation	Filing & Storage cabinet	Meeting table	Panels	Storage cabinet / Shelves	Various chairs	Training table	Wardrobe		1 ob fumitum (13 35 00)		General (Refer to related sections)	Podium desk (12 50 00)	A/V Rack	Computer cabinet	Cirk Counterton		Counter / Cabinet / shelves	Stand-up counter ²	Waste recycling station ³	Sofac	Modular counter	Modular counter	South with wateratable tablet (13 50 00)	The state of the second s	According to the 12 to 20 UUP	Perference radie 12 30 00		Bookshelves	Prefabricated benches (10 51 00)	Lockers (10 51 00)	Bed + side tables + dresser + wardrobe ⁵	Study desk	Chairs	Couches	Equipment Racks	Notes
A. Student Spaces:																																					
Closed Office	Х		Х			Х																															
Association office	Х					Х															Х																
Student Lounge						Х						Х				Х		<			Х	Х															
Study spaces					Х																		Х														
B. Admin Spcs:																																					
Closed office	Х	Х	Х			Х																															
Open office space	Х	Х		Х	Х	Х		Х																													
Meeting Rm			Х			Х						Х			Х																						
Reception Areas		Х			Х	Х															Х		Х														
Lounge						Х						Х				Х		<			Х	Х															
Support (Repro)	1)	<					\square														
C. Classrooms:												$\left \right $											$\left \right $														⊢
Amphitheatre										T	T	Х	Х			T								X	X	X		T									H
A/V Control Rm	╞	\uparrow		1	╞					ϯ	1	Х		\uparrow	\uparrow	ϯ	\uparrow	╈	\uparrow		1	\uparrow			╈	\uparrow	+	+	+							1	\square
Computer Clsrm		+		╞	+	Х	Х			┢		Х	Х	+	\vdash	┢	\uparrow		\neg		+	+	Х		+	+	╈		╡							+	\square
Lecture Rm		+		╞	+					┢		Х	Х	+	\vdash	┢	\uparrow		\neg		+	+			X	X	╈		╡							+	\square
Music Rm		+		-	+	Х				┢		Х	\vdash	+	+	┢	\dagger	\neg			+	+					+	\uparrow	╡							-	
Seminar Rm	╈					Х	Х			Х				Х																							
D. Laboratories:																																					
Animal Care Lab	Γ			[Х								T	Τ				T						Τ	T				Х			

VOLUME I

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

Q. FURNITURE & MILLWORK SCHEDULE

		St	and	ing	Of	fer f	furn	itur	e	lab)	M.	. Me	edia	1		Mill (06			I	Mis	c. fu	rn	Sp	eci	aliz	ed f	urn	nitu	re		U: furi	ser: nitu			
	Workstation	Filing & Storage cabinet	Meeting table	Panels	Storage cabinet / Shelves	Various chairs	Training table	Wardrobe		Lab furniture (12 35 00)		General (Refer to related sections)	Podium desk (12 50 00)	A/V Rack	Computer cabinet	Sink Countertop	Counter / Cabinet / shelves	Stand-up counter ²	Waste recycling station ³	Cofee	Solas	Modular counter Modular counter		Seats with retractable tablet (12 50 00)	Fixed tables systems (12 50 00) ¹	Accessible Table (12 50 00)	Prefabricated Racks / Shelves	Bookshelves	Prefabricated benches (10 51 00)	Lockers (10 51 00)	Bed + side tables + dresser + wardrobe ⁵	Study desk		Couches	Equipment Racks	Notes
Classified – CL3										Х																							Х			
Classified – CL2-Ag										Х																-							Х			
Classified – CL2		<u> </u>							\square	Х									\square														Х	Ц	Ц	
General, non-classified										Х																							Х			
Engineering										Х						Х																	Х			
Cloakrooms																	Х									-										
Hazardous Spaces										Х	_									+	-					-								$\left - \right $	$\left - \right $	
E. Public Spcs:																																				
Atrium Halls																		Х		Х	(
Cafeteria						Х										Х	Х	Х)	(Х									
Corridor (main)																			Х		T															
Corridor (scd)																			Х																	
Library					Х	Х						Х										Х					Х	Х								
Locker Spce																														Х						
Lounge (Public)						Х						Х						Х	Х	Х		(
Store for public																	Х										Х									
F. Residences:																				+																\vdash
Laundry																Х																	Х			
Lounge	Ι																Х	_															Х	Х		
In-Suite Bathroom																Х	Х																			4
In-Suite Bedroom																															Х	Х	Х			
In-Suite Kitchen																	Х																	\square		4
In-Suite Living Rm																																	Х	Х	\square	
G. Service Spaces:																																				
Janitor Rm													_						\Box				\Box											$\lfloor \neg \rfloor$		
Loading Dock	Ι																										Х							\Box		
Workshop	T					Х						Π					Х			Τ	Τ						Х							\square		
Storage Rm	I	1									Ť						Х			1	T						Х									

VOLUME I

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

Q. FURNITURE & MILLWORK SCHEDULE

			Sta	and	ling	Of	fer	furi	nitu	re	la	b	N	1. M	edi	ia			illw 6 10	ork 00)		М	isc	. fur	n S	бре	cial	ize	d fı	urn	itur	e		U: furi	ser: nitu			
		Workstation	Filing & Storage cabinet	Meeting table	Panels	Storage cabinet / Shelves	Various chairs	Training table	Wardrobe		Lab furniture (12 35 00)		General (Refer to related sections)	Podium desk (12 50 00)	AV Rack	Computer cabinet	Sink Counterton	Counter / Cahinet / shelves	Stand-In counter ²	Waste recycling station ³		Sofas	Modular counter	Modular counter	077	Seals Will refractable tablet (12 30 00)			Prefabricated Racks / Shelves	Bookshelves	Prefabricated benches (10 51 00)	Lockers (10 51 00)	Bed + side tables + dresser + wardrobe ⁵	Study desk	Chairs	Couches	Equipment Racks	Notas
-	oorts:																																					
	ige Rm																														Х	Х						-
	cise Rm					Х	Х											Х						Х				\perp				Х						
Gymr	nasium																			_					_			\downarrow										
1 \A/-																_		_							_			_										
	dual W.C.										-						Х								_													7
	mon W.C.	-									-					-	^ X					_			_	+		+										7 7
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Note: .1	s (whenever applica Fixed tables syste					ndic	ate	d in	the	table	or no	<u>ot)</u> :	8		1	_					1		1	_														
	.1 <u>Tables</u> : Sha proportiona										with	moo	des	ty p	ane	els, v	with	n 61	0mi	n m	inin	num	ı cle	ear (f	ace t	o ba	ick)	. Sp	pac	ing	sha	all ir	ncre	ase)			
.2	<u>Millwork (06 10 00</u>						_			signed	l witl	h m	ode	sty	par	nel i	if in	stall	ed a	agai	nst	glaz	zed	part	itions													
.3	<u>Millwork (06 10 00</u>				-							~													•													
	.1 At least one the outside																						aci	lities	Cus	odi	al S	erv	ice	s, b	ut g	jene	eral	ly lo	ocat	ed c	n	
4	Private (In-suites)												•			•				4001	001																	
	.1 To be made																		-	ane	<u>l</u> c/	w ba	ack	lash	of 10	0mi	n o	he	igh	t. <u>N</u>	1DF	Fit	berk	<u>oar</u>	rd M	ledii	um	
	<u>Density co</u>																																					
	.2 No gap bet									all will	be a	acce	epta	ble.																								
.5	Residences beds:																																					
.6	Minimum distance However, ideal dis way.																																				;	
.7	Public Kitchen and	W.C	С. <u>М</u>	illw	ork	(06	10	00)	Sin	k Cou	ntert	op:																										
	.1 Shall be ma													min	. SC	olid I	bac	ksp	lasł	۱.																		
	.2 No gap bet	veer	ı the	ba	ck d	cou	nter	and	d wa	all will	be a	ссе	ptal	ble.																								
	01																																					
	.3 Not accepta	ble:	Tro	ugh	de	sigr	n lav	vato	ory s	inks. I	ndiv	idua	al <u>La</u>	avat	orie	es (22	42 () <u>1)</u> a	are r	nar	ndate	ory															

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

VOLUME I Q. FURNITURE & MILLWORK SCHEDULE

1.2 Design

- .1 <u>Main furniture categories</u> (also refer to other related sections):
 - .1 <u>Standing Offer furniture</u>: Indicate furniture used generally in Administrative and similar spaces. To be provided and installed by **UofO** specialized firm, as per Standing Offer agreement with **UofO**. **GC** to coordinate location, installation, and provide all infrastructure (electric outlets, data, etc.).
 - .2 <u>Lab furniture (12 35 00)</u>: Indicate special furniture generally installed in Laboratory and similar spaces. To be provided and installed by **GC**. Refer to related section.
 - .3 <u>Multi-Media furniture:</u> Indicate furniture dedicated for A/V equipment, generally installed in Classrooms and similar spaces. Refer to related sections. **GC** to coordinate location, installation, and provide all infrastructure (electric outlets, data, etc.).
 - .4 <u>*Miscellaneous furniture*</u>: Indicate all types of fixed and non-fixed furniture, to be provided and installed by **UofO** specialized firms. **GC** to coordinate location, installation, and provide all infrastructure (electric outlets, data, etc.).
 - .5 <u>Specialized furniture</u>: Indicate pre-manufactured furniture described in different locations. Shall be provided and installed by **GC**.
 - .6 <u>Users supplied furniture</u>: Indicate furniture to be provided and installed by different users, faculty or services. Shall be coordinated and approved by Faculty managers to ensure there is no risk of injury to others. Location must be approved by **Facilities** to ensure they do not impede into path of travel or Exit minimums, in conformity with Code and Security parameters.
- .2 <u>Keying</u>: Furniture master key shall **not** be handled to users, but only to Faculty managers or **Facilities**.
- 3 <u>References</u>:
 - .1 Refer to "VOLUME VI Appendix DM. Millwork Details" Series and related notes for proposed configurations.
 - .2 Refer to "VOLUME VI Appendix DB. Lab Furniture Details" Series and related notes for proposed configurations.

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

<u>VOLUME I</u>

R. ALLOCATED AREAS

General Notes:

Gene	ral Notes:					
1.		<u>nt the n</u>	<u>naximum</u>	value	<u>s</u> - for r	eference use only. Areas may vary depending on the project specifics or
	Dedicated for the use of Facilities.					
	Non indicated areas are to be determined (TBD)	-	-	tivity		
4.	Side-by-side seated spaces shall be 750mm O/C	; minim	um.			
Туре	of Space	m2 ¹	Unit	No²	Total m2 ²	Notes
Α.	Student spaces:					
Gradu	uate Students					
1	Master student spaces	3.00	/ pers.	0	0.00	Up to 50% Full time students with thesis
2	PHD student spaces	4.00	/ pers.	0	0.00	Between 2/3 up to 1 per Full time Student depending on faculty, Note: some have their ws in the research labs or centers
Unde	rgraduate Students					
3	Student Association office	9.00	Total	0	0.00	Max. one per department (sometimes one per sevaral units) based on No of Students
4	Student Lounge	10.00	Total	0	0.00	A minimum allocation of 0.1 m2/per Full time Student for the first 500 students, with additional 0.05m2 per additonal student
5	Quiet Study Space / workstation	2.00	/ pers.	0	0.00	6 to 10 pers. (up to 12 m2 if confinded in a closed office). Study space as chair or small desk computer.
	Total ² :				0.00	
В.	Admin spaces:					
Teach	hing Staff					
1	Private Office - Dean	25.00	/ pers.	0	0.00	Maximum
2	Private Office - Chair	15.00	/ pers.	0	0.00	
3	Private Office - V.R. Assistant	15.00	/ pers.	0	0.00	
4	Private Office - Professor	11.00	/ pers.	0	0.00	
	Workstation	6.00	/ pers.	0	0.00	Post Docs, Invited profs, Full time Research assignments,
	ort Staff					
6	Private Office - Admin CAO	12.00	/ pers.	0	0.00	
7	Private Office - Director of Services	12.00	/ pers.	0	0.00	
8	Private Office Assistant to Director of Services	9.00	/ pers.	0	0.00	
9	Private Office - Administration	8.00	/ pers.	0	0.00	Class 12 and/or justification (To be confirmed by Space committee)
10	Workstation - Administration	4.00	/ pers.	0	0.00	A more likely number is in the range of 2.5m2 to 3.5m2 per person
11	Workstation - COOP Student	3.00	/ pers.	0	0.00	1/3 to 1/2 of asvailable spaces as full time only during summer
	ng rooms					
-	Up to 20 people	2.20	/ pers.	0	0.00	
13	Up to 50 people	2.00	/ pers.	0	0.00	
Loun						
14	Staff Lounge	15.00	Sum	0	0.00	Max 20 m2
15	Professor Lounge	15.00	Sum	0	0.00	A minimum allocation of 0.2 m2/per Full time Stdents & Profs for the first 200 persons, with additional 0.1m2 per additonal person (Student or Prof) - Based on Full time Students & Profs number. TBD^3
Rece	ption					
16	Reception or Service Counter	10.00	Sum	0	0.00	Depending on no of students to attend secretariat
	ort Space					
	Reproduction - Courrier "Business Center" Mail - Reprographics	9.00	Sum	0	0.00	
18	Storage - Student Records	9.00	Sum	0	0.00	
	Total ² :				0.00	

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES R.

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R. ALLOCATED AREAS

Comoral	Matea
General	notes:

Gene	eral Notes:					
1.	Indicated areas are approximate and represed	nt the n	naximum	value	<u>es</u> - for r	eference use only. Areas may vary depending on the project specifics or
2.	Dedicated for the use of Facilities.					
3.	Non indicated areas are to be determined (TBD)	depend	ling on ac	tivity		
4.	Side-by-side seated spaces shall be 750mm O/C	; minimu	um.			
Туре	of Space	m2 ¹	Unit	No²	Total m2 ²	Notes
C.	Classrooms⁴:					
	srooms, Seminar rooms		1	1	1	
1	Up to 20 people	2.20	/ pers.	0	0.00	
2	Up to 50 people	2.20	/ pers.	0	0.00	
2	Above 50 bellow 100	1.90	/ pers.	0	0.00	
4	more than 100	1.00	/ pers.	0	0.00	
4		1.00	/ pers.	0	0.00	
	Total ² :				0.00	
P	Laboratoriaa.					
D.	Laboratories:	D (1 14 1	D (DDEI	
	Iling office environment for Research, Part time		, invited			A
1	Workstations @ 4 to 6 NASM	6.00		0	0.00	1 w.s. per five part time professor
2	Interview space	7.00		0	0.00	for 2 to 3 people
	arch allocations	10.00	T ()	0	0.00	
3	General - Non Classified	40.00	Total	0	0.00	Max., TBD ³ when design is based on equipment and no of RA's
4	Wet research (Typical)	75.00	Total	0	0.00	Up to 75 NASM to be determined when design is based on equipment and number of Research Assistants and full time Staff
5	(Dry) Research allocation per full time Profs	5.00	/ pers.	0	0.00	Council of Ontario's Universities gives 1 NASM more per office + 1 NASM for research per prof and is under evaluation
6	(Wet) Research allocation per full time Profs	10.00	/ pers.	0	0.00	Allocation, to be evaluated depending on department and Faculty, equipment info and type of research
7	Research Centers		/ pers.	0	0.00	TBD ³
8	Cloakrooms		/ pers.	0	0.00	TBD ³
	Total ² :		, poro.	•	0.00	
-					0.00	
-	Public Spaces: (N/A)					
E.		0.00	1	0	0.00	7003
	Library	0.00	/ pers.	0	0.00	TBD ³
	Locker Space	0.00	/ pers.	0	0.00	TBD ³
3	Lounge	0.00	/ pers.	0	0.00	TBD ³
4	Cafeteria	0.00	/ pers.	0	0.00	TBD ³
5	Circulation, Corridors / Elevators, Halls, Stairs, etc.	0.00	Sum	0	0.00	Percentage of all other occupancies
	Total ² :				0.00	
F.	Residences:			•		
1	Laundry	0.00	/ pers.	0	0.00	TBD ³
2	Lounge	0.00	/ pers.	0	0.00	TBD ³
3	In-Suite Bathroom	0.00	/ pers.	0	0.00	TBD ³
4	In-Suite Bedrooms	12.00	/ pers.	0	0.00	TBD ³
	In-Suite Bedrooms			0	0.00	TBD ³
5	In-Suite Kitchen	0.00	/ pers.	0	0.00	
0		1.00	/ pers.	1 0	0.00	

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

General Notes:

1.	A light of a set of the set of th							
1. 2.								
-	Non indicated areas are to be determined (TBD) depending on activity							
3.								
4.	4. Side-by-side seated spaces shall be 750mm O/C minimum.							
Туре	Type of Space		Unit	No²	Total m2 ²	Notes		
7	Circulation & services, Corridors / Elevators, Halls, Stairs, etc.	0.00	Sum	0	0.00	Percentage of all other occupancies		
	Total ² :				0.00			
G.	Service Spaces: (N/A)							
1	M & E Rooms, Janitor, Machine, etc.	0.00	Sum	0	0.00	As necessary		
2	Storage rooms	0.00	Sum	0	0.00	TBD ³		
	Total ² :				0.00			
Η.	Sports Facilities:	•						
1	Change room	0.00	/ pers.	1	0.00	TBD ³		
2	Exercise room	0.00	Sum	0	0.00	TBD ³		
3	Gymnasium	0.00	Sum	0	0.00	TBD ³		
4	Shower spaces	0.00	Sum	0	0.00	TBD ³		
	Total ² :				0.00			
Ι.	Washrooms:							
1	W.C.	0.00	/ pers.	1	0.00	As per Codes		
	Total ² :				0.00			
J.	Other:							
	TBD ³	0.00	/ pers.	1	0.00	TBD ³		
	Total ² :				0.00			
	GRAND TOTAL N.A.S.M.:				0.00			

R. ALLOCATED AREAS

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

VOLUME I S. ENERGY & SUSTAINABILITY

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Overview

- .1 This section has been prepared to provide direction and resources for the energy efficient and sustainable design for new construction and Extensive Renovations (**OBC**) projects. It is not the intent of this section to limit innovation but to encourage information exchange of different ideas with the **UofO** in order to achieve better energy performance.
- .2 The **UofO** is committed to sustainable campus development. One of the objectives is to reduce carbon emissions, therefore improving buildings energy efficiency is a major objective.
- .3 The Energy Section applies to new construction and Extensive Renovations (**OBC**) and where application and when feasible and practical, also to small projects.
- .4 In addition to the requirements outlined in this section the **UofO** aggressively implements energy retrofit (ECO Prosperity Projects) projects for **UofO** infrastructure and existing buildings.
- .5 Energy performance, analysis and reporting requirements including identification of energy efficiency measures (EEMs), building simulation, building envelope, daylighting design and measurement and verification (M&V) for all new construction and Extensive Renovations (**OBC**) projects are also outlined in this section.

2.0 DESIGN

2.1 Parameters

- .1 <u>General</u>:
 - .1 Budget permitting, all new construction or addition projects which exceeds 10,000m2 shall be certified LEED Silver. To be confirmed by **Facilities**, to determine whether formal certification will be sought.

.2 Architecture:

- .1 Building envelope components shall conform or surpass the effective (R-values) requirements in **OBC** SB-10, prescriptive method with an energy modeling simulation analysis. Use of nominal thermal performance (R-Value) of the wall in the energy models and load calculations are not permitted.
- .2 For new buildings, openings to wall ratio (OWR) shall be minimized. It is strongly recommended to maintain this ration between 25% 35% maximum. Minimization of OWR shall be combined with daylighting control strategy. Concepts such as utilization of windows with high visible transmittance (VT) and positioned high to simulate a clerestory should be considered. Building orientation as discussed earlier plays a strategic role in effective daylighting.
- .3 <u>Not acceptable</u>: Curtain wall systems on blind walls; unless their components are part of the OWR upon approval by **Facilities.** Refer to other related notes in the "*Envelope Assemblies*" Section.
- .4 In new construction projects and Extensive Renovations (**OBC**) where replacement of windows is under review solar heat gain coefficient (SHGC) of glass shall be minimized. Use of glass with high SHGC will provide additional savings in building energy use during winter via an increase in the winter solar heat gain offsetting the space heating energy use, but at the expense of an increase the cooling load and the size of cooling system.
- .5 For new construction explore the effect of external shading elements such as utilization of recess openings. External shading elements can reduce the solar heat gain and cooling load. The recess effect in summer should be compared with the reduction of solar heat gain

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during winter in order to evaluate the effect of shading element for the overall building energy use. Below are suggestions as the means to reduce solar heat gain:

- .1 Vertical fins for west and east façades.
- .2 Overhangs for south façade.
- .3 North façade does not require any shading element, however consider to including clerestory windows to contribute to daylighting.

.3 <u>M&E:</u>

- .1 Integrated Building Design (IBD) methodology shall apply in all projects.
- .2 The following steps shall be considered in the IBD process:
 - .1 Building Load Optimization.
 - .2 High Efficiency Equipment Utilization.
 - .3 Operation Optimization.
 - .4 Commissioning.
- .3 New construction projects are required to achieve minimum 50% reduction in total energy consumption as compared to the AHSRAE 90.1-2010 as listed on **OBC** SB-10. Where feasible total energy reduction of major renovations must also target a 50% reduction in total energy use as compared to ASHRAE 90.1-2010.
- .4 Design of mechanical and electrical systems for all new construction and Extensive Renovations (**OBC**) shall comply with the requirements outlined in **OBC** sections 6.5, 7.5, 9.5 or 9.6 of ASHARE 90.1 – 2010 and **OBC** SB-10 whichever is more stringent.
- .5 It is strongly recommended that the Design Team follow the guidance provided in ASHARE 50% Advanced Energy Design Guides (AEDG50) where applicable to the project type.
- .6 Where requirements outlined in this section are not feasible and/or in contradiction with applicable codes, deviation shall be reviewed with **Facilities**.

2.2 Building Load Optimization

- .1 Following features shall be considered for building load optimization:
- .2 For new buildings explore the best building shape and orientation with highest contribution to energy reduction. A building with a shape close to a cube (lowest surface to floor area ratio) and its long axis running in an east-west direction is strongly suggested as they generally display a lower building energy use (lower electrical demand and reduced space peak).
- .3 For new construction and Extensive Renovations (**OBC**) consideration shall be given to efficient lighting design that will exhibit low lighting power densities (LPD). Utilization of high illuminance level with T8 lamp-ballast combinations should allow the design to attain LPD of 0.75 W/m2 (0.7 W/Ft2) as a minimum where 4.5 6.5 m2 / Fixtures (50 70 Ft2 / Fixtures) fixture density is used. Four foot LED type T8 lamps to be the dominant light source.
- .4 For new construction and Extensive Renovations (**OBC**) where daylighting via continuous dimming control strategy is deemed feasible care shall be given to selection of dimming lamp-ballast system to ensure same input power and efficacy is achieved compare to non dimming lamp-ballast systems.

2.3 High Efficiency Equipment Utilization

.1 For all projects regardless of the size and type:

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- .1 Fan system power shall meet or exceeds the requirements outlined in article <u>6.5.3.1</u> of *ASHRAE 90.1-2010* (Refer to table <u>6.5.3.1.1.A and B</u>).
- .2 Energy efficiency of HVAC equipment shall meet or exceed the requirements outlined in subsection <u>6.8</u> of ASHRAE 90.1-2010 (Refer to tables <u>6.8.1.A to K</u>).

2.4 Operation Optimization

- .1 For all projects regardless of the size and type:
 - .1 Optimum control strategies such as reset control loops for chilled water, condenser water, hot water, supply air temperatures and ductwork pressurization shall comply with the requirements outlined in articles 6.5.3.2, 6.5.3.3, 6.5.3.4, 6.5.3.4 of ASHRAE 90.1-2010.
 - .2 Optimal start-stop strategies and operating schedules shall be included in the control systems sequences of operation to ensure that equipment only operates when needed.
 - .3 For cooling and heating seasons, occupied and unoccupied periods space temperature set points shall be included in design.

2.5 Commissioning

- .1 For all projects regardless of the size and type building commissioning shall be an integral part of project and shall be included in all projects from design to warranty period based on following strategies
 - .1 For new construction and Extensive Renovation (**OBC**) projects Third Party Independent Commissioning Authority will be retained by the **UofO**. Commissioning Authority will report to UofO throughout the project.
 - .2 For small size projects consultants will act as Commissioning Authority.
- .2 For commissioning requirements refer to related section of **UofO DCG** requirements.

3.0 SUSTAINABILITY

3.1 General

- .1 To ensure sustainable approach is undertaken for the project under review IBD methodology shall apply in all projects. Followings shall be included in the process:
 - .1 Kick-off meeting shall be held to introduce the project team. Project team comprises of **UofO** Project Manager (PM); **SME**, **UofO's** operational representatives and sustainability team; Design Team and stakeholders (end-user representatives). At this meeting and throughout the design process Design Team must collaborate to ensure that an environmentally sustainable project is delivered.
 - .2 At the beginning of design concept stage a charrette meeting shall be held. At this meeting the Project Team will establish goals and objectives with respect to sustainable metrics including energy target outlined earlier in this section.
 - .3 At trade's bidding debriefing meeting **UofO's** PM and Design Team will present sustainability objective to the bidders. Objectives shall be reviewed with the construction team again at the construction kick-off meeting.
- .2 Life Cycle Cost Analysis (LCCA) and Energy Modeling are main tools of sustainable approach. LCCA assist UofO to make informed decisions.

3.2 Life Cycle Cost Analysis

.1 LCCCA shall be applied to projects as an effective decision-making tool that will consider the total life cycle cost of the project. This LCCA will include the initial or first cost plus the overall

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		operating cost over the life of the project. This is in contrast to more traditional financial
		performance evaluations that are based on only the first cost. Thus, an option with a higher first cost, but significantly lower operating cost, over the life of the facility may display an
		overall lower LCC compared to the option with the lowest first cost, but much higher operating
		cost.
	.2	LCCA is applicable to all projects regardless of their size. UofO's Project Manger may waive the requirements of LCCA for small size projects.
	.3	LCCA shall be prepared to compare two or more options.
	.4	For LCCA as a minimum building envelope, mechanical and electrical, water and energy systems shall be included.
	.5	Interior materials can be included in the LCCA. Design Team shall review the inclusion of Interior material with Facilities .
	.6	LCCA will require the initial or first cost plus the operating costs of the facility or system including energy costs, O&M and equipment replacement costs when applicable.
	.7	LCCA shall be prepared in accordance with Standard Practice for Life-Cycle Costs of Buildings and Building Systems, ASTM E917-05 (2010). LCCA shall be completed over 35 years.
	.8	In order to ensure consistency of LCCA across all the UofO's projects data required to render LCCA shall be included as follow:
		.1 Project area (Gross square feet) based on the design by the design team.
		.2 Invested cost (First cost) based on cost estimate at each stage by the design team.
		.3 Energy usage from energy model at each stage by design team.
		.4 Utility cost by Facilities Operation department.
		.5 Operation & Maintenance (O&M) by Facilities Operation department.
		.6 Building component useful life as a minimum based on Table 4, Chapter 37, ASHARE Handbook – Application, 2011.
		.7 Replacement/Renewal cost based on building component useful life by the design team.
		.8 Financing cost by Facilities .
		.9 Discount and Escalation rate by Facilities finance or Operation department.
		.10 Inflation by Facilities finance department.
		.11 Service date based on forecast of substantial completion date from project schedule.
		.12 Base date based on start of the project.
	.9	Energy model for energy consumption shall be based on acceptable industry standard modeling software (eQuest or EE4). All data input and configuration files shall be delivered to allow the UofO to execute the model using identical modeling software to support internal and external third party QA/QC review.
2 2	Energy	· Modeling
3.3	.1	Modeling Energy model is an essential tool to demonstrate the energy consumption of the proposed
		design options but also an essential tool to perform LCCA.
	.2	A preliminary energy model shall be prepared in pre-design stage. The preliminary energy model will identify the largest energy end uses.
	.3	Energy model shall refine and be revised at each stage of the design process. Final energy model shall be performed prior to issuance of construction documents.

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S. ENERGY & SUSTAINABILITY

- .4 Cost of electric power due to CO2 emissions reduction legislation (cap and trade system) shall be included in the energy model to account for anticipated costs.
- .5 Energy modeling shall be carried out for all Extensive Renovations (**OBC**) and new construction projects. For small size projects the **UofO** may request the design team to prepare and submit the energy model.
- .6 Energy model shall be established in accordance with procedures and guidance outlined in section 11 and Appendix G of the ASHRAE 90.1-2010.
- .7 One of the **UofO** goals is to meet realistic energy performance targets. Energy model therefore need to be developed and calibrated so that the reported energy use is realistic. Therefore, the **UofO**'s desire is to see savings that are close to actual energy savings as opposed to speculative results that are not consistent or in line with typical energy benchmark data(Academic Buildings: less than 450 MJ/m2 and research buildings less than 1000 MJ/m2). Design methodology, equipment selection and how to apply their efficiency in energy models shall be reviewed and discussed with the **UofO**.
- .8 Acceptable energy models are eQuest and EE4.

4.0 MANDATES AND DELIVERABLES

.1 Scope of work and deliverables at each stage of project are identified as per the following:

Mil	estone	Scope of Service	Deliverables	
Concept Design (CD)		 For Each Option: 1 Identify Project's Energy Target 2 Identify Energy Efficiency Measures and Review with UofO 3 Identify Design Concept of Building Envelope Design Concept and Review with UofO 4 Demonstrate the Perspective Compliance of Building Envelope Concept 5 Perform Glazing (Daylighting) and Thermal Performance Calculation of Building Envelope 6 Perform Life Cycle Cost Analysis (LCCA) 	Submit Report to Include: .1 Summarizing Energy Target, Energy Efficiency Measures and Building Envelope Concept for Each Option .2 Preliminary energy Model for Each Option .3 Input / Output Spreadsheet and Zoning Diagram for Each Option .4 Summarizing the Result of Glazing (Daylighting) and Thermal Performance Calculations for Each Option .5 Preliminary Life Cycle Cost Analysis for Each Option	
Design Concept (DD)	30% DD	 For selected option: 1 Develop Energy Efficiency Measures and Building Envelope Concept 2 Perform preliminary selection of major equipment 3 Develop the first Energy Model 4 Revise Input / Output Spreadsheet and Zoning Diagrams 5 Revise result of Glazing (Daylighting) and Thermal Performance calculations 6 Revise Life Cycle Cost Analysis (LCCA) 	 Based on selected option from Concept Design stage, submit design brief to Include: 1 Narratives for Energy Target, Energy Efficiency Measures and Building Envelope Concept 2 Cut sheet of the preliminary selection of major equipment 3 Revised Energy Model 4 Revised Input / Output Spreadsheet and Zoning Diagrams 5 Revised result of Glazing (Daylighting) and Thermal Performance calculations .6 Revised Life Cycle Cost Analysis (LCCA) 	
Des	60% DD	 Revise Energy Efficiency Measures and Building Envelope Concept as required Perform final selection of major equipment Revise the first Energy Model to reflect development from 30% DD Revise Input / Output Spreadsheet and Zoning Diagrams to reflect development from 30% DD Revise result of Glazing (Daylighting) and Thermal 	Submit revised design brief to reflect the development from 33% DD to Include: .1 Narratives for Energy Efficiency Measures and Building Envelope Concept .2 Cut sheet of the final selection of major equipment .3 Revised Energy Model .4 Revised Input / Output Spreadsheet and Zoning Diagrams	

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Milestone	Scope of Service	Deliverables		
	Performance calculations to reflect development from 30% DD .6 Revise Life Cycle Cost Analysis (LCCA) to reflect development from 30% DD	 .5 Revised result of Glazing (Daylighting) and Thermal Performance calculations .6 Revised Life Cycle Cost Analysis (LCCA) 		
90% DD	 Finalize Energy Efficiency Measures and Building Envelope Concept Finalize Energy Mode Finalize Input / Output Spreadsheet and Zoning Diagrams Finalize result of Glazing (Daylighting) and Thermal Performance calculations Finalize Life Cycle Cost Analysis (LCCA) to reflect changes from 30% DD 	Submit: .6 Cut sheet of the final selection of major equipment .7 Revised Energy Modelto reflect development from 30% DD .8 Revised Input / Output Spreadsheet and Zoning Diagrams to reflect development from 30% DD .9 Revised result of Glazing (Daylighting) and Thermal Performance calculations to reflect development from 30% DD .10 Revised Life Cycle Cost Analysis (LCCA) to reflect development from 30% DD		

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Overview

- .1 This section has been prepared to provide consultants with a general overview of HVAC systems design requirements for new buildings and renovations in existing building. It is not the intent of this section to limit consultants' innovation but to encourage them to exchange information and to discuss different design approaches with **UofO**.
- .2 In many instances **UofO** undertakes short term planning and long term master planning to address economic and practical inefficacies associated with renovations in existing building, therefore consultants shall always review project requirements. In all cases consultation with **Facilities** will be required to determine the specific scope of work and requirements suitable to the project under review. All systems shall be reviewed by **Facilities**.
- .3 Design and installation of HVAC systems must be implemented in compliance with section 9 of **EPA**, where applicable. To be coordinated with **ORM**.

2.0 DESIGN

- 2.1 Parameters
 - .1 General:
 - .1 Outdoor design conditions:
 - .1 *Summer:* To Ontario Building Code, Supplementary Standard SB-1 for Ottawa, Ontario, 30°C (86°F) dry bulb and 23°C (73.4°F) wet bulb temperature (2.5% July design day);
 - .2 *Winter:* To Ontario Building Code, Supplementary Standard SB-1 for Ottawa, Ontario, -27°C (-16.6 °F) dry bulb temperature (1% design temperature).
 - .2 Indoor design conditions: System capacity shall be capable of maintaining 23.5 °C (74.3 °F) in summer and 22 °C (71.6 °F) in winter. Indoor relative humidity shall be maintained within ASHRAE recommend thermal comfort zone roughly between 20% in winter and 60% in summer time. For laboratories review the research program requirements or consult **Facilities**.
 - .3 Design of HVAC systems shall provide an acceptable level of indoor air quality and comfort while it minimized the energy use within a safe environment.
 - .4 In design of HVAC systems and selection of respective equipment operating life of 30 years shall be considered.
 - .5 Unless otherwise instructed all buildings shall be metered for all utilities including electricity, gas, water, domestic hot water, steam, steam condensate, chilled and heating hot water.
 - .6 When large amount of air is exhausted the feasibility of heat/energy recovery unit shall be examined. Use of heat/energy recovery unit shall be based on life cycle cost analysis. Type and selection of heat/energy recovery unit shall be reviewed with **Facilities**.
 - .7 As permitted consideration shall be given to the use of heat recovery chiller. Use of heat recovery chiller shall be based on life cycle cost analysis. Type and selection of heat recovery chiller shall be reviewed with **Facilities**.
 - .8 Generally, humidification is not preferred. Where special applications require humidification HVAC system design shall be reviewed with **Facilities**.
 - .9 HVAC systems design shall reflect the differing thermal zones and exposure of building. Followings shall be considered where HVAC systems serve multiple thermal zones:

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- .1 Each board/meeting room and classroom shall be treated as an individual thermal zone. They shall be provided with separate space thermostat and/or sensor.
- .2 As a value engineering measure, offices with similar load profile (maximum of three), i.e. on the same exposure and/or floor may be considered as common thermal zone as they shall be served with one active space thermostat and/or sensor. Each room shall be equipped with a space sensing device to permit trouble shooting and tuning. Corner offices shall be treated as a separate thermal zone. In the case that perimeter heating is used, provide a control valve for each individual room.
- .3 In residences each suite shall be thermally controlled as a separate zone.
- .10 Space thermostats or temperature sensing shall not be located on: exterior walls, in direct sunlight, in the way of any obstructions and in the path of supply air.
- .11 There are some existing areas where active ventilation does not exist. In this cases consider to either use of mechanical or natural ventilation. Spaces with operable windows may meet the code requirements. Areas with low occupancy load may be adequately by windows leakage.
- .12 Operable windows shall not be used in spaces such as laboratories where differential pressure and air flow is critical to the design. Where existing areas have operable windows, they shall be locked closed.
- .13 Where HVAC systems are designed for new buildings, include 20% extra capacity in the main air duct and piping distribution systems.
- .14 Include redundancy in HVAC systems for major equipment such as boilers, chillers, and pumps.
- .15 Hydronic control valves shall be selected in such they can provide control with system design pressure differentials at maximum and minimum flows.
- .16 To prevent quick, sudden system pressure fluctuation automatic relief valves shall not be oversized.
- .17 For modifications to existing systems verify systems parameters with **Facilities** prior to commencement of design.
- .18 Where applicable, a screening level numerical exhaust dispersion and environmental and odor assessment of the preliminary HVAC design shall be completed as per ASHRAE / NPC, to include:
 - .1 The applicability of the proposed exhaust system locations in the context of the surrounding buildings and environment.
 - .2 If necessary recommendations to address any concerns related to air and noise emissions & odors.

.2 Ventilation and Air Distribution Systems

- Ventilation rate shall be minimized. Except in Laboratories (refer to related section), minimum fresh air shall not be less than required by ASHRAE Standard 62.1.
- .2 Ventilation system fans and distribution systems shall be capable of providing 100% outside air intake and relief for air economizer operation (air-side free cooling) when conditions permit.
- .3 Room carbon dioxide levels shall be limited to 700 PPM above outside condition under normal circumstances in accordance with ASHARE 62.1.
- .4 Design of medium and high pressure air distribution system for new buildings is not permitted. Air distribution system shall be deigned to low pressure as per AHSRAE and

.1

SMACNA standards and guidelines. For existing buildings where Extensive Renovation (OBC) is under review consideration shall be given to conversion of the medium/high pressure air distributing system to low pressure when they exist. Supply and return ductwork shall be sized with a static pressure drop less than 20 Pa per 30 linear metres (0.08 in. per 100 linear feet) of the duct run. Diffusers and registers shall be selected with a static pressure drop on less than 20 Pa (0.08 in). Locate fresh air intakes to prevent contamination by external sources such as road traffic, smoke stacks or exhaust outlets. Where variable volume systems are used provide VFD for fan control. Selection of fan motor shall match the VFD. Fan selection shall be based on fan efficiency rather than design operating pressure. .10 Generally, duct design shall maintain maximum NC 35 except as specified in project requirements. .11 Intake louvers shall be sized to maximum 2.5 m/s (500 FPM) through free area. .12 Exhaust louvers shall be sized to maximum 3.6 m/s (700 FPM) through free area. .13 Face velocity of hydronic and refrigerant cooling coils shall be maintained between 1.8 -1.9 m/s (350 - 375 FPM). Face velocity of pre-heating and heating coils shall be maintained between 2.3 - 2.5 m/s .14

- (450 500 FPM). Cascade air from dry spaces to wet spaces in Laboratory buildings and from offices to .15
- corridors in all buildings where applicable cods allow. .16 Include heat recovery on ventilation air and recover heat from cooling systems as useful heat when loads permit. Consider exporting excess heat to central heating loops in shoulder seasons (Outdoor air temperatures from 8 - 15 °C). Consider exporting cooling to central chilled water distribution system when waste heat from heat recovery chiller can be used.
- .3 Cooling Systems:

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- Campus chilled water distribution system consist of a chiller plant with three centrifugal 1 electric driven chillers and associated pumps and chemical treatment equipment. Use of campus chilled water is the preferred method for cooling and dehumidification throughout the campus.
- Available differential pressure of the campus chilled water system varies from XX psi to .2 xx psi at remote side of the campus (Tabaret Hall). Consult Facilities for the pressure differentials across the campus.
- Chilled water is supplied between $4 10 \degree C (39 50 \degree F)$ depending on campus loads. .3 Chilled water supply varies throughout the year.
- .4 Use of campus chilled water system shall be based on 10°C (18°F) temperature difference (delta T).
- .5 Use of all electrically-driven chillers and/or refrigeration units shall be reviewed with Facilities.
- .6 Water-type cooling towers are preferred, to conserve energy, and shall generally be considered on systems 80 tons and larger. On units below 80 tons, an economic evaluation, including cost of maintenance should be made to determine if the condensing unit will be air cooled or water cooled. Cooling tower fan motor loads shall not exceed

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0.06 H.P./ton of chiller capacity. Reduced condenser water temperatures should be utilized when possible to reduce the chiller electrical consumption.

- .7 Systems with control valves either modulating or two position shall be designed for variable flow using VFD capable of reducing of reducing flow to 30% or more based on part load requirement. Consult chiller manufacturer or **Facilities** for minimum flow requirement.
- .8 Piping system deign shall be sized between friction rate of 1.5 4 Ft./100 Ft. of pipe (average friction rate of 1.5 Ft./100 Ft. of pipe is proffered). Velocity shall be limited to 1.8 m/s (6 FPS) in occupied areas and 2.7 m/s (8 FPS) in unoccupied areas such as mechanical rooms. Under part load condition velocity shall not be less than 0.4 m/s (1.5 FPS).
- .9 Many laboratories in the campus have requirements for chilled water for water cooling the research equipment. Type of system, i.e. open vs. close, local vs. central shall be reviewed with **Facilities**, and end researcher. Characteristic of the require chilled water such as but not limited to tight chilled water temperature, high or low operating pressure, special chilled water filtration, use of specific piping material, user's controllability/adjustability, and chemical treatment shall be reviewed with **Facilities**, the facility manager and researcher.
- .4 <u>Heating Systems</u>:
 - .1 Steam produced in the Central Heating Plant (CHP) is supplied 15 40 PSIG at the plant wall based on outside air temperature. For most of the buildings located at the South end of the main campus the steam is used at the building to produce hot water for heating purposes. North end campus buildings are directly supplied building heating water produced via large exchanger located in the Lamoureux basement. The hot water supply temperature varies between 35 80°C (95 176 °F). Below is the hot water supply schedule.
 - .2 In new buildings ceiling mounted hydronic radiant panels are not acceptable.
 - .3 For new buildings, design heating system for low hot water system such as 46°C (115°F) supply and 35°C (95°F) return water temperature.
 - .4 Systems with control valves either modulating or two position shall be designed for variable flow using VFD capable of reducing of reducing flow to 30% or more based on part load requirement. Consult boiler manufacturer or **Facilities** for minimum flow requirement.
 - 5 Piping system deign shall be sized between friction rate of 1.5 4 Ft./100 Ft. of pipe (average friction rate of 1.5 Ft./100 Ft. of pipe is preferred). Velocity shall be limited to 1.8 m/s (6 FPS) in occupied areas and 2.7 m/s (8 FPS) in unoccupied areas such as mechanical rooms. Under part load condition velocity shall not be less than 0.4 m/s (1.5 FPS).
 - .6 When heat loss is less than 200 Btu/hr. per lineal feet of wall, heat should be provided from under the window or from base of the wall or it can be provided from overhead diffusers located adjacent to or slightly away from the exterior wall. If heat loss is between 250-450 Btu/hr. per lineal feet of wall heat loss should be provided from under the window or from the base of the wall or it can be provided from overhead diffusers located adjacent to the perimeter wall discharging air directly downward covering the exterior wall and windows. If heat loss exceeds 450 Btu/hr. per lineal feet of the wall in order to prevent downdraft heat shall be provided from under the window or from the base of the wall.

.7 In lobbies and vestibules, heating systems shall be designed to suit the foot traffic into the building.

2.2 Installation and Maintenance

- .1 <u>General</u>:
 - .1 All major air handling equipment shall be installed in a mechanical room accessible from the inside of the building. Roof-top air-handling units are not desirable.
 - .2 Special attention shall be given early in the design process to provide for sufficient and safe access space for maintenance of mechanical systems. Sufficient space implies the capability to replace major components with minor impact to the Building.
 - .3 Mechanical room locations shall take into account how large equipment can be moved in and out to/from the building to accommodate the initial installation and future installation due to maintenance, repair and replacement.
 - .4 Equipment shall be designed to be accessible and maintainable from floor level whenever possible. When not possible, permanent structures shall be designed to minimize the necessity of such tools as ladders, hoists and portable lighting (i.e.: platforms and permanent ladders for overhead work, rail systems for removal of pumps in pits, adequate permanent lighting, etc.).
 - .5 Provide minimum 90 cm (36") clearance around heat exchangers. Where shell and tube heat exchangers are used provide minimum clearance for tube pull-out (generally equal to the length of the heat exchanger) for servicing and cleaning as per manufacture's recommendation.
 - .6 Use of heat pump terminal units on a closed hydronic loops are not permitted.
 - .7 Pressure gages are required across all filter banks (filter and pre-filter separate). Filter status shall be monitored by BAS.
 - .8 In open ceiling spaces with high visibility (entrances, offices, and similar), exposed Mechanical ductwork to be finished from their inside faces, to form clean and smooth visible joints.
 - .9 Ensure to install Floor drain wherever there is a need for maintenance of coil cleaning.
 - .10 In hydronic systems differential pressure control valves shall not be installed in pump discharge bypasses.
 - .11 When differential pressure control strategy is utilized desirable differential pressure shall not be accomplished at the pump. Pressure bypass shall be provided at the end of the system or at the end of subsystem regardless of whether system utilizes bypass flow system or VFD. Where bypass flow is utilized flow should not exceed 20% of the pump design flow.
 - .12 Use of pipe less than $\frac{3}{4}$ " shall be avoided.
 - Air vents and drains shall be installed at high and low points in the hydronic systems respectively. Air vents and drains shall be piped to a safe location within 15 cm (6") of the floor preferably over a funnel drain.
 - .14 Provide manual air vent on chemical feed tank.
 - .15 Thermometer shall be installed at both supply and return piping for all coils, chillers, boilers, heat exchangers.
 - .16 Where major return streams are mixed provide thermometer downstream and upstream of mixing points.
 - .17 Water make-up and blowdown water lines shall be monitored by BAS.

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- .18 Sound and vibration isolation systems shall be provided to minimize structural, system and airborne noise to acceptable level as outlined in this section or as per project requirements.
- .19 In mechanical rooms where valves are installed above 2.1 m (7') chain wheel operator shall be provided.
- .20 Where balancing valves are installed they shall be provided with position indicator and maximum adjustable stops.
- .21 All pipe services shall be identified with wrap-mark flow arrows and wording. Stencil ducting with flow arrows and wording.
- .22 For all valves, valve tag shall be provided.
- .23 Affix plastic point identification tags on all control items.
- .24 Fasten lamacoid nameplates on all equipment, starters and panels.
- .2 <u>Ventilation and Air Distribution Systems</u>:
 - .1 Provide minimum clearance for air handling units' coil pull-out (generally equal to the width of the air handling unit) per manufacturer's recommendation. Where it is not feasible provide minimum 60 cm (24") on non-service side and 90 cm (36") on service side clearance around air handling units and similar equipment.
 - .2 In order to make the fabrication easy and reduce the cost of duct work consider to change only one duct dimension at a time size.
 - .3 Duct taps shall be at least 2" smaller than main duct.
 - .4 Duct size shall be 2" wider than diffusers, register and grilles.
 - .5 90° square elbows shall be provided with double radius turning vanes.
 - .6 Where rectangular duct taps are used they shall be shoe fittings (45° fittings). Splitter dampers and extractors are not acceptable.
 - .7 Where fire dampers, smoke detectors, humidifiers, coils, in general items which require service and inspection are installed, access doors shall be provided.
 - .8 In dishwasher, kitchen and laundry exhaust systems where elbows are required, elbows shall be smooth radius construction. Use of vane in these applications are not permitted. It is recommended to construct the elbows with the radius equal to 1-1/2 times width of duct.
 - .9 Flexible ducts shall be 1.5 m (5 ft.) maximum in length.
 - .10 Operable intake and exhaust louvers are not permitted.
 - .11 Where flow measuring stations are installed they shall be accessible in a distance recommended by the manufacturer.
 - .12 In laboratory's exhaust system, ductwork material shall be selected to accommodate the chemicals being exhausted. Examples of ductwork materials are vinyl coated carbon steel, 304/316 stainless steel, Teflon or coated stainless steel, fiberglass reinforced plastic (FRP), Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC). In FRP and PVC ductwork sprinklers may be required. Refer to applicable codes.
 - .13 Horizontal laboratory exhaust ductwork shall be slopped s minimum of 1/8" per foot with a drain provided at the low point. Drain shall be piped to the appropriate waste system.
- .3 Cooling Systems:
 - .1 Use of satellite chillers and refrigeration units shall be reviewed by **Facilities**.

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- .2 When remote refrigeration is required use of chilled water cooling with city water back-up is the preferred option monitored and controlled by BAS.
- .3 Victaulic piping system for cooling system is not permitted.
- .4 <u>Heating Systems</u>:
 - .1 In new buildings ceiling mounted heating radiant panels require high temperature hot water shall not be used.
 - .2 Victaulic piping system for heating system is not permitted.

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Overview

- .1 This section has been prepared to provide consultants with a general overview of Refrigeration systems requirements for new buildings and renovations in existing building.
- .2 In many instances **UofO** undertakes short term and long term master planning to address renovations in existing building; therefore consultants shall always review project requirements. In all cases consultation with **Facilities** will be required to determine the specific scope of work and requirements suitable to the project under review.

2.0 DESIGN

2.1 Parameters

- .1 Environmentally friendly refrigerant shall be used.
- .2 CFC and HCFC refrigerant shall not be used.
- .3 Chillers with cooling capacity of 80 Tons and over shall be water cooled.
- .4 Use of cooling tower are preferred however utilization of evaporative cooler and dry coolers shall be evaluated based on Life Cycle Cost Analysis, manufacturer's recommendations and project site requirements.
- .5 Cooling equipment shall be ARI rated.
- .6 Cooling towers shall be CTI certified.
- .7 Minimum performance of the water cooled and direct expansion systems and equipment shall meet or exceed performances outlined in ASHARE 90.1 2010.
- .8 For small process chillers municipal water may be used for back-up when pressure differential of chilled water loop across the process chiller is below the required set point.
- .9 Acceptable type of compressors is as follow:
 - 1. Up to 80 Tons: Screw and Scroll.
 - 2. 80 to 200 Tons: Screw and Centrifugal.
 - 3. 200 Tons and above: Centrifugal.
 - 4. All sizes: Oil free centrifugal with magnetic bearing.
- .10 Ventilation and Refrigeration monitoring requirement shall meet requirements of CAN/CSA-B52.
- .11 IT room and specialty loads shall be rated for full capacity of the cooling load. Design and selection of systems and equipment shall include 30% extra capacity as a minimum
- .12 Water and air cooled Direct Expansion (DX) systems shall not be permitted.
- .13 Where use of water cooled Direct Expansion (DX) is required for kitchen and laboratory equipment, heat must be rejected to campus chilled water loop. Due to fluctuation of campus chilled water loop as the result of high demand in the campus there is a possibility of tripping the compressor(s) in DX systems on high head pressure therefore, design shall include a measure to overcome this scenario.
- .14 Kitchen refrigeration equipment shall not be provided with redundancy. Design of kitchen refrigeration system shall not send temperature alarm to BAS.

2.2 Installation and Maintenance

.1 Ladders, railings and roof anchors for fall arrest systems shall meet requirements outlined by Ministry of Labour.

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- .2 Cooling Towers and Evaporative Coolers shall not be equipped with water heater for water sump.
- .3 Cooling Towers and Evaporative Coolers shall not be equipped for winter operation.
- .4 IT room and specialty loads shall be satisfied by chilled water. Chilled water cooling of DX systems is not permitted.
- .5 Removal, discharge, handling and disposal process of refrigerants that contain Ozone substances and other hydro carbon such as CFC's, HCFC's, HFC's shall be coordinated with **ORM**.

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1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Overview

- .1 This section has been prepared to provide consultants with a general overview of Controls systems design requirements for new buildings and renovations in existing building.
- .2 **UofO** undertakes short term planning and long term planning to address requirements of controls systems in existing building, therefore consultants shall always review project requirements and consult with **Facilities** to determine the specific scope of work and requirements suitable to the project under review. All systems shall be reviewed by **Facilities**.
- .3 **Facilities** maintains a control center at 141 Louis Pasteur for the monitoring and control of most campus buildings mechanical systems. The level of control within systems varies with age and type of installed systems and equipment.
- .4 The campus control network allows the University to manage buildings environmental conditions and energy consumption through web access.
- .5 It is the goal of **UofO** to employ sever based Direct Digital Controls (DDC) systems for all systems and equipment through the campus network.
- .6 **UofO** has a variety of automatic control devices. Over the years through renovations and upgrades hybrid combinations of pneumatic and DDC systems have come into existence. Renovation projects shall convert existing pneumatic systems over to DDC and new construction shall implement DDC.
- .7 In certain applications where high pressure is required for durability and compressed air is readily available, the application shall be reviewed with **Facilities**' Instrumentation group.
- .8 New HVAC systems and equipment have electronic application and zone controllers. The zone controllers in occupied spaces are typically electronically actuated DDC with adjustable zone sensors for the occupants.
- .9 DDC product from Delta is the standard for all future projects. No proprietary controllers shall be permitted on HVAC systems or equipment. In cases of specialized systems or equipment where proprietary controllers are required, full access, licensing, and training shall be provided to **Facilities**. For these cases, the options shall be reviewed with **Facilities**.
- .10 The current Building Automation Systems (BAS) consists of DDC panels that communicate back to the central control systems utilizing campus Ethernet / Bacnet. All new DDC panels shall be connected to University's network infrastructure.

1.2 DESIGN

2.1 Parameters

- .1 Control systems design shall be based of Delta Controls.
- .2 Hardware and software design of control system shall include point database, graphical system and network interface to main control system front end located at **Facilities**.
- .3 As a minimum hardware and software design shall include 20% spare capacity for future expansion.
- .4 Control systems use different control modes to accomplish their purposes. Each control mode is applicable to a process with certain characteristic. Following table lists control modes and applications which shall be used in the campus.

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Application	Mode
Space Temperature Control	PI
Coil Discharge Temperature Control	PI
Chilled Water Supply Temperature (Chillers)	PI
Supply Hot Water Temperature (Heat Exchangers)	PI
Air Flow	PI
Fan Static Pressure	PI
+Humidity Control	PI
Dew Point Temperature Control	PI
PI: Proportional + Integral	

.5 All actuators shall be brushless DC motors. Standard of acceptance: Belimo, Siemens, or approved alternative. Consult with **Facilities** for alternatives.

2.2 Control Applications

- .1 Graphics shall be suited to uOttawa requirements. Consult with **Facilities** for the requirements.
- .2 Graphic display with real time dynamic data to monitor and/or control of CO2, airflow, differential pressure, static pressure, filter status and drain pan alarm shall be provided.
- .3 Where system operates manually all temperature low limit, fire and pressure safeties shall be hard wired. Where BAS monitoring is included, the safeties shall also be monitored by the BAS.
- .4 Where system operation is dependent on BAS, the safeties shall be wired to DDC controller and BAS for control and monitoring.
- .5 Alarm monitoring shall follow the uOttawa standards for program prioritization protocols. Consult with **Facilities** for the requirements. Refer to <u>Annex V-1</u>.
 - .1 <u>Building Pressurization</u>:
 - .1 Building pressure shall be maintained slightly positive to prevent infiltration (5 Pa). Volume of supply and return/exhaust shall be controlled such the supply fan volume to be slightly higher than return/exhaust volume.
 - .2 Building pressure control without return fan and/or with two position exhaust fan is not permitted.
 - .3 Proper air distribution and zone pressurization shall be maintained to ensure that minimum and maximum airflows are provided.
 - 4 HVAC system design shall consider the change static difference between interior and exterior pressure of a building due to changing season, wind load and HVAC system operation. Control strategy for building pressurization shall include these parameters for proper compartmentalization/segregation of HVAC system to achieve the proper result.
 - .5 HVAC systems shall be designed to achieve building pressurization of 2 Pa differential between the lobby and outdoors.
 - .6 Include envelope leakage for the amount of outdoor air required to maintain the building pressurization.
 - .7 To avoid exfiltration of humid air during the heating season to the building envelope consider to maintain neutral pressure in the building.

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.2 Air Handling Units:

- .1 For precise control of fresh air, outdoor air volume shall be controlled utilizing enthalpy of outdoor air. The quantity of fresh air will be overridden to satisfy CO2 conditions.
- .2 Control of outdoor air described above shall be combined with maintaining a constant negative static pressure in the mixing air via referencing the pressure across the outdoor air damper to maintain the variable minimum position until the airside free cooling (economizer mode) is triggered.
- .3 The supply fan static pressure set-point shall be reset by the air terminal units' requirements.
- .4 Filter pressure-drop sensing is required in the unit for maintenance purposes.
- .5 Fan flow measurements by fan-inlet Pitot tube is preferred. Other means shall be consulted by the **Facilities** for approval.
- .6 Drain pans shall be positively sloped to drain.
- .7 Control valves for coils shall be two-way modulating. When Dual Purpose coils are used, twined valves (six–way valves) sharing an actuator assembly shall be used to eliminate the risk of cross-over. Consult with **Facilities** for more details.
- .3 Hot and Chilled Water Systems:
 - .1 Chillers' control strategy shall include supply water temperature reset based on return water or outdoor air temperature. For systems with cooling capacity of 50 Tons control strategy of condenser water reset shall also be included.
 - .2 Cooling Towers and Evaporative Coolers controls strategy shall include capacity control and provision for free cooling.
- .4 Air Terminal Units:
 - .1 In variable air volume systems all air terminal units shall be pressure independent. Pressure independent air terminal units deliver the required airflow to the space regardless of the supply static pressure.
 - .2 Single Duct Variable Air Volume Air Terminal Units:
 - .1 Pressure independent air terminal units shall be programmed to change the airflow delivered to the space based on the operating mode.
 - .2 Where single duct variable air volume air terminal unit is used the amount of air delivered to the space shall be controlled by the space temperature via PI loop. Flow sensor at the air terminal unit modulates the damper actuator of the air terminal unit. A space temperature sensor / thermostat resets the airflow setpoint as the space load changes. The airflow control loop shall be set to maintain the minimum airflow at part load conditions. Maximum airflow shall be set to limit flow to meet design conditions.
 - .3 Where single duct variable air volume air terminal unit is equipped with heating coil The amount of air delivered to the space shall be controlled by the space temperature via PID loop. The amount of air delivered to the space varies from maximum to minimum as the cooling load drops to maintain setpoint. If the cooling load drops more the space temperature drops through dead band until is controlled to maintain the heating setpoint. Heating capacity is controlled either by modulating the two-way control valve or by

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staging the SCR heating coil where hydronic heating coil or electric heating coil are used respectively.

- .3 <u>Dual Duct Air Terminal Units</u>:
 - .1 Pressure <u>independent</u> air terminal units shall be programmed to change the airflow delivered to the space based on the operating mode.
 - .2 Hot duct damper modulates up to a total flow not to exceed the maximum airflow setpoint to maintain the room temperature. Constant total airflow is maintained by modulating the cold duct damper. With this configuration there is no dead band and comfort is maintained by mixing hot and cold air at a constant total airflow.
 - .3 Consideration shall be made to temperature load reset in duct systems to minimize energy use.
 - .4 Sequences of operation of dual duct air terminal unit shall be consulted with the **Facilities**.
 - .5 Each office shall be equipped with a temperature sensing device.
- .5 Radiant Panels:
 - .1 Control of radiant panel are difficult and may not be appropriate for space heating. Because the radiant panels do not heat the air space temperature sensor / thermostat must see the radiant hear or sense the space temperature change caused by the radiation warming the furniture and occupants there will a time lag in heating the space and no accurate control. Therefore, radiant panels are not desirable.
 - .2 Where use of radiant panels is not avoidable, the space temperature sensor / thermostat shall reset the control valve(s) based on outdoor temperature. As hot water circulates the radiant panel and space temperature rises controller to reposition the control valve to response the changes.
 - .3 Where in slab radiant heating is used surface temperature of floor shall not exceed 30°C (86 °F). Ceiling panel's surface temperature shall not exceed 46°C (115 °F). Where hot water temperature exceeds these settings a high limit sensor shall reset the circulating water temperature.

.6 Unit Heaters:

- .1 Unit heaters shall be used only for loading docks and mechanical rooms.
- .2 Only hot water unit heaters are accepted. Use of electric or gas unit heaters shall be reviewed with **Facilities**.
- .3 Control of hydronic unit heaters shall be modulating. Modulating control modulate the heating hot water in proportion to changes in space temperature. Fan operates continuously to prevent air stagnation. As the space temperature falls the space temperature sensor / thermostat sends a signal to reposition the control valve. When the control valve is closed and coil cools down the low-limit controls turns off the fan.
- .4 Low-limit control for night or summer shut down when the heating system is off via sensing the water temperature shall be provided. This control strategy also shall prevent fan from blowing cold air when the heating system fails.
- .5 Where down blow unit heaters are used two space temperature sensors / thermostats shall be utilized. One shall be installed in occupied area and the other

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close to the ceiling. The space temperature sensor / thermostat controls the control valve and cycles the fan. As the ceiling temperature rises above ceiling temperature setpoint it overrides the control and starts the fan. Fan runs until the ceiling setpoint is met.

- .7 Unit Ventilators:
 - .1 In new construction projects, unit ventilators shall not be used.
- .8 Fan Coil Units (FCU):
 - .1 Use of two pipe heating/cooling FCUs are not permitted.
 - .2 Use of two pipe heating (for heating only), two pipe cooling (for cooling only) and four pipe heating/cooling FCUs are acceptable.
 - .3 All FUCs shall be equipped with ECM.
 - .4 Control valves for FCUs shall be two-way modulating. When Dual Purpose coils are used, twined valves sharing an actuator assembly shall be used to eliminate the risk of cross-over. Consult with **Facilities** for more details.
 - .5 The room temperature sensor / thermostat regulates the control valve(s) while the fan moves air across the coil(s). Fan run continuously, cycled on/off as scheduled by the room temperature sensor / thermostat. Use of multi speed fans are not preferred. FCUs fans shall be equipped with ECM. ECM motors shall be controlled by duct static pressure and supply air temperature.
- .9 Fume Hoods (FH):
 - .1 Control of FHs shall be based on face velocity. Sash position control is not permitted.
 - .2 For all FHs, Triatek and TSI controllers are acceptable. These controllers are standalone and they monitor and control the FH operation. Each controller shall control up to maximum two FHs.
 - .3 BAS shall not control the FHs. Exhaust flow shall be monitored through BAS. All Fume hood shall be equipped with local alarm.
 - 4 Consideration should be made to use of Optinet to reduce the air change of the labs where contaminations is below the set point.
 - .5 Where constant volume system is used, average face velocities at FH sashes shall not be less than 80 FPM at all sash positions.
 - .6 Where variable volume system is used, consult manufacturer for minimum FH face velocity.
 - .7 Variable volume FH minimum air flow rate shall be not less than 50 CFM per linear foot of FH.
 - .8 BAS shall control room differential pressure and make-up air.
 - .9 Laboratory pressurization shall achieve 2 to 5 Pa differential between the laboratory and the corridors.
 - .10 All fume hoods shall be ULC listed and shall be certified to North American standards.

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- .10 <u>Control Valves</u>:
 - .1 Control valves shall not be oversized.
 - .2 Control valves shall be positioned properly upon HVAC system shutdown and/or upon loss of power. Below outlines desirable actuator positioning on system shutdown and/or loss of power.

Valves	System Shutdown	Loss of Power	
AHU Chilled Water	Closes	Stays Same	
AHU Steam Heating	Closes	Closes	
AHU Hot Water	Closes	Stays Same	
Steam Humidifier	Closes	Closes	
Terminal Reheat	Closes	Stays Same	
OA Preheat Below 2°C (36°F)	Opens	Opens	
OA Preheat Above 2°C (36°F)	Closes	Opens	

- .3 Where hot water pump is provided for freeze protection, hot water valve should be positioned 25% open when low temperature loop senses freezing condition.
- .4 For chilled water coils it is preferable to close the valve shutdown to prevent excessive condensation around duct and coil and to save pumping energy. This may be accomplished with normally closed valves.
- .5 Heat exchanger control valve shall be normally closed and outdoor air preheat valves shall be normally open.
- .6 For tight shut-off consider using single seated valves and for pressure by-pass lines double seated valves.
- .7 When the control valve is fully open, pressure drop across the valve shall be adequate to allow the valve to have precise controllability.
- .8 When the control valve is closed, pressure drop across the valve shall not exceed valve and actuator close-Off rating.
- .9 For Extensive Renovations (**OBC**)/addition and new construction projects use of Two-way modulating valves with pressure independent characteristic (PICCV) shall be reviewed with **Facilities** University of Ottawa. Type of Two-way valves in small projects shall match the existing.
- .10 Combined performance of two-way control valve and coil shall be linear.
- .11 Use of three-way valves are not desirable. Where use of three-way valves is not avoidable consider the use of mixing type as oppose to diverting type.
- .12 Frost pumps complete with two-way valves and check valves shall be used to prevent coils from freezing. Frost pumps shall be monitored by the BAS for status and start-stop.
- .11 Dampers:
 - .1 Where size of damper is over 1.5 m² (16.1 Ft²), use of single damper is not permitted and it shall be divided in multiple sections. In this case multiple sections shall be all linked together in vertical and horizontal stacks. All sections shall be

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linked together with multiple actuators with the same operating range, torque and stroke.

- .2 Safety Factor of 2 on damper actuator torque spec shall be applied.
- .3 Outdoor air dampers shall include
 - .1 Thermally insulated damper with severe cold silicone option
 - .2 Upgraded damper linkages suitable for saltwater vapour exposure
 - .3 No double stacking of damper actuators shall be accepted. Actuators must be easily serviceable and outside of the ductwork.
 - .4 Damper bearings shall have no metal-to-metal or metal-to-plastic contact. No "oillite" type bearings are acceptable.
- .4 Below outlines desirable actuator positioning on system shutdown and/or loss of power. Self-closing feature shall be spring return or capacitor return.

Dampers	System Shutdown	Loss of Power
Outdoor Air (OA)	Closes	Closes
Relief Air	Closes	Closes
Return Air (RA)	Opens	Opens
VAV Box	Based on Space Req's	Based on Space Req's
Multi Zone Hot Deck (Cold Spaces)	Opens	Opens
Multi Zone Cold Deck (Hot Spaces)	Closes	Closes

.5 When fan is delayed upon start-up to confirm OA damper position, RA damper should not be spring return to ensure the fan does not work with both OA and RA dampers closed.

2.3 Metering

- .1 **UofO** has strategized metering in addition to service metering of utility providers (City, hydro and gas). The intention is to achieve the following goals:
 - .1 Provide energy/emissions reports for the local, provincial, and national jurisdictions required by law.
 - .2 Measuring Building Energy Performance Index (BEPI).
 - .3 Benchmark energy-related baselines and determine potential case studies for energy retrofits and audits.
 - .4 Discontinue manual readings and engage Operations Staff to monitor energy use in realtime.
 - .5 Support revenue grade billing.
 - .6 Energy tracking for ESCo performance bonus and government/utility provider incentives
 - .7 Provide data to **MECP** for Cap & Trade Program.
- .2 The metering strategy is divided into two groups:

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- .1 Building Metering: University metering shall be installed at main building services, downstream to utility service metering. This applies to new construction, additions and Extensive Renovations (**OBC**).
- .2 Sub-Metering: Applies to service branches serving revenue based University services and/or 3rd party tenants including but not limited to Food Services, Residences, Housing Services, Sports Services, and Student Federation Offices.
- .3 Electrical meters shall be equal to Triacta Power Hawk Series and must have the following met criterion:
 - .1 Revenue-Grade meters.
 - .2 Measurement Canada certified.
 - .3 Shall be ULC approved.
 - .4 Shall have a pulse output capable of communicating with an Ethernet connection c/w device MAC address.
 - .5 Associated current transformers (CTs) shall be solid core. Split core CTs are not acceptable as a permanent metering solution.
 - .6 Real-time capability with maximum 5-minute delay on data transmission.
 - .7 Phase Transformers (PTs), CTs, electrical meter, and associated metering devices shall be mounted on a fire-rated plywood panel.
 - .8 Meter tag and proper identification (lamacoid or P-Touch is acceptable for labelling).
- .4 Mechanical meters (Magnetic Flow, Vortex, and Turbine) equal to Endress + Hauser and shall have the following criterion:
 - .1 4-20mA signal output.
 - .2 Industrial-Grade meters for power plant and preferred for all campus (commercial-grade is acceptable for all other facilities).
 - .3 Flanged connections complete with full-port isolation ball valves.
 - .4 Digital head display, or digital remote head for inaccessible areas.
 - .5 Intelligent meter with diagnostic mode.
 - .6 Meter body and flanges to be thermally insulated.
 - .7 Meter Tag and proper identification (lamacoid or P-Touch is acceptable for labelling).
- .5 Energy shall meet the following criterion:
 - .1 Installed in a NEMA 4 enclosure.
 - .2 Data loggers shall be installed in a NEMA 4 enclosure c/w Duplex receptacle.
- .6 Varity of Building Meters are as follow:
 - .1 Electricity: Consumption (kWh), Power (kW), demand (KVa), reactive power (kVar), voltage (V), amps (A), frequency and power factor. To be installed on the 600V or 208V side.
 - .2 Heating water: Demand (GJ/h), consumption (GJ), peak demand (date/time). To be a full port magnetic flowmeter to be installed on supply c/w with thermal well and RTD's thermometer (on both system supply <u>and</u> return lines), + Energy calculator; Ultrasonic meters are an acceptable alternative where system shut-down is impossible or where

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magflow meter installation is not feasible without significant piping modifications. Remote head display is required for meters installed in elevated or hard-to-reach areas. Meters shall have a 4-20mA pulse out-put and report to a data logger capable of communicating with an Ethernet connection c/w MAC address.

- .3 Chilled water: Demand (GJ/h), consumption (GJ), peak demand (date/time). To be a full port magnetic flowmeter to be installed on return c/w with thermal well and RTD's thermometer (On both system supply and return lines), + Energy calculator; Ultrasonic meters are an acceptable alternative where system shut-down is impossible or where magflow meter installation is not feasible without significant piping modifications. Remote head display is required for meters installed in elevated or hard-to-reach areas. Meters shall have a 4-20mA pulse out-put and report to a data logger capable of communicating with an Ethernet connection c/w MAC address.
- .4 Cold domestic water (if permitted by the city): demand (GMP, m3/h). To be a magnetic flowmeter to be installed on supply; Ultrasonic meters are an acceptable alternative where system shut-down is impossible or where magflow meter installation is not feasible without significant piping modifications. Remote head display is required for meters installed in elevated or hard-to-reach areas. Meters shall have a 4-20mA pulse out-put and report to a data logger capable of communicating with an Ethernet connection c/w MAC address.
- .5 Domestic Hot water: Demand (GJ/h), consumption (GJ), peak demand (date/time. To be a magnetic flowmeter to be installed on supply c/w with themal well and RTD's thermometer (On both supply and return lines if applicable), + Energy calculator; Ultrasonic meters are an acceptable alternative where system shut-down is impossible or where magflow meter installation is not feasible without significant piping modifications. Remote head display is required for meters installed in elevated or hardto-reach areas. Meters shall have a 4-20mA pulse out-put and report to a data logger capable of communicating with an Ethernet connection c/w MAC address.
- .6 Natural Gas: Consumption (m3), demand (m3/h); Tie in to existing Enbridge meter complete with Zener Barrier and data logger capable of communicating with Ethernet connection and c/w MAC address.
- .7 Steam: Consumption (lb), energy (GJ). To be a vortex flowmeter to be installed on supply c/w pressure sensor rated for associated line pressure, and a jet turbine meter to be installed on condensate, c/w with RTD's thermometer, + Energy calculator. Remote head display is required for meters installed in elevated or hard-to-reach areas. Meters shall have a 4-20mA pulse out-put and report to a data logger capable of communicating with an Ethernet connection c/w MAC address.
- 8 Building usage to be monitored and tracked through TRIACTA and all metering devices shall be compatible with this system.
- .7 For design and installation purposes of proposed sub-metering, following shall be considered:
 - Electrical panel, piping and conduit layout, shall be organized in a matter that the submetering strategies can be implemented. This include but not limited to:
 - .1 Provide adequate space for the meters to be installed and service. The inside of electrical panel shall be organized in a matter that enough space is allocated for CT's to be installed on power supply and on branch circuits. Wall-mount electrical metering devices shall be installed on fire rated plywood.
 - .2 Provide data outlet per metering devices or data logging device

.1

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- .3 Group similar load per panel such as lighting panel, plug load panel, HVAC equipment panel and shall be reviewed by the campus utilities department for approval.
- .4 Revenue base services and tenant's utility services to be a single point of entry before being distributed throughout their space

2.4 Testing, Commissioning and Training

- .1 Following procedures shall be incorporated and conducted in commissioning process of all projects
 - .1 Selective verification of installation and functionality of supervisory equipment, pathway, wiring and individual component (by Controls Contractors).
 - .2 Verification of signal and device response by conducting comprehensive control point functionality (by Controls Contractors).
 - .3 Validation of the sequences of operation of control systems after review and acceptance of TAB report (by **CxA**).
 - .4 Review and validation of the functionality of control systems in different modes such as but limited to heating, cooling, fire, smoke, occupancy/un-occupancy, start-up, warm-up and cool-down .
- .2 Test all FHs at a maximum room supply air volume at 13°C (55°C) and minimum exhaust air volume at 13°C (55°C) and maximum exhaust air volume.
- .3 Commissioning of FHs shall be done by a third party **CxA**. FHs shall be certified by an independent qualified/certified third party. Commissioning and certification as per CSA Z316.2 and ASHRAE 110 under the certification procedure. The commissioning and certification process shall be reviewed by the University of Ottawa.
- .4 For variable air volume FHs sash movement effect test must be conducted. Once face velocity and smoke test has been passed, the five-minute average test result for the tracer gas testing shall be less than or equal to 0.1 PPM for all operating conditions tested.

2.5 Installation and Maintenance

- .1 Pressure gauges shall be stainless steel and shall be suitable for vibration and working temperature and pressure. The dial reading shall be in the two-thirds range.
- .2 For differential pressure control strategy of heating hot water and chilled water loops consult **Facilities**' Instrumentation group.

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

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ANNEX V-1

Séquence des opérations des alarmes sur le campus

- <u>Séquence campus alarme OK</u>
 - ✓ Si la température d'eau refroidie intégré est plus grande ou égale à 12 °C et que la pression différentiel a Tabaret est – 5 Psi du point de consigne (10 Psi). (Campus Cooling flag en alarme)
 - ✓ Si la pression de steam intégré est plus petite 120 Psi. (Campus heating flag en alarme)
 - ✓ Si la génératrice est en marche... (Campus Power flag en alarme)
 - ✓ Si la pression d'air compriméest plus petite que 70 PSI.(Campus Comp air flag en alarme)
 - ✓ Si Campus Cooling en alarme, Campus heating en alarme, Campus Power ou Campus comp Air flag est en alarme... (Campus flag en alarme)
- <u>Séquence building alarme OK</u>
 - ✓ Vérifier si la pression de vapeur intégré est <8 Psi au secondaire de la PRV ou si la température est < 20 °C de la courbe à Lamoureux. (Building heating flag en alarme)</p>
 - ✓ Vérifier si le différentiel de pression intégré de l'eau refroidi est < 5 Psi de son point de consigne et que la température eau a l'entré du bâtiment est + 5 °C de la central... (Building Cooling flag en alarme)
 - ✓ Si la génératrice fonctionne dans le bâtiment... (Building Power flag en alarme)
- <u>Séquence alarme pour boucle de chauffage (échangeur) OK</u>
 - ✓ Vérifier s'il n'y pas d'alarme a la central (Campus flag) et s'il a de l'électricité dans le bâtiment (Building Power flag)
 - ✓ Vérifier s'il y a une source d'eau chaude dans le bâtiment (Building Heating flag)
 - ✓ Vérifier si la pompe n'est pas en alarme … (Pompe alarme)
 - ✓ Vérifier si la pompe fonctionne bien ... (status de la pompe)
 - ✓ Vérifier que la température de l'eau intégré ne dépasse pas + ou 20 °C du point de consigne... (Température alarme)
- <u>Séquence alarme pour eau refroidit (échangeur) OK</u>
 - ✓ Vérifier s'il n'y pas d'alarme a la central (Campus flag) et s'il a de l'électricité dans le bâtiment (Building Power flag)
 - ✓ Vérifier s'il y a une source d'eau froide dans le bâtiment (Building Cooling flag)
 - ✓ Vérifier que la température de l'eau froide intégré ne dépasse pas + ou 5 °C du point de consigne... (Température alarme)
- <u>Séquence alarme pour ventilation</u>
 - ✓ Vérifier s'il n'y pas d'alarme a la central (Campus flag) et s'il a de l'électricité dans le bâtiment (Building Power flag)
 - ✓ Vérifier si la fan n'est pas en alarme (comparaison du statu avec la comment de la fan)
 - ✓ Vérifier si la ventilation fonctionne déjà depuis un Demi-heure. (status de la fan ON)

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

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- ✓ Vérifier s'il y a une source d'eau refroidie et d'eau chaude disponible pour cette ventilation... (Building Cooling flag, Building Heating flag ou échangeur approprier)
- ✓ Vérifier la température d'alimentation intégré pour quel ne dépasse pas + ou 5 °C du point de consigne... (Température d'alimentation en alarme)
- ✓ Vérifier pression statique intégré pour quel ne dépasse pas + ou 50% du point de consigne... (Pression statique en alarme)

• <u>Séquence alarme pièce</u>

✓ Vérifier s'il n'y a pas d'alarme approprier a la ventilation (Vent flag)

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Overview

- .1 This following has been prepared to provide Design Team with a general overview of plumbing system requirements in existing and new building installations. For all projects consultation with **Facilities** will be required to determine the specific scope of requirements suitable to the project under review. All designs shall be reviewed by **Facilities**.
- .2 Design and installation of storm sewer systems must be implemented in compliance with section 53 of **OWRA**, where applicable. To be coordinated with **ORM**.

2.0 DESIGN

2.1 Parameters

- .1 <u>Domestic Hot and Cold Water Systems</u>:
 - .1 Design of water entry at building entrance shall comply with City of Ottawa by-laws.
 - .2 Domestic hot water is generated centrally on campus from waste heat. Wherever is feasible use this system for generation of domestic hot water.
 - .3 For energy and water usage design of domestic hot and cold water systems shall meet or exceed the requirements outlined in **OBC** and section 7 of ASHRAE 90.1-2010.
 - .4 Back flow prevention devices shall be included in accordance with **OBC** and City of Ottawa by-laws.
 - .5 For new construction design of domestic hot and cold water shall include allowance for future expansions. Branches shall be sized to accommodate 20% additional flow in addition to design flow for future renovation projects.
 - .6 Design of domestic hot and cold water systems shall be in accordance with the minimum pressure available at the municipal main.
 - .7 Water pressure at any outlets shall be maintained at 150 KPa residual and between 300 and 500 KPa static as a minimum at any conditions.
 - .8 Maximum water velocity shall be maintained at 1.2 m/s (4 fps)
 - .9 Hot and cold water thermal insulation shall meet design temperature and to prevent condensation.
 - .10 For the purpose of maintenance hose bibs and compressed air outlet shall be included in design for all mechanical rooms.
 - .11 Where for domestic cold water system booster pump is required down-feed system is proffered. Booster pump shall be equipped with VSD and control panel capable of displaying inlet and outlet pressure, flow, totalized flow, pump status and to communicate with BAS.
 - .12 Following equipment shall be connected to the emergency power:
 - .1 Sewage ejectors.
 - .2 Storm sump pumps.
 - .3 Elevator sump pumps.
 - .4 Domestic booster pumps.

For redundancy all of above systems shall be duplex. Duplex configuration shall be packaged pre-wired pump alternator controller with liquid level controls, control panel (to cut in second pump when liquid level rises or first pump fails), level control for high alarm and contacts to BAS for remote alarm on pump failure and high level. Local control panel shall be completed with audio and visual alarm.

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

<u>VOLUME I</u> W. PLUMBING

- .13 Where required tenant and food services domestic hot water and base-building shall be sub-metered. Sub-metering system shall be capable of providing access to BAS and logged for monitoring and billing purposes.
- .14 Local domestic heaters are discouraged. Any justifications for local domestic heaters shall be reviewed by **Facilities**.
- .15 Design of domestic hot water services shall include recirculation system to provide 49°C (120°F) in 10 seconds or less at any domestic hot water outlet. In applications such as food services where domestic hot water in excess of 9°C (120°F) is required, local booster heater shall be provided.
- .2 <u>Sanitary Sewage and Storm Drainage Systems</u>:
 - .1 For sewage ejectors and sump pumps, dry contacts to communicate with BAS on level controls shall be included.
 - .2 Variations of plumbing fixtures and associated accessories shall be reviewed with **Facilities**.
 - .3 All public washrooms shall be completed with floor drains.
 - .4 Except in Laboratories, Hazardous spaces, Workshops, provide floor drains in Mechanical rooms, Garbage rooms, Loading ducks and Washrooms.
 - .5 Design shall include trap primer to floor drains as per requirements outlined in **OBC**.
 - .6 Where floor drains and/or <u>Slop Sink (22 42 01)</u> serve the floor cleaning machine, sediment interceptors shall be provided.
 - .7 Grease traps shall be provided in all commercial food services, and shall be accessible for maintenance.

2.2 Installation and Maintenance

- .1 <u>General</u>:
 - .1 Piping shall be installed straight and parallel with building structure/guidelines.
 - .2 Di-electric couplings for joining pipes of dissimilar metals shall be used.
 - .3 Where noise in an application is a concern drainage and water systems shall be avoided if feasible. Where passage of these systems is not avoidable design shall include acoustic treatment.
 - .4 At the completion of all piping work, all piping shall be tested in accordance with the following schedule and Ontario Building Code whichever is stringent:

Service	Duration	Testing Pressure
Domestic Hot and Cold Water	Four (4) hours	690 Kpa (100 Psig)
Sanitary Sewage	One (1) hour	30 Kpa (10 ft. wc)

- 5 Pressure testing shall be witness and approved by either Third Party **CxA** or Design Team as per requirements outlined in commissioning section of **UofO** Design and Construction Requirements.
- .6 Testing procedure shall be in accordance with Pre-Functional and Functional testing as outlined in project commissioning specification.
- .2 <u>Domestic Hot and Cold Water Systems</u>:

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

<u>VOLUME I</u> W. PLUMBING

- .1 Use of press fittings are not permitted. In limited application such as process water in laboratories use of press fittings might be acceptable. Utilization of press fittings shall be reviewed with **Facilities**.
- .2 Use of PEX tubing are not permitted in the campus.
- .3 All new water piping shall be flushed to remove foreign material.
- .4 All exterior hose bibs shall be keyed, frost proof and equipped with vacuum breaker.
- .5 Water piping systems including potable water, hydronic, sanitary and storm drainage shall no be permitted within the IT rooms/closets and electrical rooms including within the partitions.
- .6 Backflow preventer devices with body materials dissimilar to the connected piping shall be installed with a dielectric kit as per manufacturer's recommendation.
- .7 For domestic cold water continuous vapor barrier shall be applied to prevent condensation.
- .8 For new construction projects all main branches shall be terminated with valve and capped connections.
- .9 Isolation valves shall be ball valve and be located:
 - .1 At supply piping to fixtures or group of fixtures and equipment.
 - .2 At branch take-offs and vertical risers.
 - .3 In accessible locations to facilitate maintenance.
- .10 Connections to equipment and main branches shall be made with unions or flanges. Where flanges are used gaskets shall be provided.
- .11 Piping shall be in parallel to walls.
- .12 Efforts shall be made to group piping at common elevations.
- .13 Where feasible avoid joints in piping below grade.
- .14 Drain valves shall be located:
 - .1 Near the main shut-off valves.
 - .2 At base of vertical raisers.
 - .3 At the equipment and;
 - .4 At low points of piping systems.
- .15 Victaulic piping system for plumbing is not permitted.
- .16 Design shall consider power pipe type heat recovery to preheat domestic hot water make-up in residences.
- 17 Pipes and fittings must conform to North American standards.
- .18 All Water Fountains (22 42 01) shall be:
 - .1 Refrigerated.
 - .2 Have accessible bottle filler.
- .3 <u>Sanitary Sewage and Storm Drainage Systems</u>:
 - .1 Clean-outs shall be extended to finished floor or wall surface.
 - .2 Provide enough clearance at clean-outs for rodding of drainage systems.
 - .3 Clean-outs in wet areas shall be completed with membrane clamp.
 - .4 Where electric trap seal primer is used, controls and flow activated bronze body shall be located in an accessible location within a service area. Where flow activated bronze body is located in a public area, it shall be concealed with access door.

<u>VOLUME I</u> **W**. PLUMBING

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

.5 All drain pans of fancoil units shall be piped to drain. Pipe sizes shall be 19 mm as a minimum.

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Overview

.1 This following has been prepared to provide Design Team with a general overview of Fire Protection system requirements in existing and new building. For all projects consultation with **Facilities** will be required to determine the specific scope of requirements suitable to the project under review. All designs shall be reviewed by **Facilities**.

2.0 DESIGN

2.1 Parameters

- .1 <u>Sprinkler System:</u>
 - .1 Design of sprinkler system design shall have based on volume and pressure of incoming water data derived from latest closest hydrant test result.
 - .2 Where available flow and pressure is not sufficient, fire pump shall be provided. Design if fire pump system shall meet the requirements outlined in NFPA 20 based on the edition referenced in **OBC**.
 - .3 Sprinkler system shall be interlocked with fire alarm system.
 - .4 Design and lay-out of sprinkler system shall conform with **OBC** and referenced edition of NFPA 13 in **OBC**.
 - .5 Design of standpipe system shall conform with **OBC** and referenced edition of NFPA 14 in **OBC**.
 - .6 In areas such as loading docks, freezers and public vestibules where there is a risk of freezing design of sprinkler system shall include dry pipe system. Use of listed dry pipe sprinkler heads from a wet pipe system where the coverage area is small is permitted.
 - .7 Sprinkler system design shall be based on hydraulic calculation method and not the schedule method, unless otherwise is permitted by applicable codes.
 - .8 Unless is required by the applicable code or approved by the authority having jurisdiction, standpipe and sprinkler systems shall be separated.
 - .9 Where fire pump is installed to ensure the required pressure at the fire hose cabinet, pressure reducing valve and/or orifices shall be installed.

2.2 Installation and Maintenance

- .1 Sprinkler System:
 - .1 All sprinkler risers shall be protected with adequate posts and guards to prevent physical damage.
 - .2 Horizontal piping shall be sloped to allow for drainage.
 - .3 For system repair, alteration sprinkler system shall be design so that the system can be drain entirely. Piping to drain point shall be provided.
 - .4 Piping shall be parallel to building structure/gridlines.
 - .5 Piping shall be hung from structural elements. Piping shall nit be hung from ductwork or bottom chord of open web steel joists.
 - .6 Where fire pump is required, it shall be listed packaged factory assembled equipped with controller and accessories as required.

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Definition

- .1 For the purpose of this section (see also other Definitions in the beginning of this document): **Cx**: Commissioning.
 - CX: Commissioning.
 - **CxA**: Commissioning Authority.
 - **DT**: Design Team, including its internal (in-house) and/or external resources (Consultants).
 - **ITP**: Independent Third Party.
 - **OPR:** Owner Project Requirement.

1.2 Overview

- .1 **UofO** is committed to **Cx** of all projects to ensure the systems meet the project requirements and are operated and calibrated as required to deliver functional and efficient performance in accordance with the project objectives. The objective of **Cx** described in this section is to provide documented confirmation for such a purpose, and that training is provided to **UofO's** operation personnel.
- .2 To achieve the objectives of **Cx**, it is necessary to verify and document the **UofO OPR** for systems function, performance, and maintainability. as well as, to verify and document compliance with these criteria throughout he different design and construction phases.
- .3 **Cx** of a building ensure that when the building is handed over to operational personnel it meets all requirements as described in **OPR**. It shall be followed and requires coordinated efforts from all Project Team members, including Planning, Design and Construction Teams.
- .4 The **Cx** topics elaborated in this section deals mainly with **M&E** issues, with few Architectural.
- .5 Refer to Volume II, "Inspection & testing" for additional information which may be required.
- .6 The **Cx** Process is encompassed of three stages as follows:
 - .1 During Design Phase.
 - .1 During Construction Phase.
 - .3 During Occupancy and Operation Phase.

2.0 DESIGN

2.1 Models types

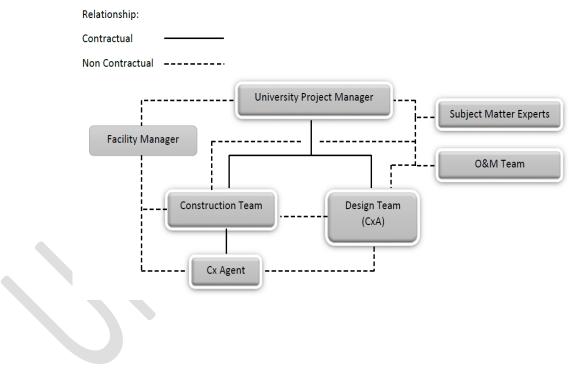
- .1 Depending on the size and type of the projects, **Cx** services will be implemented in the following different models:
 - .1 **CxA**: The **DT** with its internal (in-house) and/or external resources (Consultants) will be responsible of **Cx** of the project on behalf of the **UofO**. This model generally applies to the project with construction budget of the mechanical and electrical services less than or equals \$250,000. To be confirmed by **Facilities**.
 - .2 <u>ITP CxA</u>: UofO will retain Independent Cx services of an ITP CxA, which will be responsible for the project Cx in collaboration with Design and Construction Teams and will report to UofO. This model generally applies to the project with construction budget of the mechanical and electrical services more than \$250,000. To be confirmed by Facilities.

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

2.2 Model description

.1 CxA Model:

- .1 The **DT** shall develop the **Cx** plan, specifications, schedule and forms, develop training plan, witness and certifies installation and performance of building systems, organizes and monitors all **Cx** activities during construction and perform warranty period tasks.
- .2 At the start of the project, the **DT** provides design intent/brief (in lieUofO**PR**), **Cx** plan and develop **Cx** specifications:
 - .1 The design brief becomes the document to be reviewed/edited and ultimately approved before moving to the detailed design.
 - .2 The design brief clearly outlines the proposed **M&E** systems options, preferred approach, code issues, layout, maintenance & access issues with a discussion on life cycle costs.
- .3 During the construction phase, the Contractor (or his **Cx** Agent) are responsible to carry out the start-ups and performance verifications activities, demonstrate the acceptance of test procedures, acts as a coordinator in all **Cx** process and collaborate with **CxA** in accordance with construction documents.
- .4 Below the organization chart demonstrates relationships among Project Team & main topics at a glance:



e II	Prepare and Submit Cx Specifications Including Cx Forms	
Design Phase		
ΔĒ	Prepare Cx plan	
	Develop and Distribute the Cx Schedule	
S	Review and Verify Systems Installation and Performance	
Pha		
Construction Phase	Provide Objective Reporting with Cx Based Observations with	
nct	Recommendations	
ıstr		
Cor	Develop, Organize and Supervise the Training Program	
Ū		
	Complete and Submit the Final Commissioning Process Manual	
	Mariua	
uc	Schedule and Verify Deferred and Seasonal Testing	
ratio	Schedule and Verity Delened and Seasonal resuring	
be		
d C %	Provide Final Testing Documentation for the Cx Record	
y and o Phase		
ЪСУ	Conduct Warranty Period Review	
Occupancy and Operation Phase		
CC	Develop and Submit Reports on Outstanding Problems	

.2 CxA Scope:

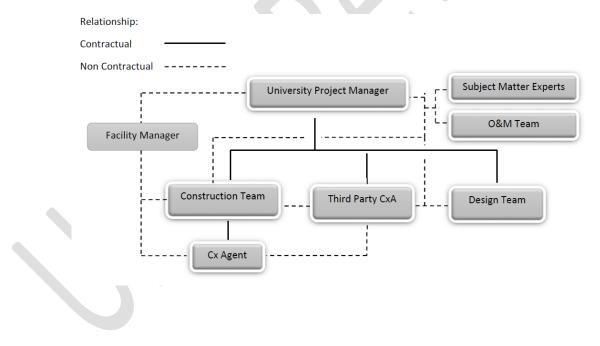
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CxA During Design Phase:

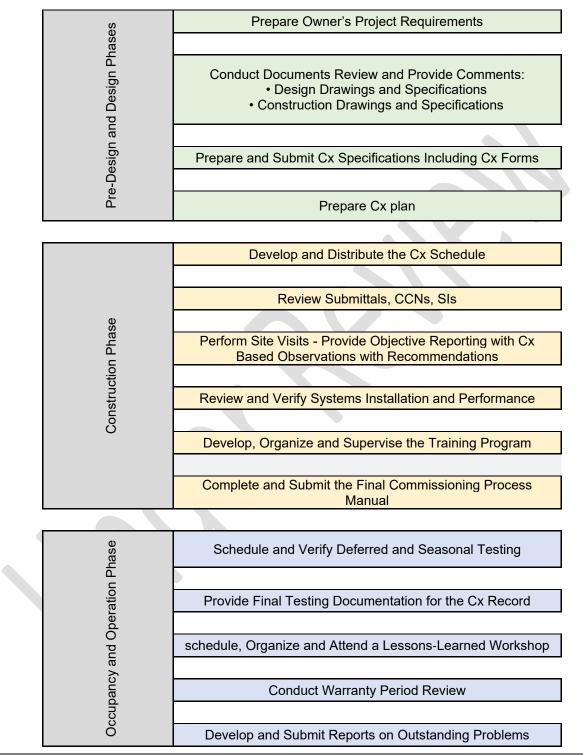
- .1 Identify scope for the commissioning process.
- .2 Develop a commissioning plan encompassing the design, construction, occupancy and operations phases.
- .3 Develop the basis of design to meet project requirements.
- .4 Develop full commissioning specifications for all commissioned equipment. The specifications shall follow **M&E** portions in ASHRAE Guideline 0-005: The Commissioning Process.
- .5 Determine the commissioning requirements and activities to include in the construction documents.
- .6 Prepare **Cx** plan.

- .2 **CxA** During Construction Phase:
 - .1 Organize and conduct periodic commissioning team meetings.
 - .2 Develop and distribute the **Cx** schedule.
 - .3 Develop the Operations/Systems Manual for use in assessing performance and desired operational parameters.
 - .4 Coordinate and direct commissioning activities in a logical, sequential and efficient manner.
 - .5 Witness systems pressure testing, cleaning and flushing to ensure that proper procedures are followed.
 - .6 Develop and distribute pre-functional checklists and detailed functional performance test procedures and checklist for all commissioned systems and equipment.
 - .7 Coordinate and document functional performance testing performed by installing contractors.
 - .8 Review mechanical and electrical controls systems with performance testing and verification.
 - .9 Work with contractors in completing construction checklists and tracking of checklist completion.
 - .10 Review and approve systems start-up by reviewing the reports and by selected site observation.
 - .11 With necessary assistance and review from installing contractors, write the test procedures.
 - .12 Coordinate witness and recommend approval of test procedure performed by installing contractors.
 - .13 Maintain a master issues log and a separate testing record and submit written progress reports and test results with recommended actions.
 - .14 Document the correction and retesting of non-compliance items by the contractors.
 - .15 Develop, organize and supervise the training program conducted by construction team and **DT**.
 - .16 Complete and submit the final Commissioning Process Manual. As the minimum following shall be included in the **Cx** Process Manual:
 - Basis of Design.
 - Cx Plan.
 - Schematic Design Review.
 - Construction Documents Review.
 - **Cx** Specifications.
 - Equipment Installation and Performance Verification.
 - Completed Equipment Installation and Performance Verification Forms.
 - Submissions and Changes during Construction.
 - CX Schedule.
 - Cx Tracking Logs and Status of Completeness.
 - Operations/Systems Manual.
 - Training Program.
 - Warranty Period Activities.
 - Occupancy Issues.

- .3 **CxA** During Occupancy and Operation Phase:
 - .1 Schedule and verify deferred and seasonal testing by the contractors.
 - .2 Provide Final Testing Documentation for the Cx Record.
 - .3 Conduct Warranty Period Review.
 - .4 Develop and Submit Reports on Outstanding Problems.
 - .5 Schedule, organize, and attend a lessons learned workshop.
 - .6 Return to the site at 10 months into the 12 month warranty period.
- .2 ITP CxA Model:
 - .1 A professional services of **ITP CxA** are retained at the beginning of either concept design or planning (when desirable) phase to ensure implementation of **Cx** process and to ensure **OPR** and **UofO's** Guidelines are met and followed. This model requires the participation of the **UofO's Facilities** team, End-users, **DT, ITP CxA** and Construction Team (where applicable).
 - .2 All **Cx** related activities shall be coordinated with **ITP CxA**, who shall develop and coordinate the execution of **Cx** process to ensure systems ae functioning in accordance with **OPR**, construction documents and **UofO's** Guidelines.
 - .4 Below the organization chart demonstrates relationships among Project Team & main topics & main topics at a glance:



DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES



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DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

VOLUME I Y. COMMISSIONING

- .2 ITP CxA Scope:
 - .1 ITP CxA During Design Phase:
 - .1 Develop the **OPR**.
 - .2 Identify scope for the commissioning process.
 - .3 Develop the initial commissioning plan.
 - .4 Collaborate with the **DT** in documenting the basis of design.
 - .5 Verify the basis of design in regard to the **OPR**.
 - .6 Attend design reviews and value engineering meetings and/or discussions.
 - .7 Participate in discussions to evaluate technologies and design methods to meet **OPR**.
 - .8 Perform review of the design documents at the end of each design phase and submit review comments.
 - .9 Develop full commissioning specifications for all commissioned equipment. The specifications shall follow ASHRAE Guideline 0-2005: The Commissioning Process.
 - .10 Develop and finalize the commissioning plan encompassing the design, construction, occupancy and operations phases.
 - .11 Determine the commissioning requirements and activities to include in the construction documents.
 - .12 Prepare **Cx** plan.

.2 ITP CxA During Construction Phase:

- .1 Organize and conduct the commissioning pre-construction meeting.
- .2 Develop and distribute the **Cx** schedule.
- .3 Develop the Operations/Systems Manual for use in assessing performance and desired operational parameters
- .4 Coordinate and direct commissioning activities in a logical, sequential and efficient manner.
- .5 Perform site visits, as necessary, to observe component and system installations followed by reports with suggested direction.
- .6 Attend selected planning and job-site meetings to obtain information on construction progress.
- .7 Conduct periodic on-Site observations during construction and submit observation report.
- .8 Witness systems pressure testing, cleaning and flushing to ensure that proper procedures are followed.
- .9 Develop and distribute pre-functional checklists and detailed functional performance test procedures and checklist for all commissioned systems and equipment.
- .10 Coordinate and document functional performance testing performed by installing contractors.
- .11 Review mechanical and electrical controls systems with performance testing and verification.
- .12 Organize and conduct periodic commissioning team meetings.
- .13 Review submittals concurrent with the **DT**'s review, including shop drawings, Site instructions, and similar.

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

- .14 Work with contractors in completing construction checklists and tracking of checklist completion.
- .15 Review and approve systems startup by reviewing the reports and by selected site observation.
- .16 With necessary assistance and review from installing contractors, write the test procedures.
- .17 Coordinate, witness and recommend approval of test procedure performed by installing contractors.
- .18 Recommend approval of air and water systems balancing by reviewing the report and through field verification.
- .19 Maintain a master issues log and a separate testing record and submit written progress reports and test results with recommended actions.
- .20 Document the correction and retesting of non-compliance items by the contractors.
- .21 Reviews the systems manual for achieving the OPR.
- .22 Develop, organize and supervise the training program conducted by construction team and **DT**.
- .23 Video tape the training sessions.
- .24 Complete and submit the final Commissioning Process Manual. As the minimum following shall be included in the Commissioning Process Manual:
 - OPR.
 - Basis of Design.
 - Cx Plan.
 - Schematic Design Review.
 - Construction Documents Review.
 - Cx Specifications.
 - Equipment Installation and Performance Verification.
 - Completed Equipment Installation and Performance Verification Forms.
 - Submissions and Changes during Construction.
 - Cx Schedule.
 - Cx Tracking Logs and Status of Completeness.
 - Operations Manual.
 - Training Program.
 - Warranty Period Activities.
 - Occupancy Issues.
 - Re-**Cx**.
- .3 ITP CxA During Occupancy and Operation Phase:
 - .1 Schedule and verify deferred and seasonal testing by the contractors.
 - .2 Verify continuing training.
 - .3 Schedule, organize, and attend a lessons-learned workshop.
 - .4 Assist in the development of a preventative maintenance plan.
 - .5 Return to the site after six month of substantial completion of project to coordinate and supervise required seasonal or deferred testing and deficiency corrections.
 - .6 Return to the site at 10 months into the 12 month warranty period to assess warranty issues and summarize any outstanding issues.

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

2.3 Process

- .1 OPR description:
 - .1 The **OPR** describes the criteria that the **UofO** considers key and important to the project. This documents primarily conveys the **UofO's** objective and wishes to the Project Team. As the minimum following sections shall be included:
 - .1 Project Background: Describe the project in general including the purpose of project, usage.
 - .2 <u>Objectives: To include the following, but not limited to:</u>
 - .1 <u>Budget</u>: Describe budget limitations, expectations and/or constrains
 - .2 <u>Functional Uses</u>: Describe and document occupancy information such as number of occupants, hours of operation, etc.
 - .3 Life: Describe expected life of the building systems and/or components
 - .4 <u>Expansion</u>: Describe **UofO's** plans to occupy the facility, and how services growth would be accommodated in future, i.e. describe general requirements for future expansion.
 - .5 <u>Building Envelope</u>: Provide the following descriptions and/or requirements:
 - .1 Building Vision: Orientation, compatibility with adjacent buildings, image and aesthetic, maintenance and renewal expectations and durability.
 - .2 Exterior Walls: Assemblies, cladding types, life expectancy and any exclusion.
 - .3 Roofs: Assemblies, types, reflection and color, anchors, life expectancy and any exclusion.
 - .4 Windows: Maximum percentage of glazing, window sizes, style of window, level of occupant control, conflict of size vs thermal comfort, number of panes, frame type, coatings, views to the outside and daylighting, control of glare & solar gain, need for barred windows, safe break glass.
 - .6 Structure: Describe any required or preferred structural system such as materials, spans, foundations, etc.
 - .7 <u>Interior Partitions and Finishes</u>: Describe any specific needs and/or requirements for typical construction and interior finishes.
 - .8 <u>Accessibility</u>: Provide narratives for any extra-ordinary requirements for building accessibility components such as doors openers, fixtures, etc.
 - .9 <u>Noise and Vibration</u>: Describe any specific acoustic requirements for spaces and the facility.
 - .10 <u>Energy Efficiency</u>: Provide overall energy efficiency goal by comparison to MNECCB or ASHRAE 90.1 or by required LEED energy credit points. Also provide narratives for any eligibility for incentives or, requirements to utilize specific technologies in 3rd party financing of energy efficient equipment or systems.
 - .11 **Cx**: Define scope, systems to be commissioned, i.e. M&E systems, envelope, miscellaneous architectural). Also describe any specific tests such as Envelope Thermographs, indoor air quality or sound, the UofO would like to conduct.
 - .12 <u>Existing Buildings and Systems</u>: For Extensive Renovations (**OBC**) and/or addition to existing buildings, describe requirements for all building systems and components. Specific requirements should be added to the pertinent

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section, e.g. for existing building Extensive Renovation (**OBC**) **Cx** requirements such as Re-**Cx** of existing major mechanical systems should be included in **Cx** section.

- .13 <u>HVAC Systems</u>: Provide following descriptions and/or requirements:
 - .1 <u>System Types</u>: Any preferred systems and/or approaches and/or "permitted/Not permitted" systems.
 - .2 <u>Equipment Materials and Locations</u>: Any preferred equipment type and/or "permitted/Not permitted" equipment and particular requirements for major equipment locations.
 - .3 <u>Environmental Conditions</u>: Any environmental conditions such as set points, ventilation rates, etc. Ensure compliance with all terms and conditions stated in section 9 of **ECA**.
 - .4 <u>Controls</u>: Any specific control requirements such as type of control systems, control vender, etc.
- .14 <u>Plumbing Systems</u>: Provide following descriptions and/or requirements:
 - .1 <u>Systems and Equipment</u>: Any system/equipment requirements or preferences such as central or local, storage or instantaneous, grey water or recycling.
 - .2 <u>Material</u>: Any material requirements or exclusions.
 - .3 Fixtures: Any fixture requirements.
 - .4 <u>Storm sewer system</u>: Ensure compliance with all terms and conditions stated in section 53 of **ECA**.
- .15 <u>Fire Protection Systems</u>: Describe any specific or extraordinary requirements for Fire Protection systems
- .16 <u>Power Distribution Systems</u>: Describe any specific extraordinary requirements such as motors efficiency, transformers energy rating, compatibility with existing systems.
- .17 <u>Emergency Power System</u>: Describe any specific requirements such as systems require to be connected to emergency power, and **ECA** requirements.
- .18 <u>Lighting Systems</u>: Describe any specific lighting levels and/or design approaches and/or control strategy and/or lighting fixtures/system
- .19 <u>Security</u>: Describe any specific requirements for building access, intrusion alarms, CCTV, duress alarms.
- .20 <u>IT and Communication</u>: Describe any specific requirements and for telephone, computer networks.
- .2 Cx Plan:
 - Commissioning Plan is the main document for project **Cx**. It is addressed to all Project Team, provides an overview and objectives of the commissioning, and describes all elements and methodologies to make the **Cx** process successful.
 - .2 The purpose is to informs the **Cx** Team about their roles and responsibilities and to set out the scope, standards of **Cx** and deliverables. It also identify the systems that are to be commissioned. It shall be prepared at the early stage of design phase. It can be revised and as necessary as the design phase proceeds.
 - .4 Preparation of **Cx** plan is primarily the responsibility of **CxA** however its production is joint effort between **UofO's** Project Manager, **DT** and **CxA**. Other Project Team

members such as end-users, Operational personnel, Facility Manager and Subject Matter Experts can be involved.

- .5 As a minimum, the following sections shall be included in the **Cx** Plan:
 - .1 <u>Overview and Design Stage Activities</u>: This section to include, but not limited to:
 - .1 Project Summary.
 - .2 Purpose of **Cx**.
 - .3 Definitions.
 - .4 **Cx** Process.
 - .5 Roles and Responsibilities (including Organizational Chart).
 - .6 **OPR.**
 - .7 Design Review.
 - .8 Construction Specifications.
 - .2 <u>Installation and Performance Verification</u>: This section to include, but not limited to:
 - .1 General Requirements.
 - .2 Installation Verification.
 - .3 Performance Verification.
 - .4 Water and Air Balancing.
 - .5 Systems Testing.
 - .6 Post Occupancy Testing.
 - .7 Selective Testing.
 - .8 Manufacturer's Involvement.
 - .9 Witnessing of Testing.
 - .10 **Cx** Forms.
 - .3 Cx Process: This section to include, but not limited to:
 - .1 **Cx** Schedule.
 - .2 **Cx** Meetings.
 - .3 **Cx** Protocols.
 - .4 Cx Notes.
 - .5 **Cx** Forms During Construction.
 - 4 <u>Close-Out Process</u>: This section to include, but not limited to:
 - .1 Pre-Occupancy Checks.
 - .2 Operation Manual.
 - .3 As-Built Drawings.
 - .4 Maintenance.
 - .5 Training.
 - .6 **Cx** Report.
 - 5 <u>Warranty Period</u>: This section to include, but not limited to:
 - .1 General.
 - .2 Seasonal Testing.
 - .3 Scheduled Maintenance.
 - .4 Users and Operational Issues.
 - .5 **Cx** Close-out.

.3 Systems to be **Cx**'nd, to include, but not limited to:

Systems or Equipment	Sampling Rate / Observation and Testing
HVAC Systems	
Chillers	100%
Heat Exchangers	100%
Pumps	100%
Air Handling Units	100%
Various Exhaust Fans	100%
Variable Frequency Drives	100%
Fan coil Units	25%
Unit Heaters	25%
Dual Duct Terminal units	25%
Energy Recovery Units	100%
Kitchen Hood System including Controls	100%
Air and Water Balancing	25%
Building Automation Systems	·
Temperature/Humidity Sensors	100%
Pressure Sensors and Controllers	100%
Airflow Stations	100%
Damper/Valve Actuators	100%
Meters and Sub-Meters* - Gas (Main and Kitchen) , Domestic Co Chilled Water, Heating Hot Water	old Water, 100%
Sequence of Operation including graphics	100%
Occupancy Sensors (Lighting, BAS Schedule…)	25%
Plumbing	·
Plumbing Equipment	25%
Plumbing Fixtures	25%

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Plumbing Piping Systems	25%
Back Flow Preventer	100%
Booster Pumps	100%
Pressure Reducing Valves	100%
Sump Pumps	100%
Grease Interceptor	100%
Fire, Life and Safety Systems	
Fire Pumps	100%
Fire Suppression Systems (Kitchen Hoods)	100%
Smoke Evacuation Exhaust Fan	100%
Fire Alarm	100%
Egress Pressurization	100%
Exit Signs and Emergency Lighting System	100%
Fire and Smoke Dampers	100%
Electrical Systems	
Normal Power Electrical Systems (Power Quality, Grounding, Transformers, 600V and 208V Distribution and Panels, Circuit Panels, Motor	50%
Emergency Power Systems (Emergency Generator, automatic transfer switches, Distribution, Circuits…)	100%
Lighting Systems (Fixtures, and Controls including daylight and dimming systems).	25%
Miscellaneous Systems	
Fuel Oil Systems including Safety Controls	100%
Vertical Transport	100%
	L

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Overview

- .1 This section has been prepared to provide consultants with a general overview of Electrical Systems design requirements for new buildings and renovations in existing building.
- .2 Different team at the **UofO** including **UofO's** IT, Security and AV teams share responsibility of programming and performance review of the various electrical disciplines along with **Facilities** Integrated Project Delivery (IPD), **Facilities** Operations (Ops), therefore consultants shall always review project requirements with respective teams to determine required information. All systems will be reviewed by **Facilities**.

2.0 DESIGN

2.1 Parameters

- .1 Design of electrical systems shall be flexible and expandable without significant modifications to the system infrastructure.
- .2 Design of electrical systems shall be done in such that the equipment and the systems to be able to operate in their maximum operation limit without causing any damage to the equipment and/or failure of the service.
- .3 Electrical equipment and/or components shall meet or exceed the energy efficiency requirements outline in ASHERAE 90.1-2010.
- .4 Design of Electrical Systems shall include the lowest life cycle maintenance cost and long service life.
- .5 **UofO's** preference is to reduce harmonics therefore followings shall be considered in design:
 - .1 Where high rated transforms are required consider to size high the neutral.
 - .2 For loads with significant third harmonic content neutral shall be doubled.
 - .3 For all circuit provide separate neutral conductor. Avoid sharing neutral in design.
- .6 In application such as laboratories, computer centers, substations where continuity of power is required, service shall be double ended.
- .7 Design shall include housekeeping pad for switch gears and MCCs.
- .8 Type, efficiency and temperature rise of transformers shall be consulted with **Facilities**.
- .9 Low voltage transformers shall be dry type with 115°C rise.
- .10 Generally electrical rooms shall be ventilated without mechanical cooling. Review the design requirements with **Facilities** when mechanical cooling is required.
- .11 For future expansion requirements, design of subpanel distribution system shall minimize the distance between.
- .12 Locations of normal and emergency panels/subpanels shall be reviewed with Facilities.
- .13 Design of main electrical distribution panels shall include 30% spare circuits. The spare circuits for other distribution panels shall be 20%.
- .14 Aluminum cables are not permitted.
- .15 Aluminum bus bar is not permitted.
- .16 For renovation and new construction projects loads shall be balanced. Amperage shall be listed at the panel boards.
- .17 Motors of 1 hp and above shall be 3-phase. Use of single phase motor for fraction hp motors such as Fan Coil units are acceptable.

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

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- .18 3 Phase motors shall be premium efficiency to meet or exceed requirements outlined in ASHRAE 90.1-2010.
- .19 All magnetic starters shall be equipped with Hand-Off-Auto controls, light test switches, running lights, reset buttons, auxiliary contacts and controls transformers. For protection motor circuit protectors shall be used, fuses are not permitted.
- .20 Where VFDs are to be installed very close electrically to the incoming facility power source or in other locations within the electrical system where they will be otherwise highly susceptible to incoming spikes and other transients, the installation shall include additional measures for the protection of the front end/diode section of the drives such as a 3-5% line reactor. Line reactor(s) shall be appropriately sized and specified to suit the characteristics of the drive(s) and the electrical distribution system to minimize negative side effects.
- .21 Where VFDs are to be installed in locations subject to harmonic distortion caused by nearby nonlinear loads, the installation shall include additional harmonic mitigation measures such as a DC link choke or 3-5% line reactor. Line reactor(s) shall be appropriately sized and specified to suit the characteristics of the drive(s) and the electrical distribution system to minimize negative side effects.
- .22 VFDs shall be equipped with built in harmonic mitigation technology to minimize harmonic distortion and maintain system power quality.
- .23 Where outdoor mechanical equipment equip with VFD(s) are used, CFD s shall not be installed inside the equipment. VFDs shall be installed in the closest mechanical or electrical room to the equipment.
- .24 Where six or more starters are needed, MCC shall be provided.
- .25 Where a main distribution panel is not used or available, MCC shall be used for distribution centers.
- .26 Where elevators are fed from MCC, it shall have only breakers and not starters.
- .27 Arc Flash, Short Circuit study and Coordination study shall be completed during design phase.
- .28 Where an existing Arc Flash study is available consultants shall modify the study for the final design. Where there is no existing study consultants shall perform their own study.
- .29 All equipment requiring Arc Flash study shall receive a permanent, durable Arc Flash Protection label as per code.

2.2 Installation and Maintenance

- .1 Provide adequate space for servicing, replacement and addition (for future projects) where equipment are installed in service rooms.
- .2 Electrical and communication equipment and/or components shall not be installed in mechanical service rooms unless required to service mechanical equipment.
- .3 Where electrical panels are installed in electrical rooms, closets and/or load centers, design and installation shall allow space for two additional panel boards for future projects/expansion.
- .4 Main ceiling mounted equipment, devices, sensors and components requiring readily service access and/or periodic maintenance and/or inspection shall be located, where possible in service rooms or and not over corridors.
- .5 Ceiling mounted equipment, devices, sensors and components requiring periodic maintenance and/or inspection shall be installed in such the installation provides ease of servicing access. The required maintenance and/or inspection work shall not jeopardize the health and safety of **UofO's** operational staff and/or service contractors. They shall be accessible from the floor or a permanent service or access platform or walkway, standard step ladder or extension ladder.

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

VOLUME I Z1. ELECTRICAL

- .6 All luminaries requiring re-lamping shall be accessible for service access. They shall be accessible from the floor or a permanent service or access platform or walkway, standard step ladder or extension ladder.
- .7 Wirings shall be identified with numbers on both ends of phase conductors of feeders and branch circuit wiring.
- .8 Wiring of controls, fire alarms and communication systems shall be colour coded and matched throughout in accordance with **UofO's** standards.
- .9 Where conduits and/or cables penetrate walls, ceiling and floor, they shall be coded with plastic tape or paint at 3 m interval.
- .10 Equipment identification nameplates shall be Lamicoid 3 mm thick plastic engraving sheet, blackface for normal power and red face for Emergency power, white core, mechanically attaches with self-tapping screws as below. For renovations, wording and labels shall be reviewed and approved by **Facilities** Operations Team.
- .11 Self-adhesive plastic labels with 6 mm high letters should be applied to all terminal devices. In renovations, wordings shall be reviewed and approved by **Facilities** Operations Team.
- .12 Average of 25 letters shall be allowed per nameplate and label.
- .13 Nameplate of terminal cabinets and junction boxes shall indicate system and/or voltage characteristics.
- .14 Distribution equipment shall be identified by the nameplates.
- .15 Nameplate of Transformers shall indicate the capacity, power source, primary and secondary voltage.
- .16 Breakers, disconnects, starters and contactors shall be labelled indicating equipment being controlled and its voltage.
- .17 Receptacles shall be labelled indicating power source and circuit number.
- .18 Conceal conduits in finished areas.
- .19 Exposed conduits shall be run parallel to building gridlines. Maintain maximum headroom.
- .20 Outlets shall not be installed back to back where they are in the same wall or partition.
- .21 Minimum 150 mm horizontal distance shall be maintained between electrical boxes where they are in the same wall or partition.
- .22 Light switches and disconnect devices shall be located on latch side of doors.
- .23 <u>Mounting height (from finished floor to centerline of component) of the electrical components</u> <u>shall follow below</u>:

Switches	1,200 mm	
Receptacles:		
General	300 mm	
Over counters	175 mm	
In service rooms, workshops, laboratories	1,200 mm	
Panels (as per code or as indicated below):		
	1,800 m from the top of the panel	
	Where multiple panels are installed; align tops. Highest panel determines the height.	
Voice and Data Outlets	300 mm	
Phone outlets	1,400 mm	
Fire alarm pull stations	1,400 mm	

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Fire alarm bells, horns, strobes	2,100 mm
Speakers	2,100 mm
Dry type transformers	2,400 mm
Time switches, lighting contractors	1,400 mm
Starters	
	1,500 mm from top
	Where multiple starters are installed; align tops. Highest starter determines the height.

- .24 Following tests shall be conducted at time of completion and acceptance of work and reported in writing to **UofO's CxA** for review and acceptance:
 - .1 Polarity, control and switches test circuits for correct operation of devices, switches and controls.
 - .2 Test voltage at last outlet of each circuit. Voltage drop shall bot exceed the maximum allowance per Ontario Electrical Safety Code.
 - .3 Measure load on each phase at switchboards, splitters, distribution panels, lighting and power panels. Where necessary phase connections shall be rearranged to balance load on each phase. Loads shall be measured after rearrangement to confirm the load balance.
 - .4 Line voltage of each phase at load terminals shall be of main breakers shall be measured. Test shall be performed when majority of electrical equipment are in use.
 - .5 Line current of each phase of motors when motor is under load shall be measured.
 - .6 Insulation resistance (Megger) test for circuits, feeders and equipment shall be performed.
 - .7 Continuity of grounding and bonding conductors shall be verified.
- .25 At time of completion and prior acceptance of work test for loss and return of normal power of the following electrical systems shall be performed and reported in writing to **UofO's CxA** for review and acceptance:
 - .1 High and low voltage equipment.
 - .2 Start-up of emergency generator and load transfer.
 - .3 Lighting controls and emergency lighting.
 - .4 Fire alarm and detection.
 - .5 Security access and intrusion alarm operation during power outage.
 - .6 UPS system.
 - .7 Communication system
- .26 All ground conductors shall be installed with non-metallic or non-continuous metallic hardware.
- .27 All ground bus connections shall be bolted lug type with double bolt.

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

VOLUME I Z2. POWER DISTRIBUTION

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Overview

- .1 This section has been prepared to provide consultants with a general overview of Electrical Systems design requirements for new buildings and renovations in existing building.
- .2 In many instances University undertakes short term planning and long term master planning to address economic and practical inefficacies associated with renovations in existing building, therefore consultants shall always review project requirements. In all cases consultation with **Facilities** will be required to determine the specific scope of work and requirements suitable to the project under review. All systems shall be reviewed by **Facilities**.

2.0 DESIGN

2.1 Parameters

- .1 Electrical rooms shall be located in such to maximize the flexibility of power distribution system and ease of access to floor area served.
- .2 Power distribution system shall be designed to provide flexibility and adaptability when change of spaces are required. Also ease of access to electrical panels shall be considered in the design to facilitate the addition of new feeds are required.
- .3 Central distribution panels shall be located close to load centers, such as mechanical rooms.
- .4 All panel boards shall be suitable for bolt-on breakers and be completed with copper bussing with full size neutrals for all distributions and branch panels with ground bus bonded to the panel board for bonding conductors.
- .5 Distribution system shall be deigned with sufficient spare capacity to accommodate significant change of use.
- .6 Power distribution system shall be design to accommodate 30% spare capacity as a minimum at all nodes of the system for future growth.
- .7 Distribution panel, switch boards and panel boards shall be supplied by the same manufacturer.
- .8 Feeders to panels distribution panels, MCCs, etc. shall be TECK or RWZ(Z) XLPE copper conductors in rigid steel conduits and EMT. All feeders shall have the same ratings or larger than it's over load protection.
- .9 Indoor transformers shall be dry type, class 200 insulation and copper windings.
- .10 Computer server transformers shall be harmonic mitigation type.
- .11 Transformers shall be energy efficient meeting or exceed the requirements outlined in CSA C802.
- .12 Routing of distribution feeders shall be through common areas. Routing of distribution feeders between adjacent spaces which are subject to change is not acceptable.
- .13 Design of power distribution system shall minimize the arc flash hazard.
- .14 Design of power distribution system shall separate the lighting load from mechanical load for the purpose of metering and facilitate the measurement and verification.
- .15 Design of power distribution shall include the subdivision of the following categories:
 - .1 Normal lighting.
 - .2 Emergency lighting.
 - .3 Exterior lighting.
 - .4 Mechanical equipment.

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

VOLUME I Z2. POWER DISTRIBUTION

- .5 Electronic equipment and non-linear loads.
- .6 Power feeds to rental spaces.
- .7 UPS or emergency.
- .16 Consideration shall be given to control noise of electromagnetic fields in design of power system for noise sensitive areas. Electrical transformers shall not be located inside and/or adjacent to these areas.
- .17 All outdoor electrical cables shall be properly rated copper cables in underground duct bank complete with fully sized neutral.
- .18 All electrical conductors shall be copper.
- .19 Main switch boards shall be free standing with capacity and short circuit ratings to suit the specific characteristic of scheduled loads complete with 100% rated main circuit breaker and metering devices.
- .20 Design of 208/120V lighting panels shall include six, 15A/120V spare breakers as minimum.
- .21 Design of 600/347V power panels shall include two, 3 pole spare breakers as a minimum.
- .22 Design of all electrical panels (lighting and power) shall include 20% as a minimum additional space in addition to spare breakers.
- .23 Electrical equipment located in areas with sprinkler system shall be provided with water proof enclose/protection against water from sprinklers acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
- .24 Where UPS system is used:
 - .1 UPS panel shall be completed with an isolated ground bus.
 - .2 UPS panel shall be located in UPS room.
- .25 For motors with 10 hp and larger (208V) and 30 hp and larger (600V) except for motors operating through VFD, reduced voltage or soft start starter shall be used.
- .26 All magnetic starters shall be equipped with Hand-Off-Auto controls, light test switches, running lights, reset buttons, auxiliary contacts and controls transformers.
- .27 For the purpose of protecting motors from loss/reversal or over/under current situations all three phase motors shall be equipped with phase protection devices.
- .28 Where motors are grouped (more than three) in an area, motor starters shall be grouped in MCC.
- .29 Motor starters shall be operated by the building automation system.
- .30 For motors 1 hp and larger single phase protection shall be provided.
- .31 Design main electrical room shall provide ground bus around the perimeter.
- .32 Grounding system shall be star configuration. Loop configuration is not acceptable.
- .33 Rooftop receptacles and receptacles in hallways and corridors shall be on their own branch circuits and not be powered from room branch circuits.

2.2 Installation and Maintenance

- .1 Conduits shall be grouped on channels.
- .2 Cables shall be run in conduits, ducts or wire ways.
- .3 Dry mount transformers shall be mounted on concrete pad with adequate clearance for ventilation.
- .4 At least one general purpose duplex receptacle shall be provided in electrical closets. In electrical rooms two duplex receptacles shall be provided as a minimum.
- .5 Motors with $\frac{1}{2}$ hp and larger shall be three phase.

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

VOLUME I Z2. POWER DISTRIBUTION

- .6 Lighting panels shall have minimum 60 circuit capacity.
- .7 In order to obtain better lagging power factor (better than 0.95) automatic power factor correction equipment shall be provided.
- .8 Single pole breakers with handle ties shall not be used in lieu of multiple breakers.
- .9 Recessed panels shall have two spare conduits from the panel to the ceiling for future use.

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1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Overview

- .1 This section has been prepared to provide consultants with a general overview of Lighting system design requirements for new buildings and renovations in existing building.
- .2 Consultants shall always review project requirements with **Facilities** teams to determine other related required information. All systems will be reviewed by **Facilities**.

2.0 DESIGN

2.1 Models types

- .1 Lighting system shall be design to meet functional requirement of each specific space.
- .2 Design of lighting systems shall provide ease of maintenance and replacement of lamps. Design of lighting systems for ceiling heights over 4.5 m (15 Ft.) shall be reviewed by the Facility Operational team for lamp and ballast access.
- .3 Lighting controls shall be minimizing the building lighting system energy use.
- .4 Design of lighting system shall be done in such that illumination is directed to desired location with minimal direct glare and reflection.
- .5 Generally, design of lighting system shall provide one third of luminance required for specific task or area for surrounding.
- .6 Lighting fixture lay-out within drop ceilings shall allow relocation of lighting fixture by one ceiling tile in either direction.
- .7 Interior and exterior lighting design shall consider use of LED lighting lamps. As a minimum design of interior and exterior lighting system design shall include T8 and HID luminaries respectively. T5 lighting lamps are not permitted.
- .8 Color temperature of for LED fixtures are generally 3500K, however acceptable colour temperature shall be reviewed for each application with Facility.
- .9 Illuminance of lighting system shall comply with **UofO** standard. Refer to <u>Annex Z3-1</u>.
- .10 Lighting Power Density (LPD) of lighting system shall either exceed 35% better than ASHRAE 90.1 2010 or meet or exceed the requirements outlined in section S Energy and Sustainability.
- .11 All luminaries shall operate at 120 VAC.
- .12 For multi-zone spaces lighting system design shall consider controlled dimming system.
- .13 Lighting system design of multi-purpose spaces shall be flexible for change of space configuration.
- 14 Site lighting system shall:
 - .1 Meet the safety and security objectives.
 - .2 Enhance the character of building.
 - .3 Minimize the light pollution to meet or exceed the requirements of LEED design guideline where feasible.
- .15 Design of lighting systems in spaces where visual display terminals (VDT) is required shall be able to control reflected and direct glare and to limit luminance in both the dynamic field and task surrounding area.
- .16 In order to design lighting systems for spaces where visual display terminals (VDT) is required confirm/determine:
 - .1 How the VDT screen is utilized.
 - .2 Type of visual image is displayed.

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

<u>VOLUME I</u> Z3. LIGHTING

- .3 The angular relationship between screen and end-user.
- .17 For enclosed area lighting controls system shall include one control point for each task location or each group of task locations within an area of 45 sq. m. or less.
- .18 In design of lighting system of large open space where must be used as a whole, lighting control for shall be controlled by a lesser number of controls but not less than one control point per 1500 W (120 VAC) and 4150 W (347 VAC) of connected lighting power or a total of three control points whichever is greater.
- .19 For the purpose of energy conservation lighting system design shall include occupancy sensors as a control point, manual toggle switches for multi-level lighting, daylight harvesting sensors.
- .20 Occupancy sensors shall be used in the following spaces:
 - .1 Private and open offices.
 - .2 Meeting rooms.
 - .3 Functional rooms.
 - .4 Study rooms.
 - .5 Washrooms and locker rooms.
 - .6 Service rooms.
 - .7 Laundries in residences.
- .21 Dimming controls shall be considered for the following spaces:
 - .1 Classrooms.
 - .2 AV spaces.
 - .3 Large gathering spaces such as dining halls.
 - .4 Large open multi-user laboratories.
- .22 Where daylight harvesting sensors are provided, lights shall dim, turn off when daylight is available.
- .23 Security night lights shall be provided in areas to left ON at all times for safety or video cameras.
- .24 Exterior lighting shall be controlled by lighting contactors or relay system and photo sensors with HOA override capability via BAS.
- .25 Design of lighting controls system shall include low voltage lighting control system capable of communicating with the BAS for either manual or automatic lighting controls.
- .26 Lighting controls system shall include programmable ballast. Lighting system shall include electronic ballast.
- .27 With the exception of main electrical and generator rooms, battery pack type emergency lighting fixtures are not permitted.
- .28 In small laboratories where emergency light are not required by the code, at least one emergency light shall be provided.

2.2 Installation and Maintenance

- .1 Special consideration shall be given to the access and maintenance where design and location of fixtures shall be such as to eliminate the usage of scaffolding when changing lamps. In particular:
- .2 In high ceiling or Auditorium applications, consideration shall be given to provide cat walk above the light fixture;
- .3 In Stairwell, lighting fixture should be installed on walls or in the ceiling of the landing area. Avoid installing fixtures above the stairs.

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

VOLUME I Z3. LIGHTING

- .4 For ease of maintenance for high volume and high ceilings consider utilization of remote ballasts.
- .5 Lighting controls shall be readily accessible to occupants.

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

<u>VOLUME I</u> **Z3**. LIGHTING

ANNEX Z3-1

Identification #	Area	Category	Foot-candles	Lux
1	Main Corridor	D	20	215
2	Secondary Corridor	C	10	108
3	Stairwells	č	10	108
5	Classrooms	<u> </u>	30	323
4	Chalk Board	Е	50	538
5	Auditorium	C	30	323
6	Laboratories	E	50	538
0	Library:	E	50	000
	Reading Areas		30	
	Cubicle with window		30	
	Cubicle with window		30	
-			30	222
7	Library Circulation Desk	D	30	323
	Washroom	~	40	100
	Stall	C C	10	108
8	Sink		20	215
9	Computer Labs	D	20	215
	Cafeteria:	_	50	500
	Kitchen	E	50	538
	Student Lounge	В	20	215
	Faculty Lounge	В	20	215
10	Cash Register	D	30	323
	Offices:			
	Reception Area	D	30	
	Open Office	D	30	
11	Private Office	D	30	323 323
12	Conference Rooms	D	30	323
13	Elevators	С	15	161
14	Storage Rooms	С	10	108
15	Loading Docks	D	25	269
16	Machine Shops	D	40	431
	Electrical, Plumbing and Carpentry			
17	Shops	D	50	538
18	Mechanical / Electrical/ Boiler Roms	D	30	323
	Book Store:			
	Display Area	D	50	538
19	Cash Register	D	30	323
	Sports Facilities:			
	Exercise Room	30	30	323
	Arena	50	50	538
	Locker Room	D	20	215
	Gym	30	30	323
20	Pool	30	20	215
21	Parking Areas (Indoor)	5	5	54
	Security Lights: Exterior			
	Perimter	A	2 5	22
	Walkways	A		54
22	Entrance Doors	B	10	108

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Overview

- .1 This section has been prepared to provide consultants with a general overview of lighting system design requirements for new buildings and renovations in existing building.
- .2 Consultants shall always review project requirements with **Facilities** teams to determine other related required information. All systems will be reviewed by **Facilities**.

2.0 DESIGN

2.1 Parameters

- .1 Design of fire alarm system shall include detection system.
- .2 Design of fire alarm shall include 25% expansion for future expansion as a minimum.
- .3 Alarm initiation and notification circuit shall not be loaded more than 75% of the capacity.
- .4 Design of fire alarm system shall be integrated with building automation system when required.
- .5 Generally, fire alarm system shall be single staged, zoned, non-coded, fully supervised, and addressable. It shall utilize digital technology for data transmission.
- .6 Control processing unit of fire alarm system shall be microprocessor based with life safety software stored in non-volatile memory. Unit shall be equipped with supervised bypass switch (for unauthorized removal), plug-in type auxiliary relays. As a minimum CPU shall be capable of handling following maximum number of addressable loops and programmable zones:
 - .1 Up to 8 addressable loops per control unit
 - .2 Up to 126 detection devices per line
 - .3 Each addressable line module shall have its own microprocessor based circuit working independent of each other.
- .7 Manual pull stations and heat/smoke detectors shall be fully addressable.
- .8 Fire alarm system shall be capable of servicing the following ancillary devices:
 - .1 Dry contact to the elevator controller, security and IT systems to signal fire situation;
 - .2 Network with BAS to signal fire situation;
 - .3 Remote relay unit to initiate fan shutdown as per **OBC**.
 - .4 Emergency generator.
- .9 For wiring:
 - .1 In general, rated copper conductor;
 - .2 In general locations, in electrical metallic conduit;
 - .3 In hazard locations shall be in rigid steel conduit with explosion proof fittings;
 - 4 In loading docks, when surface mounted, shall be in rigid steel conduit;
 - 5 In wet locations in hot dipped galvanized rigid steel conduit with steel coupling.

2.2 Installation and Maintenance

- .1 Fire alarm annunciator shall be connected to 120 VAC emergency power.
- .2 Fire alarm system shall fully supervise the sprinkler system with indication on flow, pressure loss and tamper condition as a minimum.
- .3 Fire pump shall fully supervise the fire pump with indication on status, phase reversal and loss, alternate power and trouble.

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

- .4 Fire alarm system shall alarm by operating sounding horns and strobe lights.
- .5 Provide wire circuits for alarm, trouble and signals from addressable components.
- .6 Fire alarm annunciator shall be located at main entrance to building.
- .7 Fire alarm annunciator and fire department connection shall be located in same general area of building.
- .8 Building design shall consider device locations to facilitate replacement and testing.
- .9 Building Fire Alarm panel to be connected to central monitoring panel at 720 King Edward Ave.
- .10 Update addressable messages to reflect modified room numbers and spaces
- .11 Updated list shall be provided to **Facilities** Operations Team.
- .12 Self-adhesive plastic labels with 6 mm high letters shall be applied to all devices with their respective address.

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

VOLUME I Z5. EMERGENCY POWER

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Overview

- .1 This section has been prepared to provide consultants with a general overview of Emergency Power Systems (EPS) design requirements for new buildings and renovations in existing building.
- .2 In many instances **UofO** undertakes short term planning and long term master planning to address economic and practical inefficacies associated with renovations in existing building, therefore consultants shall always review project requirements. In all cases consultation with **Facilities** will be required to determine the specific scope of work and requirements suitable to the project under review. All systems shall be reviewed by **Facilities**.
 - .3 Design and installation of EPS systems must be implemented in compliance with **MECP** regulations, where applicable. To be coordinated with **ORM**.

2.0 DESIGN

2.1 Parameters

- .1 Emergency generator sizing shall be based on demand calculation rather than on the entire load operating simultaneously.
- .2 Design of EPS shall include connection to a 100% rated resistive load bank.
- .3 Design of EPS shall operate at 600V, 3 phase, 60 Hz and capable of handling 20% total harmonic distortion as a minimum.
- .4 Emergency generator shall be sized capable of handling the following loads plus 20% additional load:
 - .1 Life Safety Systems including:
 - .1 Emergency egress lighting.
 - .2 Egress signage.
 - .3 Communications systems.
 - .4 Fire alarm systems.
 - .5 Self-contained, battery-powered lighting at generator set location.
 - .6 Medical gas alarm systems.
 - .7 Fire suppression systems (fire pumps, compressors, valves, etc.).
 - .8 Security, intrusion detection and access control systems.
 - .9 Automatic doors used for egress.
 - .10 Elevator cab lighting, control, communication and signal systems.
 - .11 Generator day tank pump.
 - .2 Base Building Systems:
 - .1 Pumps, components and all devices associated with fuel stored in large storage tanks serving the emergency generator.
 - .2 Sewage ejector systems.
 - .3 Sump pumps.
 - .4 Sump dewatering pumps.
 - .5 Lighting provided at the generator.
 - .6 Critical supply and exhaust fans. (As determined through Containment Regulations and Animal Care Regulations).
 - .7 Operating/Procedure rooms.

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DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

Z5. EMERGENCY POWER

- .8 One elevator per bank of elevators. All elevators shall be on emergency power with only one elevator per each bank of elevators to run at a given time. The lockout of the elevators shall be provided by the elevator controller.
- Air handling systems associated with active smoke surge/evacuation systems. .9
- Medical Gas system. .10
- .11 Fume hood exhaust fans.
- One light fixture per module per laboratory (minimum). .12
- .13 Biosafety cabinets, bio bubbles, containment devices, etc.
- .14 Supply and exhaust fans for animal areas (In accordance with Regulations).
- .15 Laboratory equipment alarm monitoring system.
- IT Infrastructure / Backup system Computer room. .16
- .3 Medical / Scientific Equipment/Systems:
 - High-value specimen refrigerators (4°C Refrigerators), freezers (-80°C and -20°C), .1 cold rooms, warm rooms and Controlled Temperature Environmental (CTE) Rooms equipment.
 - .2 Refrigerated and CO2 Incubators (4 per researcher - minimum 2 per FHS and MED labs and one for Animal Care).
 - .3 Lighting system of Animal Care facility.
 - .4 Equipment in Animal Behaviour Rooms (2 equipment per room).
 - .5 CL3 Laboratories systems.
- Ventilation and heating system of Emergency Generator room shall be designed in such to .5 operate as follow:
 - Air intake and outlet dampers closed when engine is not in operation; .1
 - .2 On engine start air intake damper opens (minimum positon of air intake damper shall be set by manual potentiometer);
 - .3 Generator room thermostat modulates the air intake and outlet dampers to maintain room setpoint:
 - .4 Ventilation fan starts when air intake damper is 90% open;
 - .5 Heating system maintains the room temperature at above 10°C (50°F)

2.2 Installation and Maintenance

- Emergency powered receptacles shall have distinctive color or mark (be coloured red). .1
- .2 The emergency generator shall be capable of starting and attaining settled voltage and frequency limits and to accept full rated load to steady state bands within 10 seconds of the loss of normal power within the specified operating temperatures.
- .3 Exhaust stack shall be completed with rain shield cap.
- .4 Any hot surface including exhaust pipe and silencer exceeding 60°C (140°F) shall be insulated.
- Generator shall be installed on heavy duty fabricated steel base plate or concrete house .5 keeping pad. Base shall be supported on spring type high efficiency isolators complete with leveling bolts, adjustable oil proof snubbers and minimum 6 mm sound pads. Isolators shall be located to carry equal proportion of weight.
- .6 Fuel system shall be sized capable to run the emergency generator at full load for at least 24 hours.

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

VOLUME I Z5. EMERGENCY POWER

- .7 Non-metallic fuel hoses shall be steel reinforced rubber type with crimped and swaged end fittings.
- .8 Vent and fill pipes shall be extended to the outside of generator room/enclosure.
- .9 Vent pipe shall be equipped with fill cap and whistle.
- .10 Vent discharge shall be located away from air intake louvers and above the room or generator enclosure.
- .11 As a minimum following shall be provided with the generator:
 - .1 Five fuel filter elements for each type of fuel filter and water separator.
 - .2 Five lubrication oil filter elements.
 - .3 Three air cleaner elements.
- .12 For panels:
 - .1 One spare control circuit breaker per rating
 - .2 One spare control relays and socket per rating and contact arrangement;
- .13 One spare contactor operating coil.

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

VOLUME I Z7. SECURITY SYSTEMS

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Overview

.1 This following has been prepared to provide Designers with a general overview of **SPS** requirements in new building installations. In all cases further consultation with **UofO SPS** will be required to determine the specific scope of requirements suitable to the project under review. A full security Audit is to be executed with the client representatives of the space to fully understand the needs.

1.2 Design

- .1 <u>General:</u> In general the building security systems may provide for some or all of the following features:
 - .1 Segregates the administrative areas and public / teaching areas, so that the Administrative areas can easily be secured after certain hours.
 - .2 May include electronic access control to the exterior doors of the building which will limit access after certain hours and holidays. Main access points may have CCTV coverage which will be digitally recorded and viewable live at Protection Services dispatch center.
 - .3 Access control at strategic locations, requirements to be identified by the clients/tenants during security audit.
 - .4 Registrars controlled classrooms are typically secured with access control as per the Multimedia standard system, now in place across campus.
 - .5 Emergency Code Blue type Emergency telephones may be required at strategic locations within the public locations. These will all have a Pan Tilt Zoom camera associated to them.
 - .6 ATM banking machines are to have a PTZ camera associated.
 - .7 All 24 Hr computer labs will have fixed cameras installed covering the labs activity as a safety feature.
 - .8 Where applicable elevators will be equipped with access control readers to restrict access to floors as required, All cabs will be equipped with a CCTV cameras and emergency call boxes.
 - .9 Where applicable, exterior Pan Tilt Zoom (PTZ) camera will be installed on the exterior wall(s).
 - .10 Panic alarms to Protection Services that handle cash require a dedicated CCTV camera.
 - .11 Emergency buttons shall be installed in every Individual / Universal Washroom, or totally enclosed stall within a Common washroom. Signal to interface with **UofO** Security Network.
- .2 <u>Conduits / cable trays</u>:
 - .1 Security system cabling is generally installed using a combination of conduit, cable tray and free air.
 - .2 Multimedia Classrooms design should generally provide conduits for related security cabling requirements.
 - .3 To minimize costs free air cabling can be used in concealed ceiling space or cable trays where available.

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DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

- .4 No more than two 3/16" cables are typically required to any classroom or card reader location.
- .5 When running conduits up to 8 card readers can be daisy chained form one reader location to the next.
- .3 <u>Electronically secured doors & electrified hardware:</u>
 - .1 All proposed electrified hardware must be submitted to both the Manager of **UofO** security, as well as the lead **UofO** locksmith for approval.
 - .2 A ³/₄" conduit is required at each door card reader location, door strike location, and door contact location. The strike and reader conduit may be combined if done as per the configuration below.
 - .3 In concrete frames a standard electrical 1100 should be placed on top of the frame to create a space to mount the conduit to and install the Door contact to. A 1" hole should be punched in the door frame for the door contact at 4" from the door frame corner (from the strike side).
 - .4 For door opener systems, **GC** to provide back boxes, conduits c/w pull wires and power supply (115V @ headers). Conduits to connect door operator system with access control system to be provided.
 - .5 In general all secured doors driven by security controllers will operate with 24 V electrical devices at the doors. Certain doors may nevertheless require 110V /24 V power supply.
- .4 <u>Elevators:</u>
 - .1 A 1" conduit for CCTV interface and access control with the elevators must be provided into elevator machine rooms from the cable tray system or from the main riser.
 - .2 Elevator specifications shall be written so as to indicate that the elevator supplier and subcontractors are to coordinate works with **SPS** to interface all CCTV equipment and access control equipment related to elevator security (Floor and camera control).
 - .3 Each cab travelling cable must have 3 twisted pairs for camera operation, and 4 twisted pair for the card reader system (Gauge 2/18).
 - .4 Elevator control system shall be designed such that Protection Services will be automatically advised when either of cab emergency phones (we generally interface to telephone line and monitor for line loop activation at machine room; we need an individual line activation per cab. Protection has no other requirement as to fire alarm with respect to the elevator).

5 <u>University communication closets:</u>

- .1 **UofO** communication closets shall be designed with approximately 1m2 floor space to install security system controllers. One dedicated four inch conduit risers shall also be provided between vertical closets for security system requirements. This requirement may vary as per number of security devices required.
- .2 **UofO** communication closets shall be provided with one 110 V emergency powered duplex circuit dedicated to security system. In general all secured doors driven by security controllers will operate with 24 V electrical devices at the doors. Certain doors may nevertheless require 110V /24 V power supply. Controllers are hard wired to 110 V emergency circuits.

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DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

- .3 Design team shall co-ordinate with **ITS** for the allocation to Security Services of dedicated fiber optic cable links back to 141 Louis Pasteur and Network ports as required by project.
- .6 <u>Protection services requirements:</u>
 - .1 **ITS** may require CCTV front end equipment additions and Basic Renovations (**OBC**) to accommodate additional CCTV Cameras and digital video recorders. The costs to provide this infrastructure shall be included in the construction project.

1.3 connections

- .1 All building envelope components shall be approved by **SPS**.
- .2 Refer to section "**VOLUME III Division 8 . 08 70 00 Finish Hardware**", fr all other information related to electrified hardware.
- .3 Refer to **"VOLUME VI Appendix DR. Doors & Hardware"** Series and related notes for proposed wiring connection details.

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Overview

- .1 This section has been prepared to provide Consultants with a general overview of Environmental requirements for new buildings and renovations in existing buildings.
- .2 Environmental considerations are part of all activities and operations within the **UofO**. All Contractors & Consultants must understand their Environmental responsibilities conforming to all related laws and regulations, including, but not limited to, **UofO** related policies, directives, procedures and Guidelines, especially Environmental and Sustainability Policy (Policy 72) on **UofO** Web Site, which contains the following key commitments:
 - .1 Continual Environmental Performance Improvement.
 - .2 Pollution Prevention.
 - .3 Regulatory Compliance.
- .3 All obligation, procedures and policies described in this section shall be depending on the project size and design context. Consultants shall review project requirements with **Facilities** including **ORM** to determine other related required services when the project or any part of the work involves the following, but not limited to:
 - .1 Excavations greater than 5m² and 15cm deep.
 - .2 Demolition.
 - .3 Laboratory and workshop renovations, upgrades, relocation or decommissioning.
 - .4 Hazardous waste management.
 - .5 Installation, modification, replacement and decommissioning (or any other work outside regular maintenance), in parts or in whole, for:
 - HVAC systems, Boilers & Chillers.
 - Fume hoods, canopy hoods and paint booths.
 - Exhaust fans, rooftop and wall mounted.
 - Stacks.
 - Emergency generators and associated fuel systems.
 - Storm, sanitary and combined sewer systems.

2.0 ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

2.1 Construction Environmental Management Plan (CEMP)

- .1 <u>CEMP specific requirements are defined as follow:</u>
 - .1 Complies with all applicable requirements in the Environmental scope.
 - .2 Identifies the roles and provides detailed descriptions of the responsibilities and communication protocols of the members of the **GC**'s Environmental team and the **UofO**.
 - .3 Identifies and provides detailed descriptions of monitoring and reporting requirements.
 - .4 Sets out the initial list of the sensitive Environmental issues and compliance requirements, in connection with which the **GC** shall prepare Environmental Work Plans described below.
 - .5 Includes the Component Plans listed below.
 - .6 Complies with all of the **GC**'s and the **UofO**'s Environmental obligations and policies, listed in this document.

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

- .2 <u>CEMP Component Plans</u>: As applicable and to address the various phases of the work, shall consist, of the following components (as minimum):
 - .1 <u>Communications Plan</u>: Describing the approach for communicating and collaborating on the project, including all internal and external members of the project team and relevant management stakeholders, the information to be communicated and the methods used. Shall be regularly updated on different phases.
 - .2 <u>Construction Schedule</u>: Including the schedule for obtaining Environmental studies, permits, authorizations and/or approvals, Environmental tasks towards mitigation and/or compliance measures and, if required, work restrictions planned during the overall project Schedule.
 - .3 <u>Contaminated Sites Management Plan (CSMP)</u>: Identifying additional Environmental studies requirements, areas of soil and/or groundwater contamination and extent of remediation requirements, mitigation options, excess soil management options, and procedures for which the **GC** is responsible and describes the contingency plan for remediation and/or disposal procedures in the event that new or additional contamination is encountered in the course of the project or an accidental release results in soil and/or groundwater contamination. Must also include requirements for long-term monitoring, if applicable.
 - .4 <u>Air Quality and Dust Control Management Plan (AQDCMP)</u>: Describing the measures to be used to control dust during construction and the program that will be implemented to monitor nuisance dust concentrations, ambient particulate matter (PM10 and PM2.5), and ambient air quality.
 - .5 <u>Surface Erosion Prevention and Sediment Control Plan (SEPCP)</u>: Identifying areas and activities that are prone to generate elevated amount of sediments, describe general and Site-specific measures that will be applied to mitigate soil erosion and shallow slope movement, to control sediment-laden flows, and to prevent sediment from entering sanitary and storm sewer systems and adjacent water courses. Shall include a description of the monitoring program that will be implemented on the proposed Site specific measures.
 - .6 <u>Construction Site Dewatering Plan (CSDP)</u>: Identifying measures necessary to plan and manage dewatering operations in compliance with federal, provincial and municipal regulations both prior to and during construction activities. It must describe the general steps and roles and responsibilities with respect to assessment requirements, permits, authorizations and approvals, construction dewatering and disposal procedures, management of construction Site run-off, melt water run-off and sediment control. It shall also include the measures that will be implemented to manage and remove snow from the Site in a timely and efficient manner with considerations for contaminated sediments.
 - .7 <u>Noise and Vibration Management Plan (NVMP)</u>: Describing Site-specific schedule pertaining to noise and vibration-generating activities, procedures and Best Management Practices to control Construction noise emissions including target noise emission levels of equipment, equipment maintenance, management and education, **UofO** community communication, and noise monitoring. The goal is to minimize impacts and allowing the **UofO** Community and **GC** enough time for implementing appropriate identified measures

towards achieving acceptance of unavoidable noise and/or vibration.

- .8 <u>Fuels, Chemicals and Materials Storage and Handling Management Plan (FCMSHMP)</u>: Describing procedures and Best Management Practices for the transport, inventory and storage of Hazardous Substances, servicing of equipment and equipment operations in Environmentally sensitive areas, including but not limited to, near sewer manholes.
- .9 <u>Spill Prevention and Emergency Response Plan (SPERP)</u>: Identifying potential spills, list the spill abatement materials and equipment to be stored on the Site, responsible work personnel and external contacts, training procedures, recovery procedures including communications, containment, clean-up, debriefing and follow-up reporting.
- .10 <u>Solid and Liquid Waste Management Plan (SLWMP)</u>: Describing measures that will be implemented to reduce, reuse and recycle solid waste, as well as the disposal plan for solid, non-hazardous waste.
- .11 <u>Water Taking Plan and Discharge Plan produced by a Qualified Person (QP)</u>: As per Ontario regulation 153/04 which estimates the dewatering efforts required, analyze potential impacts and, if required, identify where the water can be discharged. The QP will also need to develop a Discharge Plan if there is any discharge of water to occur.

2.2 Environmental Work Plans (EWP)

- .1 General:
 - .1 EWP demonstrate the measures which the **GC** will implement and follow to protect the Environment and to ensure regulatory compliance. Such compliance requirements to include areas that are defined or referenced in permits, authorizations or approvals which relate to or are required under Environmental laws in connection with the work.
 - .2 The information shall be clear and concise as to enable the **GC**, any Subcontractor of any tier or any other person engaged or involved in the performance of the work, and their respective representatives, agents, employees and Contractors, to effectively use and understand the EWP in connection with the performance of the work.
- .2 <u>EWP specific requirements shall include the following:</u>
 - .1 A description of the Site, or portion thereof applicable to the work described in the EWP, the part of the work that is to be carried out at such part of the Site, the schedule and duration of such part of the work.
 - .2 A description (including maps and drawings, as appropriate) of the Environmental issues or requirements at the Site or portion thereof, and adjacent lands, applicable to the work described in the EWP, including regular maintenance activities.
 - .3 A specification of the applicable sections, terms, conditions and commitments of the CEMP, permits, authorizations and approvals relevant to the specified portion of the Site, the described part of the work, and the described mitigation measures, as applicable.
 - .4 A description of the expected and scheduled timing of internal Environmental inspections, including full time, daily, and as required inspections, as applicable, and the specific reporting procedures that will apply.
 - .5 A description of the emergency procedures and relevant 24/7 GC complete contact

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information, specific to the applicable portion of the Site.

3.0 ENVIRONMENTAL OBLIGATIONS

3.1 Procedure

- .1 All Environmental procedures shall be done through the Assistant Director (AD), who is **UofO**'s representative for all Environmental matters at the **ORM**, and is the signing authority for all Environmental approvals, authorizations and permits. <u>He is ensuring</u>:
 - .1 The Final approval and defined authority on the **GC**'s Environmental strategies.
 - .2 The applicable **UofO**'s policies, directives, procedures and guidelines are respected or alternative approaches are proposed and approved.
 - .3 The Environmental issues are mitigated and that all applicable legislative requirements are fulfilled.

3.2 GC's obligations

- .1 Depending on the scope, the GC Shall:
 - .1 Perform its duties and obligations in accordance with Best Management Practices with regards to Environmental compliance and sustainability laws and regulations.
 - .2 Manage, identify, plan and coordinate all Environmental obligations and their potential impacts on the project with the **UofO**'s Environmental Management department at the **ORM**.
 - .3 Observe, comply with, and perform all of its duties and obligations, and cause all persons for whom the **GC** is in law responsible to observe, comply with and perform such duties and obligations.
 - .4 Notify of any circumstance that may require the **UofO** to provide notice to Federal, Provincial or Municipal authorities, including regional conservation authorities, in accordance with regulatory requirements.
 - .5 Obtain on behalf of the **UofO** all approvals, authorizations and permits, including amendments to existing approvals (except in relation to existing Environmental compliance approvals), authorizations and permits, which relate to or are required under Federal, Provincial and Municipal legislation in connection with the project or any part of the work in his contractual obligations.
 - .6 Maintain copies of all documents, reports, plans, figures, analytical data sets, inspections, emission results, procedures and any other relevant records in connection with the project and the performance of the work relating to Environmental matters.
 - .7 Obtain the authorization of the **UofO**'s AD prior to provide any type of documents or information to any Environmental authority or other stakeholder in connection with the project and the performance of the work relating to Environmental matters.
 - .8 Submit to the AD for acceptance the preliminary CEMP prior to implementing it and/or submitting to any appropriate Environmental authority or other stakeholder,
 - .9 <u>Reports</u>:
 - .1 Promptly forward to the **UofO**'s AD upon request a copy of any report, submission, application or other document that is produced or otherwise obtained relating to Environmental matters affecting the work, the Site or any aspect of the project.
 - .2 Develop, implement, maintain and update CEMP plans and reports (include updates and supplements to reflect all changes) described above.

.3 Prepare monthly Environmental management reports that outline the design and construction activities undertaken and projected, key Environmental issues, summaries of weekly inspection activities, mitigation measures (successes and failures), resolutions to Environmental impacts and compliance with all applicable permits, authorizations and approvals. Shall include all Environmental sub-Consultant reports, Environmental incident reports, specific mitigation plans and sediment and drainage plans.

3.3 Specialists

- .1 <u>Depending on the scope</u>:
 - .1 The **GC** will have available, at all times until the Substantial Completion date, a multidisciplinary team of qualified Environmental specialists and thereafter shall have available such a team to the extent relevant to the **GC**'s obligations that continue after the Substantial Completion date until the expiry of the Warranty Period.
 - .2 The multi-disciplinary team of qualified Environmental specialists shall ensure the day-today implementation of the **GC**'s CEMP.
 - .3 The job specification and responsibilities of such a team shall include the following:
 - .1 Identification, planning and management of all Environmental issues and compliance requirements associated with all aspects of the Work on a day-to-day basis.
 - .2 Complete internal audits on the performance of the CEMP.
 - .3 Prepare and submit to the **UofO**'s Assistant Director all reports required under the CEMP and all other documentation and information required.

3.4 Contaminated Sites

- .1 <u>Contaminants include, but not limited to:</u>
 - .1 Any groundwater, surface water, soil, building material or other material on the Site which contains any hazardous substance which exceeds the **MECP** background standards or the standards permitted for use at the Site under applicable Environmental Laws and Regulations, including the Records of Site Condition regulation 153/04 under the Environmental Protection Act (Ontario).
- .2 If the **GC** is in law responsible excavates, disturbs, moves, manipulates, treats, pumps, transports or otherwise handles or deals with, or is required to do any of the foregoing for the purposes of the work for any Contaminant on the Site (whether such contamination is existing, foreseeable, non-foreseeable or subsequent), the **GC** shall:
 - .1 Obtain from an independent and qualified Environmental Consultant, accepted by the **UofO**'s AD, the required Environmental Site assessment studies for the Site.
 - .2 Initiate and complete any assessment, remedial, by removal and disposal, such Contaminant as the case may be (unless an alternative method of contamination management is accepted).
 - .3 Ensure that neither the **GC** nor any person for whom the **GC** is in law responsible contributes to or exacerbates, or causes the leaching or migration of, any contamination on the Site or onto any adjacent properties, including the sewer systems, land, water or air.

.3 Notifications:

.1 The GC shall promptly notify the ORM of:

- .1 Any release of a hazardous substance or any other occurrence or condition involving hazardous substances at or affecting the **UofO** property.
- .2 Any release that may subject the **GC**, sub-contractors or the **UofO** of any fines, penalties, orders, investigations or other proceedings under any Environmental Laws.
- .3 The identification of any contamination uncovered in the course of a project which was not disclosed previously.
- .4 All charges, orders, investigations or notices of violation or non-compliance issued against the **GC** or relating to the performance of work completed at a **UofO** property under any Environmental law.
- .5 Any notice, claim, action or other proceeding by any person against the **GC** or relating to the performance of work completed at a **UofO** property concerning the release or alleged release of any Contaminant.
- .2 The **GC** shall immediately notify the relevant Environmental authorities of any release of any hazardous substance at or from a **UofO** property as required pursuant to and in accordance with Environmental laws. In the event of a failure from the **GC** to provide such a notice, the **UofO** may notify the relevant Environmental authorities of such occurrence.

SECTION 01 75 00 – INSPECTION & TESTING

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Responsibilities

- .1 Inspections and Testing done by independent agencies do not, in any way, limit the **GC**'s responsibility for ensuring that products and execution of the work meet contract requirements.
- .2 Upon receipt of reports of inspections and tests, **UofO**, in consultation with the Consultants, will decide upon any action that may be required.

1.2 Third party required inspections

- .1 <u>General</u>:
 - .1 Inspections and Testing may be required by jurisdictional authorities, or by the Contract. Companies engaged for Inspections and Testing may be hired by the **UofO**, the **GC**, its Sub-Contractor, or the Consultant, depending on the scope and budget, and shall be determined at the beginning of every project.
- .2 <u>Building Envelope components</u>: Depending on the scale of the Project, scope may include but not limited to:
 - .1 <u>Field Testing of Vertical Envelope Components</u>:
 - .1 <u>Opening's connections</u> (to include sealed chambers as applicable):
 - .1 Smoke/fog Air Leakage testing as per ASTM E1186 standard entitled "Standard practices for Air Leakage Site Detection in Building Envelopes and Air Barrier Systems".
 - .2 Air Leakage testing as per ASTM E783 standard entitled "Standard Test Method for Field Measurement of Air Leakage through Installed Exterior Windows, Curtain walls or similar".
 - .3 Resistance to water penetration test as per ASTM E1105 standard entitled "Standard Test Method for Field Determination of Water Penetration of Installed Exterior Windows, Curtain Walls or similar, by Uniform or Cyclic Static Air Pressure Difference".
 - .4 Opening's connections test to be performed as follow:
 - .1 One test per different opening type unit (e.g.: curtain wall, window, and similar).
 - .2 One test per different envelope component intersection with opening unit.
 - .2 <u>Building Elevations (to be undertaken after the completion of air barrier</u> assemblies, or wall assemblies as suitable):
 - .1 Infrared Thermographic surveys as per ASTM C1060 standard entitled "Standard Practice for Thermographic Inspection of Insulation Installations in Envelope Cavities of Frame Buildings" and CAN/CGSB 149-GP-2MP:
 - .1 Conducted from outside on all exterior elevations from ground level. All accessible areas will be scanned and recorded on tape.
 - .2 Conducted from inside on all suspect areas that were identified during the exterior survey.

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

- .2 Overall Smoke/fog Air Leakage testing as per ASTM E1186-17: Exterior & Interior, using smoke or tracer gasses to qualitatively detect or quantify sources of air leakage through building envelope or air barrier assemblies, projected by calibrated fans or permanent building mechanical systems to create negative and positive air pressure differentials in accordance with ASTM E779-19.
- .3 Overall thermal performance: Exterior thermographic inspection to locate possible water penetration from exterior sources and of moisture accumulation from interior sources using portable calibrated fans or permanent building mechanical systems to create negative and positive air pressure differentials in accordance with ASTM E799-19.
- .4 Standard cut tests of applied self-adhesive membranes at random locations, which involve making a small "V" cut and making a subjective determination of the quality of the adhesion between the membrane and the substrate. As necessary, alongside with the On-Site inspection.
- .3 <u>Other</u>:
 - .1 Concrete Relative humidity as per ASTM F2170 standard entitled "Standard Test Method for Determining Relative Humidity in Concrete Floor Slabs".
 - .2 Moisture Vapor Emission as per ASTM F1869 standard entitled "Standard Test Method for Measuring Moisture Vapor Emission Rate of Concrete Subfloor Using Anhydrous Calcium Chloride".
 - .3 Ground Penetrating Radar as per ASTM D6432 standard entitled "Surface Ground Penetrating Radar Method for Subsurface Investigation".
- .3 <u>Roofs</u>: To be performed over the <u>completed</u> roof membrane (to be performed <u>before</u> the spaces underneath are fully occupied to limit the amount of potential damage). One test per Roof level or area. To pick from one of the followings methods:
 - .1 24 hour flooded test and review the water tightness of the membrane at the conclusion.
 - .2 Electrical Capacitance (Impedance) Testing.
 - .3 Nuclear Moisture Testing.
 - .4 Electric Field Vector Mapping Testing (EFVM).
 - .5 Electronic Leak Detection Testing (ELD).
 - .6 Infrared imaging (ASTM C1153) and CAN/CGSB 149 GP 2MP.
- .3 <u>Fire and Smoke protection assemblies</u>: Depending on City's requirements, scope shall include but not limited to:
 - .1 Sampling and checking the thickness of fireproofing, confirming the integrity of each firestopping assembly and its installation in conformity with specification design parameters, and as per City's requests. One Test for each different component.
- .4 <u>Acoustical performances</u>: Acoustical performance testing shall confirm the integrity of the different components in accordance with specification design parameters. Generally, an Acoustical performance Testing is required <u>in the following conditions</u>:

VOLUME II – Division 01 CONTRACT REQUIREMENTS

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

- .1 Existing renovated Amphitheaters before and after the work.
- .2 When an acoustical consultant is requested for particular projects such as musical rooms, Spectacle rooms, Amphitheaters and similar).
- .3 In projects including Folding Panels. One Test for each different component.

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

VOLUME II – Division 01 CONTRACT REQUIREMENTS

SECTION 01 95 00 – PRODUCTS & QUALITY REQUIREMENTS

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Design Criteria and Notes

.1 The execution and installed materials shall be conforming with all applicable codes and regulations including **ULC**, **UL** or **cUL** listed tests, and all other norms according to the most recent version.

1.2 Notes

- .1 <u>Abandoned equipment</u>: When equipment, wiring, piping, telecommunications cable, etc. is disconnected or "abandoned", it must be physically removed back to source of origin, made safe and disposed of as part of the project.
- .2 <u>Structural verification</u>: All issues of shop drawing of elements which deals with structural loads and other supporting systems shall be signed and stamped by a professional Engineer registered in the province. Particularly but not limited to the following:
 - .1 Stairs, Ladders, Balustrades and handrails.
 - .2 Catwalks, Platforms.
 - .3 Support for operable partitions, <u>Demountable Partitions (10 22 00)</u>, <u>Portable Ceiling</u> <u>lift Devices (11 14 00)</u>, ceiling hung projectors and other hung elements.
 - .4 Bent plate frames for specialty doors, or wide openings.
 - .5 Wall bumpers, Bollards.
 - .6 Wall-hung Counter supports.
 - .7 Loose lintels, shelf angles and similar masonry supports
 - .8 Partitions or Glazing acting like guards, structural steel studs, load-bearing partitions, free standing partitions, framed (self-supported) ceilings.
 - .9 Ceilings with resistances to seismic forces.
 - .10 All-Glass partitions.
 - .11 Exterior wall framing or cladding supporting components, Curtain wall and similar systems.

2.0 PRODUCTS

- .1 <u>Definition</u>:
 - .1 Materials specified as "<u>Suggested (or equivalent) product</u>", bearing manufacturer's name, are given as reference only, as an indication for the minimum acceptable quality of physical and chemical properties, visual characteristics, texture, performance, etc. The Consultant can submit products as per his choice with similar or higher quality, for **Facilities** approval.
 - .2 Materials specified as "<u>UofO Standard Product</u>", bearing manufacturer's name, are the minimum required. No alternative submittal will be acceptable.
- .2 <u>Provision</u>: Unless otherwise noted, all materials and product listed in the **DCG** are to be supplied and installed by the qualified contractors.

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

VOLUME III – Division 02 DEMOLITION

SECTION 02 41 00 – DEMOLITION

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Design Criteria and Notes

- .1 <u>General</u>:
 - .1 Notify the users and **Facilities** at least five (5) working days in advance before proceeding with demolition work.

.2 <u>Protection and prevention</u>:

- .1 Locate and protect utilities. Preserve active utilities traversing site in operating condition.
- .2 Notify and obtain approval of utility companies before starting demolition.
- .3 Immediately notify **UofO**, and the utility company concerned in case of damage to any utility or service, designated to remain in place and await instruction regarding remedial action.
- .4 Confirm by a structural engineer before demolishing any structural elements.
- .5 Provide scanning of concrete floor slab, walls and block walls, whenever coring, drilling or bolting is required. to be confirmed by **Facilities**.
- .6 Core drilling shall be done before 8:00 am or after working hours.
- .7 Take all necessary steps to prevent movement, settlement or damage of adjacent areas and services. Provide bracing, shoring and underpinning as required.
- .8 Provide protection for new and existing work, for material, equipment, fixtures and accessories which must remain undamaged for whatever reason.

.3 <u>Demolition work</u>:

- .1 Plan and execute each operation in a secure way and with the objective of minimum disturbance, noise and vibration to the users of the existing services.
- .2 Demolish in a manner to minimize or eliminate dust. All cutting through Concrete, Stone, Masonry elements or similar shall be done through wet cutting methods.
- .4 <u>Openings in existing Building Envelope</u>:
 - .1 Ensure that demolition work involving exterior walls is performed adequately to always provide continuous protection against water infiltration. Repair and finish with same materials as existing, or as indicated. Provide continuous air/vapour/ waterproofing membranes as well as of thermal insulation at the end of each working day to prevent inside condensation and excessive heat loss.
 - .2 Make necessary cuttings, holes and penetrations in the existing walls and roof to provide passageways for mechanical/electrical services or special equipment, or for other reasons.
 - .3 Cut existing membrane, insulation and vapour barriers properly and execute with precision the holes or penetrations through the roof deck or the wall materials.
 - .4 After installation of services or other elements, build required curbs on roof and make necessary repairs to the vapour barrier, insulation and membrane, including flashings, flexible flashings, and caulking to seal perfectly around these elements and ensure their continuity.
 - .5 Ensure continuity of air/vapour barriers and insulation of walls affected.

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VOLUME III – Division 02 DEMOLITION

- .6 Do not perforate steel deck or interior metal liner panels.
- .7 Repair and make good any parts of the roofing or walls that have been affected by the work of this Section or any other Section.
- .8 Provide weathertight safety enclosures if openings in the building envelope shall remain open for construction work.
- .5 <u>Waste Management and Disposal</u>:
 - .1 Separate waste materials for reuse and recycling or dispose in accordance with the related section **"VOLUME I Z10. Environment"**.

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

VOLUME III – Division 03 CONCRETE & STRUCUTRE

SECTION 03 30 00 – CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE & STEEL DECK

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Design Criteria and Notes

- .1 <u>Concrete</u>:
 - .1 Concrete floors to be designed in accordance with CAN/CSA-A23.1 27.3.
 - .2 Exposed concrete:
 - .1 Architectural concrete finishing to be approved by **UofO**.
 - .2 Ensure that exposed concrete surfaces are dense, even, uniform in color, texture, and distribution of exposed aggregates, free from defects such as honeycombing, voids, loss of fines, visible flow lines, cold joints, excessive bug holes, inadequate cover to reinforcement and incorrect tie holes, spacers, reglets, formwork joints or construction joints.
 - .3 Ensure that exposed concrete members have sharp accurate definitions of corners, reglets, etc. and are free from chips and spalls.
 - .4 Failure to meet all the above requirements shall be cause for rejection at the discretion of **UofO**.
 - .3 Only use corrosion coated Materials on reinforcement.
 - .4 For exposed prefabricated concrete units, on site patching for Concrete is not permitted without approval of **UofO**.
 - .5 <u>Slab-on-grade</u>:
 - .1 Slab on grade control joints may be created by saw cuts. Construction joints to be spaced at a maximum of 30 m, control joints to be located at a maximum of 30 times the slab thickness, but not more than 5m. Extensive cracking with cracks more than 3mm in width shall be cause for rejection by the University of Ottawa. Floor flatness shall be in accordance with CSA A23.1 with a floor flatness class of A.
 - .2 Extensive cracking or cracks in excess of 3mm in width shall shall be cause for rejection at the discretion of **UofO**.
- .2 <u>Steel:</u>
 - .1 Structural steel floors to be designed in accordance with CAN/CSA-S136.
 - .2 Provide flashing at columns and points of discontinuity to prevent leakage of mortar when concrete is placed over deck.
 - .3 Provide edge forming for concrete slabs over deck.
 - .4 Exercise particular care in erection of exposed deck. Sections which are dented, damaged or perforated by welding will not be accepted.
 - .5 Where deck slopes steeply, fasteners may be substituted for welding of deck to support.

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

VOLUME III – Division 03 CONCRETE & STRUCUTRE

SECTION 03 45 00 - ARCHITECTURAL PRECAST CONCRETE

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Extended Warranty

.1 Precast architectural elements shall be guaranteed from sapling or show visible evidence of cracking or any deterioration, and shall meet the design criteria and protect the building against air and water infiltration for a period of 5 years.

1.2 Design Criteria and Notes

- .1 Panels to be sealed by double caulking lines with vented cavity, drained to the exterior with tubular vents.
- .2 Anchors for Precast elements to be generally in hot dipped Galvanized steel. Use Stainless steel polished Finish #2B (Grade 316) for below grade use.

2.0 PRODUCTS

2.1 Precast Panels

- .1 <u>Precast Concrete Insulated Sandwich Panels:</u>
 - .1 Composed of an outer skin of 125 mm (5") thickness and inner skin of 76 mm or 102 mm (3" or 4") thickness, and 76 mm (3") thick or more rigid <u>Polyisocyanurate Board</u> <u>Wall Insulation (07 20 00)</u> in between, with interior joints and exposed ends of insulation board sealed.
 - .2 The two concrete skins to be held together by means of stainless steel ties.
 - .3 On the perimeter of sandwich panels, provide 200 mm (8") extension of vapour barrier on rear of insulation using <u>Modified bitumen, air/vapour barrier sheet (07 10</u> 00), turn and glue it to the insulation and concrete surfaces.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Product</u>:
 - .1 Permacon Group Inc.

2.2 Accessories

- .1 <u>*Tube Vent:*</u> Tube in UV stabilized polypropylene, used in the mortar joints of block or brick wall for allowing water to flow from behind the substrate.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Product, as manufactured by:
 - .1 Hohmann & Barnard (Dur-o-wal) Limited.
 - .2 Muphco Ltmited.

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

VOLUME III – Division 04 MASONRY

SECTION 04 80 00 – MASONRY & STONEWORK

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Design Criteria and Notes

- .1 Do not select a masonry or stone of unit face design, colour, size or shape that will be difficult or impractical to duplicate at a later date, for renovations or future additions.
- .2 Do not sandblast exterior masonry as a restoration process.
- .3 Install movement joints of 16mm as by best recommended practices, and:
 - .1 At all junctions with structural columns or elements.
 - .2 At connection between existing and new partitions.
 - .3 At intersection between main & intersecting partitions.
 - .4 At intervals @ ±7620 mm o/c, and as recommended.
- .4 Top course of Concrete Masonry partitions or walls, to be 100% solid or filled with mortar.
- .5 Exposed Concrete Masonry units used as internal partitions shall have rounded corners at intersections.
- .6 Allow tolerances for structural deflection on top of non-load-bearing partitions, to prevent transmission of structural loads to studs. Coordinate with Structure.
- .7 Fasteners, ties and support for masonry, stone cladding or similar to be in hot dipped Galvanized steel. Use Stainless steel polished Finish #2B (Grade 316) for popping-out supports below or at grade levels.
- .8 Jointing of exterior cladding masonry units to be Concave, Flush, Vee or Weathered. No Beaded, Extruded, Racked, or Struck joints will be acceptable.

2.0 PRODUCTS

2.1 Masonry & Stone Units

- .1 *Manufactured Stone Masonry Units*: As per CSA A165, of modular metric.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Product</u>: As manufactured by by Permacon.
- .2 <u>Natural Stone Masonry:</u> As per ASTM C615, Granite, 32 mm (1¹/₄") thick slabs, square edges. - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Product:</u> As manufactured by Milestone Marble & Granite
- .3 <u>Clay Brick:</u> As per CAN/CSA-A82.1, of modular metric.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Products, as manufactured by:
 - .1 Belden Brick .2 Canada Brick
- .4 <u>Concrete Masonry Units</u>: Regular or reinforced conforming to CSA A165, or ASTM C90 Type 1, grade N-1, heavy or lightweight, cured with low pressure steam curing, with the following characteristics:
 - .1 <u>Hollow concrete block</u>: Type H/15/A/M.
 - .2 <u>Solid concrete block</u>: Type S/25/A/M.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Products</u>, as manufactured by (in Ontario):
 - .1 Permacon .2 Boehmers
 - .3 Atlas Block .4 Niagara Block Inc.

2.2 Mortar and Grout

- .1 <u>Mortar Type "N" (for exterior Masonry)</u>: Pre-blended, natural color of ingredients.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Product</u>: "Betomix Plus" by Daubois Inc.
- .2 <u>Mortar Type "S" (for interior Masonry)</u>: Pre-blended, natural colour of the ingredients. - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Product</u>: "Blocmix" by Daubois Inc.
- .3 <u>Mortar Type "O" (for restoration and historical buildings)</u>: Pre-blended, natural colour of the ingredients.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Product: "Blocmix" by Daubois Inc.

2.3 Accessories

- .1 <u>Cavity drainage material</u>: Free-draining mesh made from polymer strands or extruded polypropylene formed cavity units to suit cavity depth, that will not degrade within the wall cavity.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Products:
 - .1 "Mortar Break" by Advanced Building Products Inc.
 - .2 "Mortar Net" by Mortar Net USA, Ltd.
- .2 <u>Compartmentalization dividers</u>: Formed 28 gauge Type 304 stainless steel sheet metal. Sealant: one component elastomeric chemical curing.
- .3 <u>Prefabricated Weep Holes & Vents:</u> Full height of masonry unit, custom lip brick profile, designed to keep weep hole open for passage of air and water, UV stabilized polypropylene.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Products:
 - .1 "Cell-Vent" by Blok-Lok Limited.
 - .2 "343 Weep Hole" by Blok-Lok Limited.
- .4 <u>Brick masonry ties</u>: Hot dip galvanized, adjustable wall ties, rectangular type, double pinned, to tie brick or exterior block work to substrate wall.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Product</u>: "HB-200/DA-213-HS " by Hohmann & Barnard, Inc.
- .5 <u>Cavity Drainage Mat</u>: Fluid conducting, non-absorbent, mold and mildew resistant polymer mesh consisting of 100% recycled plastic with binder to be a non-woven textile product in random pattern and have voids no greater than 6mm in diameter.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Product: As manufactured by Cav Clear.

SECTION 05 40 00 – EXTERIOR METAL FRAMING WALLS, PARAPETS AND SOFFITS

1.0 GENERAL

1.2 Design Criteria and Notes

.1 The maximum deflection allowed shall be L/720 for the stud system.

2.0 PRODUCTS

2.1 Support system

- .1 <u>Exterior Structural Steel Stud System, Galvanized:</u> Cold rolled steel studs as per CSA S136-01, fabricated from Galvanized zinc coated steel. Depth and thickness as per structural calculations, including Stud top and bottom tracks, Metal furring and similar.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Product</u>: As manufactured by Bailey (BMP) Ltd.

2.2 Sheathing

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- .1 <u>Glass mat exterior gypsum wall sheathing board</u>: 12.7 mm (1/2") or 15.8 mm (5/8") thick as necessary, ends square cut.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Products:
 - .1 "Dens-Glass Gold Gypsum Sheathing" and "Dens-Glass Gold Fireguard Gypsum Sheathing" by Georgia-Pacific.
 - .2 "GlasRoc Exterior Sheathing", by CertainTeed Canada.
- .2 <u>Lightweight concrete board</u>: Exterior grade cement board, 12.7 mm (1/2") or 15.8 mm (5/8") thick as necessary, manufactured with a lightweight polymer modified cement core and fully embedded alkali resistant fiber glass facings, with tapered edges and square butt ends.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Product: "Permabase" by Unifix.

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VOLUME III – Division 05 METALS

SECTION 05 50 00 - METAL WORK

1.0 GENERAL

1.2 Design Criteria and Notes

- .1 Detail and fabricate balustrades / handrails as per National Association of Architectural Metal Manufacturers (NAAMM) Metal Stairs Manual. Design Load criteria shall be as per **OBC** part 4.
- .2 Work shall be true to detail, clean, straight, with sharp profile and smooth finish surfaces. No material containing plugged or filled holes permitted.
- .3 Use hot dipped galvanized fasteners and anchors for galvanized items, and Stainless Steel fasteners and anchors for stainless steel and aluminum items.
- .4 Use self-tapping shake-proof flat headed screws on items requiring assembly by screws and Countersunk exposed fastenings, cut off bolts flush with nuts for exposed item.
- .5 Install support at hang-on Countertops perimeter with miscellaneous steel 'C' or 'L' channel, minimum 76mm (H) X 51mm (W) structurally anchored to the walls.
- .6 Grind welds smooth and flat, and fill flush with filler compatible with finish coating system, where exposed to view.
- .7 Allow for differential movements with assemblies and at junctions of assemblies with surrounding of work.
- .8 Insulate between dissimilar metals or between metal and masonry and concrete with bituminous paint to prevent electrolytic action.
- .9 <u>Finishes</u>:

	S.S., Grade316L			Prepainted					
				l & bated	ed & bated	ed			ited
<u>Elements</u> : Handrails, guardrails, treads, stairs and similar, or as indicated.	Polished Finish #2B	Fine Satin Finish #4	S.S., Grade 304	Zinc Powder coating & Polyester Powder coated	Hot dipped Galvanized & Polyester Powder coated	Hot dipped Galvanized	Primed steel	FRP	Anodised or Prepainted Aluminum
High corrosive areas.	х							х	
CL3 classified Laboratories.	~							^	
• <u>Countertops and Sinks</u> (22 42 01).	Х								
• Exterior or interior elements in contact with exterior grade or on ground floor level close to entrance Lobbies.		х		х	х				x
Mechanical spaces.							Х	Х	
• Elsewhere exterior, roofs and similar.						Х		х	
Elsewhere interior.			Х				Х	Х	Х
Elsewhere interior – hidden.							Х		

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

.10 Refer to "VOLUME VI – Appendix – DL. Miscellaneous Steel Details" Series and related notes for proposed details configurations.

2.0 PRODUCTS

2.1 Grating, stairs & Ladders

- .1 <u>Steel grating, treads & landings, antiskid</u>: Composed of bars 38 mm x 5 mm (1¹/₂" x 3/16") and rods, smooth or serrated (antiskid) surface, regular mesh.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Product</u>: "Type 19-W-4" by Russel Metals Inc.
- .2 *Fiber Reinforced Polymer (FRP) Grating, treads, landings, anti-skid*: In moulded gratings, 38mm thick mesh pattern, c/w anti-skid nosing.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Product: "Duragrate Stair tread" by Fiberman Inc.
- .3 <u>Steel safety ladder rungs</u>: In cold formed steel, 2.28 mm (0.09" / 13 ga) thick, 40 mm (15/8") wide and 28 mm (11/8") high, with 3 holes.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Product</u>: as manufactured by Fisher and Ludlow (Harris Steel Group Inc.).
- .4 <u>Steel Checker Plates, anti-skid</u>: In cold formed steel, 3 mm (.13" / 11 ga) thick, sizes as indicated, with diamond shape anti-ski surface, folded to suit.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Product: as manufactured by Mascot Steel + Tools.

2.2 Accessories

- .1 <u>Access panels, primed steel, regular or fire resistant</u>: Cold rolled steel access doors and panels with continuous piano hinges, with manual locks, primed, with galvanized steel corners, regular or fire rated and insulated.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Products: as manufactured by Cendrex:
 - .1 "AHD" model (regular), for masonry walls.
 - .2 "AHD GYP" model (flush), for gypsum walls and ceilings (metal faced).
 - .3 "AHA GYP" model (recessed), for gypsum walls and ceilings (gypsum or tile faced).
 - .4 "PFI" model (fire rated and insulated).
 - .5 "PFN" model (fire rated non-insulated).
- .2 <u>Tactile Walking Surface Indicators, in Iron</u>: In Iron with asphalt dip. Cast-in place, or inserted.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Product</u>: As manufactured by Duralast.
- .3 <u>Tactile Walking Surface Indicators, in Polymer</u>: In engineered polymer composites reinforced with fiberglass, and integral colour. Cast-in place, or inserted.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Product: As manufactured by Kinesik Engineered Products.

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

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VOLUME III – Division 05 METALS

- .4 <u>*Carborundum anti-skid strips*</u>: Inserted, manufactured from a choice of 1.6mm galvanised metal, Stainless Steel or Aluminium, coated with a mix of two-part acrylic polyurethane and an aluminium oxide granule.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Product: As manufactured by Floorsafe Inc.

SECTION 06 10 00 – WOOD AND PLASTIC WORK

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Extended Warranty

.1 Panel material with laminated plastics wood veneers shall be guaranteed against warp of delaminate for a period of 2 years.

1.2 Design Criteria and Notes

- .1 <u>Criteria:</u>
 - .1 Do finish carpentry as per Architectural Woodwork Manufacturers Association of Canada (AWMAC) quality standards, Premium Grade; and the finishing of the finish per Architectural Woodwork Institute AWI quality standards.
 - .2 Fabrication of laminated elements: Comply with National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA): ANSI/NEMA LD3 and Decorative. Laminate Products Association (DLPA) Standards.
 - .3 Wood for laminated work to be FSC (Forest stewardship Council) certified.

.2 <u>Application</u>: Use the following Materials, as suitable:

- .1 <u>Counter tops</u>:
 - .1 <u>Particleboard Panel</u>, or <u>Plywood Panel</u>, or <u>Medium Density Fibreboard MDF</u> <u>Panel</u> 19mm, covered with <u>Regular</u> or <u>Abuse resistant plastic laminate</u>.
 - .2 <u>Solid Homogeneous Panel</u>.
- .2 Exposed casework surfaces, doors, etc.:
 - .1 <u>Particleboard Panel</u> or <u>Medium Density Fibreboard MDF Panel</u> 19mm, covered with <u>Plastic laminate</u> or <u>Wood veneer facing</u>.
- .3 Non-exposed surfaces, backs, etc.:
 - .1 *Particleboard wood Panel, covered with Melamine* 16mm or 19mm.
- .4 <u>Thicknesses:</u>
 - .a Casework: 19mm.
 - .b Shelves (adjustable): 19mm @ 915mm long max., and 25mm up to 1220mm long).
 - .c Doors & Drawers: 16mm.

2.0 PRODUCTS

2.1 Panels & Lumbers

- .1 <u>*Plywood Panel:*</u> Douglas fir plywood, as per CSA O121 and CSA O325.0, exterior grade, standard construction, with maximum moisture content of 8% at time of manufacture. Flame spread maximum 150, class III, with the following types:
 - .1 Good two sides, for finish carpentry and interior work.
 - .2 Good one side, for rough carpentry and exterior work.

<u>VOLUME III – Division 06</u> WOOD, PLASTIC & COMPOSITES

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

- .2 <u>Particleboard wood Panel</u>: Interior mat-formed particleboard, minimum density of 720 kg/m³ (45 lb/ft³), sanded faces (grit 120), Type 1, Grade "M2" (industrial).
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Products, as manufactured by:
 - .1 Tafisa. .2 Uniboard Canada Inc.
- .3 <u>Medium Density Fibreboard MDF Panel:</u> Density of 770 kg/m, formaldehyde free, smooth faces.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Products:
 - .1 "Norbord MDF" by Norbord Industries Inc.
 - .2 "Medite II" by Medite Co.
 - .3 "Panfibre Excel MDF" by Uniboard Canada Inc.
- .10 *Particleboard wood Panel, covered with Melamine*: Similar to *Particleboard Wood panel,* covered with Melamine resin impregnated decorative sheet thermally fused to both faces of particleboard core, grade M3.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Products</u>, as manufactured by:
 - .1 Tafisa. .2 Uniboard Canada Inc.
- .11 <u>*Wood veneer facing:*</u> 0.508 mm (0.02") or 0.75 mm (1/32") thick rift cut, with edges in solid hardwood, same species as face veneer, or veneer, without hardwood.

2.2 Plastic Laminate

- .1 <u>Regular plastic laminate sheet</u>: Grade GP (general purpose), and grade PF (post forming). Regular 1.15 mm (0.045") thick, or light duty 0.75 mm (0.030") thick, depending on the use.
- .2 <u>Abuse-resistant plastic laminate sheet</u>: A homogeneous non-porous high density composed of paper impregnated with thermosetting resin, with Nanotechnology anti-scratch characteristic.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Products</u>: "Fenix NTM", by Arpa.

2.3 Solid Composite

- .1 <u>Solid Homogeneous Panel:</u> Non-porous, homogeneous filled acrylic composite, smooth finished, resistant to marking.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Products: as manufactured by:
 - .1 Corian. .2 Hanex

2.4 Accessories

- .1 <u>Wall mount shelve adjustable brackets and racks:</u> In steel, ultra-robust, double slot Wall Standards 16-gauge, with double flange brackets 16-gauge (8", 10", and 12" brackets) or 14gauge (14"-24" brackets), adjustable in 1" (25mm) increments, sizes and configuration as indicated, colour in prepainted white or zinc plated.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Products</u>: "85 & 185 Series", as manufactured by Knape & Vogt.

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SECTION 07 10 00 - AIR / MOISTURE / WATER PROTECTION

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Extended Warranty

- .1 The work of the whole moisture, air/vapour protection system shall be guaranteed against failure of performance, by the manufacturers and by the Subcontractor, for a period of 5 years for labour and 10 years for Materials.
- .2 Manufacturer representative shall be present at all construction phases to ensure adequate quality control on the installation.

1.2 Design Criteria and Notes

- .1 All Air barrier/Vapour retarder membranes at connections with curtain wall mullions, door or window frames and at deflection joints or similar, shall be supported by <u>Metal flashing and</u> <u>coping, galvanized or pre-painted</u> (07 40 00) 26 ga. min. (bent and folded to suit), or similar, where the unsupported gap exceeds 13mm. Otherwise, apply <u>Silicone sealant transitional</u> <u>Membrane</u>, or similar at those locations.
- .2 Exterior door thresholds to be imbibed in a continuous bed of *Exterior Sealant (07 90 00)*.
- .3 <u>Membranes</u> to be duplicated over irregular or dented shape supports.

2.0 PRODUCTS

2.1 Water proofing Membranes

- .1 <u>Hot Applied Asphalt Waterproofing Membrane:</u> Hot applied, rubberized asphalt membrane composed of specially selected blend of refined asphalts, synthetic rubber and mineral stabilizers, solids content: 100%; thickness: 5 mm (3/16") average (dry film), with fabric reinforcement; water vapour permeance: 0.6 ng/Pa.m2.s (0.01 perm) for 3 mm (1/8") wet film.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Products:
 - .1 "Elasto-Seal 790-11" by Henry. .2 "6125" by Hydrotech.
 - .3 "PQ 6100" by Permaquik.

-With Fabric Reinforcing System: spun polyester fabric, min. 0.2 mm (8 mils) thick.

- Suggested (or equivalent) Products:
 - .1 "Polyester fabric" by Henry. .2 "Reemay 2016" by Hydrotech.
 - .3 "PQ 2016" by Parmaquik.
- .2 <u>Bituminous Damp proofing Membrane:</u> Premium quality, medium consistency, solvent type damp proofing compound of selected asphalts and fibres, with a water vapour permeance at 3 mm (1/8") wet film of 2.9 ng/Pa.m².s (0.05 perms).

Suggested (or equivalent) Product: "710-11" by Henry.

- .3 <u>Cementitious Waterproofing:</u> A special formulation powder containing organic and inorganic cementitious material, used as a slurry coating, with dry film thickness 1.5 mm (1/16") for Base coat and 1.5 mm (1/16") for Wear coat.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Product</u>: "Krystol T1" (base coat) + "Krystol T2" (wear coat) by Poly-Tech MP Inc.

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- .4 <u>Elastomeric Waterproofing Membrane:</u> A modified asphalt emulsion seamless monolithic membrane using formulated polymers providing elastomeric performance.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Products:
 - .1 "Roller/Brush Rubber " by Cantex, distributed by Krytex Poly-Tech MP Inc.
 - .2 "MasterSeal® HLM 5000" by BASF.
- .5 <u>Self-Adhering Waterproofing Membrane</u>: A high-performance waterproofing barrier, SBS rubberized asphalt compound, 60 mils (1.5 mm) thick, with hydrostatic head pressures of 231 feet.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Product: "Blueskin WP 200" by Henry.
- .6 <u>Aluminized Polyurethane Coating Waterproofing Membrane</u> (over Metallic surfaces): Liquidapplied, single-component, heavy duty, with have high tensile strength, tear strength and elongation, all in a viscosity grade that can be used horizontally and vertically.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Product</u>: "Vulkem 801", by Tremco.

2.2 Air barrier Membranes

- .1 <u>Modified Bitumen, Air Barrier Sheet</u>: A self-adhered vapour permeable, water resistive air barrier membrane consisting of an engineered film and a patented, permeable adhesive technology with split-back poly-release film, with 1914 ng/Pa.s.m² (33 Perms) water Vapour permeance.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Product: "Blueskin VP160" by Henry.

2.3 Air barrier/Vapour retarder Products

- .1 <u>Polyolefin Vapour Barrier Membrane</u> (for use under concrete slab on grade): A highly durable polyolefin sheet and a non-tacky adhesive coating, with maximum 1.7 ng/Pa.s.m2 (0.03 perms) water vapour permeance.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Product</u>: "FlorprufeTM 120" by Grace.
- .2 <u>Modified Bitumen, Air/Vapour Barrier Sheet and Thru-Wall Flashing Membranes, Self-Adhesive</u> (for general use and transition points with adjacent surfaces membrane and through-wall flashing at bottom of masonry walls or at shelf angles, and at bottom of manufactured siding walls):

Self-adhered, SBS modified bitumen membrane reinforced with proprietary glass scrim, or integrally laminated to a cross-laminated polyethylene film (thru-wall), minimum 1.0 mm (40 mil) thick, with maximum 5 ng/Pa.s.m2 (0.08 perms – Method B) water vapour permeance.

- Suggested (or equivalent) Products for general membrane:
 - .1 "Blueskin SA" and "Lo-Temp Blueskin SA" by Henry.
 - .2 "Sopraseal Stick 1100T" by Soprema.
- <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Products for thru-wall membrane:</u>
 - .1 "Blueskin TWF" by Henry.

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- .3 <u>Polyethylene Vapour Barrier Membrane, Fire Retardant</u>: A highly durable polyethylene sheet 10 mills, with 1.7 ng/Pa.s.m2 (0.03 perms) water vapour permeance.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Product</u>: As manufactured by Uline Inc.
- .4 <u>Liquid Emulsion Air and Vapour Barrier Membrane</u>: One component, liquid applied, elastomeric membrane, cold applied by trowel or spray, with maximum 5 ng/Pa.s.m2 (0.08 perms) water vapour permeance.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Product: "Air-Bloc 32" by Henry.
- .5 <u>Modified Bitumen Air/Vapour Barrier Sheet Membrane, Thermofusible Grade:</u> Thermofusible, SBS modified bitumen membrane reinforced with proprietary glass scrim, 2.5 mm (100 mils) thick, with maximum 0.2 ng/Pa.m².s (0.003 perms) water vapour permeance.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Products:

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- "Blueskin TG" by Henry. .2 "Aquabarrier TG" by IKO.
- .3 "Sopraseal 60" by Soprema.
- .6 <u>Latex Moisture Vapor Retarder Paint</u>: Interior Latex combining a primer and finish in a single, fast drying coat, can be topcoated, with any compatible interior latex or alkyd product, 2.4 mils total thickness, with maximum 60.0 ng/Pa.m2.s (1.0 perms) water vapour permeance.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Product</u>: "Moisture Vapor Barrier" by Sherwin-Williams.

2.4 Accessories

- .1 <u>*Geo-drain*</u>: Geo-drain with a dimple core of high-density polyethylene with a non-woven needle-punched filler fabric.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Product:
 - .1 "Hydro-drain 400" by Hydro-tech (vertical surfaces).
 - .2 "Hydro-drain 700" by Hydro-tech (horizontal surfaces)
- .2 <u>Drainage board:</u> A polypropylene Three-dimensional polymeric core drain board with a nonwoven geotextile fabric fully bonded to the top dimples of the core.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Product: "Henry DB" Series by Henry.
- .3 <u>Silicone sealant transitional Membrane</u>: Self-supportive transitional membrane in preformed silicone elastomer extrusion set in silicone bed.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Product:
 - .1 "123 Silicone Seal Series" and "795 Silicone Building Sealant" by Dow Corning.
 - .2 "Proglaze ETA System" by Tremco.
- .4 <u>Expansion joint Pre-compressible</u>: Exposed or hidden Preformed, self-expanding foam, sealant system with Silicone pre- coated surface.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Product</u>: As manufactured by EMSEAL Inc.

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SECTION 07 20 00 – THERMAL INSULATION

1.0 GENERAL

1.2 Design Criteria and Notes

.1 Butt joints tightly and offset vertical joints to form an unbroken thermal barrier. Use largest possible dimensions to reduce number of joints.

2.0 PRODUCTS

2.1 Rigid Insulation

- .1 <u>Extruded Expanded Polystyrene Board Roof Insulation</u>: Type 4, with shiplapped edges, and joints staggered, RSI = 0.88 / 25 mm (R = 5.00 / 1"), of 240 kPa (35 psi) compressive strength.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Products:
 - .1 "Celfort 350" by Owens Corning. .2 "Roofmate" by Dow Chemical.
- .2 <u>Extruded Expanded Polystyrene Board Wall Insulation</u>: Type 4, ship lapped edges, RSI = 0.88 / 25 mm (R = 5 / 1"), minimum compressive strength of 210 kPa (30 psi). Provide appropriate grooves where <u>Metal furring for application with rigid insulation</u> are used.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Products:
 - .1 "Celfort 300" by Owens Corning.
 - .2 "Styrofoam SM" by Dow Chemical.
 - .3 "Styrofoam XPS" by Dupont.
- .3 <u>Extruded Expanded Polystyrene Board Wall Insulation with Modified Concrete Facing:</u> Type 4, thickness as indicated, ship lapped edges, RSI = 0.88 / 25 mm (R = 5 / 1"), minimum compressive strength of 210 KPA (30 psi); with 6 mm (1/4") modified concrete facing.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Product: "Tech-Crete" by CFI.
- .4 <u>Polyisocyanurate Board Wall Insulation with Foil facer</u>. Type 1, rigid, closed cell insulation, integrally laminated to tri-laminate foil/kraft/foil facers, outside face non-reflective, inside face non perforated, without CFC, with thermal resistance: RSI value of 1.27 / 25 mm (R = 7.2 / 1"); density: 32 kg/m³ (2 lb/ft³); compressive strength: 140 KPA (20 lb/in²).
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Product: "AP Foil-Faced" by Johns Manville.

2.2 Sprayed Insulation

- .1 <u>Sprayed Polyurethane Insulation:</u> Foam Class 1, RSI = 1.05 / 25 mm (R = 6.00 / 1").
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Products:
 - .1 "Airmetic 0223-A100" ("Heatlok 0240") by Demilec.
 - .2 "Airmetic 0223F/A100" by Demilec (for cold weather applications).
- .2 <u>Sprayed or Injected Polyurethane Insulation, Portable System</u> (in structural members' cavities or similar): Two components, without CFCs, having a density of 28 kg/m³ (1.75 lbs/ft³), in a portable dispensing system (not in cans).
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Product: "Froth-Pak" by Dow Chemical.

- .3 <u>Polyurethane foam adhesive sealant</u> (to to fill spaces between frames and adjacent walls): Polymeric insulating sealant, without CFC's single component, low density.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Product: "CF 812" by Hilti

2.3 Semi-Rigid Insulation

- .1 <u>Mineral Fibre Semi-Rigid Board Siding Wall Insulation, Medium Density</u> (for metal siding panels): Stone wool, Type 1, Class 1, RSI = 0.71 / 25 mm (R = 4.0 / 1"), 32 kg/m³ (2 lb/ft³) minimum density.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Product</u>: "Roxul Plus MB" by Roxul.
- .2 <u>Mineral Fibre Semi-Rigid Board cavity Wall Insulation</u>: Made of stone wool, Type 2, Class 4, RSI = 0.76 / 25 mm (R = 4.3 / 1"), 72 kg/m³ (4.5 lb/ft³) minimum density.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Product: "CavityRock DD" by Roxul.
- .3 <u>Mineral Fibre Semi-Rigid Board Insulation for Curtain Wall</u>: Made of stone wool, Type 2, Class 4, RSI = 0.75 / 25 mm (R = 4.2 / 1"), 56 kg/m³ (3.5 lb/ft³) minimum density.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Product</u>: "CurtainRock" by Roxul.
- .4 <u>Glass Fibre Semi-Rigid Board Insulation with Foil Facer</u>: Semi-rigid insulation laminated to FSK Vapor-retarder facer. Type 2, Class 4, RSI = 0.76 / 25 mm (R = 4.3 / 1"), 48 kg/m3 minimum density.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Product</u>: "I/S 300 FSK Faced" by Johns Manville.

2.4 Batt & Flexible Insulation

- .1 <u>Mineral Fibre Flexible Insulation</u> (for deflection joints): Made of stone wool, RSI = 0.68 / 25 mm (R = 3.86 / 1"), 32 kg/m³ (2 lb/ft³) minimum density.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Products:
 - .1 For wood studs: "ComfortBatt" by Roxul.
 - .2 For steel studs: "Roxul Plus" by Roxul.
- .2 <u>Glass Fibre Flexible Insulation</u> (within metal studs): RSI = 0.70 / 25 mm (R = 4.00 / 1"), of 12.58 kg/m³ (0.79 lb/ft³) density.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Product: "Fiberglas Pink Insulation" by Owens-Corning.
- .3 <u>Mineral Fibre Acoustical Batt Insulation</u>: Friction fit type insulation, 40 kg/m³ (2.5 lb/ft³) minimum density.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Product: "Acoustical Fire Batts (AFB)" by Roxul.
- .4 <u>High Thermal Resistance Blanket</u> (for thermal bridging points): Thin-profile (starting at 10mm), flexible semi-rigid insulation. RSI = 1.72 / 25mm (R = 9.8) compressive strength 10 psi.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Product:</u>
 - .1 "Spaceloft" by Aspen/Aerogels. .2 "HPI-1000" by Dow Corning.

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2.5 Plenum Insulation

- .1 <u>Glass fibre flexible acoustical liner</u> (over bulkheads & ceiling tiles): Made of fibreglass bonded with thermosetting resin.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Product</u>: "Permacote Linacoustic Standard" by Johns Manville.
- .2 <u>*Flexible acoustical buffer*</u> (suspended in plenums): Made of fiberglass, faced with fiberglass cloth and backed with a flame-proof foil (50mm thick), secured with metal track.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Products</u>: "Plenum Barrier Quilt", by Insul-Quilts.
- .3 <u>Semi-rigid acoustical buffer</u> (suspended in plenums): Made of mineral wool, faced with a flame-proof foil (50mm thick), secured with metal track.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Products: "Rockfon Plenum Barrier Board", by Rockfon.

2.6 Polymer & Acrylic Systems

- .1 <u>*Plaster System for Foundation Walls*</u>: High performance, polymer-modified, two-component, fast-setting, non-sag cementitious mortar. Thickness from 5 mm (3/16") to 25mm (1").
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Product: "SikaTop-123 Plus" by Sika.
- .2 Plaster System, on Insulation or Lightweight Concrete Boards:
 - .1 <u>Base coat</u>: of 5 mm (3/16") thickness (on Insulation), or 1.6 mm (1/16") thickness (on <u>Lightweight concrete board</u> (05 40 00), composed of 2 parts by mass of 100% acrylic product and 1 part of Type 10 Portland cement, having after 28 days an impact resistance greater than 3.5 MPa, a compression resistance of 37.6 MPa, a tension resistance of 3.6 MPa and a bending strength of 9.3 Mpa, with joint tape at the transition points (starter mesh), and Glass Fibre reinforcing on the total surface.
 - .2 <u>Finish coat</u>: alkali, humidity and mildew resistant, ready mixes, 100% acrylic polymer based coating, standard light sand texture, natural grey.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Products:</u>
 - .1 For Insulation system:"Adex-HC" by Adex Systems Inc. (Groupe BAO)
 - .2 For concrete board system: "Unifix System" by Unifix Inc.

2.6 Accessories

- .1 <u>Sound Barrier Sheet</u> (In the Studs or though Drywall Layers): A mass loaded vinyl (MLV), to increase STC ratings of walls, floors & ceilings. Can be used in new construction and also to correct noise problems in existing spaces, 3mm or 6mm thick.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Product</u>: "Audioseal Sound Barrier" by Acoustical Solutions.
- .2 <u>Metal furrings, for application with rigid insulation</u>: "U" or "L" shaped, min. 0.38 mm (28 ga) thick, galvanized, for drywall installation. Use custom fabricated 0.91mm (20 ga) thick furrings of bent plate, and of similar shape for the soffit application.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Products: As manufactured by:
 - .1 Owens Corning. .2 Dow Chemical.

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- .2 <u>Insulation fasteners</u>: Soft washer and pin type, direct fasten type: polyethylene washer, corrosion resistant fastener.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Product</u>: "X-SW 60 Pins" by Hilti.

SECTION 07 30 00 - SHINGLES, ROOF TILES AND COVERING

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Extended Warranty

.1 The work of the whole shingle roofing system shall be guaranteed against failure of performance, by the manufacturer and by the Contractor, for a period of 20 years for labor and qualified life period for the shingles.

2.0 PRODUCTS

2.1 Shingles

- .1 <u>Asphalt shingles</u>: Architectural shingles, with rectangular pattern, and auto adhesive back strips. Weight / square: 350 lbs approximate.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Products:
 - .1 As manufactured by GAF Inc.
 - .2 As manufactured by CertainTeed Inc.

2.2 Underlayment:

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- .1 <u>Roofing felt underlayment</u>: Asphalt saturated 15, non-perforated.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Product: as manufactured by BP Shingle.
- .2 <u>Glass fiber reinforced modified bitumen waterproofing membrane for roofing</u>: 1.5 mm (60 mils) thick, with mineral granules surface; self-adhesive.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Product</u>: "Gripgard" by BP Shingle.

SECTION 07 40 00 – MANUFACTURED SIDING AND CLADDING PANELS

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Extended Warranty

.1 Metal siding products furnished and installed shall be guaranteed against all defects of fabrication, installation and shall be air and watertight for a period of 5 years.

1.2 Design Criteria and Notes

- .1 Metal-to-metal fastenings and accessories shall be fabricated of the same metal, or of a metal which will not set up electrolytic action causing damage to fastenings or components, or both, under most conditions.
- .2 All fasteners for aluminum or Composite Panels work shall be stainless steel, as per manufacturer's recommendations and as per ASME B18.6.4-1999.
- .3 All exposed screws to have a neoprene washer and be painted same colour as siding.
- .4 Fasteners to be self-tapping.
- .6 In siding Aluminum panels or similar, provide weepholes to control condensation, including proper inclusion of seals, and provision for breathing, venting and drainage. Do all drilling (for weepholes, etc.) in shop, not on site. (6mm min. @ 600mm o/c).
- .7 All *Flashings* to be continuous with same type cleats and concealed fasteners.

2.0 PRODUCTS

2.1 Metallic Exterior Panels

- .1 <u>Exterior metal siding panels, prepainted</u>: as per CAN/CGSB-93.4, in galvanized prepainted steel, installed vertically, with smooth surface and interlocking edges, in metal sandwich walls or on other substrates, 0.76 mm (0.03" / 22 ga) thick or as necessary.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Product</u>: As manufactured by VicWest.
- .2 <u>Exterior metal siding panels, galvanized</u>: as per CAN/CGSB-93.4, in hot dipped galvanized steel, with overlapping edges, in metal sandwich walls or on other substrates, 0.76 mm (0.03" / 22 ga) min. or as necessary, with Zinc coating in Glavalum Plus.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Product</u>: "2²/₃" x 7/8" Corrugated", by VicWest.

2.2 Composite Panels

- .1 <u>*Glass fiber reinforced concrete cladding panels:*</u> composed of inorganic fibre with natural stone and cement, with glass fibre reinforcements.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Product: As manufactured by Synstone.

2.3 Sub-Girts

.1 <u>Galvanized Steel sub-girt System for Walls:</u> Double or triple system, in galvanized steel "Z", "L" or "U" elements, of thickness as necessary, min. 1.2 mm (cal. 18), to comply to design load specified. Interior and exterior surfaces insulated by means of polyethylene <u>Insulating</u> <u>strip for metal work, self-adhesive.</u>

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2.4 Interior Air barrier/Vapour retarder Panels

- .1 <u>Interior metal liner panels, galvanized or prepainted</u>: in galvanized or prepainted steel, installed vertically in metal sandwich walls, with interlocking edges, 0.60 mm (0.02" / 24 ga) min. or as necessary.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Product</u>: "L-800R" or "L-800SR" by VicWest.

2.5 Finishes for Prepainted Aluminum work

- .1 <u>Prepainted fluoropolymer coating finish for aluminum surfaces</u>: a fluoropolymer resin thermosetting coating, treated with and applied in plant, in three coats, of a total dry film thickness of 50.8 microns (2.0 mils), including primer, base coat and transparent finish coat.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Product: "Duranar XL" by PPG.

2.6 Accessories

- .1 <u>Aluminium flashing and coping, anodized</u>: including all accessories such as alignment bars, brackets, clips, inserts, shims, trims, fillers, sills, gutters as required, AA-5005-H14 alloy and temper, "stretcher level" quality, flat or profiled, minimum 0.81 mm (0.032" /20 ga) min., or as necessary.
- .2 <u>Aluminum flashing and coping, prepainted</u>: Alloy AA-5005-H14, "stretcher level" quality, minimum 0.81 mm (0.032"/20 ga) min., or as necessary, prepainted.
- .3 <u>Metal flashing and coping, galvanized or pre-painted</u>: Hot dipped galvanized or powder coated, including all accessories such as alignment bars, brackets, clips, inserts, shims, trims, flashings, fillers, sills, gutters, as required, base metal minimum 0.61 mm (24 ga) min., or as necessary, same material, galvanization.
- .4 <u>Insect screens, galvanized steel</u> (for all gaps bigger than 4mm): Hot dipped galvanized, 0.3 mm (0.012") diameter wire 18 x 14 mesh with 60% free area, secured to the bird-screen frame.
- .5 <u>Insect screens, aluminium</u> (for all gaps bigger than 4mm): 0.3 mm (0.012") diameter aluminum wire, with a stitch of 7.1 x 6.3 / cm² (18 x 16 / in²) and 44% free area, secured to aluminum frame.
- .6 <u>Thermal breaks</u>: (Thermal or electrolytic break and/or water-tightness), Insulating strip for metal work, self-adhesive, in cross-linked waterproof polyethylene EVA strip with adhesive on one or both faces, depending on location and required use, 3 mm (1/8") thick.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Product</u>: "Polyethylene #2720" by Jacobs and Thomson (RCR International Inc.).
- .7 <u>Cross-linked butyl preformed sealant</u> (at joints between metal liners and sub girts): Of 100% solids, cross-linked butyl rubber.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Product: "440 II Tape" by Tremco.

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- .8 <u>Polyethylene foam EVA closure blocking</u> (for compartmentalization): matching the siding profile, in cross-linked waterproof polyethylene (EVA).
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Product</u>: As manufactured by Jacobs and Thompson (RCR International Inc.).
- .9 <u>*Thermally broken sub-spacers:*</u> In ceramic, Aluminum composite, or similar, engineered to meet structural requirements.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Products:</u>
 - .1 "TCLIP" by Engineering Assemblies.
 - .2 "TAC Thermal Spacer" by ETG.
 - .3 "Cascadia Clip" by Cascadia Windows & doors.
 - .4 "Iso Clip", by Northern Facades.
- .10 <u>Synthetic rubber based industrial sealant</u> (concealed between overlapping panels): non-skinning.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Product</u>: "JS-773" by Tremco.

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

SECTION 07 50 00 – MEMBRANE ROOFING & PARAPETS

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Extended Warranty

.1 The work of the full roofing system (including, sheathing, membranes and other) shall be guaranteed against failure of performance by the Contractor for a period of 2 years, and by the Manufacturer for a period of 10 years – non-prorated - for labor and Materials.

1.2 Design Criteria and Notes

- .1 For conventional systems, roofing components shall be fully adhered, with the deck sheathing board fastened to the steel supporting structure underneath. Fully mechanically through fastened roofing membrane systems are not acceptable.
- .2 Unless cases with particular energy saving concerns, or building specifics, the use of reflective white surfaces should not be considered in the roofing system choice.
- .3 In new Buildings, structural decks shall be designed to slope toward the drains to minimize the amount of sloped insulation.
- .4 Only non-combustible supporting systems (steel studs, masonry or similar) are allowed in non-combustible buildings for parapets. Plywood is allowed as nailer substrate, provided it doesn't exceed 600mm height, and the Parapet Flashing Membrane is covered by a metal flashing (**OBC** 2012, 3.1.5.3.3 & 4).
- .5 For new constructions, Roofs to be designed to have positive slopes of 2% to the drains. Parapets to be designed with tops offering 10% slopes to the roof sides.
- .6 On steel deck, fasteners for Support boards shall be anchored against upper flute ribs. The apparent portion shall not exceed the rib depths.
- .7 Work shall be carried out in accordance with good Roofing practice and Canadian Roofing Contractors' Association (CRCA).
- .8 Install <u>Lightweight concrete board (05 40 00)</u> 300mm deep cement board, same thickness as adjacent described deck sheathing board on the roof perimeter of steel deck, around openings and under all curbs or accessories, for structural consolidation.
- .9 Perimeter parapets to be elevated 200mm minimum from the surface. Where the height exceeds 900mm approximate, or wherever handrails are supported on parapets, a structural reinforcement shall be provided within the supporting stud system.
- .10 Roof *Vapor Barrier* membrane shall be upturned against parapet framing.
- .11 All Roof penetrations to be wrapped in insulated curbs, elevated 200mm minimum from the surface.
- .12 <u>Access</u>:
 - .1 All Roof Hatches need to be installed at least 2 meters away from perimeter; otherwise, a guard rail should be installed.
 - .2 Always provide access to the different roof levels with appropriate means, taking in consideration the size and type of the maintenance elements for equipment.
 - .3 Protect roofing system from foot traffic damage at roof access doors, access hatches, around roof mounted mechanical and electrical equipment, and other facilities requiring maintenance access using appropriate <u>*Traffic Elements*</u>.
 - .4 Roof anchors shall be considered in the following conditions (to be confirmed by **Facilities**):
 - .1 High roofs or where facades are not easily accessible from grade level.

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.2 If an equipment or other similar maintenance access is required on a roof with no guard protection.

2.0 **PRODUCTS**

2.1 Roof Membranes

- .1 <u>Modified bitumen two-ply exposed roofing membrane, granule surfaced</u>:
 - .1 <u>Base sheet:</u> SBS polymer modified bitumen roofing membrane, minimum 2.2 mm (90 mils) thick, with a 180 g/m² non-woven polyester reinforcement, sanded lower surface for application with mopped asphalt or adhesive, and thermofusible polyethylene covered upper surface for torch application.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Products</u>: mopping asphalt or adhesive applied:
 - .1 "Modified Plus NP180 p/s" by Henry.
 - .2 "Modiflex MP-180-FS-Base" by IKO.
 - .3 "Elastophene 180 PS" by Soprema Inc.
 - .2 <u>Top sheet</u>: SBS minimum 4 mm (160 mils) thick, with a non-woven polyester reinforcement, thermofusible polyethylene covered back face for torch application and granular finish front face.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Products</u>, torch applied:
 - .1 "Modified Plus NP 250gT4" by Henry.
 - .2 "Torchflex TP-250-Cap" by IKO.
 - .3 "Sopralene Flam 250gr" by Soprema Inc.
- .2 <u>Modified bitumen two-ply protected roofing membrane</u>:
 - .1 <u>Base sheet</u>: SBS polymer modified bitumen roofing membrane, minimum 2.2 mm or 3 mm (90 mils or 120 mils) thick, with a non-woven 180 g/m² polyester reinforcement, both faces thermofusible polyethylene covered for torch application, or bottom face sanded for mopped asphalt application, and top face with thermofusible polyethylene.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Products:

Torch applied:

- .1 "Modified Plus NP180 p/p" by Henry.
- .2 "Torchflex TP-180-FF-Base" by IKO.
- .3 "Sopralene Flam 180" by Soprema Inc.

Mopping asphalt or adhesive applied:

- .1 "Modified Plus NP180 p/s" by Henry.
- .2 "Modiflex MP-180-FS-Base" by IKO.
- .3 "Elastophene 180 PS" by Soprema Inc.
- .2 <u>Top sheet</u>: similar to base sheet, both faces thermofusible polyethylene covered.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Products, torch applied:
 - .1 "Modified Plus NP180 p/p" by Henry.
 - .2 "Torchflex TP-180-FF-Base" by IKO.
 - .3 "Sopralene Flam 180" by Soprema Inc.

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- .3 <u>Hot applied modified asphalt roofing membrane</u>: A specially selected blend of refined asphalts, synthetic rubber and mineral stabilizers, with additives for better adhesion and low temperature flexibility, with Polyester Reinforcing sheet fabric, 0.2 mm to 0.25 mm (8-10 mils) thick.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Products:
 - .1 Membrane "Elasto-Seal 790-11" with "Polyester Fabric" by Monsey Henry.
 - .2 Membrane "6125" with "Reemay 2016" by Hydrotech

2.2 Parapet flashing Membrane:

- .1 <u>Modified bitumen two-ply sheet flashing membrane, granule surfaced</u>: (on parapets, curbs, other vertical exposed surfaces):
 - .1 <u>Base sheet</u>: SBS polymer modified bitumen roofing membrane, minimum 2.5 or 3 mm (100 mils or 120 mils) thick, with a non-woven polyester (or polyester and glass) reinforcement, self-adhesive, with a thermofusible polyethylene covered upper face for torch application.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Products: self-adhesive:
 - .1 "Modified Plus NP180 Tack sheet" by Henry.
 - .2 "Armourbond 180" by IKO.
 - .3 "Sopralene Flam Stick" by Soprema Inc.
 - .2 <u>Top sheet</u>: SBS minimum 4 mm (160 mils) thick, with a non-woven polyester reinforcement, thermofusible polyethylene covered back face for torch application and granular finish front face.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Products</u>: Torch applied:
 - .1 "Modified Plus NP 250gT4" or "NP250TUW (white)" by Henry.
 - .2 "Torchflex TP-250-Cap" by IKO.
 - .3 "Sopralene Flam 250gr" by Soprema Inc.
- .2 <u>Liquid flashing membrane</u>: For difficult to adhere situations. One-component polyurethane / bitumen resin membrane.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Product: "Alsan Flashing" (imbibed in granule, for UV protection), by Soprema Inc.,

2.3 Support Boards

- .1 *Fibreboard panels, regular*: With square edges, asphalt coated on both faces and all edges, 12.7 mm (1/2") min. thick or as necessary.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Products:
 - .1 "Esgard High Strength" by BP Shingles (EMCO).
 - .2 "Cascades II haute performance HP" by Matériaux Cascades Inc.
 - .3 "Xpress Board HD" by Soprema
- .2 *<u>Fibreboard panels, sloped</u>*: high performance, with square/shiplapped edges, tapered, thickness as necessary.

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- <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Products:</u>
 - .1 "Esgard" by BP Shingles (EMCO).
 - .2 As manufactured by Matériaux Cascades Inc.
- .3 <u>*Perlite panels, regular and sloped*</u>, Homogeneous, expanded perlite, blended with selected binders and fibers, with waterproof top face, 25 mm (1") thick or as necessary.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Product: "Fesco" by Johns Manville.

2.4 Insulations and Related Products

- .1 <u>Expanded polystyrene board roof insulation, with laminated fibreboard</u>: Incorporating a fire retardant agent, Type II, RSI = 0.70 / 25 mm (R = $4.0 / 1^{\circ}$), with shiplapped edges, factory laminated by asphalt to 12.7 mm (½) fibreboard panels, Type I, RSI = 0.5/25 mm (R = $2.8/1^{\circ}$).
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Product: "Izofibre" by Fransyl.
- .2 <u>Expanded polystyrene board roof insulation, sloped</u>: Incorporating a fire retardant agent, Type II, RSI = 0.70 / 25 mm (R = 4.0 / 1"), having a compressive strength of 125.2 kPa (18.21 lbs/in²), with square edges.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Product: "Bizolon" by Fransyl.
- .3 <u>Expanded polystyrene board roof insulation, with sloped laminated fibreboard</u>: Incorporating a fire-retardant agent, Type II, RSI = 0.70 / 25 mm (R = $4.0 / 1^{\circ}$), with square edges, factory laminated by asphalt to 12.7 mm ($\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$) fibreboard panels, RSI = 0.5 / 25 mm (R = $2.8 / 1^{\circ}$).
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Product: "Bizofibre" by Fransyl.
- Polyisocyanurate board roof insulation regular and sloped: Type III class 2, rigid, closed cell, inorganic/organic felt facing, with ecological expansion agent; RSI = 1.01 / 25 mm (R = 5.7 / 1"). density: 32 kg/m³ (2 lb/ft³); compressive strength: 158 kPa (23 lb/in²); edges: square; flame spread/smoke developed values: less than 25. Use two layers where more than 51 mm or 63.7 mm (2" or 2¹/₂") is required.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Product: "E'NRG'Y 3" by NRG Polyiso (Johns Manville).
- .5 <u>Extruded expanded polystyrene board roof insulation</u>: Type 4, thickness as shown, with shiplapped edges, and joints staggered, RSI = 0.88 / 25 mm (R = 5.00 / 1"), of 240 kPa (35 psi) compressive strength; with drainage grooves on the underside where required.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Products:
 - .1 "Celfort 350" by Celfortec.
 - .2 "Roofmate" by Dow Chemical.

2.5 Air Barrier/Vapour Retarder Membrane

- .1 <u>Asphalt laminated kraft paper vapour barrier</u>. Asphalt laminated double kraft paper vapour retarder, with glass fibre yarn reinforced edges, Type 2.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Products:
 - .1 "Vapour Bloc" by Henry. .2 "Roof Retarder" by Tremco.
 - .3 "Armourgard" by Iko.

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- .2 <u>Organic felt reinforced two-ply asphalt roofing membrane</u>: Organic roofing felts, asphalt saturated, perforated, No. 15 organic felts, in 5 layers (3 and 2), with Regular mopping or Modified elastomeric mopping asphalt.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Product</u>: "No.15 Asphalt Felt Perforated" by IKO Industries Ltd.
- .3 <u>Interconnecting Vapour barrier membrane, asphalt or adhesive applied</u>: Minimum 2.2 mm (90 mils) thick, with a non-woven 180 g/m² polyester reinforcement, with sanded faces.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Products:
 - .1 "Modified Plus NP180 s/s" by Henry.
 - .2 "Modiflex MP-180-SS-Base" by IKO.
 - .3 "Elastophene 180 SS" by Soprema Inc.
- .4 <u>Modified bitumen one-ply vapour barrier membrane, self-adhesive, torch or adhesive applied</u>: (for connection between roof and wall Air/vapour-barriers membranes under parapets): to serve also as of minimum 3 mm (120 mils) thick, with a non-woven 180 g/m² polyester or 160 g/m² non-woven polyester and glass scrim reinforcement, self-adhesive, or with thermofusible polyethylene covered faces.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Products: self-adhesive:
 - .1 "Modified Plus NP180 Tack Sheet" (3 mm/120 mils) by Henry.
 - .2 "Armourbond 180" (3 mm/120 mils) by IKO.
 - .3 "Sopralene Flam Stick" (2.5 mm/100 mils) by Soprema Inc.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Products: Torch applied:
 - .1 "Modified Plus NP180 p/p" by Henry.
 - .2 "Modiflex MP-180-FF-Base" by IKO.
 - .3 "Sopralene Flam 180" by Soprema Inc.

2.6 Deck Sheathing

- .1 <u>Glass fibre mat faced, silicone core gypsum roof sheathing board</u>: A core of silicone treated gypsum, with inorganic glass mat surfaces, and non-asphaltic surface treatment of the face (primed type), 12.7 mm (1/2") min. thick or as necessary, square edges.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Product</u>: "Dens-Deck" and "Dens-Deck Prime Roof Guard" by Georgia-Pacific.
- .2 <u>*Gypsum-Fiber Roof Board*</u>: A high-performance, versatile board with advanced fiberreinforced technology 9.5 mm (3/8") min. thickness or as necessary, square edges.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Product: " Securock" by CGC.

2.7 Traffic Elements:

- .1 <u>Concrete paving slabs</u>: Plain face, 610 mm x 610 mm (24" x 24") paver size, 50 mm (2") thick, natural colour, with prefabricated high density polyethylene grid-type pedestals, integral with spacer ribs, or on a layer of laminated insulation.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Product: "Izodalle" by Fransyl Ltée.

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- .2 <u>Modified bitumen protection and traffic pads</u>: Precut pieces of the top layer of <u>Modified</u> <u>bitumen SBS roofing membrane</u>, 915 mm (36") wide by 457 mm (18"), in contrasting colour.

2.8 Accessories

- .1 <u>*Chemical curb system*</u>: 50 mm (2") pourable urethane rubber seal, with precast curb components of fireproof polymer cement or black structural urethane, as necessary.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Product:
 - .1 "ChemCurb" by Chem Link.
 - .2 "Interclip system" by Duomastic.
- .2 <u>*Gravel ballast*</u>: Nonporous material, washed, free from fines, ice, snow or long splinters: well graded, well rounded, Standard Size No.3, as per ASTM D 448, 25 mm to 51 mm (1" to 2"), well graded, having a density of approximately 2643 kg/m³ (165 lb/ft³), moisture content not exceeding 0.5%, as per ASTM D 1863, or as per FM Global requirements.
- .3 *Polyethylene film separation membrane*: Min. 100 micron (4 mil) thick, Type 2.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Product: as manufactured by W. Ralston.
- .4 <u>*Woven fabric membrane*</u>: Woven polyolefin or polyethylene fabric, UV stabilized, water permeable.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Products:
 - .1 "Fabrene V.I.E." by Dow Chemical. .2 "Fabroc 400" by Hydrotech.
- .5 <u>Expansion joint trim for roofing</u> (at exposed joints): A combination of flexible rubber membranes supported by a closed cell foam to form flexible bellows, with two metal flanges.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Product: "Expand-O-Flash" by Johns Manville.
- .6 <u>Expansion joint waterproof membrane</u> (with high exposure to water): Exposed or hidden elastomeric expansion waterproofing joint membrane, with asphaltic based medium, glued or torched.
- .7 <u>Butyl flexible membrane, reinforced</u> (for connection between roof and wall Air/vapour-barriers membranes where structural or expansion movement is expected): Flexible flashing membrane composed of a combination of butyl and EPDM polymers, and reinforced with polyester fabric, 1.2 mm (47 mils) thick.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Product: "990-26" by Henry.
- .8 <u>*Plywood panel, Pressure Treated, Water Resistant:*</u> as per CSA O121 and CSA O325.0, exterior grade, standard construction, with maximum moisture content of 8% at time of manufacture, pressure treated with copper alkaline quaternary, in a closed cylinder, in vacuum, to obtain a retention of 6.4 kg/cm³ of wood.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Product</u>: "NW100" by Timber Specialties (Goodfellow Inc.).
- .9 <u>Roof accessories & Post supports</u>: In aluminium or as indicated, complete with the corresponding 2 mm (0.08") thick flashing assemblies and seals.

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- <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Products</u>: As manufactured by Thaler.
- .10 <u>Roof Edge Safety Railing Systems</u>: Modular system, with no penetration to roofing, for flat or up to 3 degrees slope roofs.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Products:
 - .1 "KeeGuard" by KeeSafety.
 - .2 As manufactured by Skyline Group.
- .11 <u>*Growing Medium*</u>: Mix of organic and inorganic materials, to retain water, and support and maintain long term life and healthy growth of plant material.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Products: "Rooftop Biomix" by Landsource Organix Ltd.
- .12 <u>Roof drainage board:</u> A polypropylene Three-dimensional polyethylene core drain board with a factory laminated geotextile fabric fully bonded to the top dimples of the core.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Product: "Sopradrain" by Soprema.
- .13 <u>Anti-Root barrier:</u> A woven and micro-perforated polyethylene fabric.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Product:</u> "Microfab" by Soprema.
- .14 <u>*Tray vegetated system*</u>: Modular tray system c/w planters and growing medium, variable depths from 75mm to 200mm.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Product: "Hybrid modular system" by Liveroof.
- .15 <u>Roof Hatches</u>: with thermally broken cover and curb, polyisocyanurate insulation (R-20+), and special EPDM gasketing.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Product:</u> "S-50TB" by Bilco.

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SECTION 07 80 00 - FIRE AND SMOKE PROTECTION

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Extended Warranty

- .1 Caulking work shall be guaranteed against failure for a period of 3 years.
- .2 Include coverage of repair or replacement of Firestopping materials, which fail to achieve a smoke tight or watertight seal, exhibits loss of adhesion or cohesion, or do not cure. Sealants that crack, crumble, melt, shrink, run, or stain adjacent surfaces will be considered failed.

1.2 Design Criteria and Notes

- .1 All applications of fire and smoke protection assemblies shall be as per tested assemblies UL, ULC, cUL or OBC SB-3. For assemblies not tested and rated, submit proposals based on related designs using accepted design criteria.
- .2 A particular attention shall be given to the structural deflection on top of partitions, taking in consideration the compressibility of the fire-rated stopping materials. On head of partitions, compress FRR components (Insulation and / or sealant) with maximum 30% compression to allow structural deflection above.
- .3 Pipe & ducts penetrations should be done in accordance with the Engineers specifications.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Systems including but not limited to: <u>cUL HW-D-0002, cUL HW-D-0060, HW-D-0061, cUL HW-D-0091, cUL HW-D-0092, cUL HW-D-0330, cUL HW-D-0291, cUL HW-D-0264, cUL HW-D-0538, cUL HW-D-1049, , ULC 0504. Hilti Top Track Seal CFS-TTS <u>http://www.tremcosealants.com/technical-resources/fire-systems/fire-systems-canada/fire-systems-search-results-canada.aspx#p0000-bo-cw</u>

 </u>
- .4 A certificate, confirming the integrity of each firestopping assembly and its installation in conformity with drawings and specification standards shall be submitted.
- .5 Wherever Fire Resistant Rated (FRR) partition meets an Exterior wall or any other non-FRR Partitions, this partition shall penetrate through the core of the other Wall or Partition.
- .6 Patch damage to fireproofing caused by testing or by other trades before fireproofing is concealed, or if exposed, before final inspection.
- .7 FRR sealants and caulking products shall be in contrasting colors (preferably red) comparing to other sealants in order to facilitate the identification and inspection between rated and non-rated components (partitions, slabs, etc.).

2.0 PRODUCTS

2.1 Insulation

- .1 <u>Mineral fibre fire resistant batt Insulation</u>: Stone wool, Type 2, of 72 kg/m3 (4.5 lbs/ft3) density and 6.9 kPa (144 lbs/ft2) compressive strength, compressed at least 25%, of required thickness; flame spread: 0; smoke developed: 5.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Products</u>:
 - .1 "Roxul-Safe" by Roxul Inc. .2 "Safing Insulation" by Fibrex.
 - .3 "Firebarrier" by A/D.
- .2 <u>Mineral fibre fire resistant pre-cut insulation for steel deck ribs</u>: For top of wall with metal deck use mineral wool cut to flute configuration to perfectly fit without gaps or voids.

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- <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Product</u>: "Speed plugs CP 777" by Hilti.
- .3 <u>Intumescent coating</u>: Fireproofing system, interior grade application, with topcoat as necessary for colour coding.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Products:
 - .1 For steel work:
 - .1 "A/D Firefilm" by A/D Fire Protection Systems Inc.
 - .2 "SprayFilm WB3" by Cafco.
 - .3 "Carboline Nullifier S607" by StonCor.
 - .2 For polyurethane or plastic insulation and similar:
 - .1 "Flame Seal TB-C" by FSP.
 - .2 "Monokote Z3306", by Grace.
- .4 <u>Cementitious Fireproofing Coating</u>: Spray-applied material, without asbestos or mineral wool, providing high fire resistance with fast reliable application. single component. It shall have a bond strength of 16.2 kPa (339 psf) minimum, a compressive strength at 10% deformation of 68.9 kPa (1440 psf) minimum, a dry density of 240 kg/m3 (15 pcf) minimum, a flame spread of 0 and smoke development of 0, for 25 mm (1") thickness.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Products:
 - .1 "Monokote Type MK-6 or Type MK-6/HY" by Grace.
 - .2 "Cafco 400" by Cafco.
- .5 <u>*Fire Stop Bricks*</u>: With present dimensions, In Polyurethane Foam, fire and smoke resistant, for temporary or permanent sealing of cables, cable trays and pipes in wall and floor openings.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Product</u>: "CFS-BL", by Hilti.
- .6 <u>*Fire Stop Flute Deck Blocks*</u>: In high density rockwool stone wool, in as trapezoidal, square cut, rectangular or round sections. Could include with intumescent smoke seal facing as necessary.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Product</u>: As manufactured by AIM.

2.2 Sealants & Seals

- .1 <u>Silicone sealant, fire resistant,</u> or <u>Modified acrylic latex elastomer sealant, fire resistant</u> (for sealing openings around metal conduits, pipes, and ductwork, and at wall/ceiling junctions, and similar): High performance silicone or modified latex elastomer.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Products: As manufactured by:
 - .1 Tremco. .2 3M Canada. .3 Hilti.
- .2 <u>Intumescent acrylic sealant</u> (for sealing openings around non-metal conduits, pipes and similar): Single-component, water-based firestop sealant that will expand to fill the voids left when combustible materials burn and deteriorate in a fire.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Products: "TREMstop IA+" by Tremco.

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- .3 <u>*Prefabricated collar*</u> (for sealing openings around non-metal odd pipe sizes and similar): With a hose clamp sealing system for securing the device around the penetrating items.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Products</u>: "TREMstop D+" by Tremco.
- .4 <u>Firestop top track seal</u>: A pre-formed firestop device in wrapped polyurethane foam. - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Products</u>: "CFS-TTS" by Hilti.
- .5 <u>*Penetrable cable sleeve*</u>: A Re-penetrable sleeve penetrations for single and bundled cables, with resealing capacity.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Products: "CP 653 BA" by Hilti.

2.3 Mortars

- .1 <u>*Fire-rated Mortar*</u> (as a complete Firestop system or to close down annular spaces making penetrations easier to treat with other products): one-part, fast setting, fire resistive micro silica compound, with thermal insulation and high impact resistance.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Products: "Fire Mortar" by Tremco

2.4 Wraps

- .1 <u>Duct wrap</u> (for wrapping ducts where shaft walls or Fire-dampers are difficult to install): A flexible fire-resistant wrap, inorganic fiber blanket encapsulated with a scrim-reinforced foil. 1-1/2" thick, 6 pcf density.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Products</u>: "Duct Wrap 614+" by 3M.

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SECTION 07 90 00 - SEALANTS

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Extended Warranty

.1 All caulking and sealant shall be guaranteed against leak, crack, crumble, melt, shrink, run, lose adhesion or stain adjacent surfaces, for a period of 3 years for labour and Material.

1.2 Design Criteria and Notes

- .1 Examine joint sizes and conditions to establish correct depth to width relationship for installation of back-up materials and sealants: i.e. depth of joint = 2 times the width of joint (min. 3 mm (1/8"), max. 25 mm (1") width). Install backing rod to achieve correct joint depth and shape, with approximately 30% compression, where the joint width exceed 3mm.
- .2 Apply <u>Sealant</u> after painting and coating work is completed. Do not paint over sealants not manufactured to be painted.
- .3 Apply <u>Sealant</u> on the perimeter of the new door or vision panel frames where they come to contact with adjacent surfaces; and on existing frames, if the adjacent surfaces' finishes (walls, floors) have been modified or replaced.
- .4 Install <u>Backing rods</u> to support sealants where joint gaps exceed 3mm.

2.0 PRODUCTS

2.1 Exterior Sealants

- .1 <u>Epoxidized polyurethane terpolymer sealant</u>: Non-sag, for general application for joints on Building Envelope components.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Products:
 - .1 "Dymeric 240" by Tremco
 - .2 "Sikaflex-2c NS/SL" by Sika
- .2 <u>Multi Cable sleeves & sealant</u>: Combined thermoplastic sleeve and rubberised sealant system.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Product</u>: "Riswat" by BEELE Eng.

2.2 Interior Sealants

- .1 <u>Siliconized acrylic latex sealant</u>: Paintable, around interior work in general.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Products: "Tremflex 834" by Tremco.
- .2 <u>Silicone building and glazing sealant</u>: Not paintable, for Classified Labs, Clean rooms and similar spaces.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Products</u>:
 - .1 "999-A" by Dow Corning
 - .2 "Contractors SCS1800" by GE Silicones
 - .3 "Tremsil 200" by Tremco

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- .3 <u>Silicone sealant, mildew resistant</u>: Not paintable, around W.C. accessories and similar items. - Suggested (or equivalent) Products:
 - .1 "786" by Dow Corning
 - .2 "Sanitary SCS1700" by GE Silicones
- .4 <u>Cellular Foam & silicone sealant</u>: Foam component + Silicone Sealant for expansion, dynamic joints or wide joints exceeding 25mm wide.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Products</u>: "Colorseal" by Emseal
- .5 <u>Smoke & acoustic top track seal</u>: A pre-formed device in wrapped polyurethane foam.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Products</u>: "CS-TTS SA" by Hilti.

2.3 Accessories

- .1 <u>Polyethylene closed cell foam Backing rod</u>: compressible and resilient, oversized 30 to 50%. - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Products</u>:
 - .1 "Ethafoam 220 Round" by Dow Chemical Co.
 - .2 "HBR" by Tremco.

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VOLUME III – Division 08 OPENINGS

SECTION 08 11 00 - DOORS AND FRAMES

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Extended Warranty

- .1 Steel doors and frames, shall be guaranteed for a period of 3 years.
- .2 Wood doors shall be guaranteed against warp, twist, show core lines, split, delaminate or sag, for a period of 3 years.

1.2 Design Criteria and Notes

- .1 <u>General</u>:
 - .1 Fabricate steel doors and frames in accordance with Canadian Steel Door and Frame Manufacturers Association (CSDMA), for hollow steel and honeycomb core construction, except where specified otherwise.
 - .2 Fabricate wood doors and frames doors in accordance with AWI/AWAAC Section 1300, Window and Door Manufacturers Association (WDMA) Series I.S.1-A-97 and CAN/CSA-O132.2 Series 90.
 - .3 Fabricate fire resisting doors and frames as per CAN4-S104 and CAN-S105 and label and list by an organization accredited by Standards Council of Canada; provide certification for oversized doors and frames.
 - .4 Install labelled fire-rated frames and doors according to NFPA 80 requirements.
 - .5 Reinforce head of frames wider than 1220 mm.
 - .6 Make allowance for deflection to ensure structural loads are not transmitted to frames. Provide flexible connections on head of frames, if the head of the partition at underside of structural are not equipped with deflection joints.
 - .7 Paint all faces, edges, tops, and bottoms of doors.
 - .8 Fill frames with acoustic insulation, if partition is filled with insulation.
 - .9 Cut mitres and joints accurately and weld continuously on inside of frame profile.
 - .10 On site modifications will be accepted on fire rated doors and frames.
 - .11 Frame sizes, profiles, and installation to match adjacent existing. For new frames, width to be 50mm min. for for adequate installation of electrified hardware.
 - .12 Unless in FRR separation or similar special conditions, steel frames shall not be filled with mortar in masonry partitions.

2.0 PRODUCTS

2.1 Steel Frames

- .1 <u>Pressed steel frames for interior doors and vision panel, Standard or Fire-Rated</u>: In Cold formed galvanized steel sheets, shall be labelled if Fire-Rated, with the following thicknesses:
 - .1 1.6 mm (0.060" / 16 ga) min. base thickness for vision panel frames and for openings up to 2440 mm (8'- 0") wide and up to 2440 mm (8'- 0") high, or not larger than 1930mm (6'- 4") and up to 3050 mm (10'- 0") high.
 - .2 1.9 mm (0.075" / 14 ga) min. base thickness for openings wider than the values previously mentioned.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Products</u>: as manufactured by:
 - .1 Doormasters of Ottawa Inc. .2 Fleming Steel Doors and Frames.

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- .2 <u>Pressed steel frames for interior doors and vision panels, Sanitary</u>: Similar to <u>Pressed steel</u> <u>frames</u>, with sanitary chamfered stops, and flush bottom at 150mm high, with smooth welded edges.
- .3 <u>Pressed steel frames for exterior doors, insulated</u>: Similar to <u>Pressed steel frames</u>, with galvannealed finish, PVC thermal break, adequately reinforced against twisting, filled with <u>insulation</u>.

2.2 Steel Doors

- .1 <u>Hollow metal interior doors, Standard or Fire-Rated</u>: In Cold formed galvanized steel, Structural honeycomb core, 45 mm (1³/₄"), face sheets thickness of 1.2 mm (0.047" / 18 ga), and 1.6 mm (0.060" / 16 ga) for doors over 3048 mm (10'-0") high. Shall be Labelled if Fire-Rated.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Products: As manufactured by:
 - .1 Doormasters of Ottawa Inc .2 Fleming Steel Doors and Frames.
- .2 <u>Hollow metal interior doors, Sanitary</u>: Similar to <u>Hollow Metal doors</u>, with inverted top and bottom, and smooth welded edges.
- .3 <u>Hollow metal exterior doors, insulated:</u> Similar to <u>Hollow Metal doors</u>, with galvannealed finish, 1.6 mm (0.060" / 16 ga), filled with insulation and covered with continuous metallic filler channel, welded to the metal sheets, filled with metallic paste filler, ground and sanded to uniform smooth finish.
- .4 <u>Hollow metal interior doors, Acoustical</u>: With STC ratings from 43 to 57, with related integrated soundproof gaskets and seals.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Products</u>: As manufactured by Overly Inc.

2.3 Wood doors

- .1 <u>*Plywood faced solid particleboard doors*</u>: Standard flush doors, 5 ply or 7 ply having the following characteristics:
 - .1 <u>Core</u>: Particleboard, industrial brand, of minimum 0.45 g/cm³ (28 lb/cu.ft) density, with sanded faces (120 grit), bonded to stiles and rails.
 - .2 <u>Edges</u>: Stiles and rails in laminated low-density wood or structural composite lumber, stiles with hardwood edges, matching the face veneer.
 - .3 <u>Faces</u>:
 - .1 3 mm (1/8") plywood, or composite crossband, with veneer, to be varnished, painted, or covered with <u>Abuse-resistant plastic laminate sheet (**06 10 00**)</u>. Total thickness: 44 mm (1³/₄").
 - For general doors, suggested (or equivalent) Products:
 - .1 "Series 8500" by Baillargeon.
 - .2 "5-PC-ME" or "7-PC-ME series" by Lambton.
 - .2 <u>For FSS building</u>: Cherry veneer face, Quarter cut (AWI), to be varnished clear finish.

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- .3 <u>For Roger Guindon building</u>: Plastic laminate bonded on mill option composite crossband.
 - <u>**UofO** Standard product</u>: "557 Winter Oak" by Uniboard.



- .2 <u>*Plywood faced solid particleboard doors, Fire-Rated*</u>: Standard flush doors, 5 ply or 7 ply, with non-combustible mineral core, face of 3 mm (1/8") plywood, or composite crossband, with veneer, to be varnished, or painted; for a Total thickness: 44 mm (1³/₄").
 - For general doors, suggested (or equivalent) Products:
 - .1 "5-FD45-EBE" or "5-FD60-EBE" by Lambton.
- .3 <u>*Plywood faced solid particleboard doors, Acoustic*</u>: With STC ratings from 43 to 57, with related integrated soundproof gaskets and seals.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Products</u>: As manufactured by Overly Inc.

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SECTION 08 40 00 – CURTAIN WALL AND GLAZED METAL WORK

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Extended Warranty

.1 The work included in this Section shall be guaranteed against all defects, including glazing sealed units, deterioration, texture and colour modification, for a period of 10 years for labour and Material.

1.2 Design Criteria and Notes

- .1 Curtain wall and glazed metal to comply with or surpass requirements of **OBC**, **AAMA** and CAN/CSA-A440-00/A440.1 standards.
- .2 The design of the curtain wall and skylight shall be based on the "Rain Screen" principle. Behind the curtain wall or windows or at other points where rain may penetrate to the building interior, the rainwater must be drained quickly to the exterior of the screen by means of flashings or waterproof membranes to drip openings provided for this eventuality.
- .3 No condensation shall form on any interior surfaces of the Aluminum members or glazing before any of the exposed area of sealed units reaches the dew point temperature.
- .4 The structural performance shall be based on CAN3-S157 and ASTM E330 and deflection of mullions shall be limited to L/175 of clear span, or a maximum of 19 mm (3/4"), perpendicular to the panel, and to L/360 or a maximum of 3 mm (1/8") parallel to the panel plane, with full recovery of glazing materials.
- .5 Mitre all joints between Aluminum elements meeting at angles, unless otherwise designed.
- .6 Cavities between curtain wall supporting mullions and adjacent walls, shall not be obstructed, or filled with insulation. In addition, at parapet levels, one or several of the following method (or similar) shall be used to limit condensation within the vertical mullions' components:
 - Decks shall be pushed back from mullions 100mm approximate to allow warm air to heat their inside surfaces. Distance to be directly proportionate to parapet's heights.
 - Vertical mullions shall be separated by distinct sections at deck level.
 - Spandrel panels connections shall be designed in a "V" shape to allow warm air to heat the mullions' inside surface.
- .7 Fabricate the <u>Air/Vapour Barrier Metal Pans</u> in such a manner as to leave 6 mm (1/4") space between their lateral faces and the adjacent mullions, to allow these to be conditioned to the ambient temperature.
- .8 As necessary, install <u>Mineral Fibre Semi-Rigid Board Insulation for Curtain Wall (07 20 00)</u> (100mm long min.) on perimeter of spandrel panel cavities, with drip holes 25mm that matches the pressure plates.
- .9 Spandrel panels shall be able to be replaced with other panels in a simple operation by mechanical means only from the exterior of the building.
- .10 Adhere, seal and mechanically fasten connection membrane to mullions' throat, with adjacent walls.
- .11 Glazing details shall permit Glass replacement after initial construction, the reuse of original gaskets, and replacement Glass of the same nominal size as original Glass. Silicone supported vision Glass shall be replaceable from the exterior and/or interior.
- .12 Closures to be installed at top or bottom edges of vertical mullions and caps, if exposed, or serve to support membranes.

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- .13 Screws, lag screws, and other attachments shall be non-corrosive and of types and sizes required. They shall be concealed as much as possible and those impossible to conceal shall be finished to match adjacent surfaces.
- .14 Manufacturer's name plates on Aluminum work are not permitted.
- .15 Unless otherwise indicated, on the interior sides, windowsills to be built in <u>Aluminum panels</u>.

2.0 PRODUCTS

2.1 Curtain wall and curtain wall type window frames

- .1 <u>Frames in Aluminum, tubular extrusions for curtain wall, windows and exterior doors, regular</u> <u>or with S.S.G., anodized or prepainted</u>: Application with double sealed Glass units. For horizontal and vertical members, 65 mm (2¹/₂") wide. High Performance Series highly recommended.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Products:
 - .1 "1600UT System 1/System 2" by Kawneer.
 - .2 "Series 3400HP" (High Performance) by A. & D. Prévost Inc.
- .2 <u>Frames in Aluminum, tubular extrusions for curtain wall, windows and exterior doors, regular</u> <u>and for S.S.G. anodized or prepainted, with high thermal resistance</u>: Application with triple sealed Glass units. For vertical and horizontal framing members, 65 mm (2¹/₂") wide.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Products:
 - .1 "G450GEE/S" by Gamma.
 - .2 "7525" by Kawneer.
 - .3 "Series 3400 HPT" by A. & D. Prevost Inc.
- .3 *Frames in aluminium, tubular extrusions for light curtain wall, windows and exterior doors. anodized or prepainted*: For horizontal and vertical members, 51 mm (2") wide.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Products:
 - .1 "1620" by Kawneer.
- .4 <u>Aluminum curtain wall frame covers, anodized or prepainted</u>: Extruded Aluminum, of the compatible alloy and temper.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Products: as manufactured by:
 - .1 Gamma.
 - .2 Kawneer.
 - .3 A. & D. Prevost.
- .5 <u>Sun control screens, aluminium, anodized or prepainted</u>: Aluminum extrusions, aerofoil fin type fixed blades.

Suggested (or equivalent) Products, as manufactured by:

- .1 Nysan Shading System Ltd.
- .2 Arc Structures Inc.
- .3 Kawneer

2.2 Storefront entries

- .1 *Frames in Aluminum, tubular extrusions for exterior doors and vision panels anodized or prepainted, storefront*: With thermal break, 51 mm (2") wide.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Product: "Trifab 451UT" Series by Kawneer.

2.3 Windows

- .1 <u>Windows in Aluminum, anodized or prepainted extruded sections, with high thermal</u> <u>resistance</u>: Depth as necessary, with inserted insulation.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Products:
 - .1 "Series 1300/1300 HPT" by A. & D. Prévost.
 - .2 "562", "5525" by Kawneer.

2.4 Skylights

- .1 <u>Frames in Aluminum, tubular extrusions for skylight, regular or with S.S.G., anodized or prepainted</u>: 65 mm $(2^{1}/_{2}^{"})$ wide, with drainage gutters incorporated.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) products:
 - .1 "500" by Gamma.
 - .2 "2000" by Kawneer.
 - .3 "Series 3700" by A. & D. Prevost.
- .2 <u>Aluminum skylight frame covers, anodized or prepainted</u>: Extruded Aluminum, of the compatible alloy and temper.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Products</u>: "216-103" & "822-031 (snap-on cover)" by Kawneer.

2.5 Interior vision panel & vestibule frames

- .1 *Frames in Aluminum, tubular extrusions for interior doors and vision panels anodized or prepainted*: 44.5 mm (1³/₄") or 51 mm (2") wide.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Products:
 - .1 "Trifab VG450" Series by Kawneer.
 - .2 "Series 65", by A. & D. Prévost.

2.6 Panels

- .1 <u>Panels in Aluminum, anodized or prepainted</u>: In AA-6063-T5 alloy and temper Aluminum, 3 mm (1/8") minimum thickness.
- .2 <u>Insulated sandwich panels in Aluminum, anodized or prepainted</u>: Composed of an exterior panel in AA-6063-T5 alloy and temper Aluminum , 1.2 mm (18 ga) thick, with <u>Polyisocyanurate insulation</u>, all laminated and prefinished in plant, with sealed edges.
- .3 <u>Cold formed galvanized steel air/vapour barrier pans</u>: Min. 0.9 mm (0.036") thick, or more as per the structural requirements, in galvanized steel, to be fabricated in one piece, with tapered sides and sealed corners, used in conjunction with Aluminum or glazed spandrel panels.

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2.7 Cladding panel system

- .1 <u>Cladding panel system in Aluminum, anodized or prepainted</u>: Exterior Aluminum cladding system in sheets or bent plates, complete with supporting system, 3 mm (1/8") minimum for plates, and 2 mm (3/32") minimum for extrusions.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Products:</u>
 - .1 "Series 4400" by A. & D. Prevost.
 - .2 "Almura, Series G-2100" by Gamma.
 - .3 "Ultima Type 5" by VicWest.
 - .4 As manufactured by Alucobond

2.8 Doors & Architectural railing systems

- .1 <u>Aluminum interior swinging glazed doors, anodized or prepainted</u>: Strongly built, glazed swinging doors with wide stiles, min. 44.5 mm (1¾") thick, Aluminum extrusions, with minimum wall thickness of 3.2 mm (0.126") and mechanically joined, reinforced corners.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Products:
 - .1 "350" or "500" by Kawneer.
 - .2 "2200" or "2700" by A. & D. Prevost.
- .2 <u>Aluminum exterior swinging glazed doors, insulated anodized or prepainted</u>: Heavy duty insulated glazed swing doors, min. 51 mm (2") thick, Aluminum extrusions with minimum wall thickness of 3.2 mm (0.126"), with thermal break and mechanically joined, reinforced corners.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Products:
 - .1 "360" or "560" "Insulclad" Series, by Kawneer.
 - .2 "2250" or "2750" by A. & D. Prévost.
- .3 <u>*Glass doors, swinging: All Glass,* single, swinging, or double, including all gaskets, shoes,</u> mouldings, supports, and other related accessories.
 - Acceptable (or equivalent) products: "Prel-Gard Entrances" by Prelco Inc.
- .4 <u>Railing & Handrail systems in Anodized, prepainted Aluminum, or Stainless steel</u>: Including all gaskets, shoes, mouldings, supports, and other related accessories.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Product: As manufactured by C.R. Laurence of Canada.

2.9 Accessories

- .1 <u>Strip and pad for metals work, self-adhesive</u>: For thermal or electrolytic isolation between steel surfaces and Aluminum: 3 mm (1/8") closed cell polyethylene (EVA) tape and pad, with adhesive on one or two faces, as necessary.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Product</u>: As manufactured by Jacobs and Thompson.

2.10 Finishes

- .1 <u>Anodized finish</u>: Clear or colored anodic oxide treatment, 18 microns (0.7 mil) thick, on surfaces treated with a caustic etch. Execute preparation and anodization after assembling and welding Aluminum elements.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Product: "Permanodic" by Kawneer.

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- .2 <u>Prepainted coating finish for Aluminum surfaces</u>: A caustic etch, a fluoropolymer resin thermosetting coating, treated with and applied in plant, in three coats of a total dry film thickness of 50.8 microns (2.0 mils).
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Product</u>: "Duranar XL" by PPG.
 - <u>Not Acceptable Product</u>: Prepainted acrylic coating "Duracron" by PPG.
- .3 <u>Stainless Steel</u>: As per section **05 50 00**.

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SECTION 08 70 00 – FINISH HARDWARE

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Extended Warranty

- .1 The following items shall be guaranteed:
 - .1 Door closers for a period of 10 years.
 - .2 Locksets for a period of 5 years.
 - .3 Exit devices for a period of 3 years.
 - .4 Automatic door operators, compressors & control boxes for a period of 3 years.
 - .5 Electric strikes for a period of 3 years.
 - .6 Electrical Power Transfers and Loops for a period of 3 years.

1.2 Design Criteria and Notes

- .1 <u>General</u>:
 - .1 Provide a hardware schedule indicating the type of lockset or exit device recommended and the type cylinder required. **UofO - ATS** will consult the potential occupying faculties or departments in order to establish their individual needs and develop a basic masterkeying plan to meet these needs. The building shall be assigned to a zone which has Great Grand Master Key (GGMK) space to include it. The master key plan shall then be submitted to "Medeco Canada" keying records management for comments and approval.
 - .2 A "take-off" sheet, as part of the keying list, shall be prepared by UofO ATS and submitted to "Medeco" indicating the number of different cylinders, and to whom the MK's must be sent. When received, the cylinder order should be checked by UofO ATS to ensure the appropriate number is received. Upon approval, the keying list shall be submitted to the Associate Director, Project Management, Facilities or his representative for process of purchase orders and a letter of authorization for the contractor to purchase the required cylinders from "Medeco" on the University's behalf.
 - .3 The following products shall be avoided as much as possible:
 - .1 Maglock installations.
 - .4 All hardware items to be provided and installed by the **GC**, with the exception of the following; which will be provided by **UofO** and installed by the **GC**:
 - .1 Non-Electronic Door Hardware less than 5.
 - .2 Door Cylinders and keys less than 50.
- .2 <u>Application</u>:
 - .1 Only hardware items satisfying standards CAN/CGSB-69 series and ANSI/BHMA A156 series are acceptable for use, except otherwise indicated. Use hardware approved by ULC or authorities for fire-rated-doors.
 - .2 All hardware to match make of existing unless requested otherwise.
- .3 Keying & Cylinders:
 - .1 If provided by **GC** (see above):
 - .1 All cylinders to be master-keyed on existing master key system as per Owner's requirements, using keying **Facilities** schedule standards.

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- .2 Supply the following:
 - .1 One key cabinet with the required capacity plus 10%, such as made by Lund.
 - .2 Number of keys per lock: 3.
 - .3 Number of master keys per system: 10.
 - .4 Construction keys as required.
 - .5 Extractor keys as required.
- .3 Supply keys directly to Owner, in properly identified envelopes.

.2 If provided by **UofO** (see above):

- .1 Two (2) keys shall be supplied with each cylinder. Individual additional keys must be requested from the Coordinator, **Facilities** (2222). These requests must be made in advance of their perceived need in order for the locksmith to complete the additional work load. When received, the cylinder order should be checked by **UofO ATS** to ensure the appropriate number is received.
- .2 When installing the Medeco cylinders, the contractor shall use the accompanying change key to verify the cylinders are functional. Contractor shall then return the key to its original container which is returned to the university locksmith staff when the installation is complete.

.3 <u>Combination locks</u>:

- .1 "Ilco Unican" push button locks L1021-M have been used at strategic areas on campus where it was not feasible to issue keys to numerous authorized persons. "Medeco" grand master keys must be allowed to by-pass the combination key code. The preferred combination lock is "King Cobra" which has proven to be less expensive, more flexible and almost maintenance free.
- .4 Key functions:
 - .1 Circuit Entry: Can be unlocked for periods of time but can also be locked on a personal basis.
 - .2 Classroom: Can be unlocked to give access to groups of people.
 - .3 Storage: Always remains on the lock position key use is essential.
 - .4 Passage: No cylinder.
 - .5 Privacy: No cylinder
- .4 Fastenings:
 - .1 Use fasteners compatible with the materials they penetrate. Exposed fastening devices to match finish of hardware. Stainless steel hardware to be fastened with stainless steel fasteners.
 - .2 Where pull is scheduled on one side of door and push plate on other side, supply fastening devices, and install so pull can be secured through door from reverse side. Install push plate to cover fasteners.
 - .3 Use cross recessed countersunk flat mushroom head screws for attachment of kickplates, pushplates, and similar devices.

- .5 <u>Electrified hardware</u>:
 - .1 <u>General</u>:
 - .1 All proposed electrified hardware must be submitted to both the Manager of **UofO** Security, as well as the lead **UofO** locksmith for approval.
 - .2 Classroom function is required on locksets at all electronically secured doors.
 - .3 Wiring schematics detailing all electrical components for each door opening to be prepared by the hardware manufacturer at the request and with the support of the hardware supplier.
 - .4 Fail safe position during power outage shall be in unlock position. Fail secure position during power outage shall be in locked position.
 - .5 A 19mm conduit is required at each Door Card Reader location, Door Strike location, and Door Contact location. The strike and reader conduit may be combined if done as per the configuration below.
 - .6 In general all secured doors driven by security controllers will operate with 24 V electrical devices at the doors. Certain doors may nevertheless require 110V /24 V power supply.
 - .7 Several wiring sharing the same routing, can be gathered in the same conduit, with appropriate size fitting.
 - .8 Refer to "**VOLUME VI Appendix DR. Doors & Hardware**" Series and related notes for proposed wiring connection details.
 - .2 Installation and wiring:
 - .1 All access-controlled doors to have door closers supplied and adjusted at time of installation.
 - .2 All access control hardware to installed by qualified tradesman competent in the installation of finishing hardware with minimum of (5) years' experience shall be used. The installer shall adjust, clean and make good all installation of Finishing hardware to the satisfaction of the Universities Security manager or hardware consultant.
 - .3 Final inspection to be carried out by the Hardware Supplier consultant whose name is written on the cover sheet and Product representative. Representative to provide written certification that hardware has been installed and adjusted as intended. Once written documentation is provided that the access-controlled opening is functioning 100%, **Facilities** will dedicate the necessary resources to complete and commission the system at that door Above and beyond manufactures specifications, <u>the door needs to be tested that</u>:
 - .1 It closes form any position in its swing including from a position resting on the latch.
 - .2 That all door pins fit securely in receptacles.
 - .3 No excessive play of latch in strike.
 - .4 No preload exerted on electrified hardware.
 - .5 Door does not rub on floor or any part of frame.
 - .6 Door closer is adjusted properly, (not over tightened to make up for other door deficiencies.)
 - .7 No excessive gaps under, above or between twin doors.

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- .3 <u>Low Voltage Wiring for Electrified Hardware</u>: All wiring to be stranded, FT6 rated (exposed) or FT4 rated (totally enclosed in a non-combustible raceway): EMT conduit or as indicated on drawings. Use as specified, 18 AWG 2 conductor wires, stranded; 22 AWG foil shielded 4 conductor wires, stranded; and 22 AWG foil shielded 6 conductor wires, stranded.
 - **UofO** Standard Products: For Security Wiring:
 - White & Green Conductors are reserved for:
 - Latch Bolt Monitor (Electric Strike).
 - Exit to Request (Electrified Mortise).
 - Door Contact.
 - Red & Black Conductors, 22 AWG, are reserved to provide power to:
 - Electric Strike.
 - o Electrified Mortise.
- .4 <u>Pneumatic tubing:</u> To be rated plenum.
- .5 <u>Automatic Door Closer Delay Timing</u>:

Delay: Unless otherwise requested, operation required delays to be:

- .1 5 seconds after actuator is pushed before the door closer is activated.
- .2 12 seconds when door is full opened before closing.
- .6 <u>Actuators:</u>

Actuators, whether wired or wireless, to be connected individually to the door closers control box.

Run an additional 6 Conductor Wires 22 AWG to actuator for eventual card reader installation, on corridor side.

- .7 <u>Electric Strikes</u>:
 - .1 Door frames to adapt to sizes of specified electric strikes.
 - .2 To install a Classroom function lock to permit locking the door if electric strike is out of order.
 - .3 Doors controlled by these means shall have a "Medeco" cylinder keyed to the "E" GGMK only.
 - .4 Power to be connected to the Red or White and Black Conductor wires.
 - .5 Latch Bolt Monitor to be connected to Green & White Conductor wires.
- .8 <u>Connection:</u>
 - .1 If a scheduled Card-Reader or similar security system is to be connected to Fire-Rated door, *Electrified Levers* and *Power Transfer* or similar electrified hardware should be installed **not** *Electrical Strikes*, in order to maintain a positive latch all the time, as requested by **OBC**.
 - .2 In Fire-rated doors, *Door Operators* to be connected to *Electrical Strikes*, and Card Readers to be connected to *Electrified Levers*.

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- .9 <u>Control Boxes</u>: Generally, to be installed wall mounted or in ceiling spaces with vibration isolators in corridors, A/V rooms or storage rooms. Never install in Classroom ceiling space. Final location to be coordinated with **UofO**.
- .6 <u>Security</u>: Refer to section "VOLUME I Z7. Security Systems".

2.0 PRODUCTS

2.1 Hardware Items

- .1 Some of the listed products are shown as different choices, to adapt to different situations a necessary. Coordination with **Facilities** personnel is mandatory.
 - **<u>UofO Standard Products</u>**: Refer to following page.

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DEVICE	TYPE	MANUFACTURE R/ SUPPLIER	PRODUCT	FINISH	NOTES
Actuator Switches:					
	4-1/2" (114mm) x 2" (50mm)	Camden Door Controls	CM-35	SS	
	Rectangular	LCN	8310-818S	SS	Wired Wheelchair symbol, blue Limited use only
Actuator Switch	6" (152mm) round	Camden Door Controls	CM-60/2	SS	Wired
	PUSH TO OPEN	LCN	8310-852	SS	Wired Wheelchair symbol, blue
	Wireless Transmitter	Camden Door Controls	CM-TX-9	n/a	Wireless Transmitter Limited use only
	1 1/2" (38mm) x 4 3/4" (121mm)	LCN	8310-819F	Black Plastic	Rectangular
<u>Flush Box</u>	4 1/2" (114mm) Actuator Switch	LCN	8310-868F	Black Plastic	
	6" (152mm) Actuator Switch	LCN	8310-869F	Black Plastic	Cannot be used in FRR partitions according to OBC
	For	Camden Door	CM-59S	SS	Tapered edge
	4 1/2" (114mm) Actuator Switch	Controls	CM-49A	ABS	CM-49A is Semi-recessed into wall
		Camden (wireless receiver)	8310-874	SS	
<u>Escutcheon</u>	For 6" (152mm) Actuator Switch	Camden Door Controls	CM-RX90	SS	Tapered edge Preferred option
		LCN	8310-876	SS	Tapered edge
<u>Surface Box</u>	1 1/2" (38mm) x 4 3/4" (121mm)	Camden Door Controls	CM-23	ABS	Limited use only
	rectangular	LCN	8310-819S	Black Plastic	

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DEVICE	ТҮРЕ	MANUFACTURE R/ SUPPLIER	PRODUCT	FINISH	NOTES
	4 1/2" (114mm)	Camden Door Controls	n/a	ABS	Limited use only
	round	LCN	8310-868S	Black Plastic	
	6" round	Camden Door Controls	n/a	ABS	Used at CBY Building Limited use only
	oround	LCN	8310-869S	Black Plastic	
	1 1/2" (38mm) x 4 3/4" (121mm)	LCN	8310-819F	Black Plastic	Rectangular
<u>Flush Box</u>	4 1/2" (114mm) Actuator Switch	LCN	8310-868F	Black Plastic	
	6" (152mm) Actuator Switch	LCN	8310-869F	Black Plastic	Cannot be used in FRR partitions according to OBC
Closers:					
	Pneumatic	LCN	4810 c/w 925 tubing	689	Pull side
		2011	4820 c/w 925 tubing	689	Push side
<u>Automatic Door</u> <u>Operators</u>	Electrical	Hunter Automatics	HA8-HD HA9		No closer adjustments
	Electromechanical	LCN 4600 Series	4631 / 4642	689	Pull / Push Side (Closer adjustments) Limited use only
Control Boxes	With or without	LCN	7981		One door operation
Control Doxes	Compressor	LUN	7982		Two door operation
<u>Controls</u>	Barrier free	DCI Glyn Johnson			
	Surface Mount	LCN	1461 Narrow styles	689	Acceptable for all doors except exterior stairwells and corridors
<u>Closers</u>			4040XP		Acceptable for all doors
Overhead Stop	Concealed	Glynn-Johnson	100 series	US32D (alum)	
Key Switch		Camden Control	CM Series	US32D (alum)	Override / Lock door operator

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DEVICE	TYPE	MANUFACTURE R/ SUPPLIER	PRODUCT	FINISH	NOTES
Coordinator					
Door Coordinator	Carry Bar	IR Security & Safety	COR32, 42, 52, 60,72		Model to suit conditions
Cylinders & Locks					
Coded locks	Cylindrical Mortise	Schlage	C0-100	26D	
	Mailbox	Weiser, Riopel			
<u>Locks</u>	Deadlock latch paddle	Adams Rite	MS 1850 series 4710 X 4590	Match door	For Exterior Aluminium Framed Glass Doors
<u>Cylinders</u>	Interior or Exterior	Medeco	To suit lock type	626	
Dead locks	Mortise	Schlage Sargent	L460 series 4870 series	626 26D	
Patiobolt	Deadlock	Abloy	MC82	Satin Chrome	Surface-mount, for sliding and bi- fold doors
Electrical Strikes:					To include LBM and LCM monitoring and be configured for 24Vdc operation
	Control	RCI	AS65-LMKM		
<u>Electric Strikes</u>	Frame surface Mounted	HES	Rim-9600 Series	630	
			HES 4500	630	C/W LBM
Electric Strikes			HES 1006 LBM	630	For Mortise lock c/w latch monitor – 6 wires
With Fire Rating (Fixed panel mounted)	HES	HES 8500 Series	630	For narrow Panels 1-1/4" (32mm) W x 4/7/8" (124mm)H (Face Plate) x1-5/16" (33mm) D c/w latch monitor – 6 wires	
Power Supply	Electric Strikes	Von Duprin			
Exit Devices:					
<u>Standard Panic Bar Exit</u> <u>Device</u>	Rim	Von Duprin	996L with 98EO or 99EO	626	To be configured "Store Room NL" (Key override in FRR conditions).

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DEVICE	ТҮРЕ	MANUFACTURE R/ SUPPLIER	PRODUCT	FINISH	NOTES
<u>Electrified / Retractable</u> <u>Panic Bar Exit Device</u>	Electrified Rim	Von Duprin	996L with 98EO or 99EO	626	With Von Duprin Quiet Electric Latch Retraction QEL 98/99, 94/95 and 33/35A series exit devices. To be configured "Store Room NL" (Key override in FRR conditions. C/W "Request to Exit" switch.
<u>Electrified Breakaway</u> Lever Trim		Von Duprin	M996L or E996L	626	
Request To Exit Switch		Von Duprin	Exit Switch for card Access System		Compatible only with Von Duprin RIM RX-S1
Power Supply for Panic Bars / Maglocks		Von Duprin	Power Supply PS902 – 2Amp PS904 – 4Amp PS906 – 6Amp		
Fire Alarm Input Board		Von Duprin	900-FA Fire Alarm Input		
Input/Output Board		Von Duprin	900-2RL BOARD (2 zones) 900-4RL BOARD (4 zones)		Single Power Supply controlling multiple zones / door leaves
Hinges:					
		Hager	BB1168	26D	
	Butt*	McKinney	TA2714, T4A3786	26D	
		Stanley	FBB179, FBB168	26D	
<u>Hinges</u>	Continuous	Select	SL11HD (alum) SL24HD (HMD)	CLA	Preferred option
		Roton	780 112 HD(alum) 780 224 HD (HMD)	CLA	
* <u>Note</u> : Consider using offs	set hinges in order to a	ccommodate the lates	st OBC recommended min	imum Acces	I ssibility door clearances.
Latch Guard:					
Latch Guard	Outswing	MAG Security	Mag 8849-AL 11-3/4"	AL	
Power Transfer					
<u>Electric Power Transfer</u> (Connections for Electric Strikes / Electrified	Electric Power Transfer (EPT) – Recessed	Von Duprin	EPT10	AL	Preferred option for new installations

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DEVICE	ТҮРЕ	MANUFACTURE R/ SUPPLIER	PRODUCT	FINISH	NOTES
Mortise or Other)	Heavy Duty				
	Power Transfer Loop (PTL) – Surface-Mount Heavy Duty, 18 Gau.	RCI Rutherford Controls	9509-18S Flex Loops	SS	
	Electric Power Transfer & Loop (PT) Heavy Duty	American Lockset	SDC PT-5	SS	Preferred options in retrofit
	ETH Hinges	Command Access	Model to suit	SS	Limited use only
Kiele eletere:					
Kick plates: Kick Plates				Al	3mm thick, with rounded edges
				, ,	
Levers:					
<u>Electrified Lever &</u> <u>Mortise</u>	Electrified Mortise Functions: Classroom	Command Access Technologies Schlage	ML170 w/ 03B or L909x Series	626	To be Fail secure in FRR partition application, With "Req. to Exit" option. C/W "Request to Exit" switch.
Electrified Latch Device		Von Duprin	E996L with 98EO	628	With "Req. to Exit" option RX-S1
<u>Electrified Lock &</u> <u>Handle</u>		Schlage	AD-300	628	Network Wired Lock. REX & DPS built in.

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DEVICE	ТҮРЕ	MANUFACTURE R/ SUPPLIER	PRODUCT	FINISH	NOTES
Cylindrical Locks	Mortise Functions: Office Storeroom Classroom	Schlage	ND Series RHO ND+TLR	626	
		Schlage	L9000 series 03B	626	Unless otherwise advised, Office function (e.g. L9050) is prohibited.
Mortise & Lever	Mortise Functions : Classroom	Corbin	ML 2000 series LWA	630	
	Storeroom Passage with Levers	Sargent	8200 LNB	626	
Patch Fittings for All Gla	ss Doors/ Walls:			1	
<u>Patch Fittings for</u> <u>Mortise on Glass Door</u>		CRL	6" x 10" LH Center Lock	SS	(Ref. to Mortise & Levers for types)
Patch Fittings for Electric Strike on Glass Door		UKL	LH/RHR Center Lock Glass Keeper	SS	(Ref. to Electric Strikes for types)
Pull / Pushes / Stops:					
· · · ·	Kick plate	Gallery Specialty	GSH80A (Screwed) GSH81AA (Screwed) GSH401	32D	
<u>Flatware – Pulls-</u> <u>Bolts</u> , and similar	Push plate Flush bolts	Hager	Alternate		
Dons, and similar		Standard Metal	Alternate	32D	
		СВН	Alternate		
Door Stops	Floor mount	Gallery specialities	GSH 218	SS	
Magnetic catch	Triple Magnetic catch	Hardware Hut	AME-BP9798AW	AL	
Weather stripping:					
Sound-dampening & Weather-stripping	Weather stripping	K N Crowder	W-20N W20P	AL Neoprene Pile	Heavy Duty

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DEVICE	ТҮРЕ	MANUFACTURE R/ SUPPLIER	PRODUCT	FINISH	NOTES
			5/16" [7.9mm]		
	Door sweep		W24S	AL	
	Threshold		CT 11 / 12 / 32	AL	
	Threshold stop		CT40P	AL	
	Automatic Door Bottoms		CT-52	AL	Surface mount preferred for simpler maintenance
	Sound Trap & stripping	Zero International	#870 (Head & Jamb) #365 (Aut. Door bottom) #566A (Threshold)	AL	Based on 49 STC Sealing system
	Weather Stripping	Pemko	Series 306		

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

SECTION 08 80 00 – GLAZING

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Extended Warranty

- .1 Mirrors shall be guaranteed against silvering defects, for a period of 10 years.
- .2 Double-glazed sealed units shall be guaranteed for a period of 10 years.
- .3 Fire-rated glazing shall be guaranteed for a period of 5 years.

1.2 Design Criteria and Notes

- .1 Notwithstanding **OBC** Supplementary Standard **SB-13**, all interior Glazing located at floor openings, stairs or similar where difference in level is exceeding 600mm shall be <u>Laminated</u>.
- .2 All sealed glazed units to be manufactured as per CAN/CGSB-12.8, and by a manufacturer who has certified these units in accordance with the Insulating Glass Certification Council (IGCC) Certification Program.
- .3 All <u>*Tempered Glass*</u> must be produced by the horizontal roller hearth method and bear a discrete mark of being so treated.
- .4 All interior glazing for openings, visual panels, doors and similar, shall be made of <u>Tempered</u> <u>Glass</u> units or stronger / equivalent.
- .5 Not acceptable: <u>Georgian wired polished Glass</u> in non-Fire-rated installations.
- .6 All Glazing for skylight shall be <u>Sealed, Laminated, Tempered Glass</u> and Tinted units, with all additional necessary films or colors.
- .7 <u>Georgian wired polished Glass</u> or <u>Fire-Rated Glass</u> sizes in doors or windows shall be as per the maximum allowed per OBC, ULC or any other accredited tests for single pans, with or without intermediate mullions.
- .8 All Glazing for exterior openings shall be <u>Sealed</u>, and <u>Laminated</u> or <u>Tempered Glass</u> units, with all additional necessary films or colors.
- .9 All exterior sealed Glazing units to be <u>at least</u> argon filled with Low Emissivity soft coating, with the following minimal performances (triple glazed units and other may also be accepted as per the design and Energy Modelling imperatives):
 - .1 <u>Clear double-glazed sealed units, with Low-E soft coating, on position #2, argon filled</u>:
 - .1 Thermal resistance (in winter), at centre of vision panel: RSI = 0.73 (R = 4.17); or more.
 - .2 Solar heat gain coefficient: 0.39 or less.
 - .3 Light transmission: 70 % or more.
 - .4 Shading coefficient: 0.45 or less.
 - .2 <u>Tinted double glazed sealed units, with Low-E soft coating in position #3, argon filled:</u>
 - .1 Thermal resistance (in winter), at centre of vision panel: RSI = 0.73 (R = 4.17), or more.
 - .2 Solar heat coefficient gain: 0.32 or less.
 - .3 Light transmission: 42% or more.
 - .4 Shading coefficient: 0.37 or less.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) manufacturers:
 - .1 AFGD. .2 Industries April Inc. .3 Prelco (Thermalite).

2.0 PRODUCTS

2.1 Single Glass Units

- .1 <u>Tempered Glass</u>: Clear safety Glass, as per CAN/CGSB-12.1, 6 mm (1/4") min., or as necessary.
- .2 <u>Laminated Glass</u>: Safety Glass, as per CAN/CGSB-12.1, 2 x 3 mm (1/8") (regular) and 2 x 6 mm or 5 or as necessary, with clear <u>PVB Glass lamination film</u> interlayer 1.5 mm (0.060") thick.
- .3 <u>Georgian wired polished Glass</u> (for fire-rated openings): As per CAN/CGSB-12.11, with 12.7 mm x 12.7 mm (1/2" x 1/2") wire mesh square design, 6 mm (1/4") thick min.
- .4 <u>*Polycarbonate glazing*</u>: Clear, 6 mm (1/4") thick min., as per CAN/CGSB-12.12, abrasion resistant.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Products:
 - .1 As manufactured by Plastique Alto Inc.
 - .2 As manufactured by GE Plastics (General Electric).
- 5 <u>Opaque Glass for spandrel panels</u>: as per CAN/CGSB-12.9, 6 mm (1/4") thick min., heat strengthened Glass, with ceramic frit opacifier on the back, or with silicone-based paint on the back.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Products:
 - .1 With "Ceramic Frit" by Ferro.
 - .2 With "Opaci-Coat 300" paint by Industrial Control Development Inc.
- .6 <u>Heat soaked Thermally Toughened Glass</u>: as per DIN EN 14179-1 (Heat soaked thermally toughened soda lime silicate safety Glass).
- .7 <u>*Fire-Rated Glass Ceramic*</u>: 8 mm thick, Premium Grade-Ground and polished on both sides, with Glazing Tape: Closed cell polyvinyl chloride foam, coiled on release paper over adhesive on two sides, maximum water absorption by volume of 2 percent. Glass panels that exceed 1,393 sq. inches for 90-minute ratings shall be glazed with fire-rated glazing tape supplied by manufacturer.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Product</u>: "FireLite Plus", manufactured by Nippon Electric Glass Company, Ltd., and distributed by Technical Glass Products Canada.
- .8 <u>*Mirror, silvered, framed:*</u> as per CAN/CGSB-12.5, tempered, 6 mm (1/4") thick, dimensions as shown, in stainless steel frame, with shelf, or without shelf, as indicated, square corner type, and vandal proof concealed mounting.
- .9 <u>Acrylic glazing (Plexiglas)</u>: As per CAN/CGSB.12.12, extruded grade, clear, or matt, 6 mm (1/4") thick min..
 - Suggested (or equivalent) product:
 - .1 As manufactured by Plastique Alto Inc.
 - .2 As manufactured by 3 Form Inc.

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- .10 *Polyethylene Terephthalate Glycol glazing (PETG)*: As per CAN/CGSB.12.12, clear or frosted, 6 mm (1/4") thick min..
 - Suggested (or equivalent) product: As manufactured by Humanscale Inc.

2.3 Sealed Double-Glazed Units

- .1 <u>Sealed glazed vision units regular or with S.S.G.</u>: 25 mm (1") total thickness min., warm-edge, double-sealed with polyisobutylene and polyurethane sealants (regular), and with polyisobutylene and silicone sealants, compatible with structural sealant (with S.S.G.), with Low-E coating on surface #2 or #3 as necessary, composed of:
 - .1 <u>Exterior pane & interior pans</u>:
 6 mm (1/4") min. clear, tinted, or colored, and Heat strengthened, <u>Tempered</u> or <u>Laminated</u> units, as necessary.
 - .2 <u>Air space</u>: 12.7 mm (1/2") min., with <u>Black polycarbonate</u> or <u>Thermoplastic Glazing spacer</u>, argon filled.

2.4 Accessories

- .1 <u>Frosted films</u>: Special effects film: 3 mills Polycarbonate translucent film for acid-etched look.
 - UofO standard Products:
 - .1 "6900 Frosted" by CGI.
 - .2 "Matte Crystal 2, SH2MACRX2" by 3M Fasara.
 - .3 "7725SE-314 Dusted Crystal", by 3M.
 - .4 "Solyx-SX-1301 Clear Frost" by Decorative Films.
- .2 <u>PVB Glass lamination film:</u> Clear, 0.75 mm (0.030") or 1.5 mm (0.060") respectively.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Products: As manufactured by:
 - .1 Dupont.
 - .2 Prelco.
 - .3 Saflex
- .3 *Opaque Film*: White colored film to block-out 100% light, facing the exterior.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Product: "3635-22b" as manufactured by 3M.
- .4 <u>*Glazing spacer, thermoplastic*</u>: made of a butyl based thermoplastic material, UV stable, with integrated desiccant, with a thermal conductivity of 0.20 W/m.K or less.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Product</u>: "TPS" by Oldcastle Glass.
- .5 *Low-E coating, (on face #2)*: Low emissivity soft coating.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Product:
 - .1 "LoE2-172" by Cardinal. .2 "SN-68" by Guardian.







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- .3 "Solarban 60" by P.P.G.
- .6 *Low-E coating, (on face #3)*: Low emissivity soft coating.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Products:
 - .1 "LoE-178" by Cardinal.
- "Performance Plus" by Guardian.
- .3 "Sungate 100" by P.P.G.
- .7 <u>Low emissivity film (on inside glazing face)</u>: To limit heat transfer on existing windows.
 Suggested (or equivalent) Product: "Prestige" series by 3M.
- .8 <u>Structural silicone adhesive sealant</u>: One-part silicone sealant
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Products:
 - .1 "795" by Dow Corning. .2 "SilPruf SCS2000" by GE Silicones.

.2

- .3 "Spectrem 2" by Tremco.
- .9 <u>*Glazing spacer, black polycarbonate, reinforced*</u>: with steel foil, with a thermal conductivity of 0.19 W/m.K or less.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Product: "R-Max" by Thermalite.
- .10 <u>Bird-Friendly Glass</u>: Treatment located on the outer Glass surface, to combine with other Glass types depending on use.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Products:
 - .1 "Decorative Acid-Etched", as manufactured by Vitro Architectural Glass.
 - .2 "Feather Friendly Window Markers", by 3M.

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SECTION 09 20 00 - DRYWALL WORK

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Extended Warranty

.1 Drywall board shall be guaranteed from defect, including fissures, cracking, surface deterioration or other defects of appearance or for a period of 3 years for labour and Material.

1.2 Design Criteria and Notes

- .1 <u>Structural criteria's</u>:
 - .1 Partitions in Laboratory areas should be designed to carry a load of 195kg/m2 (40 lb/ft2) or as prescribed loads, uniformly distributed, for wall mounted cabinets and shelves.
 - .2 Cavity shaft wall systems to withstand a min. positive and negative pressure of 10psf.
 - .3 Partitions in office or similar areas shall be designed to support shelves or any other wall mount indicated loads.
 - .4 Provide adequate stiffeners, furring channels and/or plates, and sheet reinforcing secured between studs for <u>installation of</u>:
 - .1 A/V and similar feature
 - .2 M&E and A/V features or fixtures
 - .3 Handrails
 - .4 Shelving and cabinets
 - .5 Any other similar.
 - .5 No wood blocking is permitted within the following locations:
 - .1 Classified Laboratory spaces
 - .2 Animal care facilities
 - .3 High moisture spaces
 - .6 Carry out additional <u>*Regular Steel Stud, Structural Steel Stud*</u> or miscellaneous steel reinforcement for vertical posts and lintels, as necessary <u>in the following</u>:
 - .1 For all openings wider than 1800mm.
 - .2 All free-standing partitions.
 - .7 Use a min. 20 ga thick for Steel Stud supporting the following:
 - .1 <u>Board material</u> finished with ceramic, porcelain or thin brick cladding.
 - .2 *Fibre reinforced or High impact gypsum board* or similar.
 - .8 Double the studs at each side of door openings and all openings 915 mm (3'- 0") or wider.
 - .9 On the perimeter of all board ceilings, install continuous galvanized "L" shape frame 50mm x necessary height x ±16 Gauge.
 - .10 Resistance to seismic forces shall be as required by codes in retrofit or new installation projects.
- .2 <u>Notes</u>:
 - .1 Install 250 mm (10") long joint tape at 45 degrees, perpendicular to the diagonals, at all corners of openings (doors, windows, inserted items of more than 100 mm x 100 mm (4"x 4") and at all changes of width or depth and take all other measures necessary to avoid cracking.

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- .2 Install control joint as by best recommended practices, and at:
 - .1 Maximum 9 m (30'-0") apart on walls horizontally and vertically, and 5 m (16'-0") apart on walls to receive ceramic, porcelain, or thin brick cladding.
 - .2 Maximum 9 m (30'-0") apart on ceilings without perimeter relief, in both directions.
 - .3 Maximum 1.5 m (50'-0") apart in ceilings with perimeter relief, in both directions.
 - .4 Maximum 5 m (16'-0") apart on walls to receive ceramic, porcelain or thin brick cladding.
- .3 Install *Insulating strip for drywall, self-adhesive* under floor track and above top track.

2.0 PRODUCTS

2.1 Board Material

- .1 <u>Gypsum board, regular or fire-resistant:</u> Ends square cut, edges tapered.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) products</u>:
 - .1 "Sheetrock" and "Sheetrock Firecode", regular, type X or type C, by CGC Inc.
 - .2 "ToughRock" and "ToughRock Fireguard", regular, type X or type C, by Georgia-Pacific Canada.
 - .3 "Easy-Lite", regular, type X or type C, by CertainTeed Canada.
- .2 <u>Mould and moisture resistant gypsum board, regular or fire-resistant</u>: Composed of a blend of gypsum and cellulose fibre, ends square cut, edges tapered.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) products:
 - .1 "Fiberock AquaTough", regular, type X or type C, Interior panels by CGC Inc.
 - .2 "M2Tech", regular, type X or type C, by CertainTeed.
 - .3 "Dens Armor Plus", regular, type X or type C, by Georgia Pacific.
- .3 <u>Glass mat water resistant gypsum board, regular or fire-resistant</u>: Composed of a blend of gypsum inorganic fiberglass mat surfacing on both sides, ends and edges square cut.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) products:
 - .1 "Dens-Shield" and "Dens-Shield Fire-Guard", regular, type X or type C, by Georgia-Pacific.
 - .2 "DiamondBack Glasroc", regular, type X or type C, by CertainTeed.
- .4 <u>Abuse resistant gypsum board, regular or fire-resistant</u>: Composed of a core and faces of a blend of gypsum and cellulose fibre, ends square cut, edges tapered.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) product:
 - .1 "Fiberock Abuse Resistant" by CGC Inc.
 - .2 "Extreme Abuse" by CertainTeed Canada.
- .5 <u>*High impact resistant gypsum board, regular and fire-resistant*</u>: Composed of a core of a blend of gypsum and cellulose fibre, with embedded glass fibre mesh scrim at the back, ends square cut, edges tapered.

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- <u>Suggested (or equivalent) product</u>:
 - .1 "Fiberock VHI" by CGC Inc.
 - .2 "Extreme Impact" by CertainTeed Canada.
- .6 <u>Acoustical gypsum board, regular and fire-resistant</u>: Sound damping gypsum panel without paper or metal in the core, with tapered edges, cuts and installs similar to regular gypsum panel products.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) products:
 - .1 "QuietRock ES" by QuietRock Inc.
 - .2 "SilentFX QuickCut" by CertainTeed Canada.

2.2 Steel stud systems

- .1 <u>Steel Stud System, Regular, Galvanized:</u> Channel stud framing in "U","ST": Roll formed from cold-formed galvanized steel sheets, of min. 0.455 mm (0.0179") (26 ga.) base metal thickness or more, as necessary; hot-dipped galvanized, for screw attachment of gypsum boards, with Top and bottom channel tracks in widths to suit stud sizes.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) product</u>: As manufactured by by CGC Inc.
- .2 <u>Interior Structural Steel Stud and Open-Web Heavy Duty Joist System, Galvanized:</u> Channel stud framing and joists: as per ASTM A653/A653M, studs of 152 mm (6") or 92 mm (3⁵/₈") depth.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) product: As manufactured by Baily Inc.

2.3 Accessories

- .1 <u>Insulating strip for drywall, self-adhesive</u>: Rubberized, moisture resistant 3 mm (1/8") thick closed cell neoprene composition strip, 19 mm (3/4") wide or full width, with self-sticking permanent adhesive on one face.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) products</u>: "Permastik 1220" by Jacobs and Thompson Inc. (RCR International Inc.).
- .2 <u>Deflection joint trim for walls:</u> Pre-assembled joint trim composed of two 76 mm (3") wide, 0.66 mm (24 ga) thick galvanized metal strips joined by a 150 mm (6") wide, 1320 g/m2 (39 oz/yd2) glass fibre fabric coated with neoprene.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) products: "Super Metal-Fab", by Duro Dyne Canada Inc.
- .3 <u>Steel deck flute closures in galvanized steel:</u> In cold formed galvanized steel, at least 0.76 mm (22 ga) thick, with galvanized finish.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) products</u>: As manufactured by Canam Inc.
- .4 <u>Control joint trim for gypsum board</u>: made of zinc sheet, 44 mm x 13 mm (13/4" x 1/2").
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) products</u>: "Zinc # 093" by CGC Inc.

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

SECTION 09 30 00 - TILE WORK

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Extended Warranty

- .1 All Tile work shall be guaranteed against all defects including cracking, crazing, surface deterioration or any other defects detrimental to the appearance or strength of the finishes, for a period of 3 years for labour and Materials.
- .2 Manufacturer representative shall be present at all construction phases to ensure adequate quality control of the installation.

1.2 Design Criteria and Notes

- .1 Maintain air temperature and structural base temperature at installation area above 12°C for 72 hours before, during and 72 hours after installation.
- .2 Install tile in accordance with recommendations of Terrazzo Tile & Marble Association of Canada (TTMAC) and manufacturers' instructions.
- .3 Do not bridge saw-cuts or control-joints. Install backer rod and apply sealant or mouldings.
- .4 Terminate tiles at adjacent dissimilar finishes with transition or finishing trims at unprotected edges.

1.2 Extra Material

.1 Deliver 3% of each type and colour of different finish Products to Owner, for maintenance use.

2.0 PRODUCTS

2.1 Tiles

- .1 <u>*Porcelain Tiles*</u>: Tiles for floors and walls, single-fired, 8mm (0.32") thick, square edges, slip resistant surface (matte) or polished, through body, colored base, colored body or double pressed tile. Thin set application.
- .2 <u>Unglazed Ceramic (Quarry) Tile:</u> Tiles mainly for floors, unglazed, single fired, usual thickness from 8mm to 12mm, square edges, slip resistant matte finish, uniform texture and colored all the way through. Thin set application.
- .3 <u>Glazed Ceramic Tile</u>: Wall application only, vitreous natural clay or semi-vitrified glazed, 7 to 10mm thick, square edges, glossy surface and uniform texture. Multipurpose adhesive. Tiles larger than 4x16 require thin set method.

2.2 Mortars, Grouts and Membranes

- .1 <u>Grout for floor tiles</u>: Pre-mixed urethane based sanded that is stain resistant, single-part product, pigment free, color uniformity, low shrinkage and high crack resistance; colors to be selected by Consultants..
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) product</u>: "Colour Max Plus" by Flextile Ltd.

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- .2 <u>*Grout for wall tiles*</u>: Portland cement base, polymer additives with high adherence and resistance, mildew resistant, for mixing with water; colours to be selected by Consultants.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) product: "Flextile 500 Series" by Flextile Ltd

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SECTION 09 50 00 - ACOUSTICAL CEILINGS

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Design Criteria and Notes

- .1 <u>Design criteria's</u>:
 - .1 All services must be supported independently from the ceiling system, except of grid, panel or tile, light fixtures, and air terminals.
 - .2 Resistances to seismic forces shall be as required by codes in retrofit or new installation projects.

.2 <u>Notes</u>:

.1 <u>Not accepted</u>: ULC assembly rated systems, unless specifically approved by **Facilities**, for very special conditions.

1.2 Extra Material

.1 Deliver 3% of each type and colour of different finish Products to Owner, for maintenance use.

2.0 PRODUCTS

2.1 Acoustical Tiles

- .1 <u>Mineral Fibre Acoustical Tiles, Regular</u> made of acoustically efficient non-combustible wetformed mineral fibre, with Square edge, latex paint face, white colour.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) product</u>: "Radar Clima Plus" by USC/CGC Inc.
- .2 <u>Mineral Fibre Acoustical Tiles, Fire-Rated:</u> made of acoustically efficient non-combustible wetformed mineral fibre, with Square edge, UL approved.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) product:
 - .1 "Radar Clima Plus Firecode" by USG/CGC Inc
 - .2 "Performa Baroque", by CertainTeed.
- .3 <u>Mineral Fibre Acoustical Tiles, Ornamental</u>: made of acoustically efficient non-combustible wetformed mineral fibre, with Tegular edge, latex paint face, white colour.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) products:
 - .1 "Cortega Second Look II" by Armstrong.
 - .2 "Radar Illusion Two/24" by CGC Inc.
 - .3 "Performa Baroque", by CertainTeed.
- .4 <u>Mineral Fibre Acoustical Tiles, with Vinyl Soil-Resistant Film</u>: made of acoustically efficient noncombustible wet-formed mineral fibre, with soil-resistant finish, with square, sealed, coated edge when cut, vinyl film face, adhered to entire surface, white colour.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) products</u>:
 - .1 "Clean Room VL & VL", by Armstrong.
 - .2 "Clean Room Class 100", by CGC Inc.
 - .3 "Vinylshield A,C", by CertainTeed.

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2.2 Suspension System

- .1 <u>Suspension System, Standard, for Acoustical Ceilings, Regular:</u> Intermediate duty system, nonfire-rated, commercial quality, corrosion resistant. Components die cut. Tee with double web, rectangular bulb and 24 mm (15/16") rolled cap on exposed face.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) products:
 - .1 "Prelude XL", by Armstrong.
 - .2 "DX", by CGC Inc.
 - .3 "15/16 Classic Stab System", by CertainTeed.
- .2 <u>Suspension System, Narrow Faced, for Acoustical Ceilings, Regular</u>. Similar to <u>Standard</u> <u>Suspension system</u>, but with 14.3 mm (9/16") face.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) products</u>:
 - .1 "Suprafine XL", by Armstrong.
 - .2 "Centricitee DXT", by CGC Inc.
 - .3 "9/16 Elite Narrow Stab System", by CertainTeed.
- .3 <u>Suspension System, Standard, for Acoustical Ceilings, Fire-Rated:</u> Intermediate duty system, commercial quality, corrosion resistant. Components die cut. Tee with double web, rectangular bulb and 24 mm (15/16") rolled cap on exposed face, UL approved.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) products:
 - .1 "DX/DXL", by CGC Inc.
 - .2 "15/16 FireSecure Stab System", by CertainTeed.

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SECTION 09 61 00 – SURFACE PREPARATION

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Design Criteria and Notes

- .1 Prepare floor using grinding, Blastrac system, acid etching (as a last resort), or by other means, to remove all surface gloss and laitance and produce a level surface, as recommended by the manufacturer. Do not use sand shot blasting without **Facilities** approval.
- .2 Scarify narrow cracks to 12.7 mm (1/2), then fill depressions and cracks, as well as holes, and other defects and crevices in the substrate with appropriate types of mortar.
- .3 Do not fill saw-cuts, expansion and construction joints with mortar or grout.
- .4 Remove all surface contamination by washing with an appropriate cleaner such as "TSP" (Trisodium Phosphate). Rinse thoroughly and allow drying. Do not use hydrocarbon solvents for cleaning. Existing peeled or checked paint should be scraped and sanded to a sound surface. Glossy surfaces should be sanded dull. Stains from water, smoke, ink, pencil, grease, etc. should be sealed with the appropriate primer/sealer.
- .5 For extreme conditions, prepare existing painted metal surfaces as per The Society for Protective Coatings (SSPC-SP1 & SSPC-SP6) solvent & commercial blast cleaning specifications, to remove existing or cracked paint, rust or other contaminants and render surface rough.

2.0 PRODUCTS

2.1 Flooring filliers

- .1 <u>Crack filler and repair mortar</u>: Two-component multi-purpose, non-shrink, solvent-free and moisture- insensitive epoxy and binder.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) product</u>: "Planibond EBA" by Mapei.
- .2 <u>Patching compound, over existing finishes</u> (up to 3mm): A fast-setting mix of Portland cement blended with inner fillers and synthetic dry polymer resins for conditioning concrete and patching and filling of minor cracks cracks and depressions over properly prepared wood underlayments, vinyl or cermaic tiles.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) product: "Plani/Patch" with "Plani/Patch Plus" by Mapei.
- .3 <u>Modified cementitious mortar for concrete repairs and slopes</u> (for toppings of 1.5mm to 40mm): A self-levelling & tapered blend of Portland cement and other hydraulic cements; for interior use only.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) product</u>: "Ardex K13" by Ardex.
- .4 <u>Modified cementitious mortar for concrete fill</u> (for toppings of 10mm to 100mm): Onecomponent, shrinkage crack free, fast-setting and drying polymer-modified cementitious mortar consisting of special hydraulic binders, selected aggregates, special additives and polymeric resin, for interior or exterior use.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) product: "Mapecem 100" by Mapei.

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- .5 <u>Epoxy based grout for concrete repairs and slopes fast drying</u>: A three-component, fastsetting, trowelable, epoxy based grout designed for permanent horizontal repairs to concrete foundations, decks, floors and structural surfaces, with high strength and excellent chemical resistance, for interior use.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) product</u>: "Stonset TG5" by Stonhard.
- .6 <u>Levelling and repairing compound, high compressive</u>: A high compressive strength cementitious, rapid hardening premixed self-levelling underlayment compound for levelling and repairing substrate up to 12 mm ($\frac{1}{2}$ ") in depth, with compressive strength attaining more than 29.5 MPa and linear shrinkage not more than 0.05% after 28 days cure.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) product</u>: "Ultra/Plan" by Mapei.
- .7 <u>Modified cementitious mortar for concrete repair, high resistance, low permeable</u> (for toppings of 6mm to 50mm): A preblended two-component, shrinkage crack free, fast-setting polymer-modified cementitious mortar consisting of high strength hydraulic binders, selected aggregates, and special additives; high wear resistant, for interior and exterior use.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) product: "Mapecem 202" by Mapei.
- .8 <u>Pedestrian Polyurethane Waterproofing mortar, Textured</u> (for toppings up to 25mm): Singlecomponent topping, with recommended aggregate.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Product</u>: "Vulkem 350/351", by Tremco.
- .9 <u>Portland Cement Terrazzo:</u> Underbed and topping, to comply with NTMA's (Terrazzo Specifications and Design Guide) for terrazzo system indicated for component proportions and mixing, with the <u>following characteristics</u>:
 - .1 <u>Portland Cement</u>: As per ASTM C 150, Type 1.
 - .2 <u>Water</u>: Potable.
 - .3 <u>Sand:</u> As per ASTM C 33/C 33M.
 - .4 <u>Aggregates</u>: Contain no deleterious or foreign matter.
 - a. Abrasion and Impact Resistance: Less than 40 percent loss per ASTM C 131.
 - b. 24-Hour Absorption Rate: Less than 0.75 percent.
 - c. Dust Content: Less than 1.0 percent by weight.
 - .5 <u>Matrix Pigments</u>: Pure mineral or synthetic pigments, alkali resistant, durable under exposure to sunlight, and compatible with terrazzo matrix.
 - .6 <u>Bonding Agent</u>: Neat Portland Cement, or epoxy or acrylic bonding agents formulated for use with topping indicated.
 - .7 <u>Underbed Reinforcement</u>: Galvanized welded-wire reinforcement, wire 2 by 2 inches (51 by 51 mm) by 0.062 inch (1.57 mm) in diameter, complying with ASTM A 185/A 185M and ASTM A 82/A 82M, except for minimum wire size.
 - .8 <u>Isolation Membrane</u> (if necessary): Polyethylene sheeting, ASTM D 2103, Type 13300, 4 mils (0.1 mm) thick; or unperforated asphalt felt, ASTM D 226, Type I (No. 15).
 - .9 Mix Color and Pattern: To match existing.

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2.2 Accessories

- .1 <u>Underlayer Waterproof Membrane</u>: For interior use, a Waterproof & Crack Isolation Membrane, for use below bond coat, under all ceramic tile and stone installation where a waterproof surface is required. Exceeds ANSI A118.10 and ANSI A118.12 standards.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) product</u>: "WP-900", with "WP980 fabric", by Flextile Ltd.

SECTION 09 65 00 - RESILIENT & SYNTHETIC FLOORING

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Extended Warranty

- .1 Resilient sheet flooring shall be guaranteed to be free of defects and not to wear through the colour/pattern for a period of 3 years for labour and Materials.
- .2 Manufacturer representative shall be present at all construction phases to ensure adequate quality control of the installation.

1.2 Design Criteria and Notes

- .1 Maintain minimum 20°C air temperature at flooring installation area for 3 days before, during and for 48 hours after installation.
- .2 Install transition or finishing trims, or reduction strips where necessary at termination of flooring.
- .3 Hard nosing to be installed on the steps or tiers, with contrasting colours.
- .4 Seal and Waxing:
 - .1 No wax or other floor finish shall be applied on pre-protected Linoleum surfaces and other non-waxed resilient products.
 - .2 Waxing procedures:
 - .1 Decap / clean existing surface Resilient finishes.
 - .2 Application of Sealer coat product, recommended by Resilient finish manufacturer, followed by three coats of wax.
 - .3 The following Sealing and waxing's **UofO** approved sub-contractor must be mandated by **GC**:

Allen Maintenance Ltd

1470 Lagan Wy, Ottawa, ON K1B 3S6 Contact: 613-880-4054 ottawausouthhg@groupcna.com

1.3 Extra Material

.1 Deliver 3% of each type and colour of different finish Products to Owner, for maintenance use.

2.0 PRODUCTS

- 2.1 Resilient finishes
 - .1 <u>Vinyl Composition Tiles (VCT) or Luxury Vinyl Tiles (LVT)</u>: Through pattern, asbestos-free, 3 mm (1/8") thick, precision cut, with colour and pattern extending through the full thickness of the tile, and chemical and abrasive resistance to suit.
 - .2 <u>Homogeneous Vinyl Sheet Flooring</u>: Wax-free, homogeneous sheet vinyl flooring having nominal thickness of 2 mm (0.08"). Colour and pattern shall be dispersed uniformly throughout the thickness of the product, with a polyurethane coating, and chemical and abrasive resistance to suit.

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- .3 <u>Linoleum Sheet Flooring</u>: Made of natural ingredients, consisting of oxidized linseed oil combined with resins, wood flour, inorganic filler material, chalk, natural pigments and cork, mixed and calendared to a jute backing.
- .4 <u>*Rubber Sheet Flooring or Tiles*</u>: Made of thermoset or vulcanized rubber, 3mm (1/8") thick rolls with integral base and welded seams.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) products:
 - .1 As manufactured by Mondo.
 - .2 As manufactured by Mannington Commercial.

2.2 Synthetic finishes

- .1 <u>Synthetic Carpet Tiles</u>: Flocked high performance broadloom carpet with a 100% nylon type 6.6 wear layer with an intermediate fiberglass layer and a recycled closed cell vinyl cushioned backing.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) product</u>: "Flotex modular Seagrass" series, by Forbo.
- .2 <u>Hybrid Resilient Tiles or Sheets</u> (glued, or layed down on top of existing flooring finishes): Made of heterogeneous construction of nylon and closed-cell cushion, fused together through heat and pressure.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) products</u>:
 - .1 "Powerbond", by Tarkett. .2 "Coral Series", by Forbo Inc.

2.3 Accessories

- .1 <u>Cork underlayment</u>: In rolls or sheets, made of natural Cork, 6mm or 12mm as necessary.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) product</u>: As manufactured by QEP.
- .2 <u>Sound Reducing Underlayment Sheet</u>: Dual Sheet, 10mm Thick free floating, dry leveling, sound reducing.
 - <u>Suggested (Or Equivalent) Products:</u>
 - .1 "Jumpax Waterprrof", By Impacta.
 - .2 "Forbo NR 99", by Forbo.
- .3 <u>Floating floor underlayment sheet</u>: 1.8mm thick.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) product</u>: "floexpro", by xtrafloor.
- .4 <u>Stair Tread with Integrated Riser, in Rubber</u>: Ant-skid, in homogeneous composition of 100% synthetic rubber, integral with constrasting nosing patterns.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Product</u>: "Angle Fit" by Tarket.
- .5 <u>*Tactile Walking Surface Indicators, in Rubber*</u>: In homogeneous composition of 100% synthetic rubber, high quality additives for interior applications only.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Product: "Tactile Walking Surface" by Tarket.

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SECTION 09 67 00 - SPECIAL FLOORING

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Extended Warranty

- .1 All special flooring shall be guaranteed against all defects including cracking, crazing, surface deterioration or any other defects detrimental to the appearance or strength of the finishes, for a period of 3 years for labour and Materials.
- .2 Manufacturer representative shall be present at all construction phases to ensure adequate find

1.2 Design Criteria and Notes

- .1 Maintain surfaces and ambient air temperature between 13°C and 28°C for a minimum of 72 hours before, during and after application, and ambient relative humidity below 80% during application. Ensure moisture content in the substrate is within the limits prescribed by the manufacturer.
- .2 Do adherence test before beginning the work to ensure compatibility between new and existing floorings and coatings. Also, do a test of the cleaning process to ensure sufficient adhesion of new coating.
- .3 Separate with a clean cut existing and new surfaces.
- .4 Do not cover expansion joints. For flooring with considerable thickness, at saw cuts and construction joints, install a 150 mm (6") <u>*Glass fiber Reinforcing fabric tape (09 96 00)*</u>, attaching with epoxy adhesive on both sides to the concrete slab surfaces, but leaving unadhered over the caulking. Only at construction joints install also "L" shaped divider strips, back to back, without attaching them together and ensuring that each one has at least 6 mm (1/4") adherence to the slab.
- .5 Obtain from **UofO**'s users the approval of degree of slip resistance.

2.0 PRODUCTS

2.1 Flooring systems

- .1 <u>*Clear Acrylic Floor Sealer*</u>: Acrylic resin based polymer sealer-curing film. Minimum two coats, 50-75 microns (2-3 mils) of dry film per coat.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) product</u>: "Sikafloor CureHard-24" by Sika (Duochem).
- .2 <u>*Pigmented Urethane Floor Coating:*</u> Two component glossy polyester resin and aliphatic polyurethane hardener coating, with an antiskid agent. Minimum two coats, 87.5 microns (3.5 mils) of dry film per coat.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) product</u>: "942" system by Sika (Duochem).
- .3 <u>Pigmented Urethane Floor Coating, with Waterproof Membrane</u>: Two components Glossy polyester resin and aliphatic polyurethane hardener coating, with an antiskid agent and with polyurethane based elastomeric membrane. Minimum 1 mm (40 mils) of dry film, and 850 microns (34 mils) of membrane and 125 microns (5 mils) of finish coating.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) products: "SikaFloor 304W, by Sika (Duochem).

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- .4 <u>Epoxy Floor Coating, Glossy</u>: Two-component heavy duty, catalyzed, water borne, polyamide epoxy floor coating, chemical resistant Primer: 150 microns (6 mils) dry film same resin. Finish coats: two coats of 50 &10 microns (2 & 0.5 mils) per coat.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) products:
 - .1 "Armorseal floor-plex 7100 WB", with anti-slip additives, by Sherwin Williams.
 - .2 "Atonkote GS4", with anti-slip additives, by Stonehard.
- .5 <u>Epoxy Quartz Flooring System</u>: Seamless, trowel applied epoxy quartz mortar flooring, with a multi-colored ceramic granular aggregate, with antiskid finish and a clear urethane protective coat. Minimum 3 mm (1/8") up to 5mm (3/8"), including primer coat, grout coat, and two epoxy finish coats of 125 microns (5 mils) dry film each. In addition, a protective urethane coat of 87.5 microns (3.5 mils) of dry film.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) products:
 - .1 "9200/902" system by Sika (Duochem).
 - .2 "Stonblend GSI-G" by Stonehard.
- .6 <u>Methyl Methacrylate (MMA) Flooring System</u> (fast curing, for existing, unconditioned or cold environments): Low VOC, with chemical, stain and slip resistance, self levelled or troweled, 3 mm (1/8") up to 5mm (3/8").
 - Suggested (or equivalent) products:
 - .1 "Stonclad SL Xpress" or "Stonclad TR Xpress" by Stonhard.

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SECTION 09 91 00 - PAINTING

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Design Criteria and Notes

- .1 <u>Notes</u>:
 - .1 The temperature of the room, the substrate and the paint should be at a minimum of 7°C. Relative humidity should be less than 85%. If the temperature falls below the minimum prescribed limits during the 24 hours preceding paint application, install heating equipment to obtain the minimum specified temperature.
 - .2 Paint walls and ceilings before new mechanical and electrical equipment is installed; do the necessary repairs to the painted surfaces after the installation of the latter.
 - .3 Apply paint of similar properties and matching the existing in at least two finishing coats on existing painted surfaces.
 - .4 All paint should be lead free.
- .2 Systems:
 - .1 System paintings to be one primer coat, minimum one undercoat, and two finished coats, as per industry standards, to suit all surfaces and conditions.

2.0 PRODUCTS

- .1 Paint surfaces in accordance with the following MPI (Master Painter Institute) Manual requirements:
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) products</u>: As manufactured by:
 - .1 Benjamin-Moore
 - .2 Dulux
 - .3 Sherwin-Williams
 - .4 SICO

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GENERAL APPLICATION ¹	LOCATION	F	PAIN	т т	YPE	=	MPI CODE NUMBER									
				ed)			PRIMER ON SUBSTRATE FINISH COAT SHE					EN ²				
		Latex 100% Acrylic H. Perf.	Latex 100% Acrylic	Light industrial Acrylic (water based)	Varnish & Lacquers	Epoxy	Concrete	Masonry	Gypsum wall board	Galvanized steel	Mood	Level 1 (Flat)	Level 3 (Eggshell)	Level 5 (Semi-gloss)	Level 6 (Gloss)	Notes
Walls:				-				•								
General application	Interior		Х				4	3	50				52			
Public, high traffic and average abuse spaces	Interior	Х					4	3	50				139			
High abuse or High moisture & sim.	Interior			Х			4	3	50					153		
Frequently cleaned with chemicals	Interior					Х			50					215		
Ceilings:																
General application	Interior		Х				4		50			53				
High abuse or High moisture & similar spaces	Interior			Х			4		50					153		
Frequently cleaned with chemicals	Interior					Х			50					215		
Door, window frames, Balustrades, handrails, decks, and all miscellaneous surfaces:																
General application – metallic	Interior	Х								134				153		
surfaces	Exterior			Х						134					164	
High abuse or High moisture & similar spaces – metallic surfaces	Interior			Х						134				153		
Frequently cleaned with chemicals	Interior					Х				50				215		
General application – Wooden surfaces	Interior	Х									6			141		
	Interior				Х										56	
	Exterior	Х									6				164	

Notes:

.1 Refer to "VOLUME I – P. Finish" for relevant for detailed information about finishes applications. Refer to other related Sections for Special coatings finishes.

.2 MPI Sheen levels:

Level 1: Gloss at 60 degrees - Max. 5 units; Sheen at 85 degrees - Max. 10 units.

Level 3: Gloss at 60 degrees – 10-25 units; Sheen at 85 degrees – 10-35 units.

Level 5: Gloss at 60 degrees – 35-70 units.

Level 6: Gloss at 60 degrees – 70-85 units.

Note: Subject to Facility approvals, Sheen levels could be maintained as existing adjacent in case of limited renovation projects.

.3 In general, for new surfaces, to apply 1 primer coating & 2 finish coats. Primer coating could be skipped for existing painted surfaces.

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SECTION 09 96 00 - SPECIAL COATING

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Extended Warranty

- .1 All special coating shall be guaranteed against all defects including cracking, crazing, surface deterioration or any other defects detrimental to the appearance or strength of the finishes, for a period of 3 years for labour and Materials.
- .2 Manufacturer representative shall be present at all construction phases to ensure adequate quality control of the installation.

1.2 Design Criteria and Notes

- .1 Maintain surfaces and ambient air temperature between 13oC and 28oC for a minimum of 72 hours before, during and after application, and ambient relative humidity below 80% during application. Ensure moisture content in the substrate is within the limits prescribed by the manufacturer.
- .2 Do not apply coatings on sealants, unless they are compatible.
- .3 Protect adequately or remove all prefinished adjacent elements, such as apparatus, equipment or accessories, using canvases, masking tape or other appropriate means.

2.0 PRODUCTS

2.1 Coating systems

- .1 <u>High Performance Pigmented Epoxy Wall Coating, High Gloss:</u> Two-component high performance epoxy coating, high gloss finish, with a water borne epoxy finish coat. System includes recommended Primers with minimum Two coats of 200 microns (8 mils) dry film thickness per coat and One coat of water borne epoxy of 50-75 microns (2-3 mils) dry film thickness.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) products</u>: As manufactured by Sika (Duochem):
 - .1 "Cor-Pro 470" (primer for metal surface).
 - .2 "Sika (Duochem) 265" (primer for gypsum surfaces).
 - .3 "Sika (Duochem) VA" (filler for concrete block surfaces).
 - .4 "Duroplast 100" (coating).
 - .5 "Duroplast 150" (finish coat).
- .2 <u>Pigmented Epoxy Wall Coating, with Polyurethane finish, High-Gloss:</u> Two-component, high performance, high solids, epoxy base layer, with a high performance, UV resistant, Polyurethane finish. System includes recommended Primers with minimum One coat applied at 5 to 7 mil/125 to 180 microns, and Two coats of 2 to 4 mils/50 to 100 microns dry film thickness.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) product</u>: "Stonglaze VSR" system by Stonehard.
 - .1 As recommended (Primer).
 - .2 "Stonglaze Topcoat EPX" (Base coat).
 - .3 "Stonglaze URE" (Topcoat).
- .3 <u>High Performance Pigmented Epoxy Wall Coating, High Gloss, Partially Reinforced:</u> Twocomponent high performance epoxy coating, high gloss finish, with a water borne epoxy finish

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coat, partially reinforced at junctions of dissimilar materials and at rounded corners with <u>Glass</u> <u>fiber Reinforcing fabric tape</u>. System includes recommended Primers with minimum Two coats of 200 microns (8 mils) dry film thickness per coat and One coat of water borne epoxy of 50-75 microns (2-3 mils) dry film thickness.

- <u>Suggested (or equivalent) products</u>: As manufactured by Sika (Duochem):
 - .1 "Cor-Pro 470", primer for metal surfaces.
 - .2 "Sika (Duochem) 265", primer for gypsum surfaces.
 - .3 "Sika (Duochem) VA" filler for concrete block surfaces.
 - .4 "Duroplast 100" coating.
 - .5 "Duroplast 150" finish coat.
- .4 <u>High Performance Pigmented Epoxy Wall Coating, High Gloss, Totally Reinforced:</u> Twocomponent high performance epoxy coating, high gloss finish, with a water borne epoxy finish coat, reinforced on entire surface with <u>Glass fiber Reinforcing fabric tape</u>. System includes recommended Primers with minimum Two coats of 200 microns (8 mils) dry film thickness per coat and One coat of water borne epoxy of 50-75 microns (2-3 mils) dry film thickness.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) products</u>: As manufactured by Sika (Duochem):
 - .1 "Cor-Pro 470", primer for metal surfaces.
 - .2 "Sika (Duochem) 265", primer for gypsum surfaces.
 - .3 "Sika (Duochem) VA" filler for concrete block surfaces.
 - .4 "Duroplast 100" coating.
 - .5 "Duroplast 150" finish coat.

2.3 Accessories

- .1 <u>Glass fiber Reinforcing fabric tape</u>: Min. 100 mm (4") wide tape, simple weave, 194 g/m² (5.7 oz/yd²), 0.20 mm (0.008") thick.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) product: "Style 7521" by Bay Mills.
 - .2 <u>Anti-graffiti shield:</u> VOC compliant, clear, water-based sacrificial coating for control of graffiti on most building surfaces, preventing spray paints, crayons and ink from penetrating and staining the underlying surface. To be reapplied after every graffiti removal.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Product</u>: "Defacer Eraser Sacrificial Coating SC-1" by Prosco.

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SECTION 10 11 00 - VISUAL DISPLAY BOARDS

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Extended Warranty

.1 Visual display boards shall be guaranteed for a period of 10 to 50 years, as per university of Ottawa open agreement with manufacturer (see below).

2.0 PRODUCTS

2.1 Visual display boards

.1 <u>Visual Display Boards – Writing Surfaces (Whiteboards, Green Chalkboards, Natural Cork</u> <u>Tack boards or Linoleum Cork Takboards</u>: Distributed by (as per **UofO** Standing Offer No.: 2017067-RFQ):

> Compagnie Canadienne de Tableaux Noirs Ltée (CCTN). 30 Montee des Bouleaux Saint-Constant, Qc, J5A 1B6 Tel: 450-632-1660, Fax: 450-632-5449

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SECTION 10 21 00 - TOILET COMPARTMENTS

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Design Criteria and Notes

- .1 Equip each door with hinges, latch set, and each compartment with coat hook mounted on door to standard mounting heights. Adjust and align hardware for proper functioning.
- .2 Set door open position at 30E from closed position.
- .3 Equip out swinging doors with door pulls.

2.0 PRODUCTS

2.1 Compartments

- .1 <u>Polymer Toilet Compartment system, Floor mount</u>: Made from high density Polyethylene (HDPE) resins with homogeneous color, and Aluminum heat sunk strip for bottom edge of doors and panels.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) product</u>: "Global Polymer", as manufactured by Global Partitions.
- .2 <u>Phenolic Compartment system, Floor mount</u>: Made from resin impregnated raft paper core with homogeneous color.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) products</u>:
 - .1 "Global Phenolic", as manufactured by Global Partitions.
 - .2 "Series 1080", by Bobrick

2.2 Accessories

- .1 <u>*Pilaster shoes & sleeves*</u>: In stainless steel sheet metal, with brushed finish, 1.2 mm (0.05") thick for plastic laminate compartments.
- .2 *Fasteners for toilet compartments*: stainless steel screws and bolts, tamperproof, "male-female" type bolts, through-type, identical on both sides.

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SECTION 10 22 00 - DEMOUNTABLE PARTITIONS

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Extended Warranty

.1 Demountable Partitions components, including doors, door frames, door hardware, electrical, communications and plumbing accommodations shall be guaranteed for a period of 10 years.

1.2 Design Criteria and Notes

- .1 Partition system to be fully demountable and reloadable, non-progressive, extend in four directions at posts without disturbing other panels, accommodate floor/ceiling height variations of 25 mm (1").
- .2 Components to be non-combustible, distortion free, uniform in dimension, construction and appearance.
- .3 Partition system to accommodate electrical outlets on posts or base, and wiring in posts, base and cap.
- .4 Carry out additional <u>Regular Steel Stud</u>, <u>Structural Steel Stud</u> (**09 20 00**), miscellaneous steel or any similar reinforcement as necessary at head of partitions to provide adequate structural resistances.

2.0 PRODUCTS

2.1 Partitions

- .1 <u>Demountable Partitions:</u> Modular insulated panels made of thin, anodized or prepainted Aluminium posts, with vertical and horizontal reveals, including:
 - .1 Solid Fascia in Laminate or Veneer.
 - .2 Acoustic and Fabric Fascias with sound-absorbing and sound-blocking properties
 - .3 <u>Tempered or Laminated Glass, Clear or Frosted (08 80 00)</u> Fascias, Double-Sided or Single-Centred.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) products:
 - .1 "Altos" by Teknion.
 - .2 "Dirtt Systems" by Dirtt.

VOLUME III – Division 10 SPECIALITIES

SECTION 10 26 00 – WALL AND CORNER PROTECTION

1.0 GENERAL

1.2 Design Criteria and Notes

- .1 For Metallic elements, refer to Metal work related Section.
- .2 For plastic elements:
 - .1 Fire Performance Characteristics: Comply with specified requirements of ASTM D 256 for impact resistance and ASTM E 84 <u>for the following</u>:
 - .1 Flame Spread: 25 or less.
 - .2 Smoke Developed: 450 or less.

2.0 PRODUCTS

2.1 Corner Guards

- .1 <u>Stainless Steel Corner Guards:</u> In <u>satin finish</u>, surface mounted, 1.5 mm thick (16 gauge) min., 3-1/2" (89mm) wing, with bevelled edges.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) products</u>:
 - .1 "SCO-8 Series" by Construction Specialities Inc.
 - .2 "Stainless steel Corner Guard GS series" by Korogard.
- .2 <u>Aluminum corner Guards</u>: In anodized Aluminum in satin finish, 4mm thick, 1/2" x 1/2" (12.7mm x 12.7mm), with a standard 90° angle.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) product: "Anodized Corner Guard" by Korogard.
- .3 <u>Vinyl corner Guards</u>: In Extruded acrylic modified vinyl plastic sheets, 078" (1.98mm) thick vinyl or 2-1/2" (63.5mm) wing, mounted over extruded plastic retainer.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) product: "IPC Series" BY INPRO CORP.

2.2 Wall Bumpers

- .1 <u>Crash Rail Bumper Extrusion</u>: Made of Extruded, rigid, impact-resistant plastic, nominal 0.078 inch (1.9 mm) thick or Stainless steel type 304 with #4 Satin finish, 16 gauge, or Aluminum, .250 inch (6.4 mm) thick, 5052-H32 with powder-coated finish, mounted over continuous Aluminum retainer and two continuous vinyl bumper cushions. Sizes as indicated.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) product:
 - .1 "Crash Rail C series" by Korogard.
 - .2 "Acrovyn" by Construction Specialities Inc.

2.3 **Protective Wall Coverings**

.1

- .1 <u>Homogeneous Vinyl Wall Covering</u>: Vinyl/Acrylic: Rigid sheet should be high impact, nominal .040" (1.02mm) minimum thickness. With color-matched vinyl/acrylic trim as needed for joint/transitions.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) products:
 - "korogard sheets" by Koroseal. .2 "Prism Wall Series" by INPRO Corp.

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

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- .2 <u>Stainless Steel Wall Covering</u>: Type 304 with #4 Satin finish, 1.5mm thick, with countersunk screws and perimeter Caulking.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) product: "Wall Guard Xlerator", by Grainger.

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SECTION 10 28 10 - WASHROOM AND OTHER ACCESSORIES

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Design Criteria and Notes

- .1 All lockable accessories shall be keyed alike.
- .2 Use tamper proof theft proof stainless steel screws/bolts for exposed fasteners, and corrosion resistant type for concealed fasteners.
- .3 Apply <u>Sealant (07 90 00)</u> around all accessories.
- .4 Do not use wood for the installation of the accessories.
- .5 Not acceptable:
 - .1 Manufacturer's or brand names on face of units.
 - .2 Wall recessed or semi-recessed Accessories or features. Only surface mount.
 - .3 Stainless Steel, Alumium or any shiny metallic surface difficult to clean.

2.0 PRODUCTS

2.1 Accessories

- .1 <u>Soap dispenser, surface mounted</u>: 1000ml, colour white.
 - **<u>UofO Standard product</u>: "SKU: 9325 UOM EA", by Advantage Itd.**



- .2 <u>Sanitary napkin receptacle, surface mounted</u>: Color white.
 - UofO Standard product: "6140", by Rubbermaid.
- .3 <u>Tissue dispenser standard, surface mounted</u>: Smoke color.
 - UofO Standard products:
 - .1 General: "56TR (double roll)", by Tork.
 - .2 For single washrooms and tight locations: "66TR(single roll)", by Tork.
- .4 <u>Paper towel dispenser, surface mounted</u>: Smoke color. - <u>UofO Standard product</u>: "84TR", by Tork.
- .5 <u>Hand Sanitizer, surface mounted</u>: Foam dispenser, 1200 mL capacity. Color white.
 - UofO Standard product: "Purell FMX", by Wood Wyant Inc.





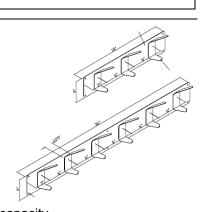




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- .6 <u>Coat Hook strip, 3 or 6 Series</u>: In stainless Steel. - UofO Standard product: "3CH/18-4SS and / or
 - "6CH/36-4SS", by Ridalco Industries Inc.



- .7 <u>*Waste bin*</u>: Container without lid. Up to 10 gallons maximum capacity.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) products:
 - .1 Under counter: "FG295600GRAY", by Rubbermaid.
 - .2 Exposed: "Spectrum Series", by Bush Systems.
- . 8 <u>Individual Hook</u>: In stainless steel with bumper, integral with partition. Single or double head.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) product: "01-9402", by Sunglow.
- .9 *Mirror for disabled:* Tilt model, in stainless Steel.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) product: "B-293 1630", by Bobrick.
- .10 <u>*P.T. hinged offset rail*</u>: In stainless Steel, (810mm x 150mm offset), c/w free standing post (for retrofit projects).
 - Suggested (or equivalent) products:
 - .1 "B-4998(.99 for peened gripping surface)", by Bobrick.
 - .2 "P.T.Rail Floor Mast" by Healthcraft.
- .11 <u>Adult change table, surface mounted</u>:
 - Suggested (or equivalent) product: "Pressalit Care 1000" by Max-Ability.
- .12 *Heavy duty shelf*. In brushed stainless steel, 22 gau, 450mm x 150mm.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) product</u>: "950-18", by Frost.
- .13 <u>Toilet Backrest</u>: In brushed stainless steel tube & 16mm solid plastic laminate Backrest. - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) product</u>: "1028", by Frost.
- .14 *Recycle bin*: Container without lid. Up to 10 gallons maximum capacity.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) product: "H-1859BLU", by Rubbermaid.

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SECTION 10 51 00 - LOCKERS

1.0 GENERAL

.1 Design Criteria and Notes

- .1 Install filler panels above or beside lockers & finished end panels to exposed surfaces of locker banks.
- .2 Shall be sitting on concrete base or steel base if concrete not possible.
- .3 Apply <u>Sealant (07 90 00)</u> at joints between lockers and adjoining surfaces.

2.0 PRODUCTS

2.1 Lockers

- .1 <u>Institutional type lockers</u>: Sizes as necessary, 305 mm (12") wide maximum, in High Density Polyethylene. Single or double tier, space permitted.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) products:
 - .1 As manufactured by Royal Plastic Lockers.
 - .2 As manufactured by Tufftec HDPE Lockers.
- .2 <u>Clean Room type lockers</u>: Similar to <u>Institutional type lockers</u> in Brush Satin vertical grain Finish #4 (Grade 304).
 - Suggested (or equivalent) product: As manufactured by Famous Lockers.

2.2 Prefabricated Benches

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- .1 <u>*Prefabricated benches, wood top*</u> (for general use): Solid maple tops, corners rounded and sanded; with a clear urethane finish, 460mm wide minimum, mounted on prepainted steel pedestals consisting of single diameter tubing.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) product</u>: "20B72-12" by Prefix.
- .2 <u>Prefabricated benches, stainless steel</u> (for clean rooms): Brush Satin vertical grain Finish #4 (Grade 304), solid top; 460mm wide minimum.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) product: "Pedestal Gowning Bench" by Pearce Stainless.

VOLUME III – Division 11 EQUIPMENT

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SECTION 11 13 00 – LOADING DOCK EQUIPMENT & OVERHEAD DOORS

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Extended Warranty

- .1 The following elements shall be guaranteed as follow:
 - .1 *Loading Dock levellers*: 10 year general warranty (all components).
 - .2 <u>Dock bumpers</u>: 2 year performance warranty. 1 year for labour and Materials.
 - .3 *Dock door seals*: 1 year performance warranty. 1 year for labour and Materials.

1.2 Design Criteria and Notes

.1 Coordinate with transport companies for the exact dimensions and locations of the bumpers and seals.

2.0 PRODUCTS

- .1 Loading Dock levellers, Hydraulic:
 - .1 Unless otherwise requested, Dock levellers minimum capacity of moving or rollover live load shall be of 11340 kg (25,000 lb) and static load of 22,680 kg (50,000 lb), to be installed in a dry pit.
 - .2 Pit will be built with full length structural steel "C" channels and "I" beams. Formedsteel moulds are not accepted.
 - .3 Sides of platform will be equipped with protective full range steel sheet plates to provide toe guards for platform in raised position.
 - .4 Deck to be thoroughly thermally insulated, with Weatherseals on all 3, with an easily replaceable flexible part fitted into a steel section welded to the leveller or curb angle.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) product</u>: "RHH 5000", by Rite-Hite.
- .2 <u>Dock Bumpers, High Impact Resistant:</u> Completely enclosed box construction with 12.7 mm (1/2") high-carbon steel face cap, 6 mm (1/4") steel body and rubber slats, 610 mm x 267 mm x 102 mm (24" x 10¹/₂" x 4").
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) product</u>: "Docksaver" by Rite-Hite.
- .3 <u>Dock door Seals:</u> Construct dock shelter seal of 100 mm (4") tapered projection pads, 305 mm to 405 mm x 305 mm (12" 16" x 12") high density polyurethane foam, continuously bonded to 50 mm (2") thick kiln-dried pressurized wood frames and a galvanized steel base, with a non-flammable elastic adhesive, and covered with waterproof high performance " fabric, and one full width touch and hold velcro adjustable split curtain, complete with "wiper" pad.

- <u>Acceptable (or equivalent) product</u>: "S-600" with "S-900 DD Dry Dock" by Serco Corporation.

- .4 <u>Vehicle Restraint system, Wheel chocks, Chains and Signage</u>: Heavy duty industrial grade, to provide a fully functional Loading Dock.
 - Acceptable (or equivalent) product: As manufactured by Serco Corporation.

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- .5 <u>Overhead Dock Doors, motorized</u>: To be industrial grade with heavy duty hardware, rails and integrated visions panels, with the following characteristics:
 - .1 Made of pre-painted galvanised G-60 metal sheet to ASTM A653.
 - .2 Commercial aluminium extrusions 6063 T5.
 - .3 Insulation: foamed in place polyurethane, 2.56 lbs/ft3 (41.0 kg/m3) minimum density to CGSB 51-GP-21M.
 - .4 To be equipped with electric operators, push button control stations, motion detectors, safety edges and utility switches.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) product</u>: "Energex, model Mark III-266 (26ga, steel, R-32)" by Thermostop.

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SECTION 11 14 00 - HOSPITALITY EQUIPMENT

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Design Criteria and Notes

.1 Mounting method shall be ceiling hung (from structure above) application.

3.0 PRODUCTS

- .1 <u>Portable Ceiling lift Device:</u> Lift device composed of aluminium rail, suspension system, rods, straps, and all similar installation features with following characteristics:
 - .1 <u>Operation system</u>: Battery operation. Capacity as recommended by manufacturer.
 - .2 Capacity: 440 lb (200 kg)
 - .3 <u>Noise level</u>: 60.5 dB.
 - .4 <u>Accessories:</u> Trolley Track, Extension strap, Reacher, Portable lift carry bag, Pivoting adaptor, Swivel Trolley, Non-slip feet that provide stability and protection when put on the table.
 - .5 <u>Power Supply:</u> At disconnect switches.
 - <u>U</u> ofO Standard product: "V3 (MAXISKY 440)" by BHM Medical.

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SECTION 12 20 00 - WINDOW TREATMENT

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Design Criteria and Notes

- .1 Secure aluminium components with non-corrosive metal fasteners for installation, concealed in final assembly.
- .2 When installed on multi-mullion windows, any joint between two fabric pieces shall occur only at center line of an intermediate mullion.
- .3 Design brake to stop and hold blinds in any position.
- .4 In general:
 - .1 <u>Motorized Shading Systems</u> to be used in areas that are hard to reach or in rooms where there is a large span of windows where the shades would always have to be drawn up or down at the same time (Classrooms, Laboratories, and similar).
 - .2 <u>Manual Shading Systems</u> to be used in public spaces, with a mechanism that can be controlled by chain but also pulled down manually, as it does not jam if a student pull on the shade.

2.0 PRODUCTS

- .1 <u>Shading Systems, Manual or Motorized</u>: Chain operated and sprocket roller shading system with infinite positioning, or with motor. Fabric in Shade cloths woven of .018 opaque, vinyl coated polyester yarn consisting of approximately 79% vinyl and 21% 500 denier polyester core yarn. Percentage of openness: 3%, 1% and 0%.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) products:</u>
 - .1 "Sheerweave 2410" (3%), "Sheerweave 2500" (1%), "Sheerweave 7500" (0%), as manufactured by SOL-R:
 - .2 Spring Assistant models (for large, high or big units), as manufactured by Sun Project.

SECTION 12 35 00 - LABORATORY FURNITURE

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Extended Warranty

.1 All lab furniture and related accessories shall be guaranteed against all defects in design, Material fabrication and installation for a period of 3 years.

1.2 Design Criteria and Notes

- .1 <u>Criteria</u>: Comply with all standards is this specification, unless more stringent requirements are given herein. Work shall conform also to the following:
 - .1 Safety Guide for Laboratory Operations, Chapter 5.1, Treasury Board Manual, Occupational Safety and Health.
 - .2 Health Canada, Office of Laboratory Security, The Laboratory Bio-Safety Guidelines.
 - .3 ANSI/AIHA Z9.5 American National Standard, Laboratory Ventilation
 - .4 ANSI/NFPA 30 Flammable and Combustible Liquids Code.
 - .5 NFPA 45 Fire Protection for Laboratories Using Chemicals.
 - .6 SEFA-2.3 Installation of Scientific Laboratory Furniture and Equipment, Recommended Practices
 - .7 SEFA-3 Work surfaces
 - .8 SEFA-5.1 Scope of Work
 - .9 SEFA-7 Laboratory and Hospital Fixtures
 - .10 SEFA-8 Laboratory Furniture Casework, Shelving and Tables, Recommended Practices
 - .11 OSHA applicable standards.
 - .12 EEMAC standards.
 - .13 Ontario Electrical Safety Code.
 - .14 CSA C22.1-02 Canadian Electrical Code.
 - .15 "Quality Standards for Architecural WoodWork", for wood casework.
 - .16 AWI and CSA quality standards for finish carpentry and Plywood identification to be by grade mark.
- .2 Notes:
 - .1 An operational HVAC system that maintains temperature and humidity at occupancy levels must be in place. Relative humidity must be between 25% and 55% before product is brought on site.
 - .2 Permissible variation is 1.5 mm in 3 meters (1/16" in 10'-0"). Bolt together casework, in such a way that joints between them shall not be wider than 1 mm (0.04").
 - .3 Integrate existing cabinets into the new furniture (if applicable) and make necessary repairs.
 - .4 Use non-corrosive screws and bolts for concealed fastenings.
 - .5 No oils or waxes are to be used on finished installation.

2.0 PRODUCTS

1.0 General

- .1 The Contractor / Manufacturer shall be a member of SEFA & AWI/AWMAC.
 - UofO standard products: As manufactured by:
 - .1 Bedcolab Inc
- **CIF Lab Solutions**
- .4 Duralab Equipment Corp. ICI
- Mottlab Inc .5 **Fisher-Hamilton**
 - Symbiote Inc.
- 2.2 Countertops, Tabletop (work surfaces) & Shelves

.3

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- .1 General:
 - .1 Tops shall be fabricated in as long a length as possible to minimize the number of joints. All joints shall be butt type and factory fitted to provide proper alignment on site.

.2

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- .2 Exposed edges and Laboratory Sink (22 42 01) openings surfaces shall be finished in same manner as specified for working surface of countertop material and faces shall have a drip groove on the underside.
- 2 Countertops - Plastic Laminate Facing with Resistance to Acid:
 - To be fabricated from wood panel particleboard 28.6 mm (1-1/8") thick overall, with .1 chamfered edges, covered with plastic laminate with Acid resistance or with High resistance to acids, 1.2 mm (0.047") thick material on the exposed / open / underneath faces.
 - .2 Splash backs of the same material shall be part of the counter, with a 3 mm (1/8") pencil radius at the intersection of counter. Lateral splashbacks shall be fixed mechanically to the counter and joints sealed.
 - Solid PVC finishing edge strip 3mm shall be applied by electro-pressure to the .3 exposed edges of the countertop.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) products:
 - "Arborite flex 4", finish "CA" or "Diamond", by Arborite. .1
 - .2 "Chemtop", finish "58" or "42", by Formica.
 - .3 "Panelab" by Panelyte
 - Suggested (or equivalent) products for High Acid resistant plastic Laminate:
 - "Arbochem", finish "MT" or "qm", by arborite. .1
 - .2 "Laboratory grade 840/LGP", black colour, finish "58" or "42", by Formica.
- .3 Countertops - Solid Phenolic Resin (Solid plastic Laminate) – Acid resistant:
 - Shall be 25 mm (1") overall thickness or more, with chamfered edges. .1
 - .2 Splashbacks of the same material shall be mechanically fastened to the counter and the resultant joints shall be sealed.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) products:
 - "Arborite laboratory grade solid phenolic core", finish "CA" or "Diamond", .1 by Arborite.

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- .2 "Laboratory grade 840/LGP Thick stock", black colour, finish "58" or "42", by Formica.
- .3 "Trespa TopLab Plus" by Total Lab solutions.
- .4 "Chemical resistant SPC" by Durcon.
- .4 <u>Countertops Epoxy Resin Acid and Heat Resistant:</u>
 - .1 Moulded, homogeneous, 100% modified epoxy resin boards, completely cured in processing, with at least 1.25 mm (0.05") thick (dry film) coating, very smooth finish, non-glazing, non-reflecting, without surface defects.
 - .2 Of 25 mm (1") overall thickness or more, with bevelled edges, and with 32 mm (1¹/₄") marine edges in fume hoods, extremities rounded 6.4 mm.
 - .3 Joints shall be welded with identical material.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) product</u>: As manufactured by Chemtops.
- .5 <u>Countertops Stainless Steel:</u>
 - .1 Shall be of 1.5 mm (16 ga) with closed edges and reinforced with 1.5 mm (16 ga) thick hat-shaped channels spaced 400 mm (16") o.c. maximum, and welded to the underside to avoid twisting or buckling with sound deadening. With integral splashbacks, and milled to match the Stainless Steel counter tops, with a cove, at the junction with the countertop and shall have a total thickness of 19 mm (³/₄").
 - .2 The front edges and all other exposed or open ends of such tops shall have a raised rim or marine edge 25 mm (1") wide. From the extreme inward edge of the rim, a slope downwards of 30o shall be provided with a vertical drop of 6 mm (1/4"). Exposed edge shall be of 25 mm (1") total height.

2.3 Casework

2.3.1 General

- .1 <u>Units</u>: Shall be interchangeable, rigid and self-supporting.
- .2 <u>Suspended Cabinets or on Casters:</u>
 - .1 To be provided with steel hanging rails to match correspondent Framing system.
 - .2 To be provided with finished backs and bottoms made of similar materials.
 - .3 Suspended cabinets shall have dust cover to enclose the top, made of similar materials, and units on Casters shall have a finished countertop surface, with similar construction as the fixed countertops.
 - .4 Depending on the number, shall be provided with 2 cabinet transfer carts that will allow for installation, removal and relocation of suspended cabinets without tools or removal of contents of cabinets.
- .3 Additional notes for Stainless Steel units
 - .1 Shall be of similar construction to that of Prepainted Steel furniture.
 - .2 All base cabinets and other furniture, including those with drawers and with sinks, shall be sealed units.
 - .3 Joints in exposed Stainless Steel cabinet surfaces shall be ground and polished to the same finish as the rest of the surfaces. All Stainless Steel nuts, screws, bolts,

rivets, etc., shall be of the same type stainless as in the sheet material.

.4 All Stainless Steel welding material shall be of type similar to the sheet material, by the argon arc process. To be continuous, crevice-free, ground and polished to the original finish of the surface. Fillers, solders or spot welding will not be permitted.

2.3.2 Base cabinets, wall cabinets or floor cabinets

- .1 <u>Units in Prepainted Steel or Stainless Steel:</u>
 - .1 Casework:
 - .1 Each unit shall be a completely welded structure. Under hood base cabinets must be capable of supporting the weight of the fume hoods and their contents.
 - .2 All metal surfaces shall be isolated from direct contact with dissimilar metals, concrete and masonry.
 - .3 No exposed horizontal structural cabinet members between doors and drawers shall be accepted.
 - .2 Internal shelves:
 - .1 Shelves shall be mild Steel of similar finish to the cabinets, with edges turned down on all four (4) sides 19 mm and shall return under on the front and back 16 mm (5/8"). Shelves shall be adjustable on 16 mm (5/8") increments and shall be full depth and width of interior. A minimum of four (4) zinc plated shelf clips per shelf shall be provided.
 - .3 Doors:
 - .1 Hinged doors shall be double-wall telescoping construction 19 mm (3/4") thick, with front panel and inner liner formed on four sides. All interior surfaces shall be painted before assembly. Doors shall be sound-deadened on interior.
 - .2 Sliding doors:
 - .1 To be easily removable, without having to remove shelving, and bumpered.
 - .2 Frameless sliding Glass doors shall be with "H" shaped extruded aluminum shoes fixed to and running the full width of door bottom.
 - .3 Sliding doors, with or without glazing, shall have a hollow metal frame 19 mm x 32 mm. same finish as adjacent.

.4 Drawers:

- .1 Drawer bodies shall be reinforced and spot-welded to the inner drawer front and back panel. Fronts shall be 19 mm (3/4") double pan construction sound deadened, consisting of two telescoping metal panels (painted inside and out). All interior surfaces shall be painted before assembly.
- .5 <u>Basic thicknesses</u>: In general, metal used in the construction of cases shall be of the <u>following minimum gauges</u>:
 - .1 Front support rail: 3 mm.

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- .2 Case ends, bottoms, tops, vertical posts, uprights, filler panels, shelves, door panels, glazed door frames and top rear corner gussets, back rails, intermediate horizontal rails: 1.2 mm (18 gauge / 0.048").
- .3 Exposed case tops, drawer suspensions, door and case hinge and front corner reinforcement, and levelling device brackets: 1.5 mm (16 gauge / 0.059").
- .4 Drawer bodies and cabinet backs: 0.91 mm (20 gauge / 0.036").

.2 <u>Units in wood:</u>

- .1 <u>Casework</u>:
 - .1 Wood Core Material shall be in Medium density fibreboard (MDF) of 700-745 kg/m3 density, minimum grade 130, FSC certified, minimum 75% recycled material content, free of added formaldehyde. <u>Finish to be one (or a combination) of the following:</u>
 - .1 <u>Catalysed Vinyl Finish:</u> Color to be selected from the manufacturer standard.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) products: As manufactured by CIF
 - .2 <u>Wood Veneer Facing</u> with <u>Catalysed Vinyl Finish</u>: 0.508 mm (0.02") thick rift cut, Book match pattern, clear Vinyl finish or stained, in Grade AA (with modifications to grade), White Maple (Plain Sliced), Grade A Birch (Rotary cut), European Steamed Beech (Plain Sliced) or Cherry (Plain sliced).
 - .3 <u>Thermally Fused Melamine (TFM)</u>: High wear resistant Resin Impregnated decorative sheet thermally fused to both faces of wood core. Colour to be selected by Consultants.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) products</u>: Flakeboard Thermally Fused Melamine
 - .4 <u>*Plastic Laminate Facing with Resistance to Acid*</u>: Similar to material used for Countertops.
 - .5 <u>*Plastic Laminate Facing*</u>: Plastic laminate sheet: regular grade (GPR), 1.15 mm (0.045") thick, colour as per Consultant's choice.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) products</u>: As manufactured by:
 - .1 Arborite .2 Abet Laminati
 - .3 Wilsonart .4 Formica
 - .2 Edging shall be in 3mm solid PVC for <u>*Plastic Laminate Facing*</u>, <u>Catalysed</u> <u>*Vinyl*, <u>*TFM*</u> units, or Solid wood, same type for <u>*Wood veneer Facing*</u> units.</u>
 - .3 All Cabinet work shall be Full Flush overlay Modular Construction, factory assembled, using dowel construction. <u>Overall thickness shall be as follow</u>:
 - .1 Sides: 19mm with 1mm solid edging on 4 edges

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- .2 Back: 19mm
- .3 Bottom: 19mm with 1mm solid edging
- .4 Floor mounted cabinets to have an integral fir waterproof veneer core base.

.2 Internal shelves:

.1 Refer to *Exposed Shelving* articles.

.3 <u>Doors:</u>

- .1 <u>Swinging</u>:
 - .1 In <u>Wood Veneer Facing</u>, <u>Catalysed Vinyl</u>, <u>TFM</u> or <u>Plastic Laminate</u> <u>Facing</u>, with a MDF core, or as indicated of same construction, thickness and finishes as Casework, and 3mm similar solid edging on perimeter.
- .2 <u>Sliding</u>:
 - .1 Shall be easily removable, without having to remove shelving.
 - .2 Sliding doors, with or without glazing, shall have a wood frame, same composition as casework frame 19 mm x 32 mm. Or, Frameless sliding Glass doors shall be with ground, polished edges and door pull.

.4 Drawers:

- .1 <u>Faces:</u> In <u>Wood Veneer Facing</u>, <u>Catalysed Vinyl</u>, <u>TFM</u> or <u>Plastic Laminate</u> <u>Facing</u>, with a MDF core, thickness and finishes as Casework, and 3mm similar solid edging on perimeter.
- .2 <u>System</u>: Shall be in <u>Plastic Laminate Facing</u> with MDF core, Fully dovetailed drawer box, with 12mm <u>TFM</u> bottoms, or in <u>Prepainted Steel</u>.

2.3.3 System & Frame assemblies

- .1 Fixed Countertop Units:
 - .1 <u>Post or Open Leg frame assembly, in Prepainted Steel or Stainless Steel</u>:Consisting of special tubular frame system (50mm x 50 mm approx.) with prolonged posts (uprights) for shelf support, with hangers to accommodate <u>Suspended Cabinets</u>, with the <u>following minimum gauges:</u>
 - .1 Leg frames, uprights and ddifferent supports and connections: 2 mm (14 ga).
 - .2 Front and rear cabinet hangar rails: 2.7mm (12ga).
 - .3 Toe kick Plate: 1.5mm (16ga).
 - .4 Modesty panels (if applicable): 1.2 mm (18 ga).
 - .5 Wall and Isle Pilasters: 1.5mm (16ga), double slotted.
 - .2 <u>Service panels in Prepainted Steel or Stainless Steel</u>: To be flanged on all four sides and reinforced, 1.2 mm (18 ga) thick. Completely or partially removable, without the use of tools and shall be bumpered to prevent rattling. To be part of the removable or on caster base cabinets. To be also provided for base cabinets in peninsular or split island benches, with or without electrical outlets.

- .3 <u>Aprons for knee space, in Prepainted Steel or Stainless Steel</u>: Unless otherwise noted, aprons, with or without drawers, to be 64 mm high maximum, to match adjacent units in material, design and finish.
- .4 <u>Gable legs:</u> Unless otherwise noted, shall be with same composition as the <u>Casework</u>. To be provided for exposed end <u>Aprons</u>.
- .5 <u>Suspended Base Cabinets</u>: Modular and interchangeable.
- .6 *Floor-mount Base Cabinets*: Modular, with continuous base.
- <u>Suggested (or equivalent) products:</u>
 - .1 "Chorus" by Bedcolab In.
 - .2 "Sigma Flex" by MottLab Inc.
- .2 <u>Mobile Countertop Units</u>:
 - .1 Similar to *Fixed Countertop Units*, with adjustable legs or pads, and upper Sleeves for shelves and *Suspended cabinets*, serviced by the ceiling, with integrates services.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) products:</u>
 - .1 "Symphony" by Bedcolab In.
 - .2 "Sigma Carts" by MottLab Inc.
 - .3 "Ascent Series Tables" by CIF Lab Solutions
- .3 Upper Units:
 - .1 <u>Wall-mount Brackets in Prepainted Steel or Stainless Steel</u>: Consisting of special adjustable tubular frame system (13mm x 50mm approx.) for shelf support, wall-mount cabinets, with hangers to accommodate wall-mount Cabinets, 2 mm (14 ga).
 - .2 <u>Wall-Mount Cabinets</u>: Adjustable heights, mount on <u>Wall-mount Brackets</u>, or on <u>Post</u> <u>or Open Leg frame</u>, with <u>Sliding doors</u>.

2.3.4 Exposed shelving

- .1 <u>Reagent shelving</u>:
 - .1 Reagent shelves shall be of <u>*Plastic Laminate*</u>, provided with a 3mm solid PVC edges, or in <u>*Epoxy Resin*</u>, thickness and finishes as <u>*Countertops*</u>. Underside to be finished to match top, provided with Stainless Steel edges and trims.
 - .2 Vertical Supports shall be of the same material, 32 mm (1¹/₄") thick.
- .2 <u>Exposed adjustable shelving</u>:
 - .1 In <u>Wood Veneer Facing</u>, <u>Catalysed Vinyl</u>, <u>TFM</u> or <u>Plastic Laminate Facing</u>, with a MDF core. Shall be of same construction, thickness and finishes as <u>Casework</u> (19mm min.), and 3mm similar solid edging on perimeter. Shelves exceeding 914mm shall have 25mm thickness min.

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- .2 In *Epoxy Resin*, or *Solid Phenolic Resin*: Underside to be finished to match top, provided with Stainless Steel edges and trims. Thickness, finishes and compositions as described for Countertops.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) product: "Vario system" by CIF.
- .3 <u>Adjustable Prepainted Steel or Stainless shelving</u>: Shall be of similar construction and finishes as the cabinets, reinforced, to avoid deflection, supported on the slotted tubular Steel uprights.

2.3.5 Cabinets for Storage of Chemical Products

- .1 <u>Cabinets for Corrosive (Acids and Bases) Storage</u>: Shall be enamelled Prepainted Steel or wood finish, except the whole of the interior shall be lined with 6 mm (¼") thick chemical-resistant panel liners, with Stainless Steel drainage basins, on the shelf and on the cabinet floor, with a 2" rim all around.
- .2 <u>Base Cabinets, for Flammable (Solvent) Storage</u>: Cabinets shall be of the same construction and appearance as the corrosive storage cabinets. Cabinets shall also comply with NFPA's flammable and combustible liquids Code 30, and have ULC or Factory Mutual approvals and/or certification, lockable.
- .3 Also, refer to **ORM**'s related Guidelines for any additional requirements.

2.4 Cabinet Hardware

- .1 <u>Nuts, bolts and washers</u>: Shall be Stainless Steel.
- .2 <u>Drawer and door pulls</u>: Shall be recess mounted and shall be 100 mm (4") extruded anodized aluminum for baked enamel furniture, Stainless Steel for Stainless Steel furniture, and Nickel plated for wood furniture.
- .3 Door hinges:
 - .1 <u>For Metal furniture:</u> 5 knuckle, removable, institutional type, semi-concealed, with unequal wings, Stainless Steel. Hinges shall be attached to doors and case with cadmium plated flathead machine screws.
 - .2 <u>For wood furniture</u>: 3 knuckle, self-Closing type, Nickel-plated finish, casework hinges with mounting plates to provide overlay and height adjustment. minimum 170 deg.
 - .3 <u>Quantity:</u> Provide 3 hinges for doors 800 mm to 1300 mm high. 4 hinges for doors 1300 mm to 1800 mm high, and 5 hinges for doors 1800 mm to 2400 mm high.
- .4 <u>Adjustable shelf supports:</u>
 - .1 <u>For Internal Steel Shelves:</u> Seismic type, shall be cadmium or chrome plated Steel for cabinets with baked enamel finish, and Stainless Steel for cabinets in Stainless Steel, or shall be gloss nickel finish, as recommended by Lab Manufacturer.
 - .2 <u>For Internal Wood Shelves</u>: Seismic type, Double Pin Polycarbonate locking shelf clip.

.3 <u>For External shelves assemblies</u>: Seismic type, Gables shall be 16ga with mounting pins, with finish to match supporting system leg frames or brackets.

2.5 General Accessories

- .1 Drying Racks:
 - .1 <u>Drying Racks in Solid Phenolic Resin (Solid plastic Laminate)</u>: To be with a wall hanger bracket, and Pegs of 10 mm x 125 mm (3/8" x 5"). Pegs shall not be bonded into board, but shall be held securely by mechanical design, with horizontal trough at bottom of rack to catch drips, pitched to drain directly into sinks, in Stainless Steel, c/w drain basket accessories.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) product</u>: As manufactured by InterDyne Systems.
 - .2 <u>Drying Racks in Stainless Steel</u>: To be with a wall hanger bracket and integral drip through. Pegs shall be 12 mm x 150 mm (1/2" x 6"), with interchangeable bases with horizontal trough at bottom of rack to catch drips, pitched to drain directly into sinks, c/w drain basket accessories.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) product: As manufactured by InterDyne Systems.

2.6 Service Chases and Air Returns

- .1 <u>Service Chases and Air Returns in Prepainted Steel or Stainless Steel:</u>
 - .1 To have at least 1.5 mm (0.059") thick with reinforcing and accessories as necessary, with Stainless Steel bases (sleeves) and access panels and be easily demountable to allow access to the services.
 - .2 <u>Ceiling Service Tiles</u>: In Powder coated steel, fits acoustical tile size (610mm x 610mm or 1220mm), providing connection to gas services, electric and data from the ceiling to your flexible workstation solutions configured below.

Note: Refer to Mechanical & Electrical sections for more details.

- <u>Suggested (or equivalent) product</u>: As manufactured by CIF.

2.7 Support frames for mechanical services

- .1 <u>Mechanical support frame in Steel:</u>
 - .1 To be of adequate thickness, of cold rolled Galvanized or Prepainted Steel box channel Construction, spaced a maximum of 1220 mm (48") o.c. at all standard wall benches, for service piping.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) product: As manufactured by Unistrut.

2.8 Plumbing Service & Fixtures & Fume Hoods

.1 Refer to Mechanical section for more details.

2.09 Electrical Accessories

.1 Refer to Electrical section for more details.

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2.10 Finishes

- .1 <u>Wood Veneer Facing Catalysed Vinyl, TFM or Plastic Laminate Facing:</u> (As indicated).
- .2 <u>Stainless Steel elements</u>: Unless otherwise indicated:
 - .1 To be in Polished Finish #2B (Grade 316L) for the <u>*Countertops, Sinks, Cup sinks*</u> and Electrical <u>*Monument boxes*</u>.
 - .2 To be in Brush Satin vertical grain finish #4 (Grade 304) for all other elements.
- .3 <u>Prepainted Steel elements</u>: Finish shall be a high-grade laboratory furniture quality, chemically resistant polyester baked enamel, baked in a controlled high heat. Surfaces exposed to view (interior or exterior) shall receive one coat pigmented primer applied over carefully sanded surfaces followed by two coats of enamel. Surfaces not exposed to view shall have one coat of primer and one of enamel. Completed finish shall be highly resistant to acids, alkalis, salts and solvents.

SECTION 12 48 00 – FOOT GRILLES

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Design Criteria and Notes

- .1 The grilles shall withstand a force of 4.300 kN (966 lb/ft2) or 2.260 kN (508 lb/ft2), at a maximum span of 610 mm (2'- 0"), with a deflection not exceeding 1/190th of the span.
- .2 Grille assemblies to pass successfully salt fog test at 1000 hours as per ASTM B117.
- .3 Foot grilles drainage basin to be coated with an <u>Elastomeric Waterproofing Membrane (07 10</u> <u>00)</u>, or <u>Cementitious Waterproofing (07 10 00)</u>. For special cases, and upon Facilities' approval, a recessed Drainage Pans with bituminous coating can be provided only if poured within the concrete. <u>Aluminized Polyurethane Coating Waterproofing Membrane (07 10 00)</u> may also be applied over existing Drainage Pans.

1.0 PRODUCTS

- .1 <u>Foot Grilles</u> (over Drainage Pans): In Aluminum extrusions, with Self-cleaning grilles, anti-slip, with 1.05 coefficient of friction, and concealed supports. Sections to be mounted on hidden stainless steel hinges and have stainless steel lock notches and lifting hooks, with flush mounted inverted "T" frame, supplied with anchoring hooks and Sound gaskets, factory installed. Including:
 - .1 <u>Drainage Pan:</u> In Aluminium 1.52 mm (16 ga) with 2 coats of bituminous paint on all surfaces in contact with the concrete, or Stainless Steel Polished finish #2b (Grade 316) as per AISI specifications.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) products:</u>
 - .1 One-Directional Pattern: "C040" of "Design Line", with "VV" frame and "GB-46" lock, by Grillage Bolar Canada Inc.
 - .2 Two-Directional Pattern: "BSA-1", with "TT" frame, by Grillage Bolar Canada Inc.
- .2 <u>Foot Plank Grilles</u> (without Drainage Pans): Patented Aluminum click-in profile system, combined with synthetic carpet, 11 mm thick closed construction, with transition and or edge pieces. Surface-Mount or Recessed.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) product: "OBEX Bar", by Millken Inc.

SECTION 12 50 00 - FURNITURE AND ACCESSORIES SYSTEMS

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Extended Warranty

.1 Furniture shall be guaranteed to perform without defect for a period of 10 years.

1.2 Design Criteria and Notes

.1 For full information, refer to Furniture Standards document on **UofO** web site.

2.0 PRODUCTS

2.1 Seats

- .1 <u>Seats with retractable tablet</u>: With the following characteristics:
 - .1 <u>Load Criteria</u>: Seats shall be designed at minimum to withstand the following loads in addition to their own weight:
 - .1 <u>Seat:</u> Shall wisthand an evenly distributed static load of 275lb.
 - .2 <u>Seat back:</u> Shall withstand an evenly distributed front or rear static load 275lb.
 - .3 <u>Retractable tablet:</u> Shall wisthand an evenly distributed static load of 150lb.
 - .2 <u>Seats</u>:
 - .1 <u>Backrest</u>: Shall be fabricated to accommodate a range of seat spacing from 19" 24" on center. Shall fit a riser of 37 inches in depth.
 - .2 <u>Armrest</u>: To be located on each seat side and shared between seats.
 - .3 <u>End Panels</u>: Plastic or metal end panels shall be included at the end of each row to conceal seat structure.
 - .4 <u>Seat numbers:</u> Seat numbers shall be recessed on the front of the seat shroud and be numbered in a clear and visible manner.
 - .5 <u>Fabric:</u> Shall be polyester and meet or exceed performance guidelines outlined by the Association for Contract Textiles for Heavy Duty Upholstery.
 - .3 <u>Retractable tablet</u>:
 - .1 Shall be self-storing underneath or between seats without interfering with the seat, in one single motion and have anti-panic release movement.
 - .2 Writing surface shall be minimum 18mm thick Birch plywood core c/w highpressure laminate on face and High pressure laminate backer sheet or phenolic polyurethane board. Dimensions shall be minimum 13 $\frac{1}{4}$ " wide by 10 $\frac{1}{2}$ " deep (159 sq. in) and capable of supporting a laptop computer.
 - .4 <u>Power</u>:
 - .1 Lights shall be installed on every seat edge adjacent to circulation isles.
 - .2 Refer to Elect. For other information.
 - .5 <u>Finish</u>: As per Consultant's choice.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) products:
 - .1 "Concerto" Auditorium Seating" by KI.

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2.2 Tables

- .1 *Fixed or mobile tables systems*: With the following characteristics:
 - .1 <u>Tabletop</u>: Continuous in <u>Abuse-resistant plastic laminate</u> <u>sheet (06 10 00)</u>, continuous no less than 1-3/8" finished thickness with ¼" radiuses corners.
 - .2 <u>Edges</u>: Extruded "T" vinyl moulding or 3mm PVC edging, colour to be selected by consultant.
 - .3 <u>Modesty Panels</u>: 305mm high and continuous, finished to match Tabletops.
 - .4 <u>Upholstery:</u> Not required.
 - .5 <u>Power:</u> Refer to Elect.
 - .6 <u>Finish</u>: As per Consultant's choice.
 - .7 <u>Design</u>: Refer to Furniture Standards document on **UofO** web site.
 - UofO Standard Product: As supplied by CMG Office interiors.

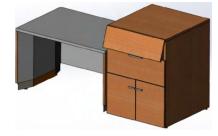
2.3 Podium Desks

- .1 <u>Podium Desk</u>: Made up of one fixed unit and one height adjustable unit. To be secured to the floor and be modified on Site to accommodate 2 D-boxes and Motor cut-out. To relocate ventilation openings and grills to opposite side of the unit, with the <u>following characteristics</u>:
 - .1 <u>High pressure laminate</u>: Teknion foundation laminate.
 - .2 <u>Low pressure laminate</u>: Teknion source laminate.
 - .3 <u>Metal</u>: Teknion mica.
 - .4 <u>Power</u>: Refer to Elect.
 - .6 <u>Finish</u>: As per Consultant's choice.
 - .7 <u>Design</u>: Refer to Furniture Standards document on **UofO** web site.
 - UofO Standard Product: As supplied by CMG Office interiors.

2.4 Accessible Tables

- .1 <u>Accessible Table, Adjustable & Motorized:</u> Floor mounted height adjustable tables for barrier free access w/ modesty panel and electrical sphere, with the <u>following characteristics</u>:
 - .1 <u>Table base:</u> T-shape metal height adjustable legs to be anchored to floor. Anchoring bolts to be finished to match table legs or concealed with a screw cap. leg to be installed on centreline of short side of table top.
 - .2 <u>Table top:</u> 25.4" thick core c/w high pressure laminate on all exposed surfaces and 3mm thick PVC edge, to match surface.
 - .3 <u>Modesty panel:</u> Embossed metal to run full length of table.
 - .4 <u>Height adjustments:</u> Electric control height adjustment at front of table c/w manual override mechanism. Table height to range between 750mm and 100mm.
 - .5 <u>Power</u>: Refer to Elect.







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- .6 <u>Finish</u>: As per Consultant's choice.
- .7 <u>Design</u>: Refer to Furniture Standards document on **UofO** web site.
- <u>Suggested (or equivalent) product</u>: As supplied by CMG Office interiors.

2.5 Accessories

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.1 <u>*Clock*</u>: Digital, wall-mount, connected to the existing IT network, synchronized via Ethernet.



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VOLUME III – Division 14 CONVEYING SYSTEMS

SECTION 14 20 00 - ELEVATORS

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Extended Warranty

.1 All proper functioning of the elevators, including the doors, the accessory equipment and all hardware shall be guaranteed against all defects, Material fabrication and installation for a period of 2 years.

1.2 Design Criteria and Notes

- .1 <u>Performance</u>:
 - .1 Operate Elevators with smooth acceleration and provide a comfortable and agreeable ride to the passengers.
 - .2 Adjust typical acceleration rate to 0.92 g. Provide car speed to within 10% of 0.15m/s in both directions.
 - .3 Provide adjustable dwell times and independent dwell settings for car and hall calls.
 - .4 Set door detector interrupt and nudging time to 20 seconds.
 - .5 Adjust door opening and closing times to suit handicapped users.
 - .6 Door noise level increase above ambient shall not exceed 6 dBa, as measured inside the elevator cab during a full door cycle;
 - .7 Car running noise level increase above ambient shall not exceed 4 dBa, as measured inside the elevator cab when travelling bottom to top of the hoistway;
 - .8 Machine room noise level will not exceed 75 dBa, as measured when the elevator is running in either direction.

.2 <u>Systems</u>:

- .1 Provide machine within minimum 85% efficiency.
- .2 Install machine on high performance insulating pads.
- .3 Drive System:
 - .1 The compatibility of the drive and motor shall have been tested successfully on five other comparable installations.
 - .2 The unit response shall be instantaneous and noiseless.
 - .3 Provide filters to limit electrical noises to 5 percent of nominal signal.
 - .4 Mount all drive components on insulating pads so that any vibration is not transmitted to the building structure.

.4 <u>Position Transducer</u>:

- .1 Provide a device to transmit position of the car to the controller.
- .2 Install automatic levelling device for smooth deceleration at floor in both directions.
- .3 Provide on top of the car, a position reader to count number of tape perforations.
- .4 Ensure position readings every floor as a minimum.
- .5 Stroboscopic and dual tachometers devices are permitted.
- .6 Do not use stepper switches.

- .5 <u>Notes</u>:
 - .1 Elevator design must meet ASME A17.1/CSA-B44, OBC, OFC and TSSA codes.
 - .2 All buttons and signage are to meet the needs of visually impaired and mobile impaired users, and to be vandal proof.
 - .3 Elevators are to come with moving blankets.
 - .4 Provide a clear cab interior height of 2743 mm (9'-0") to the underside of the fixed ceiling.
 - .5 Paint all non-machined metal surfaces.
- .6 <u>Finishes</u>: Refer to **"VOLUME I P. Finish Schedule**" for relevant information.
- .7 <u>Control Panel</u>:
 - .1 To be bilingual, French first.
 - .2 To include braille.
 - .3 Level numbering to reflect the way it is on plans: Using numbers to indicate levels (no use of "lobby" or "ground", etc).

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SECTION 22 00 00 – GENERAL WORKS

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Design Criteria and Notes

- .1 <u>Pumps</u>:
 - .1 Avoid the use of flexible rubber connectors.
 - .2 Pumps should be direct drive where possible.
 - .3 Provide gauges/gauge ports across pumps.
 - .4 Provide a strainer strainers upstream of the pumps, complete with isolating and drain valves.
 - .5 Pumps with motors greater than 1Hp to be considered for Variable Speed Drives.
- .2 <u>Valves</u>:
 - .1 Ball valves in sizes 1½ through 6" (40 mm through 150 mm) to be designed for minimum 125 psig (WOG) bubble-tight working pressures. Valve seals shall be designed for 450°F (232°C) maximum temperature.
 - .2 All butterfly valves 6" through 12" (150 mm through 300 mm) to have manual gear operators. Valve bodies shall be of one-piece design, zinc electroplated in accordance with ASTM A-164, and cast of ductile iron conforming to ASTM A-536 or malleable iron conforming to ASTM A-47. Valve discs to be of ductile iron conforming to ASTM A-536, 65-45-12 and plated with nickel chromium. Valve operator hubs to be cast of malleable iron conforming to ASTM A-47. Infinitely variable, extending lever handles shall be electroplated carbon steel.

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SECTION 22 42 01 – PLUMBING FIXTURES

1.0 GENERAL

1.2 Design Criteria and Notes

.1 Low voltage transformers shall be located in an accessible space, hardwired to electrical circuit, plug-in transformer is not recommended for public space.

2.0 PRODUCTS

2.1 Water Closets

- .1 *Water Closet*: With the following characteristics:
 - .1 High efficiency, Low consumption.
 - .2 Operating in a range of 4.2Lpf to 6.0 Lpf (1.1 gpf to 1.6 gpf).
 - .3 Wall hung.
 - .4 Vitreous china.
 - .5 Elongated bowl.
 - .6 Antimicrobial surface.
 - .7 Direct-fed siphon jet action.
 - .8 Top inlet spud (1-1/2" diam.) (Back spud conceal application- is not acceptable).
 - .9 Color: White.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Product: "3351.101" by American Standard.
- .2 Manual lever operated Water Closet Flush Valve: With the following characteristics:
 - .1 Exposed flush valve with manual lever.
 - .2 High efficiency (1.28gpf/4.8Lpf).
 - .3 Chloramine resistant diaphragm.
 - .4 Brass construction with Polished chrome plated finish.
 - .5 1" IPS Screwdriver Back-check angle stop.
 - .6 Vandal resistant stop cap.
 - .7 Chrome plated vacuum breaker tube.
 - .8 Spud coupling and flange for 1-1/2" top spud.
 - .9 Trap primer connection to flush valve shall be considered where new floor drain is required.
 - .10 ADA & ASSE1037 compliant.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Products:</u>
 - .1 "111-1.28" by SLOAN (Manual Lever).
 - .2 "81T201-48", by DELTA (Manual Lever).
- .2 <u>Sensor activated Water Closet Flush valve</u>: With the following characteristics:
 - .1 Exposed hardwired flush valve with integral solenoid (concealed flush valve is not allowed).
 - .2 High efficiency (1.28gpf/4.8Lpf).
 - .3 Brass construction with polished chrome plated finish.

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- .4 Chloramine resistant diaphragm.
- .5 1" IPS Screwdriver Back-check angle stop.
- .6 Vandal resistant stop cap.
- .7 Chrome plated vacuum breaker tube (concealed vacuum breaker is not allowed).
- .8 Spud coupling and flange for 1-1/2" top spud.
- .9 Chrome plated wire covering tube.
- .10 Hardwired infrared sensor, to be recessed in wall.
- .11 Valve top mounted infrared sensor also acceptable.
- .12 Sensor range shall be field adjustable.
- .13 Electronic manual override button or true mechanical override.
- .14 Vandal resistant chrome plated or stainless steel cover plates with vandal resistant screws (cover plates using hidden/invisible fastener such as set crews are not acceptable).
- .15 Trap primer connection to flush valve shall be considered where new floor drain is required.
- .16 ADA & ASSE1037 compliant.
- Suggested (or equivalent) Products:
 - .1 "111-1.28 ES-S Optima" by SLOAN or (Wall Mounted Sensor with Override Button).
 - .2 "81T201-48-WMSHWA" by DELTA (Wall Mounted Sensor with Override Button).
 - .3 "81T201-48-HWA" by DELTA (Valve Top Mounted Sensor with Override Button).
- .4 *Water Closet Seat*: With the following characteristics:
 - .1 Commercial high strength impact resistant thermoplastic.
 - .2 Heavy duty.
 - .3 Corrosion free hardware.
 - .4 Open front elongated bowl seat, without cover.
 - .5 Stainless steel check hinges, nuts and lock washers.
 - .6 Withstanding strong chemicals.
 - .7 Color: Black.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Product: "500STSCC" by Centoco.

2.2 Urinals

- .1 <u>Urinals</u>: With the following characteristics:
 - .1 Washout wall hung urinal with integral extended shields.
 - .2 Ultra-High efficiency, Low consumption.
 - .3 Operating in a range of 0.5 Lpf to 3.8 Lpf (0.125 gpf to 1.0 gpf).
 - .4 Vitreous china.
 - .5 Top inlet spud (3/4" diam.) (Back spud conceal application is not acceptable).
 - .6 Color: White.
 - .7 ADA Compliant.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Products:</u>

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- .1 "6590.001" by American Standard.
- .2 "Z5758", by ZURN.
- .2 <u>Manual lever operated Urinal flush valve</u>: With the following characteristics:
 - .1 Exposed flush valve with manual lever.
 - .2 High efficiency (0.125 gpf/0.5 Lpf).
 - .3 Chloramine resistant diaphragm.
 - .4 Brass construction with Polished chrome plated finish.
 - .5 3/4" IPS Screwdriver Back-check angle stop.
 - .6 Vandal resistant stop cap.
 - .7 Chrome plated vacuum breaker tube.
 - .8 Spud coupling and flange for ³/₄" top spud.
 - .9 Trap primer connection to flush valve shall be considered where new floor drain is required.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Products</u>:
 - .1 "186-0.125 DBP" by SLOAN (Manual Lever)
 - .2 "81T231-05", by DELTA (Manual Lever)
- .3 <u>Sensor activated Urinal flush valve</u>: With the following characteristics:
 - .1 Exposed hardwired flush valve with integral solenoid (concealed flush valve is not allowed).
 - .2 High efficiency (0.125 gpf/0.5 Lpf).
 - .3 Brass construction with Polished chrome plated finish.
 - .4 Chloramine resistant diaphragm.
 - .5 3/4" IPS Screwdriver Back-check angle stop.
 - .6 Vandal resistant stop cap.
 - .7 Chrome plated Vacuum breaker tube (concealed vacuum breaker is not allowed).
 - .8 Spud coupling and flange for 3/4" top spud.
 - .9 Chrome plated wire covering tube.
 - .10 Hardwired infrared sensor, to be recessed in wall.
 - .11 Valve top mounted infrared sensor is also acceptable.
 - .12 Sensor range shall be field adjustable.
 - .13 No manual override button for urinals.
 - .14 Vandal resistant chrome plated or stainless steel cover plates with vandal resistant screws (cover plates using hidden/invisible fastener such as set crews are not acceptable).
 - .15 Trap primer connection to flush valve shall be considered where new floor drain is required.
 - .16 ADA & ASSE1037 compliant.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Products:</u>
 - .1 "186-0.125 DBP ESS Optima" by SLOAN or (Wall Mounted Sensor).
 - .2 "81T231-05-WMSHWA" by DELTA (Wall Mounted Sensor).

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.3 "81T231HWA-05" by DELTA (Valve Top Mounted Sensor).

2.3 General Lavatories & Sinks

- .1 <u>*Wall-mount Lavatory*</u>: Commercial sink, vitreous China, with recessed self-draining deck, and rear overflow.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Products: "Murro 0955.000", by American Standard.
- .2 <u>Manual lever Lavatory faucet</u>: 4" trim plate, 0.5 usgpm vandal resistant aerator, brass body, Faucet height 5 ³/₄" max, ADA compliant.
- .3 <u>Sensor activated Lavatory faucet</u>: With the following characteristics:
 - .1 Waterproof sensor and control module.
 - .2 Hardwire, 4" trim plate,
 - .3 0.5 usgpm vandal resistant aerator.
 - .4 Brass body, adjustable sensing distance and auto-shutoff.
 - .5 Faucet height 5 ³⁄₄" max.
 - .6 Mixing valve shall compensate for inlet water temperature fluctuations (Mechanical mixing valves with thermostatic limit stop are not acceptable).
 - .7 ADA compliant.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) products</u>: "ETF-600 Optima" by SLOAN, c/w "04-021-120v/24v" transformer and thermostatic mixing valve and ¼ turn mini ball valves by Dahl.
- .4 <u>Slop Sink</u>: Terrazzo 6" drop front slop sink, 36"x36"x12", c/w Stainless Steel caps and drain. Trim to be service-sink faucet.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Product: "TSB 3002" by Crane & "830-AA" by Fiat.
- .5 *Kitchen Sink:* Size as per design parameters, with the following characteristics:
 - .1 In Stainless steel, type 304 (18/10), No. 4 satin finished.
 - .2 Single compartment, self-rimming drop sink with faucet ledge.
 - .3 Material thickness: 18 gauge (1.2 mm).
 - .4 No overflow.
 - .5 One Faucet hole.
 - .6 Undercoated to reduce condensation and resonance.
 - .7 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ " cup strainer.
 - .8 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ " brass tailpiece.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) product: "LBS6808P-1" by Franke.
- .6 *Faucet Kitchen Sink*: With the following characteristics:
 - .1 Single hole, single lever.
 - .2 Chrome plated.
 - .3 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ " center to center integral cast brass spout.
 - .4 1.5 GPM (5.7 L/s) max., non-aerating outlet.

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- .5 Ceramic Cartridge.
- .6 User adjustable temperature control mixer.
- .7 Temperature limiter.
- .8 Rated operating pressure: 20-125 psi.
- .9 Rated operating temperature: 40-140°F.
- .10 ADA compliant.
- Suggested (or equivalent) product: "430-ABCP" by Chicago Faucets.
- .7 *Water Fountains*: With the following characteristics:
 - .1 A bi-level type.
 - .2 Surface mounted.
 - .3 Stainless steel construction.
 - .4 115 V/ 60hz.
 - .5 Provided with a touchless activated water filling station, including a green ticker displaying count of plastic bottles saved from waste.
 - .6 Integrated water cooling system.
 - .7 Anti-microbial Flexi-Guard bubbler.
 - .8 ADA compliant.
 - .9 Does not include a filtering system (less maintenance).
 - .10 Water filler is not "gooseneck" type (less breakage).
 - <u>**UofO** Standard product</u>: 'EZH2O Bottle Filling Station, EZSTL8WSSK", by Elkay.

2.4 Laboratory Fixtures, & Sinks

- .1 <u>General</u>:
 - .1 Equip sinks and with tailpieces, cross strainer, plug and removable overflow. Standing removable overflow, when in position, should be 25 mm (1") below flood level of sink. Include perforated overflow guard with top 12.7 (1/2") below flood level.
- .1 Laboratory Sinks:
 - .1 <u>Stainless Steel Sinks:</u>
 - .1 Shall be of 1.2 mm (18 Ga.) thickness overall, seamless, drawn in one piece with rounded edges and corners.
 - .2 Integrated sinks with within the counters must be fabricated with the same Stainless Steel as the counters, with integrated drainboards if indicated.
 - .3 Drainage connections shall be in non-corrosive materials.
 - .2 <u>Epoxy Resin Sinks</u>: Shall be molded one piece, with 38 mm (1½") coved corners, sloped 16 mm (5/8") thick bottoms, 12.7 mm (1/2") thick walls, with corner drain and overflow, welded in place with epoxy cement, with integral epoxy drain board tops, if indicated.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) product: "DropIn Sink" by Durcon.



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- .3 <u>*Cup Sink*</u>: Made of same gauge and Stainless Steel type as the Stainless Steel countertops, with Stainless Steel funnel (two per cup sink), or in Epoxy Resign.
- .2 Laboratory Faucets:
 - .1 <u>Cold water/Hot water</u>: One hole mixer with ADA blade handles, with detachable nozzle and 200mm min. swing gooseneck and accessible wrist handles.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) product</u>: "L424-9VB" by WaterSaver.
 - .2 <u>Vacuum breaker</u>: With 200mm min. swing gooseneck.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) product</u>: "L424-9VB" by WaterSaver.
 - .3 <u>Purified water faucet</u>: Made from high purity PVDF, in either weld or sanitary clamp connections, with simple heat flaring tools for leak-proof, and minimum crevice connections between components.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) product</u>: "Georg Fischer 530" by Aquatap.
 - .4 <u>Needle Valve</u>: With inlet shank shall be of a 3/8" NPS ¹/₄" NPT, single, 90 degrees double, 3-way or 4-ways, as indicated.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) product</u>: "L2880-WSA" series by WaterSaver.

2.5 Emergency fixtures

- .1 <u>Eye/Face Wash</u>: Barrier-free emergency countertop mount: In Polished chrome brass single action pull-down valve body, with universal sign, 1.3 cm O.D. slip joint inlet, activated with pull-down, with full continuous flow of water, inverted directional laminar flow to sweep contaminants away from the nasal cavity, zero vertical velocity supplied by an integral flow control. C/w <u>Mixing Valve</u>.
 - UofO Standard product(s):
 - .1 Front mount: "7611" by Haws.
 - .2 Back mount (shall be installed no deeper than 610mm from the front of the counter, with no interference with *Drying Racks*): "7610" by Haws.



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DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

- .2 <u>Emergency Shower & eye wash</u>: Combination shower and eye/face wash shall include:
 - .1 11" (27.9 cm) Stainless steel round bowl.

.2 Axion MSR[™] eye wash head that supplies an inverted directional laminar flow which achieves zero vertical velocity supplied by an integral flow control.

- .3 Dust cover, 50 x 50 mesh water strainer.
- .4 Stay-open shower and eyewash ball valves.
- .5 Cast 9" (22.9 cm) diameter floor flange.
- .6 High visibility safety colors.
- .7 1-1/4" ips supply.
- .8 ADA & ANSI 2358.1 compliant.
- Suggested (or equivalent) Products:
 - .1 Surface mount:
 - "8309WC" by Haws.
 - "GBF1909" by Hadrian.
 - .2 <u>Recessed</u>: "8355WCC" by Haws.



2.6 Mixing valves

- .1 <u>*Mixing Valve*</u>: Thermostatic mixing valve to provide tepid water to eyewash station, 26.5 L/min., 15mm inlets & discharge, c/w cold water bypass in case of thermostatic failure, automatic spring check stops, rough brass, +/- 1.7 degree c, valve precision, temperature gauge, maximum discharge set point 29 degree c, factory set at 26 degree c, mounted in ceiling space in flush mounted box cabinet, accessible for maintenance.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) product</u>: "SE-370" & "SE-376" (mounting as applicable) by Speakman.

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SECTION 22 42 02 – PIPING

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Design Criteria and Notes

- .1 <u>Piping Systems:</u>
 - .1 Hydronic piping to be steel pipe to ASTM A53 Grade B:-1 to 6" (150 mm), Schedule 40, 8" to 10" (200 mm to 250mm), Schedule 30, 12" (300 mm) and over, 3/8" (10 mm) wall thickness or copper tube piping, hard drawn, type L to ASTM B88M-99.
 - .2 Drainage piping to be:
 - .1 For Urinals, laboratories or any other dealing with high corrosive materials: Shall have high chemical corrosive resistance, such as Polypropylene with either fused sockets or proprietary mechanical joints, or <u>Polyvinylidene Fluoride</u> (<u>PVDF</u>) with polyfusion joint or solvent bonding.
 - .2 For vestibules entrances dealing with salty conditions, or where the pipes are penetrating fire separation:

<u>Uncoated PVC Rated</u> with, appropriate fire-sealing around the penetrations.

- .2 Layout- Vertical piping chase:
 - .1 On each floor, access to vertical piping chase shall be made easy by means of access doors.
 - .2 Piping should be layout in a manner that future connections will be easy to make.
 - .3 Shut off valve should be located on each floor.

.3 Pure water piping:

- .1 Pure water piping system shall be design and installed with a recirculation loop.
- .2 Pure water piping shall be new, unpigmented Polypropylene to schedule 80, IPS dimensions. Joints shall be shock welded or Rionite mechanical joints.

.4 <u>Clean-out</u>:

.1 For sanitary equipment, sewer clean-out to be installed above rim level, in order to prevent the rejection of waste during cleaning process.

2.0 PRODUCTS

- .1 <u>*Floor Drain:*</u> Floor drain with round bronze strainer, cast iron, 4" throat, and reversible membrane clamp.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Product</u>: "FD-100-C-A" by Watts.
- .2 <u>Area Drain</u>: Epoxy coated cast iron, 8"x8", adjustable top, standard outlet c/w body collar with weep holes and anchor flanges.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Product: "FD-330" by Watts.
- .3 <u>*Trap Seal Primer*</u> (for Washroom/kitchen Area Drains): To be provided with Flush Valve Trap Seal Primer. In location where it is impossible or too costly to connect the drain with a Flush Valve Trap Seal Primer, a Trap Guard seal may be used instead.

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- <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Product:</u>
 - .1 "MI-702" by MiFab.
 - .2 "VBF-72-A1" by Sloan.
- .4 *Polypropylene piping*: Schedule 40, certified to CAN/CSA B1800-02.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Product:
 - .1 "Blueline" by Orion.
- .5 Polyvinylidene Fluoride (PVDF) piping:

-

- <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Product</u>: "Pegas Superblue" by Corix.
- .6 <u>PVC Rated</u>: Made of tough, impact resistant PVC, high moisture, salts, soils and acid resistant. With fire-retardant properties that eliminate flame spread and reduce the volume of smoke generated. To apply with related fire stopping products.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Product</u>: "System 15 XFR" by IPEX.

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VOLUME IV – Division 23 HVAC

SECTION 23 00 00 - GENERAL WORKS

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Design Criteria and Notes

- .1 <u>Vibration and seismic controls for HVAC piping and equipment:</u>
 - .1 Use ASHRAE guide for determining the recommended limits and NC curves. Select mechanical equipment that will not produce noise and vibration beyond the recommended noise criteria for the space under consideration.
 - 2. All equipment subject to vibration shall be adequately supported on isolation devices to limit transmission of vibration to an acceptable level.
- .2 <u>Mechanical identification</u>
 - .1 All piping and equipment in exposed locations such as equipment rooms, pipe service chases, ceiling spaces, etc., shall be clearly labelled and identified with flow directions indicated. For pipes over 3" in diameter and all ducts, the lettering shall be 2" high.
 - .2 Marking system shall be standardized with black lettering on a background colour the same as the pipe, duct, etc. for the yellow, blue and green backgrounds and white lettering on the red background. Use factory printed self-sticking labels.
 - .3 Identification shall be applied where view is not obstructed. Apply at each valve and where pipes leave or enter a room. Also apply no more than 25 feet apart on long runs. Where label will not stick to a surface, the pipe shall be wrapped continuously with the pipe tape to provide a suitable surface.
 - .4 For identification of ductwork use 2" high black stencilled letters easily seen from floor. Provide markers on underside of ceiling to locate boxes.
 - .5 For identification of valves and controllers use laminated plastic tags with ³/₄" engraved lettering.
- .3 <u>Thermal insulation for ducting</u>
 - .1 All air intake and exhaust ducts shall be insulated to protect building interiors from frost and moisture damage.
- .4 <u>Hydronic specialties</u>
 - .1 Mechanical provisions to facilitate cleaning, and to ensure adequate flushing of piping systems shall be provided.
 - .2 Adequate clearances shall be provided for the removal of Tube bundles of all heat exchanges.
- .5 <u>Metal ducts:</u>
 - .1 Use quality hardware for balancing dampers to facilitate the balancing operation and to ensure positive locking of the damper.
 - .2 Provide pitot tube openings, complete with spring-loaded caps, on all supply, return and exhaust systems around major equipment. Make adequate provision where insulation is encountered.
 - .3 Flexible duct connections need to be made of a anti-bacterial material.
- .6 Fan coil units:
 - .1 Cooling coils shall be cleanable and drainable. The tubes should be readily accessible without having the need to disconnect piping.
 - .2 Cooling coils shall be counter flow type and installed according to manufacturer's

specifications.

- .3 Preheat coils shall make use of glycol for protection against freezing.
- .7 <u>Chillers</u>:
 - .1 Chill water coils shall be sized for a 9°C chill water delta-T on design day (6 C degree supply, 15 C return water temperatures).
 - .2 Pressure gages are required across all AHU coils and filter banks (filter and pre-filter combined).
 - .3 Air-cooled condensers shall be capable of operating at 95°F ambient temperature with 30°F temperature difference between air entering and leaving the condenser. Air-cooled condensers on roofs shall be capable of operating at 105°F ambient temperature.
 - .4 Pressure gages are required across all AHU coils and filter banks (filter and pre-filter combined).
- .8 <u>Exhaust fan</u>: Shall have speed control switch.

2.0 PRODUCTS

- .1 <u>Filters</u>: Shall be for two-stage air filtration at AHUs. Pre-Filter to be 2 inches pleated, High Capacity, MERV 7, initial resistance 0.17" WC at 400 FPM. Final Filter shall be 12 inches pleated, V style, High Capacity MERV 14, initial resistance 0.275" wc at 400 fpm.
- .2 <u>Intake and Exhaust Louvers</u>: In prepainted or anodized Aluminum extrusions. To be equipped with bird screen and insect screen, easily removed from the interior of the duct shaft.
 Suggested (or equivalent) Product: As manufactured by E.H.Price.

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VOLUME IV – Division 26 ELECTRICAL

26 00 00 - GENERAL WORKS

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Design Criteria and Notes

- .1 Receptacle circuit identification:
 - .1 All receptacle covers shall be provided with a PTouch panel and circuit # identification label.
 - .2 Receptacles whose panel is supplied by an emergency power source shall be identified by a red color cover plate.
- .2 <u>High voltage substations</u>:
 - .1 Generally all Campus buildings are supplied from a 13.2 KV loop feeder with stepdown transformers located within each of the Buildings.
- .3 <u>Generators</u>:
 - .1 Diesel fuel is normally utilized for emergency power sources.
 - .2 Where liquid cooled engines are required, a closed circuit glycol system is required.
 - .3 An automatic battery charger shall be provided to maintain the batteries at full charge, complete with adequate accessories. Charger shall have high/low charge rate and be capable of "floating" on the batteries at all times.
 - .4 Alarm indication resulting in shut down shall identify initial fault.
 - .5 The engine control panel shall incorporate a hand/off/auto selector.
- .4 <u>Junction boxes</u>: All existing junction boxes that are opened in the ceiling space shall have cover plates.

2.0 PRODUCTS

2.1 General fixtures

- .1 <u>Hallway service receptacles:</u> Shall be of the industrial grade "T" slot type suitable for 120 volt, 20 amp circuits (housekeeping services).
- .2 <u>GFI receptacles</u>: CSA approved, ULC listed, Class A, c/w Test/Reset feature and Green/Red pilot lights, c/w stainless steel cover plate, white finish.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Product</u>: "GFST15W" (15 amp circuit), & "GFST20W" (20 amp circuit).
- .3 <u>Electrical Panel</u>: With the following characteristics:
 - .1 To keep a total of 20% available circuits (spare breakers and blank spaces) for future use.
 - .2 Provide around 10% of 15 amps spare breakers for future use.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Product</u>: "EZ box, PRL-1a", including Bolt-on breakers, by Cuttler Hammer, with identification label "Lamicoid." White letters on black label.
- .4 <u>Motorized Projection Screen control</u>: Projection screen motor shall have a new 2 Poles, 1HP, 230V, ON/OFF manual motor starter switch installed at proximities and capable of cutting both power up and power down.

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- .5 <u>Podium desk control</u>: With the following characteristics:
 - .1 Podium-mounted momentary contact switch for projection screen shall be 20A 120V, spring load three-position, single pole, double throw, center OFF, including stainless steel cover plate.
 - .2 All podium Electric Outlet shall be equivalent to the surge suppression duplex receptacles indicated.
 - .3 Lighting scenes shall be identified on the scene selector located on the podium lip
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Product:</u>
 - .1 Scene selector: As manufactured by Lutron.
 - .2 Key switch controlling electrical outlet by-pass relay: "1221-2KL", single pole by LEVITON.
 - .3 Electrical outlet by-pass relay: "BZ-100EP", 120VAC, Featuring holdon inputs, by WattStopper.
 - .4 Podium door operated contact switch: "1865", momentary, metal push button, normally ON contact, by LEVITON.
- .6 <u>A/V Electric Outlet</u>: 120 Volt, surge suppression duplex receptacles, 15A-125V, "Commercial Specification" grade minimum, with stainless steel cover plates.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Product</u>: "HBL5260S" blue colour with stainless steel cover plate by Hubble.
- .7 <u>Accessible Table outlets</u>: Two simplex outlets per sphere, with the following notes:
 - .1 All blanks to be permanently capped.
 - .2 All electrical wires to be contained within a tamper proof raceway mounted on underside of table.
 - .3 All wires to be concealed in a suitable black liquid tight flexible conduit.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Product: "Sphere" by Byrne Electrical.
- .8 <u>Seats with retractable tablet outlets</u>: The electrical distribution system shall be integrated in the design of the seating, to accommodate the requirements of laptop computers. The receptacle shall not interfere with the seat and tablet return. All wires and components shall be concealed with covers. The receptacle module shall be constructed of a vandal proof material and be both visible and accessible from a seated position.
- .9 <u>Fixed table and Swivel Seat outlet</u>: To have concealed wiring systems from power stub-ups at floor level to power monument on tabletop. Pedestal/base plate structure/seat to provide for the installation of power devices.
 - UofO standard Products:
 - .1 For new tables: "Sphere" by Byrne Electrical.
 - .2 For existing tables: "VIRCO" could be used upon **Facilities** approval.



- .10 <u>*Terminal Strip Box*</u>: With the following characteristics:
 - .1 All zones and electrical circuit shall be identified to all devices and terminal strip box.
 - .2 Provide wiring diagram on or inside terminal strip box cover.

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- .11 *Multimedia & Data Conduits*: With the following characteristics:
 - .1 All Multi-Media wiring shall be inside EMT conduits.
 - .2 Only EMT conduits should be used.
 - .3 EMT conduits should incorporate ¼" diam. pull cord and be terminated at ends with a coupling and a plastic bushing.
- .12 <u>Electric jet towel hand dryer, surface mounted</u>: White color c/w new 15A-120V ground fault circuit interrupter breaker.
 - **<u>UofO Standard product</u>: "JT-SB116JH2", by Mitsubishi.**

2.2 Laboratory fixtures

- .1 <u>Monuments:</u>
 - .1 <u>Monument boxes in Stainless steel:</u> For electrical outlets, in Stainless Steel, 1.2 mm (18 ga) thick, delivered with galvanized rods, connectors, threaded nut washers, grounding rods and Stainless Steel receptacle covers.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) products: As manufactured by CIF:
 - .1 "SE004", double face, single gang. Outlet to be supplied with duplex 20A receptacle with "T" slot.
 - .2 "SE006", double face, Quadplex (double gang), with 20A receptacle.
 - .2 <u>Monument boxes in Coated Aluminum:</u> For electrical outlets, in epoxy powder coated finish, 6 mm thick, delivered with galvanized rods, connectors, threaded nut washers, grounding rods and Stainless Steel receptacle covers.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) products: As manufactured by CIF:
 - .1 "E300WS" or "E400WS", single or double face as indicated, single gang. Outlet to be supplied with duplex 20A receptacle with "T" slot.
 - .2 "E500WS" or "E600WS", single or double face as indicated, Quadplex (double gang), with 20A receptacle.

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SECTION 26 50 00 – LIGHTING

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Design Criteria and Notes

- .1 Preference shall always be given to higher rated lamp life.
- .2 Select fixtures models designed with ballast, lamp and lamp socket accessibility.
- .3 Where light fixtures are installed in gypsum board ceiling, specify appropriate frame from factory. Use of custom-made frame is not acceptable unless otherwise indicated.

2.0 PRODUCTS

- .1 <u>Florescent lamps</u>: Type T8, with a CCT of 3500°K , in length of 4 or 2 ft, U shape (1 5/8" to 6" spacing).
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Product: "835" series by Sylvania.
- .2 *Florescent Ballast*: T8 type ballast with THD less than 20%, normal ballast factor of 0.87.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Product: As manufactured by Sylvana Quictronic
- .3 <u>*Classroom Light*</u>: With the following characteristics:
 - .1 120V, 3-wire, c/w dimmable ballasts, HI-LUME 1%.
 - .2 On chalkboard light fixtures, the use of Compact SE 5% dimming ballast will be acceptable.
 - .3 10% dimming ballast are not acceptable.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Product</u>: Ballasts, as manufactured by Lutron.
- .4 Classroom Fluorescent Lamps: With the following characteristics:
 - .1 T8, 17W (or 32W), and provide 1400 (2900) lumen at 3500°K, have a triphosphor colour improved coating and operate with a 20 000 hour life rating.
 - .2 4 pin High Lumen Biax lamps, TT5, 40W, providing 3100 lumen at 3500°K will be acceptable for chalkboard light fixtures. Lamp shall operate with a 20000 hour life rating.
 - .3 For all fluorescent dimmable light fixtures, prior to first lamp dimming, provide a minimum lamp burning period of 100 hours at 100% lighting load.

.5 Lighting & Emergency Light Controller: With the following characteristics:

- .1 Shall include external power supply when required by the manufacturer instructions.
- .2. Emergency Lighting Controller (scene 16) shall be indicated to be pre-programmed by an electrician to have all emergency lighting zones on it. Emergency lighting circuit (scene 16) shall have a dual pole (open/close) contact to enable a closure interface to emergency power supply when there is a power failure.
 - UofO standard Product: "GrafikEye", as manufactured by Lutron.



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- .6 <u>Occupancy Sensor</u>: Shall be connected to a contact closure interface controlling the <u>Lighting</u> <u>controller</u>, dual technology ceiling mount occupancy sensor.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Product: As manufactured by WattStopper.
- .7 <u>Exit signs</u>: Depending on electrical parameters and minimal lighting Codes requirements: Pictogram sign, Photoluminescent system, Zero energy consumption, surface ceiling or flag mount.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) Product: "Ecolo Exit Signs" Series by Kinesik.
- .8 <u>Wiring:</u> System cable data line connected to <u>Controller</u> shall be separate from line voltage wiring by at least 1⁄4" (7mm), to avoid functioning problems.
- .9 <u>Task light</u>: Mid-powered LEDs spaced uniformly for even distribution on the task plane: Even glow diffuser, minimize shadow effects, easy to clean, 3500K colour temperature, with individual dimming to off on each luminaire, 565mm, 62.2 lumens per watt efficacy, 380 lumens light output, 6.1w power consumption, 60w power supplies to provide power up to 4 luminaires , 87 color rendering index, rated for 100 000 hours at 90% initial lumens, power cable from power supply to first luminaire, patch cables for daisy chaining luminaires (length according to furniture layout without excessive lengths), splitter cable for two rows of lights at the island, and extension cables as necessary. Can be used as stand also unit or daisy chained.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) products: "UC-E-22-S-PS-60W" by Finelite.

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VOLUME V – Division 31 EARTHWORK

SECTION 31 10 00 – SITE PREPARATION & HARD LANDSCAPING

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Design Criteria and Notes

- .1 <u>Protection</u>:
 - .1 Prevent damage and protect existing fencing, landscaping, existing structures, bench marks, buildings, pavement, surface or underground utility lines which are to remain.
 - .2 Reduce environmental impacts during construction by limiting topsoil removal, stockpiling existing topsoil on site and exposing smallest area of soil at any one time during development.
 - .3 Maintain access roads to prevent accumulation of mud.
 - .4 Integrate finish grading to waste management plan.
 - .5 Cut off unsound branches and cut down trees that could endanger the area to be cleared.
 - .6 All earth work has to be planned and coordinated with **SAGO** and **ORM**.
- .2 Grading:
 - .1 Slope rough grade away from building 1:100 minimum, and towards catch basins and drainage points, or as necessary to adapt to site conditions.
- .3 <u>Backfilling:</u>
 - .1 Areas to be backfilled to be free from debris, snow, ice, water or frozen ground.
 - .2 Do not use backfill material which is frozen or contains ice, snow or debris.
 - .3 Do not backfill around or over cast-in-place concrete within 3 days after placing the concrete.

.4 <u>Asphalt</u>:

- .1 Do not apply primer or tack coat, nor commence laying of asphalt base or binder courses until base surfaces are dry and at least at 2°C, and the ambient temperature is above 5°C.
- .2 Commence laying of asphalt surface courses only when base or binder course surfaces are completely dry, when atmospheric temperature in shade is at least 10°C and rising, or above 15°C if falling, and the weather is not foggy or rainy.
- .3 Suspend paving operations two hours before it rains, if temperature drops below specified minimums, and if the surfaces become wet or humid.
- .4 Provide access to building and Employees' Parking Area at all times. Arrange access points with Owner.
- .5 Do paving operations only when other dust producing operations are completed or stopped and truck movements are not scheduled adjacent to area of installation.
- .6 Finished surfaces should not have a variation of more than 5 mm (3/16") under a 3 m (10'-0") long straightedge in any direction.

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2.0 PRODUCTS

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- .1 <u>*Granular fill material:*</u> Clean, angular, crusher run natural stone, free from shale, clay, friable materials, roots and vegetable matter.
- .2 <u>French drains</u>: High density polyethylene resine ringed tubes of 100 mm (4") diameter, or larger, as per ASTM D1248, Type III, category 4 or 5, grade P33 or P34, Class C.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) product</u>: "Big-O" by Big-O Inc.
- .3 <u>Geotextile</u>: Non-woven rootproof polyester fabric non-biodegradable, with a mass of 300 g/m2.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) product: "7609" by Texel (Solmax).

VOLUME V – Division 32 EXTERIOR IMPROVEMENTS

SECTION 32 30 00 – SITE IMPROVEMENTS AND AMENITIES

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Extended Warranty

.1 All work in this section, including Fence materials, and proper functioning of gates, shall be guaranteed for a period of 5 years for labour and Materials.

1.2 Design Criteria and Notes

.1 To come.

2.0 PRODUCTS

2.1 Fences

- .1 <u>Chain Link Fence:</u>
 - .1 <u>Wire mesh</u>: 4.9 mm (6 ga), hot dipped galvanized high strength steel.
 - .2 <u>Pipes</u>: For posts and rails in Galvanized steel, End posts: 89 mm (3½"), 3.42 kg / 300 mm (7.55 lbs / 12"). Intermediate posts: 60 mm (2³/₈"), 1.66 kg / 300 mm (3.65 lbs / 12"). Rails, bracings: 43 mm (1¹¹/₁₆").
 - .3 <u>Bottom tension wire</u>: 5 mm (3/16") diameter, single strand, hot dipped galvanized steel.
 - .4 <u>Tension bar</u>: 5 mm x 19 mm (3/16" x 3/4") minimum hot dipped galvanized steel.
 - .5 <u>Tension bar bands</u>: 3 mm x 19 mm (1/8" x 3/4") minimum hot dipped galvanized steel.
 - .6 <u>Finish</u>: In Vinyl coated for mesh, and powder electro-color for other components, black color.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) product: As manufactured by:
 - .1 Frosst Fences. .2 Medallion Fence Ltd
- .2 <u>Metal Security Fence in Rectangular Mesh (Ornemental):</u>
 - .1 Wire mesh, for rectangular fence fabric: manufactured of 4.9 mm (6 ga) hot dipped galvanized steel wire, with 150 g/m² (0.5 oz/ft²)
 - .2 Hot dipped galvanized steel HSS sections, for line and end posts, 76 m x 76 mm (3" x 3"), at 2490 mm (8'- 2") c.c., or as necessary, with a zinc coating inside and out.
 - .3 <u>Finish</u>: In powder electro-color, black color.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) product: "Omega II" by Omega Fence Systems Inc.

2.2 Roadway Guardrail

.1 <u>Removable or fixed Guardrails</u>: Heavy duty roadway guardrail, with undulating cross section, to withstand slow moving vehicular impact, complete with HSS supports and bolts and Concrete bases.

2.3 Protection

- .1 <u>*Fixed Bollard*</u>: Made up of concrete, various heights, with 1/8" thick High-Density Polyethylene (HDPE) protection sheet and reflective strips.
 - UofO Standard product: As manufactured by Sureguard. Inc.



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- .2 *Removable Bollard*: Made up of concrete, 960mm or 1220mm high.
 - **UofO** Standard product: "6432" or "6433", with "6439" base (optional) by Central Precast Inc.
- .3 <u>Conical Bollard</u>: Made up of concrete, 1425mm high.
 - **UofO** Standard product: "6431" by Central Precast Inc.
- .4 <u>Parking Lot Divider</u>: Made up of concrete.
 - **UofO** Standard product: "6437" by Central Precast Inc.
- .5 <u>Parking Post</u>: Made up of galv. Steel post on concrete base, 1370mm or 1830mm high.
 <u>UofO Standard product</u>: "6436" or "6435" by Central Precast Inc.

2.4 Site Furnishing and amenities

- .1 <u>Recycle bins</u>: 1702mm x 610mm x 1143mm, triple stream front load waste, in PVC, Color Black Grey. With (3) engraved identifiers: "WASTE", "GLASS", "PLASTIC", or "CANS". Includes liners and hinged doors. Capacity 45 + 45 + 45 Gal (67"w x 24"d x 45"h), SKU # 030 470 045
 - **UofO** Standard product: "Halston", by Max-R.
- .2 <u>Park benches</u>: 1778mm x 762mm, with two end arms, legs painted black, gloss collection, wood grain texture High Density Polyethylene or IPE Wood. To be bolted.
 - **UofO** Standard product: "100 Series Backed Benches", by Maglin.
- .3 <u>Bicycle rack</u>: Capacity 6 to 8. 1473mm x 864mm x 864mm. In Stainless Steel. To be blotted.
 - **<u>UofO Standard product</u>**: "Expo series W5808", by Bicycle Cora.
- .4 <u>Picnic tables with seating</u>: 1473mm x 1372mm x 762mm, with hole for parasol, woodgrain domestic modified sourced, Thermally Modified Ash Matte, black low sheen designer palette, wheelchair accessible at end of table can add length for better accessibility. To be bolted.
 - **<u>UofO Standard product</u>: "Gretchen Picnic Table**", by Landscapeforms.
- .5 <u>Table, Cluster seating</u>: 2388mm x 838mm, 3 seat backed backrest, prepainted steel, various colors. To be bolted. Allowing space for wheelchair accessibility
 - **<u>UofO Standard product</u>: "Carousel", by Arno Yurk.**











DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

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- .6 <u>*Table, Exterior Round*</u>: 762mm dia x 762mm, in prepainted steel, various colors. Designed by John Rizzi.
 - UofO Standard product: "Park Center Table", by Landscapeforms.
- .7 <u>*Table, Exterior Square*</u>: 711mm sq. x 762mm, in prepainted steel, various colors. Designed by John Rizzi.
 - <u>UofO Standard product</u>: "Park Center Table", by Landscapeforms.
- .8 <u>Chair, Exterior, with armrests</u>: 762mm x 584mm x 1092mm, in prepainted steel, various colors. Designed by John Rizzi.
 - <u>UofO Standard product</u>: "Park Center Armchair", by Landscapeforms.
- .9 <u>Chair, Exterior, without arms</u>: 534mm x 483mm x 838mm, in prepainted steel, various colors. Designed by John Rizzi.
 - <u>UofO Standard product</u>: "Park Center", by Landscapeforms.
- .10 <u>Ottoman, Exterior</u>: 457mm x 508mm x 432mm, in prepainted steel, various colors. Designed by John Rizzi.
 - <u>UofO Standard product</u>: "Ottoman", by Landscapeforms.
- .11 <u>Chair, Exterior Lounge</u>: 711mm x 1575mm x 838mm, moulded polyethylene with surface mounting plate, various colors.
 - <u>UofO Standard product</u>: "Chill Chaise Lounge", by Landscapeforms.
- .12 <u>Light pedestals</u>: In prepainted steel, with UofO graved logos, mounted on bases, with the following features:
 - .1 Poles must have an adjustable base-plate in order to level complete assembly.
 - .2 Bases are made from Central Precast, with the molds for the concrete.
 - .3 Lamp post c/w single fixture head, burgundy with glazed glass to match exiting fixtures. The Multi-Voltage is 120-347 c/w fuse holders (Ferraz #atm-5A).
 - .4 Lamps are LED-8029E42C post top multi-voltage, 24w, 4200K c/w E26 Edison base and socket. Socket must be installed in head of lamp post.
 - **UofO** Standard product: "2372-PS01" by Eclairage SDL Inc., as manufactured by Molcast inc.



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- .13 *Planters*: In Prefabricated concrete, with exposed aggregate finish. Different sizes to suit.
 - <u>**UofO** Standard product</u>: "6100" series or "6210" series by Central Precast Inc.
- .14 <u>Ash trays</u>: Prefabricated Antitheft, in prepainted steel. Bolted from the inside to a concrete paver.
 - **<u>UofO Standard product</u>**: As manufactured by Ikwit Urban Ashtray & Furniture.





2.5 Accessories and Finishes

- .1 <u>Aluminum edging</u>: 140 mm $(5\frac{1}{2}")$ deep, 4.8 mm (3/16") thick, mill finish aluminum edging, in AA-6063-T6 alloy and temper, complete with interlocking stakes 305 mm (12") long.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) product</u>: "Permaloc Cleanline" by Permaloc Corporation.
- .2 <u>Aluminum edging, structural</u>: L-shaped, 55 mm (2¼") deep, 4.8 mm (3/16") thick, mill finish, structural aluminum edging, in AA-6063-T6 alloy and temper, complete with up to 305 mm (12") long, spikes and stakes as required.
 - Suggested (or equivalent) product: "Permaloc StructurEdge" by Permaloc Corporation.
- .3 <u>Recycled plastic edging</u>: synthetic lumber, made of recycled plastic, impervious to moisture, insects, rotting, mildew and graffiti.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) product</u>: "Polyex" by Plastival.
- .4 *Plastic edging*: made of black extruded PVC, "Commercial" type, 140 mm (5¹/₂") deep.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) product</u>: as manufactured by D.C.N. Plastiques.
- .5 <u>*Wood decking*</u>: In EPI or Thermally Modified Ash Matte wood with snap clips and Terragrid system on pedestals.



DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

VOLUME V – Division 32 EXTERIOR IMPROVEMENTS

- .6 <u>Wood edging</u>: In IPE wood inserts.
- .7 <u>*Tactile Walking Surface Indicators, in Concrete*</u>: In pressed concrete pavers, engineered, with integral colour. Cast-in place.
 - <u>Suggested (or equivalent) Product</u>: "H or V series, as manufactured by Wausau Tile.

End of Section

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

VOLUME V – Division 32 EXTERIOR IMPROVEMENTS

SECTION 32 80 00 – IRRIGATION SYSTEM

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Extended Warranty

.1 The specified system shall carry a 3 year warranty. This is to include 1 year winterization in the fall and 1 year reactivation in the following spring.

1.2 Design Criteria and Notes

- .1 <u>Excavation and Trenching</u>:
 - .1 Minimum depth of trenches shall be 450 mm (18") below finished grade with sufficient slope to allow drainage of the system or as detailed or indicated on drawing(s). Width of trench at bottom shall be minimum 100 mm (4") greater than the outside diameter of pipe it contains and keep free from rocks and all other material that may damage pipe.
- .2 Piping, and zone valves:
 - .1 Snake pipe from side to side of trench bottom to allow for expansion and contraction.
 - .2 Where possible, main supply lines may occupy the same trench as sprinkler lines provided a minimum horizontal clearance of 150 mm (6") is maintained.
 - .3 Thoroughly flush out all water lines before installing heads, valves and other hydrants.
 - .4 Control wires under walks or paving to be sleeved with PVC Class 160 pipe or galvanized heavy wall steel conduit. Wires to the controller(s) in pump house to be sleeved in conduit.
 - .5 All splices to be made watertight using appropriate connectors.
 - .6 Group valves together where practical. Place valves no closer than 300 mm (12") to walk edges, buildings and/or walls. All valves shall be located in approved heavy duty high impact plastic valve boxes.
 - .7 Valve boxes shall have adequate space for proper operation of each component within. Install minimum 150 mm (6") depth of pea gravel below valve boxes for drainage.
 - .8 Quick coupling valves to be installed perpendicular to and flush with finished grade.
- .3 <u>Testing After Completion</u>:
 - .1 Test the entire system for leaks, blockages, operation of sprinklers, valves and controller(s) in the presence of **SAS**. Continue to make adjustments and repairs and re-test, as required, until the entire system has been approved.
 - .3 Carry out pressure testing of the entire mainline system at full line pressure plus one hundred percent (100%) for a three (3) hour duration. During this time, the pressure shall not drop more than ten percent (10%) of the total initial pressure.

End of Section

SECTION 32 90 00 – PLANTING AND SOFT LANDSCAPING

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Extended Warranty

- .1 All work in this section shall be guaranteed against defects for a period of 2 growing seasons years.
- .2 During warranty period, remove from site any plant material that has died or failed to grow satisfactorily. Replace plant material in the next planting season. Extend warranty on replacement plant material for a period equal to the original warranty period. Continue such replacement and warranty until plant material is acceptable

1.2 Design Criteria and Notes

- .1 Planter supply source, should be member of the Canadian Nursey Association.
- .2 Plants approved at the supply source may be rejected before or after planting. Imported plants must be submitted with all required permits.
- .3 Contractor is responsible for soil analysis and shall determine the need for soil amendments, so that soil meets prescribed formulation.
- .4 Plant material obtained from areas with milder climatic conditions from those of site acceptable only when moved to site prior to the breaking of buds in their original location and heeled-in, in a protected area until conditions suitable for planting.
- . 5 Use trees and shrubs with strong fibrous root system free of disease, insects, defects or injuries and structurally sound. Use trees with straight trunks, well and characteristically branched for species. Plants must have been root pruned regularly, but not later than one growing season prior to arrival on site.
- .6 Large trees must have been half root pruned during each of two successive growing seasons, the latter at least one growing season prior to arrival on site.
- .7 Plant material that has come out of dormant stage and is too far advanced will not be accepted unless prior approval obtained.

2.0 PRODUCTS

2.1 Trees and Shrubs

- .1 <u>Source of plant material</u>: grown in compatible zone in accordance with Agriculture Canada Plant Hardiness Zone Map. Use trees and shrubs of No.1 grade.
- .2 <u>Plant material</u>: free of disease, insects, defects or injuries and structurally sound with strong fibrous root system; root pruned regularly, but not later than one growing season prior to arrival on site.
- .3 <u>Trees</u>: with straight trunks, well and characteristically branched for species except where specified otherwise.
- .4 <u>Bare root stock</u>: nursery grown, in dormant stage, not balled and burlapped or container grown.

VOLUME V – Division 32 EXTERIOR IMPROVEMENTS

.5 <u>Collected stock</u>: maximum 40 mm $(1\frac{1}{2}")$ in caliper, with well-developed crowns and characteristically branched; no more than 40% of overall height may be free of branches.

End of Section

VOLUME VI - Appendix AA. General Notes

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

GENERAL NOTES:



LEGENDS, NOTES & SYMBOLS:

THE NOTES, DETAILS, SKETCHES, DIAGRAMS OR ANY OTHER IN THE CURRENT VOLUME , DEPICT STANDARD GUIDELINES FOR DESIGNING HIGH PERFORMANCE CONNECTION ASSEMBLIES, AND REFLECT "BEST PRACTICE" SCENARIO OPTIONS APPLIED IN PREVIOUS PROJECTS. THEY ARE COMPLEMENTARY TO THE NOTES AND GUIDELINES LISTED ELSEWHERE IN THIS DOCUMENT. LICENSED PROFESSIONALS & CONSULTANTS TO VALIDATE AND ADAPT TO SUIT THE SPECIFICS OF
EACH PROJECT. ANY VARIATIONS SHALL BE WITH WITH EQUIVALENT MATERIALS - SUBJECT TO
FACILITIES'S APPROVAL
THE CONCEPT IS BASED ON SEVERAL INDUSTRY STANDARDS; INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO:
 SEVERAL ULC, UL & CUL TESTS.
,
ARCHITECTURAL DETAILS FOR INSULATED BUILDING, BY RONALD BRAND.
NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF BUILDING SCIENCE (WBDG).
REPUTABLE MANUFACTURER`S INFORMATION.
VARIOUS PUBLICATIONS OF:
BUILDING ENVELOPE COUNCIL OTTAWA REGION (CEBQ).
ONTARIO ASSOCIATION OF ARCHITECTS (OAA).
CANADA MORTGAGE & HOUSING CORPORATIÓN (CMHC).
"LE CONSEIL DE L'ENVELOPPE DE BATIMENT DU QUEBEC" (CEBQ).
"L'ASSOCIATION DES MAITRES COUVREURS DU QUEBEC" (AMCQ).
"L'ASSOCIATION DE REVETEMENT METALLIQUE DU QUEBEC" (ARMQ).
and "L'ASSOCIATION DES MANUEACTUPIERS DE MACONINERIE DE RETON" (AmmB)

•• "L'ASSOCIATION DES MANUFACTURIERS DE MACONNERIE DE BETON" (AmmB).

DESCRIBED ASSEMBLIES ARE FOR GENERAL INFORMATION ONLY. CONSULTANTS MAY USE EQUIVALENT DIFFERENT MATERIALS OR MIXED ASSEMBLIES DEPENDING ON THE PROJECT NATURES AND SPECIFICS - SUBJECT TO **FACILITY**'S APPROVAL. MATERIALS' THICKNESS SHALL BE AS NECESSARY TO SUIT THE DIFFERENT CONDITIONS. ALSO REFER TO "<u>BUILDING ENVELOPE</u>" & "<u>PARTITIONS & ACOUSTICAL ASSEMBLIES</u>" SECTIONS IN THE OTHER **VOLUMES**.



WHETHER INDICATED OR NOT, NOTES AND LEGENDS ARE INTERCHANGEABLE, AND SHALL APPLY INTEGRALLY TO ALL DETAILS, WHEREVER APPLICABLE.

VOLUME VI - Appendix AA. General Notes

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

GENERAL ABBREVIATIONS LIST:

ACT AFF APPROX.	ACOUSTICAL TILE ABOVE FINISHED FLOOR APPROXIMATE(LY)	NFC	NATIONAL FIRE CODE OR APPLICABLE PROVINCIAL
C/L	CENTER LINE	NFPA	CODES NATIONAL FIRE
C/W C/C	COMPLETE WITH CENTER TO CENTER	NIC	PROTECTION ASSOCIATION NOT IN CONTRACT
CLR	CLEAR	NTS	NOT TO SCALE
CMU	CONCRETE MASONRY UNIT	O/C OBC	ON CENTER ONTARIO BUILDING CODE
D	DEEP, DEPTH UofO DESIGN		
DCG	CONSTRUCTION	PP	PERPENDICULAR
	GUIDELINES	SIM.	SIMILAR
DIM.	DIMENSION	TBD	TO BE DETERMINED
EQ.	EQUAL	TVS	TO BE VERIFIED ON SITE
EX.	EXISTING		OR CHECKED W/
EXT.	EXTERIOR		SUPPLIER OR SUB-TRADE
FRR	FIRE-RESISTANT RATED	TYP.	TYPICAL
FHC	FIRE HOSE CABINET	UL	UNDERWRITERS'
GA GMP	GAUGE GOOD MANUFACTURING	ULC/cUL	LABORATORIES UNDERWRITERS'
GIVIF	PRACTICE	020,002	LABORATORIES OF
GWB	GYPSUM WALL BOARD		CANADA OR ANY
INT.	INTERIOR		APPROVED/CERTIFIED
			LISTINGS FOR CANADA
LIN.	LINEAR	UON	UNLESS OTHERWISE
MAX.	MAXIMUM		NOTED
MIN.	MINIMUM	U/S	UNDERSIDE OF
MISC.	MISCELLANEOUS		
MSN	MASONRY	VAR.	VARIABLE
NBC	NATIONAL BUILDING CODE,		

NBC NATIONAL BUILDING CODE, OR APPLICABLE PROVINCIAL CODES

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

LEGEND - LAB FURNITURE

LEGEND:

SYSTEMS AND FRAME ASSEMBLIES (12 35 00):

TO BE INSTALLED AS INDICATED OR NECESSARY:

FIXED COUNTERTOP UNITS, FOR LABS REQUIRING MULTIPLE SERVICES, SUCH AS SINK **В**01 UNITS OR SIMILAR. MOBILE COUNTERTOP UNITS, SERVICED FROM CEILING FOR LABS REQUIRING FEW B02 SERVICES. FLOOR-MOUNT UNITS, WITH CONTINUOUS BASE, FOR SINK UNITS REQUIRING PLUMBING. **В0**З POST OR OPEN LEG FRAME ASSEMBLY, WITH HANGERS TO ACCOMMODATE SUSPENDED **́В**04 BASE CABINETS. B05 ADJUSTABLE WALL-MOUNT BRACKET, FOR UPPER WALL-MOUNT CABINETS. SERVICE PANELS COMPLETELY OR PARTIALLY REMOVABLE TO COVER ALL EXPOSED PIPING B06 AND CONDUITS UNDERNEATH THE COUNTERTOPS, IN FIXED UNITS, WITH APPROPRIATE BRACKETS AND STIFFENERS. B07 ADJUSTABLE LEGS TO BE PROVIDED IN ALL MOBILE UNITS. UON, SHELVES TO BE ADJUSTABLE. A SHELF SHALL BE PROVIDED FOR EVERY 305mm OF B08 AVAILABLE SPACE. BACK SPLASH TO BE INSTALLED ON ALL CONNECTIONS BETWEEN COUNTERTOPS AND (B09) VERTICAL SURFACES, ON FIXED UNITS. B10 GABLE LEGS, AT EXPOSED ENDS, ON FIXED UNITS. SLIDING DOORS FOR UPPER WALL-MOUNT CABINETS. ́В11 APRONS FOR KNEE SPACES NO MORE THAN 64mm HEIGHT. SERVICE CHASE COMPLETELY OR PARTIALLY REMOVABLE TO COVER ALL EXPOSED PIPING AND CONDUITS BETWEEN THE COUNTERTOPS AND THE CEILING, IN FIXED UNITS, WITH APPROPRIATE BRACKETS AND STIFFENERS.

DETAILING AND FINISHES:

<u>COUNTERTOPS</u> TO EXTEND BEYOND THE BASE CABINET AND HAVE A DRIP GROOVE TO THE UNDERSIDE OF PROJECTING FRONT EDGE (5 mm), 13mm BACK FROM THE FRONT EDGE AND EXPOSED GABLES. A SOLID FINISHING EDGE STRIP SHALL BE APPLIED IN PLASTIC LAMINATE OR VENEER WOOD FINISHED COUNTERTOPS.



B21

B3

• FLOOR BASES TO BE INSTALLED ON ALL <u>BASE CABINETS</u>, ON FLOOR <u>SERVICE PANELS</u> AND ALL VISIBLE SURFACES.

 (± 23) FLOOR FINISHES TO EXTEND ALL THE WAY UP O THE PARTITIONS, UNDER THE FIXED LAB CASEWORK UNITS.

ACCESSORIES & SERVICES:

TO BE INSTALLED AS INDICATED OR NECESSARY:

DRYING RACKS (12 35 00), WITH CATCH DRIP.

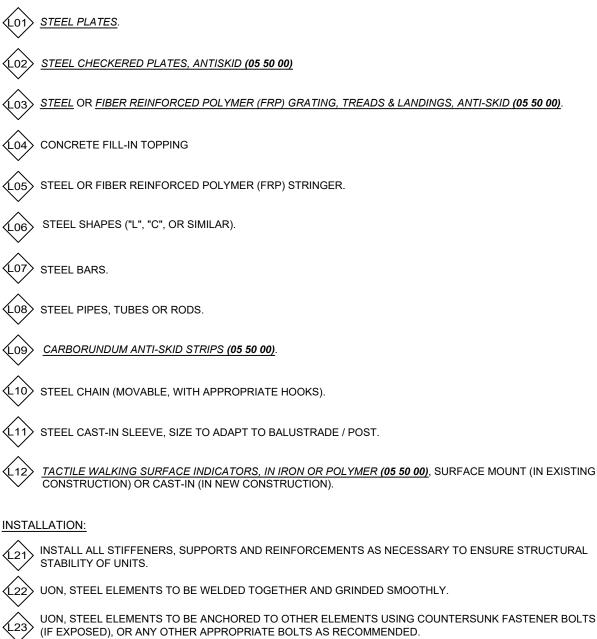
VOLUME VI - Appendix AL. Miscellaneous Steel Legend

LEGEND - MISCELLANEOUS STEEL:

LEGEND:

COMPONENTS:

TO BE INSTALLED AS INDICATED (SIZES AS INDICATED OR NECESSARY):



ALL HANDRAILS EXTENSIONS SHALL BE TERMINATED (TURNED) IN A SMOOTH WAY, IN ORDER NOT TO CONSTITUTE A HAZARD TO THE USERS.

(124) (125)

IN NON-INUSTRIAL STAIRS: BALUSTRADES SHALL PREVENT THE PASSAGE OF A 100mm DIAMETER SPHERE.



VOLUME VI - Appendix AM. Millwork Legend

SUFFIX

LEGEND - MILLWORK

LEGEND:

COMPONENTS:

TO BE INSTALLED AS INDICATED OR NECESSARY:

COUNTER TOP:

- A) <u>PLYWOOD PANELS (06 10 00)</u> OR <u>PREMOLDED PARTICLE BOARD (06 10 00)</u> 19mm, COVERED WITH <u>PLASTIC</u> LAMINATE (06 10 00)
 - B) NATURAL STONE 19mm

C) SOLID HOMOGENEOUS PANEL (06 10 00) 19mm

<u>BACKSPLASHES:</u>

<u>PLYWOOD PANELS (06 10 00)</u> 19mm, COVERED <u>WITH PLASTIC LAMINATE (06 10 00)</u> OR V<u>ENEER WOOD (06 10 00)</u>. FOR RECYCLING COUNTER: TO BE DOUBLE (2 X 19mm), SECURED ONLY TO THE COUNTER WITH ADEQUATE METAL FITTING PLATE OR BRACKET.

M03> STIFFENERS:

<u>PLYWOOD PANELS (06 10 00)</u> 19mm, @ 1220mm O/C, COVERED <u>WITH PLASTIC LAMINATE (06 10 00)</u> OR <u>VENEER</u> WOOD (06 10 00).

BODY / SIDES:

PARTICLE BOARD WOOD (06 10 00) 19mm, COVERED WITH PLASTIC LAMINATE (06 10 00) OR VENEER WOOD (06 10 00).

BACK PANEL:

PARTICLE BOARD WOOD 13mm, COVERED WITH PLASTIC LAMINATE (06 10 00) OR VENEER WOOD 06 10 00).

DOORS:

PARTICLE BOARD WOOD (06 10 00) 16mm, COVERED WITH PLASTIC LAMINATE (06 10 00) OR VENEER WOOD (06 10 00).

CABINET BASES:

<u>PLYWOOD PANELS (06 10 00)</u> 19mm, COVERED WITH <u>PLASTIC LAMINATE (06 10 00)</u> OR <u>VENEER WOOD (06 10 00)</u> OR <u>WALL BASE FINISH (06 10 00)</u>.

DRAWERS:

-FACES: <u>PARTICLE BOARD WOOD (06 10 00)</u> 16mm, COVERED WITH <u>PLASTIC LAMINATE (06 10 00)</u> OR <u>VENEER</u> WOOD(06 10 00).

-BACKS AND SIDES: PARTICLE BOARD WOOD (06 10 00) 13mm, COVERED WITH PLASTIC LAMINATE (06 10 00).



M08

М07

SHELVES (ADJUSTABLE):

PARTICLE BOARD WOOD (06 10 00) (19mm @ 915mm LONG MAX., AND 25mm @ 1220mm LONG), COVERED WITH PLASTIC LAMINATE (06 10 00) OR VENEER WOOD (06 10 00).

DECORATIVE PANELS / FASCIAS:

<u>PARTICLE BOARD WOOD (06 10 00)</u> 19mm, COVERED WITH <u>PLASTIC LAMINATE (06 10 00)</u> OR <u>VENEER WOOD</u> (06 10 00).

INSERTS:

IN SAME MATERIAL AS THE PANEL. TO BE SECURED AT ALL SIDES (2 PER SIDE) WITH METAL FITTING PLATE OR BRACKETS.



M04

VOLUME VI - Appendix AM. Millwork Legend

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

LEGEND - MILLWORK

LEGEND:

ACCESSORIES:

TO BE INSTALLED AS INDICATED OR NECESSARY:

TO BE INSTALLED AS INDICATED OR NECESSARY:
M21 <u>HANDLES:</u> CHROMED STEEL, SS, PR PVC. <u>FOR RECYCLING COUNTER</u> : CONTINUOUS: "RICHELIEU #3182".
M22 <u>SLIDES</u> : CHROMES, WITH EXTRA EXTENSION
M23 HINGES: CONCEALED, CHROMES, WITH SLOW RETURN TYPE 'BLUM".
M24 GROMMETS: PRE FABRICATED IN PVC
M25 MOULDINGS: ANODIZED ALUMINUM TRIMS "L" SHAPE ON PERIMETER & "T" SHAPE INSIDE(3/4")
M26 COAT RACKS: S.S. TUBE Ø 41mm.
M27 WALL MOUNT SHELVE ADJUSTABLE BRACKETS AND RACKS (06 10 00): IN PRE-PAINTED STEEL, ULTRA-ROBUST (DOUBLE SLOT WITH DOUBLE FLANGE BRACKETS), TO ADAPT TO SHELVE SIZES.
M28 TRIMS: STAINLESS STEEL RING Ø 152mm.
M29 LIQUID DRAIN TROUGH: STAINLESS STEEL DRAIN TROUGH COMPLETE WITH 13mm STAINLESS STEEL EDGE AND HINGED GRATE. RECESSED 13mm. TO BE CONNECTED AND SECURED TO APPROPRIATE FLEX TUBING IDENTICAL TO SIMILAR INSTALLATIONS ON EXISTING UOFO RECYCLING COUNTERS. ANY ALTERNATIVE TO BE APPROVED.
M30 WASTE DEFLECTORS: STAINLESS STEEL, SECURELY FIXED TO INSIDE OF DOOR AT ALL 4 RECTANGULAR OPENINGS.
M31 WASTE AND RECYCLE CONTAINERS (N.I.C.): PROVIDED BY OWNER
M31 <u>WASTE AND RECYCLE CONTAINERS (N.I.C.)</u> : PROVIDED BY OWNER M32 <u>LIQUID DRAIN CONTAINERS (N.I.C.)</u> : PROVIDED BY OWNER.
M31 WASTE AND RECYCLE CONTAINERS (N.I.C.): PROVIDED BY OWNER M32 LIQUID DRAIN CONTAINERS (N.I.C.): PROVIDED BY OWNER. NOTES:
M31 WASTE AND RECYCLE CONTAINERS (N.I.C.): PROVIDED BY OWNER M32 LIQUID DRAIN CONTAINERS (N.I.C.): PROVIDED BY OWNER. NOTES: M41 ALL EXPOSED EDGES TO BE COVERED WITH PLASTIC LAMINATE EDGING TO MATCH ADJACENT. M42 INSTALL ALL WOOD BLOCKING OR OTHER STIFFENERS OR SUPPORTS NECESSARY TO ENSURE STRUCTURAL
Waste and recycle containers (n.i.c.): PROVIDED BY OWNER Wig2 LIQUID DRAIN CONTAINERS (N.I.C.): PROVIDED BY OWNER. NOTES: Wig1 All EXPOSED EDGES TO BE COVERED WITH PLASTIC LAMINATE EDGING TO MATCH ADJACENT. Wig2 INSTALL ALL WOOD BLOCKING OR OTHER STIFFENERS OR SUPPORTS NECESSARY TO ENSURE STRUCTURAL STABILITY OF UNITS. Wig2 All NECESSARY CUTS FOR ELECTRICAL RECEPTACLES OR OTHER SIMILAR FEATURES, TO BE CARRIED OUT AS PER ELECTRICAL FEATURES. PLASTIC LAMINATE FINISHES:
W131 WASTE AND RECYCLE CONTAINERS (N.I.C.): PROVIDED BY OWNER W132 LIQUID DRAIN CONTAINERS (N.I.C.): PROVIDED BY OWNER. NOTES:
Waste and recycle containers (n.i.c.): PROVIDED BY OWNER Wig2 LIQUID DRAIN CONTAINERS (N.I.C.): PROVIDED BY OWNER. NOTES: Wig1 All EXPOSED EDGES TO BE COVERED WITH PLASTIC LAMINATE EDGING TO MATCH ADJACENT. Wig2 INSTALL ALL WOOD BLOCKING OR OTHER STIFFENERS OR SUPPORTS NECESSARY TO ENSURE STRUCTURAL STABILITY OF UNITS. Wig2 All NECESSARY CUTS FOR ELECTRICAL RECEPTACLES OR OTHER SIMILAR FEATURES, TO BE CARRIED OUT AS PER ELECTRICAL FEATURES. PLASTIC LAMINATE FINISHES:
w_{M31} waste and recycle containers (n.i.c.): PROVIDED BY OWNER w_{M32} LIQUID DRAIN CONTAINERS (N.I.C.): PROVIDED BY OWNER. NOTES: w_{M41} ALL EXPOSED EDGES TO BE COVERED WITH PLASTIC LAMINATE EDGING TO MATCH ADJACENT. w_{M42} INSTALL ALL WOOD BLOCKING OR OTHER STIFFENERS OR SUPPORTS NECESSARY TO ENSURE STRUCTURAL STABILITY OF UNITS. w_{M42} ALL NECESSARY CUTS FOR ELECTRICAL RECEPTACLES OR OTHER SIMILAR FEATURES, TO BE CARRIED OUT AS PER ELECTRICAL FEATURES. PLASTIC LAMINATE FINISHES: UON, THE FOLLOWING ARE THE FINISHES TO BE USED: v_{P11} FOR BACK SIGNAGE PANEL:



DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

VOLUME VI - Appendix AN. Washroom Access. Legend

LEGEND - WASHROOMS ACCESSORIES & INSTALLATIONS



LEGEND:

ACCESSORIES (10 28 10):

TO BE INSTALLED AS INDICATED OR NECESSARY:

> <u>PAPER TOWEL DISPENSER, SURFACE MOUNTED (10 28 10).</u> MOUNTING OPERATING HEIGHT: 1100mm AFF.



(N01

SOAP DISPENSER, SURFACE MOUNTED (10 28 10). MOUNTING OPERATING HEIGHT: 1100mm AFF.

VOLUME VI - Appendix AP. Partrition Legend







INTEGRITY:



ALL MECH./ELECT./STRUCT. PENETRATIONS N FULL HEIGHT SOUND RATED OR IN FRR ASSEMBLIES, TO BE SEALED OR FIREPROOFED.



PARTITIONS IN FIRE RATED OR SOUND RATED OR FULL-HEIGHT PARTITION ASSEMBLIES TO BE SEALED ON PERIMETER.



SEALANT & CAULKING MATERIAL THICKNESS TO TAKE IN CONSIDERATION THE COMPRESSIBLE PERCENTAGE FACTOR INDICATED ON THE TEST, IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE STRUCTURAL DEFLECTION OF THE MEMBERS.



IN MASONRY PARTITIONS, TOP COURSE TO BE 100% FILLED WITH MORTAR.



FRR OR ACOUSTICAL PARTITIONS TO PENETRATE THROUGH THE CORE OF THE OTHER WALL OR PARTITION WHEREVER IT MEETS AN EXTERIOR WALL OR ANY OTHER NON-FRR PARTITIONS.



<u>POLYETHYLENE FOAM EVA CLOSURE BLOCKING (07 40 00)</u> TO SEAL METAL CLADDING PARTITIONS BETWEEN PANELS (HORIZONTALLY AND VERTICALLY) IF PARTITION IS SMOKE SEALED.

RECESSED ELECTRIC BOXES TO BE STAGGER AT OPPOSITE SIDES OF SOUND RATED PARTITIONS @ MIN. 600mm O/C.

ACOUSTIC INSULATION:



<u>GLASS FIBER FLEXIBLE ACOUSTIC LINER (07 20 00)</u> TO BE INSTALLED OVER CEILING, EXTENDED 1220mm ON BOTH SIDES OF PARTITION, IN EXISTING CONDITIONS WHERE IT IS IMPOSSIBLE TO EXTEND SOUND PARTITIONS FULL HEIGHT.



<u>MINERAL FIBER ACOUSTIC BATT INSULATION (07 20 00)</u> TO BE INSTALLED IN ANY OF THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS AS APPLICABLE:

- ON TOP OF FOLDING PANEL PARTITIONS
- IN DOOR / VISION PANEL / WINDOW FRAME CAVITIES OR SIMILAR IF PARTITION CONTAINING THESE ELEMENTS IS FILLED WITH ACOUSTIC INSULATION
- IN ALL CONCEALED VOIDS BETWEEN PARTITIONS AND EXTERIOR WINDOW MULLIONS AND OTHER SIMILAR ADJACENT SPACES
- IN THE FLUTE METAL DECKS, ON TOP OF THE PARTITION, IF SOUND INSULATED
- ALL ADJACENT SPACES TO SOUND INSULATED PARTITIONS
- ALL OTHER SPACES, AS INDICATED



<u>FLEXIBLE ACOUSTICAL BUFFER</u>, OR <u>SEMI-RIGID ACOUSTICAL BUFFER</u> (07 20 00) TO BE SUSPENDED IN PLENUMS, TO ENSURE THE SOUND INTEGRITY IN HIDDEN PLACES WHERE SOUNDPROOF PARTITIONS DO NOT EXTEND FULL HEIGHT (SLAB TO SLAB).

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

VOLUME VI - Appendix AP. Partrition Legend

LEGEND - PARTITION / INTERNAL WORK



STRUCTURAL STABILITY:

DEFLECTION GAP TO BE CARRIED AT THE HEAD OF ALL PARTITIONS (MASONRY AND / OR STUDS) USING DOUBLE TRACK OR SIMILAR APPROVED SYSTEM TO ALLOW FOR FLEXIBLE STRUCTURAL DEFLECTION ABOVE.

 F: STRUCTURAL DEFLECTION AS RECOMMENDED BY STRUCTURAL ENGINEER. = 20mm MIN. RECOMMENDED

22 STUDS TO BE DOUBLED AT ALL OPENINGS, DOOR OR WINDOW FRAMES IN DRY WALL PARTITIONS.

ADDITIONAL STUD, ALUMINUM EXTRUSIONS OR MISCELLANEOUS STEEL REINFORCEMENT TO BE ADDED FOR VERTICAL POSTS AND LINTELS, AS NECESSARY IN THE FOLLOWING:

- DRY WALL PARTITIONS, FOR ALL OPENINGS WIDER THAN 1800mm.
- ALL FREE STANDING PARTITIONS, WHERE NECESSARY TO SUPPORT THE DESCRIBED DIMENSIONS.

"L" SHAPE, CHANNEL, OR SIMILAR MISCELLANEOUS STEEL REINFORCEMENT TO BE INSTALLED AS NECESSARY AS REINFORCEMENT FOR THE FOLLOWING:

- VANITY SUPPORT
- CEILING HUNG PARTITIONS

CONTINUOUS STEEL PLATE ±16 GAUGE X APPROPRIATE WIDTH OR SIMILAR TO BE INSTALLED AS NECESSARY FOR THE SUPPORT AND/OR REINFORCEMENT OF PARTITION STUDS UNDER WASHROOM ACCESSORIES, ELECTRO/ MECHANICAL ITEMS, SUSPENDED FURNITURE, OR SIMILAR.



UON, ADDITIONAL CROSS BRACING 0 1500mm O/C MAX TO ATTACH DOUBLE STUD PARTITIONS.



CONCRETE OR STEEL LINTELS TO BE INSTALLED OVER OPENINGS, DOORS, MECHANICAL / ELECTRICAL SERVICE OR EQUIPMENT PENETRATIONS IN MASONRY PARTITIONS. REFER TO STRUCTURAL AS NECESSARY.



CONTINUOUS GALVANIZED "L" SHAPE FRAME 50mm x NECESSARY HEIGHT x ±16 GA., TO BE INSTALLED ON THE PERIMETER OF ALL BOARD CEILINGS.



<u>STEEL STUD SYSTEM (09 20 00)</u> (SAME GAUGE AND STUD SPACING AS ADJACENT) TO BE INSTALLED AS NECESSARY FOR BRACING & REINFORCEMENTS OF BULKHEAD FACES, PARTITION HEADS, SUSPENSIONS OR SIMILAR.



ADDITIONAL FRAMING TO BE INSTALLED IN CEILINGS AS NECESSARY TO ACCOMMODATE ALL ELECTRICAL / MECHANICAL FEATURES SUCH AS FUME HOOD COVER PANELS, LIGHTING, DUCTS, PIPES, OR SIMILAR.



UON, UNDER STEEL DECK COMPONENTS, ALL CEILING HUNG ELEMENTS TO BE ANCHORED TO THE STRUCTURAL SUPPORTING ELEMENTS OR LOWER PORTIONS OF THE FLUTES, AND NOT TO THE UPPER PORTIONS.

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

VOLUME VI - Appendix AP. Partrition Legend

LEGEND - PARTITION / INTERNAL WORK

DRY WALL PARTITION CONSTRUCTION:



P42

BOARD MATERIAL OF SAME TYPE AND THICKNESS AND LAYER NUMBER TO BE INSTALLED AS INDICATED TO COVER PARTITION GAPS.

BOARD MATERIAL TO BE SCREWED TO VERTICAL STUDS AND NOT TO TOP TRACK.

, GALV. TOP TRACKS AT PARTITION HEADS TO BE COMPOSED OF ONE FIXED TOP AND ONE LOOSE BOTTOM CHANNEL, OR SLOTTED HEAD SYSTEM.



DEFLECTION GAP TO BE CARRIED OUT WHERE MECHANICAL / ELECT. PENETRATIONS (PIPES, CONDUITS, OR SIMILAR) PENETRATES DRY WALL PARTITIONS, TO PREVENT STRUCTURAL DEFLECTION, UNLESS SUPPORTING STUDS BELOW ARE DESIGNED TO CARRY THE LOAD OF THESE PENETRANTS.

FLEXIBLE (LOOSE) CONNECTION BETWEEN BOARD MATERIALS TO BE DONE, AT ALL LOCATIONS WHERE THERE IS ANTICIPATED DEFLECTION / MOVEMENT.



P45

<u>PREFABRICATED DEFLECTION JOINT TRIMS (09 20 00)</u> WITH SEALED EDGES, TO BE INSTALLED ON TOP OF PARTITIONS, IF DESIGNATED AS PRESSURIZED AIR SEAL.

<u>STEEL DECK FLUTE CLOSURES (09 20 00)</u> IN GALVANIZED STEEL, SAME GA. AS STRUCT. METAL DECK (20 MIN.), TO BE INSTALLED ON TOP OF FULL-HEIGHT PARTITIONS AS INDICATED.



GALVANIZED SHEET, 20 GA, 64mm x 64mm MIN. TO BE INSTALLED TO FIX LOOSE PARTITION BOARDS TO THE STRUCTURE ABOVE.



UON, WOOD BLOCKING IS NOT PERMITTED WITHIN THE FOLLOWING LOCATIONS: -LAB SPACES, CLEAN ROOM SPACES, HIGH MOISTURE SPACES, AND SIMILAR.

FIRE RATED PROTECTION:



<u>MINERAL FIBER FRR BATT INSULATION (07 80 00)</u> TO BE INSTALLED IN ALL CAVITY CONNECTIONS OF FRR PARTITIONS OR SIMILAR, AS INDICATED, OR <u>FIRE STOP FLUTE DECK (07 80 00)</u>.



FRR SEALANTS (07 80 00) OR SPRAYS MODIFIED ACRYLIC LATEX ELASTOMER SEALANT (07 80 00), OR SILICONE SEALANT, TO BE INSTALLED AS MANUFACTURERS RECOMMENDATIONS DEPENDING ON SITE CONDITIONS, APPLICABILITY, LOCATION, WALL FINISHES TO MEET ULC/CUL REQUIREMENTS OR AS INDICATED.



STRUCTURAL STEEL ELEMENTS (COLUMNS, BEAMS, OR SIMILAR) PENETRATION FRR PARTITIONS OR CARRYING LOADS, TO BE BE PROTECTED WITH <u>INTUMESCENT COATING (07 80 00)</u> OR OTHER ULC APPROVED MEANS.



PIPE INSULATION OR P.V.C. COVERS THAT PENETRATE FIRE RATED SEPARATIONS TO BE IN CONFORMANCE WITH ULC/CUL APPROVED TESTS.



REFER TO MECH. / ELECT. NOTES FOR GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT SEALING AND FIRE STOPPING AROUND MECHANICAL / ELECTRICAL PENETRATION.

<u>FIRESTOP TOP TRACK SEAL (07 80 00)</u>, TO BE INSERTED BETWEEN TOP TRACK AND STRUCTURE, WITH PROVISION FOR DEFLECTION.



SUFFIX

VOLUME VI - Appendix AP. Partrition Legend

LEGEND - PARTITION / INTERNAL WORK

MOULDING & FINISHES:

P61

TO BE INSTALLED AS INDICATED OR NECESSARY:

> <u>"V" MOULDING FOR DRYWALL CONTROL JOINTS, PLASTERED (09 20 00)</u>.

(P62) CONCEALED "J" TRIM, PLASTERED, AND / OR FINISHED.

53 DRYWALL METAL REVEAL TRIM "Z" SHAPE, PLASTERED.

64 DRYWALL PLASTER.

65 CONTROL JOINT TRIM FOR DRYWALL.

P66 NEOPRENE GASKET ±8mm.

EXPOSED ALUMINUM FASCIA, "U", "J" OR "Z" TRIM OR STRIPS, SAME FINISH AS ADJACENT ALUMINUM ELEMENTS.

SEALANTS & GASKETS:

TO BE INSTALLED AS INDICATED OR NECESSARY:



INTERIOR <u>SEALANT</u> + <u>BACKER ROD (07 90 00)</u> (BACKING ROD ONLY FOR ALL GAPS EXCEEDING 3mm).



<u>INSULATING STRIP FOR DRYWALL, SELF-ADHESIVE (09 20 00)</u> BETWEEN THE TOP OR BOTTOM TRACK AND STRUCTURAL ELEMENTS.

<u>EXPANSION JOINT PRE-COMPRESSIBLE (07 10 00)</u> COMPONENT INTEGRATED WITH A SILICONE SEALANT EDGES.

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<u>SMOKE AND ACOUSTIC TOP</u> TRACK SEAL (07 90 00), TO BE INSERTED BETWEEN TOP TRACK AND STRUCTURE, WITH PROVISION FOR DEFLECTION.

EXISTING CONDITIONS OR EXTERIOR WALLS:



UON, PARTITIONS NO TO BE ATTACHED DIRECTLY ON EXISTING ELEMENTS AT JUNCTIONS BETWEEN NEW AND EXISTING CONSTRUCTION, OR IF IT IS SUPPORTED ON FLOATING SLAB-ON GRADES WITH EXPANSION JOINTS.



METAL STUDS TO TO BE INSTALLED ON THE CURTAIN WALL MULLIONS IF NECESSARY, BUT NOT TO THE SPANDREL PANELS (VAPOR-BARRIER).

PARTITION ELEMENTS SUPPORTED ON FLOATING SLABS, SHALL NOT LEAN DIRECTLY ON ANY ELEMENT OF THE EXTERIOR WALL OR SURROUNDING PARTITIONS.



DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

VOLUME VI - Appendix AR. Doors & Hardware Legend

LEGEND - DOOR & HARDWARE

LEGEND:

DOORS & FRAMES:



U.O.N, FRAME THROAT SIZE TO ADAPT TO PARTITION TYPE. FOR ALL WALLS OR PARTITIONS WIDTHS, REFER TO CONSTRUCTION PLANS AND PARTITION TYPES. VERIFY WIDTHS OF ALL EXISTING WALLS ON SITE. DOOR FRAMES TO BE AT LEAST 50mm WIDE FOR ADEQUATE INSTALLATION OF SPECIFIED ELECTRIC STRIKES.

(R02)

R01

U.O.N., DOUBLE DOORS THAT CARRIES EXIT DEVISE (08 70 00) ((PANIC BARS) SHALL HAVE INTERMEDIATE MULLION FRAMES (TO BE REMOVABLE IN MAIN CORRIDORS OR ENTRANCES, UON) .

HARDWARE & CONNECTIONS:

TO BE INSTALLED AS INDICATED OR NECESSARY:

ACTUATOR SWITCH AND ESCUTCHEON (08 70 00) (AS APPLICABLE) FOR AUTOMATIC DOOR OPERATOR, TO BE Ŕ21 INDIVIDUALLY WIRED, OR WIRELESSLY CONNECTED. U.O.N., TO BE AUTOMATICALLY DEACTIVATED (NOT OPERATIONAL) IN CASE OF FIRE-ALARM SIGNAL, IN FRR PARTITION'S DOORS. INSTALLED ON BOTH SIDES, TAKING IN CONSIDERATION ACCESSIBILITY & CIRCULATION CLEARANCES.

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DOOR OPERATOR'S CONTROL BOX (08 70 00). U.O.N., TO BE INSTALLED WALL MOUNTED OR IN CEILING SPACES WITH VIBRATION ISOLATORS IN CORRIDORS, A/V ROOMS OR STORAGE ROOMS. NEVER INSTALL IN CLASSROOM CEILING SPACE. FINAL LOCATION TO BE COORDINATED WITH UofO. NOTE: DEVISE COULD ALSO BE INTEGRATED TO THE AUTOMATIC DOOR OPERATOR CLOSER.

AUTOMATIC DOOR OPERATOR CLOSER (08 70 00), TO BE GENERALLY INSTALLED ON FRAME. UON, DELAY TIME:

- 5 SECONDS AFTER ACTUATOR IS PUSHED.
- 12 SECONDS WHEN DOOR IS FULLY OPENED.

ELECTRIFIED LATCH DEVICE (08 70 00) (ELECTRICAL STRIKE), TO BE MOUNTED ON FRAME.

R25 ELECTRIFIED MAGLOCK.

R26 DOOR COORDINATOR, TO BE INSTALLED ON ALL FRR DOUBLE DOORS.

R27 STANDARD MORTISE & LEVER (08 70 00).



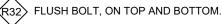
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STANDARD PANIC BAR EXIT DEVICE (08 70 00).

R29 ELECTRIFIED MORTISE & LEVER (08 70 00).

ELECTRIFIED / RETRACTABLE PANIC BAR EXIT DEVICE (08 70 00).

ELECTRIC POWER TRANSFER (08 70 00). **R**31 INSTALLED IN FRAME.







R36

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R41

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MANUAL DOOR CLOSER (08 70 00), TO BE GENERALLY INSTALLED ON FRAME. UON, DELAY TIME

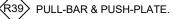
• 3 SECONDS WHEN THE DOOR IS IN AN OPEN POSITION OF 70°.



KEY SWITCH, TO SHUNT / BYPASS THE ACTUATOR SWITCH.

ASTRAGAL. TO BE INSTALLED ON ALL F.R.R. DOUBLE DOORS.

R38 MANUAL FIRE ALARM PULL STATION (ON THE EGRESS SIDE).





PUSH TO RELEASE BUTTON (ON EGRESS / EXIT

SIDE ONLY).

ELECTRONIC LOCK & HANDLE (08 70 00).

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

VOLUME VI - Appendix AR. Doors & Hardware Legend

LEGEND - DOOR & HARDWARE

LEGEND:

HARDWARE WIRING, CONDUITS AND CONNECTIONS:

TO BE INSTALLED BY GENERAL CONTRACTOR AS INDICATED OR NECESSARY.

- ------ ELECTRIFIED WIRING AND CONDUIT SYSTEM.
- -A ------ 12.5mm COPPER COMPRESSED AIR, TO TAP INTO BUILDING COMPRESSED AIR SYSTEM (IF APPLICABLE).
- _____ CONDUITS ONLY. TO BE REGROUPED AS NECESSARY.

SECURITY:

TO BE INSTALLED BY **UofO** INSTRUMENTATION TEAM (N.I.C.):

----- WIRING & CONNECTIONS.



R62

CONTROLLER BOX, TO BE INSTALLED ON SECURED SIDE. NOTE: TO BE DOUBLED, IF SECURED IN / OUT.

<u>CARD READER</u> TO BE INSTALLED IN WALL, WITH PLASTER RING ON, IN SECURED SIDE. NOTE: TO BE INSTALLED ON BOTH SIDES, IF SECURED IN / OUT.

DOOR CONTACT.

1m FT6 WIRE COIL(S) C/W CLEAR LABELS IDENTIFYING DESTINATION OF EACH WIRE PAIR (LABEL: BLACK MARKER ON BEIGE MASKING TAPE). JUNCTION BOX & MULTIPLE COILS TO BE GROUPED TOGETHER IN ONE AREA, IN CEILING SPACE ABOVE DOOR ON PROTECTED SIDE, NEAR CARD READER CONTROLLER BOX WHERE POSSIBLE.

WIRING TO BE AS INDICATED ON ILLUSTRATION AND BELOW:

- A. 2 CONDUCTORS.
- B. 2 CONDUCTORS 18 AWG STRANDED CABLE.
- C. 2 X 4 CONDUCTORS.
- D. 4 CONDUCTORS 22 AWG STRANDED SHIELDED CABLE.
- E. 6 CONDUCTORS 22 AWG COPPER STANDARD SHIELDED CABLE.
- F. 4 CONDUCTORS 22 AWG STRANDED SHIELDED CABLE.
- G. 4 CONDUCTORS 24AWG STRANDED SHIELDED CABLE.

NOTES:

- 1. SEVERAL WIRING SHARING THE SAME ROUTING, CAN BE GATHERED IN THE SAME CONDUIT, WITH APPROPRIATE SIZE FITTING.
- 2. ALL SYSTEMS, COMPONENTS AND DIAGRAMS TO BE APPROVED BY FACILITIES.
- 3. WIRING AND CONDUITS TO BE PRIMARILY INSTALLED IN WALLS, UNLESS OBSTRUCTED BY TRANSOM PANELS,
- ACTIVE OR PASSIVE LEAVES, ETC. 4. ALL CABLES TO BE PLENUM RATED TYPE.
- 4. ALL CABLES TO BE PLENUM RATED TYPE.
- 5. ALL HARDWARE ITEMS TO BE FIRE RATED, WHERE APPLICABLE.
- 6. REFER OTHER ELECTRICAL NOTES IN OTHER SECTION OF THIS DOCUMENT, AS APPLICABLE FOR WIRING, CONNECTIONS & CONDUITS.



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LEGEND - EXTERIOR ENVELOPE LEGEND:

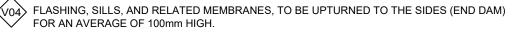


FLASHING, MOLDING & PANELS:

V01 <u>METAL OR ALUMINUM FLASHING & CLOSURES, PREPAINTED (07 40 00)</u> TO BE CONTINUOUS WITH SAME TYPE CLEATS & CONCEALED FASTENERS, IF NECESSARY.

PANELS, TRIMS, SILLS OR CLOSURES IN ALUMINUM (08 40 00), TO BE FASTENED WITH CONCEALED CLIPS, SAME FINISHES TO ADJACENT WINDOW OR CURTAIN WALL ELEMENTS.

ALUMINUM SILLS, TO BE SLOPED 10% TO THE EXTERIOR, WITH CONCEALED CLIPS AND SIMILAR FINISHES TO ADJACENT WINDOW OR CURTAIN WALL ELEMENTS.



REINFORCEMENT:

V03

TO BE INSTALLED AS INDICATED OR NECESSARY:

(11) SUPPORT FOR CURTAIN WALL COMPONENTS, OR OTHER SIMILAR, AS NECESSARY.

2 RESERVED.

3 RESERVED.

300mm DEEP <u>LIGHT WEIGHT CONCRETE BOARD (05 45 00)</u>, SAME THICKNESS AS ADJACENT DESCRIBED BOARD ON THE ROOF PERIMETER OF STEEL DECK, AROUND OPENINGS AND UNDER ALL CURBS OR ACCESSORIES.

> SLOT CONNECTION TO ACCOMMODATE STRUCTURAL DEFLECTION, GENERALLY AT EVERY FLOOR LEVEL. APPLIED MATERIAL TO TAKE IN CONSIDERATION ITS COMPRESSIBLE PERCENTAGE FACTOR .

<u>GALVANIZED STEEL SUB-GIRT SYSTEM FOR WALLS (07 40 00)</u>, SAME GAUGE AS FOR THE RELATED WALL SYSTEM.

<u>PLYWOOD PANEL, PRESSURE TREATED, WATER-RESISTANT (07 50 00)</u>, THICKNESS AS NECESSARY.

S.S. COLLAR AND CLAMP, ON ALL OPEN END MEMBRANES, OR SIMILAR CONNECTIONS.

COMPARTMENTALIZATION:



<u>COMPARTMENTALIZATION DIVIDERS (04 80 00)</u> WITH APPROPRIATE DIMENSIONS AND <u>THERMAL BREAKS (07 40 00)</u>, TO BE APPLIED VERTICALLY @ CONTROL JOINTS ADJACENT TO CHANGE IN DIRECTION IN WALL (±1000mm FROM BUILDING CORNERS) FOR WIND COMPARTMENTALIZATION IN THE BRICK VENEER CLADDING.



POLYETHYLENE FOAM EVA CLOSURE BLOCKING (07 40 00) WITH APPROPRIATE DIMENSIONS, FOR WIND COMPARTMENTALIZATION IN THE METAL OR PANEL CLADDING SYSTEM, TO BE APPLIED VERTICALLY @ 9000mm C/C MAX. (±1000mm FROM BUILDING EDGE), INSERTED BETWEEN THE EXTERNAL INSULATION FACE AND THE EXTERNAL CLADDING.

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

VOLUME VI - Appendix AV. Envelope Legend

LEGEND - EXTERIOR ENVELOPE

CURTAIN WALL:



THE CAVITIES BETWEEN CURTAIN WALL MULLIONS AND ADJACENT WALLS, OR CAVITIES BEHIND PARAPETS, NOT TO BE OBSTRUCTED OR FILLED WITH INSULATION (TO INSURE WARM AIR CIRCULATION).

TRANSITION MEMBRANES BETWEEN MULLIONS' THROATS AND ADJACENT WALLS TO BE ADHERED, SEALED AND MECHANICALLY FASTENED. MULLION'S VERTICAL LIP SHALL BE CUT IF INTERFERING.



PVC OR ALUMINUM CLOSURES TO BE INSTALLED AT TOP OR BOTTOM EDGES OF VERTICAL MULLIONS AND CAPS, IF EXPOSED, OR TO SUPPORT MEMBRANES.

<u>MINERAL FIBRE SEMI-RIGID BOARD INSULATION FOR CURTAIN WALL (70 20 00)</u> (100mm LONG MIN.) TO BE INSTALLED ON PERIMETER OF SPANDREL PANEL CAVITIES, WITH DRIP HOLES 25mm THAT MATCHES THE PRESSURE PLATES, AS NECESSARY.



VERTICAL MULLIONS TO BE EXTENDED AS NECESSARY TO SUIT DIFFERENT CONSTRUCTION AND SUPPORT CONDITIONS.



HORIZONTAL MULLION'S CAPS & PRESSURE PLATES TO INCLUDE DRAINAGE WITH VENT & WIPE HOLES SLOTS

COMPATIBILITY:

NON-COMPATIBLE MATERIALS EDM, PVC, TPO, ASPHALT OR BITUMINOUS MATERIALS TO BE SEPARATED USING FELT MEMBRANES, PREFINISHED METAL SHEETS OR OTHER SIMILAR FEATURES.

JUNCTIONS OR INTERFACES OF DISSIMILAR METALS TO HAVE AN ELECTROLYTIC SEPARATION DEVICE OR APPROPRIATE MEMBRANE, TO PREVENT ELECTROLYTIC CORROSION AND METAL DEGRADATION.

WATERPROOF & SEALANTS:

TO BE INSTALLED AS INDICATED OR NECESSARY:

- NTER CONNECTING AIR/VAPOR BARRIER MEMBRANE (07 50 00), OR DOUBLE LAYERS OF VAPOR BARRIER MEMBRANE (07 50 00).
- V52

V57

V58

/59

V59a

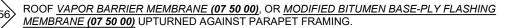
EXPANSION JOINT WATERPROOF MEMBRANE (07 50 00) OR EXPANSION JOINT TRIM FOR ROOFING (07 50 00).

 <u>THROUGH-WALL FLASHING MEMBRANE (07 10 00)</u>, SELF ADHESIVE. TO BE DUPLICATED OVER IRREGULAR OR DENTED SHAPE SUPPORTS.
 <u>MODIFIED BITUMEN, AIR/VAPOUR BARRIER (07 10 00)</u>.
 <u>SILICONE SEALANT TRANSITIONAL MEMBRANE (07 10 00)</u>.

Or MODIFIED BITUMEN, AIR/VAPOUR BARRIER (07 10 00), SELF-ADHESIVE, OVER:

- 26 GA. GALV. METAL SHEET BENT AND FOLDED TO SUIT,
- Or BACKER ROD (07 90 00), WHENEVER POSSIBLE,

- Or INVERTED MODIFIED BITUMEN MEMBRANE STRIP, LOOPED TO SUIT.



EXTERIOR <u>SEALANT</u> + <u>BACKER ROD (07 90 00)</u> (BACKER ROD ONLY FOR ALL GAPS EXCEEDING 3mm).

<u>CROSS-LINKED BUTYL PREFORMED SEALANT (07 40 00)</u> AT CONNECTION BETWEEN METAL LINERS AND SUB-GIRTS.

> <u>CHEMICAL CURB SYSTEM (07 40 00)</u> AT ROOF PENETRATIONS.

LIQUID FLASHING MEMBRANE (07 40 00) FOR DIFFICULT TO ADHERE SITUATIONS.

LEGEND - EXTERIOR ENVELOPE

INSULATION:

TO BE INSTALLED AS INDICATED OR NECESSARY:

(V61) <u>POLYURETHANE FOAM ADHESIVE SEALANT (07 20 00)</u> INSULATION, LOW DENSITY.

V62 BATT OR SEMI-RIGID INSULATION (07 20 00), FLEXIBLE.

> <u>EXTRUDED EXPANDED POLYSTYRENE BOARD INSULATION (07 20 00)</u>, LAMINATED TO PRE-PAINTED ALUMINUM SHEET, IF EXPOSED.

SPRAYED OR INJECTED POLYURETHANE INSULATION, PORTABLE SYSTEM (07 20 00).

V65 SAME INSULATION TYPE AS ADJACENT.



V6

V63

V64

<u>HIGH THERMAL RESISTANCE BLANKET (07 20 00)</u>, IN TIGHT SPACES, TO ENSURE THE CONTINUITY OF INSULATION.

SPRAYED POLYURETHANE INSULATION (07 20 00),

NOTE: TO BE PROTECTED WITH FIRE BARRIER AS PER OBC, IF EXPOSED FROM INSIDE.

DRAINAGE & VENTS:

TO BE INSTALLED AS INDICATED OR NECESSARY:

PREFABRICATED (RECTANGULAR) WEEP HOLES (04 80 00) IN MASONRY CLADDING, OR <u>TUBE VENTS (03 45 00)</u> IN CONCRETE SILLS @ 600mm O/C AND A CONTINUOUS MORTAR MESH CONTROL IN THE BACK CAVITY.



PREFABRICATED <u>WEEP VENTS (04 80 00)</u> AT MASONRY CLADDING, TOP @ 600mm O/C.

CONTINUOUS DRAINAGE SPACE (@ 6mm to 8mm OR AS INDICATED) BETWEEN THE BOTTOM OF THE PANELS AND THE METAL FLASHING.



V75

V76

WEEP HOLES WITH APPROPRIATE DIMENSION (6mm MIN. @ 600mm O/C OR AS INDICATED) FOR THE PREFABRICATED ALUMINUM OR SIMILAR CLADDING.

CONTINUOUS INSECT SCREEN (07 40 00) VENT STRIP (PERFORATED MESH), WHENEVER GAPS EXCEED 6mm.

> CONTINUOUS GROOVE GUTTER STRIP.

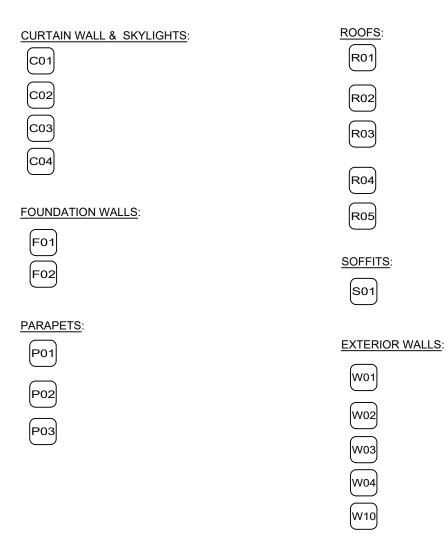


VOLUME VI - Appendix AV. Envelope Legend

LEGEND - EXTERIOR ENVELOPE

TYPICAL ASSEMBLIES:

FOR DETAILED INFORMATION, REFER TO "VOLUME I - BUILDING ENVELOPE" SECTION.





VOLUME VI - Appendix AY. M&E Legend

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

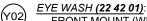
LEGEND - MECHANICAL / ELECTRICAL / CONTROL

LEGEND:

MECHANICAL:

TO BE INSTALLED AS INDICATED OR NECESSARY:

(Y01) MECHANICAL CONDUITS, TO BE PROPERLY FINISHED IF EXPOSED IN OCCUPIED SPACES.



- FRONT MOUNT (WITHOUT INTERFERENCE WITH EQUIPMENTS.
- BACK MOUNT (WITHOUT INTERFERENCE WITH DRYING RACKS).



SINKS (22 42 01), TO TAKE INTO CONSIDERATIONS ACCESSIBILITY PARAMETERS. (Y04

ELECTRICAL:

TO BE INSTALLED AS INDICATED OR NECESSARY:



ELECTRICAL MONUMENT (26 00 00), TO BE INSTALLED ON COUNTERTOPS WHERE WALL (Y21) RACEWAY WOULD BE DIFFICULT OR UNNECESSARY.

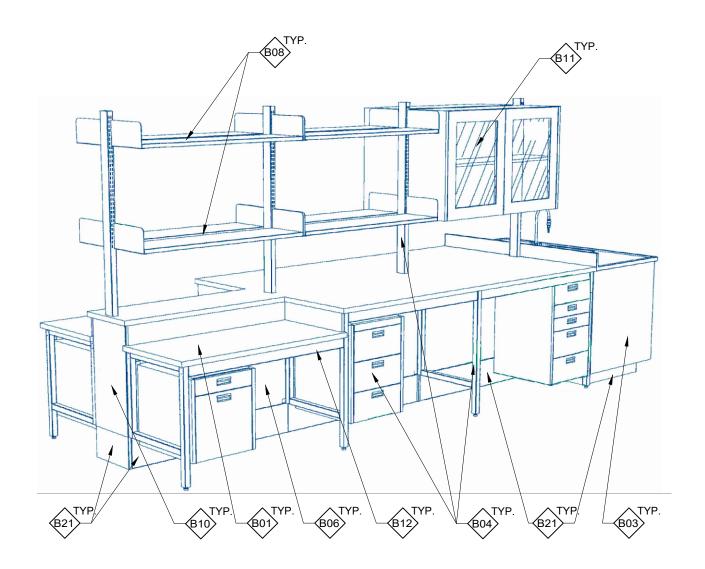
ELECTRICAL AND OTHER SUSPENDED FEEDINGS AND PLATES. (Y22





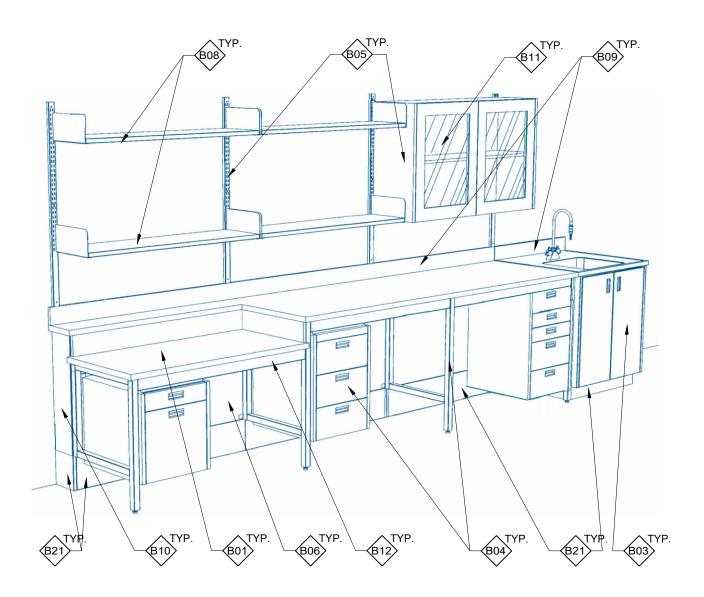
VOLUME VI - Appendix DB. Lab Furniture Details

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

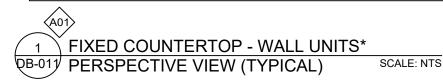


*THE SHOWN PERSPECTIVE IS A COURTESY FROM "BEDCOLAB INC.", AS EXAMPLE ILLUSTRATION ONLY, AND NOT LIMITED OR EXCLUSIVE TO ANY PARTICULAR MODEL OR MANUFACTURER.

1 FIXED COUNTERTOP - ISLAND UNITS* PB-010 PERSPECTIVE VIEW (TYPICAL) SCALE: NTS



*THE SHOWN PERSPECTIVE IS A COURTESY FROM "BEDCOLAB INC.", AS EXAMPLE ILLUSTRATION ONLY, AND NOT LIMITED OR EXCLUSIVE TO ANY PARTICULAR MODEL OR MANUFACTURER.



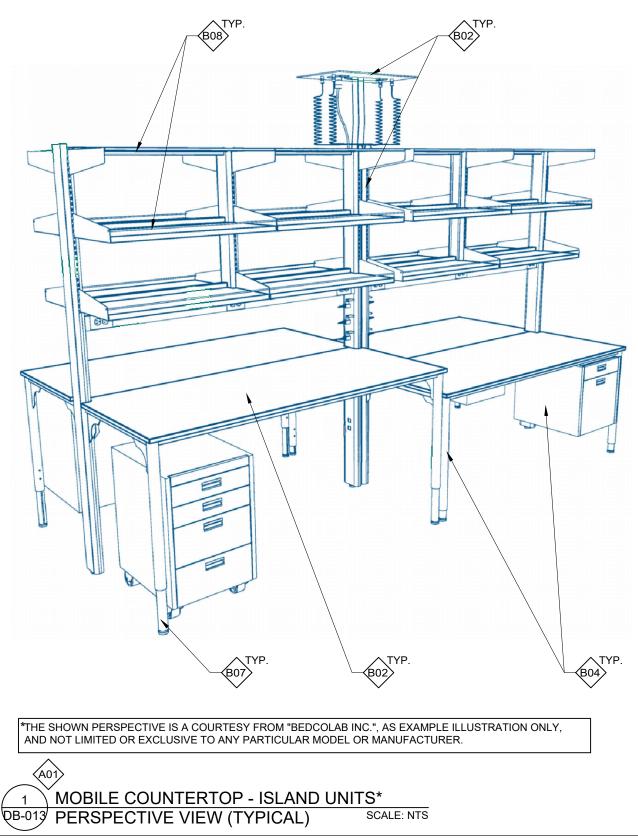
VOLUME VI - Appendix DB. Lab Furniture Details



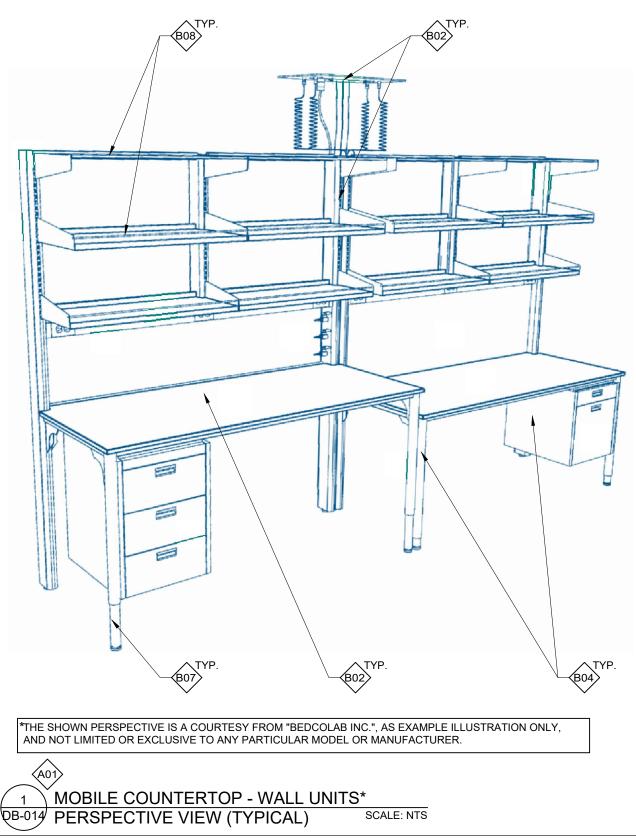




SCALE: NTS



VOLUME VI - Appendix DB. Lab Furniture Details



VOLUME VI - Appendix DB. Lab Furniture Details

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES



THE SHOWN PICTURE IS A COURTESY FROM "MOTTLAB INC.", AS EXAMPLE ILLUSTRATION ONLY, AND NOT LIMITED OR EXCLUSIVE TO ANY PARTICULAR MODEL OR MANUFACTURER.



FROM ROGER GUINDON BUILDING:



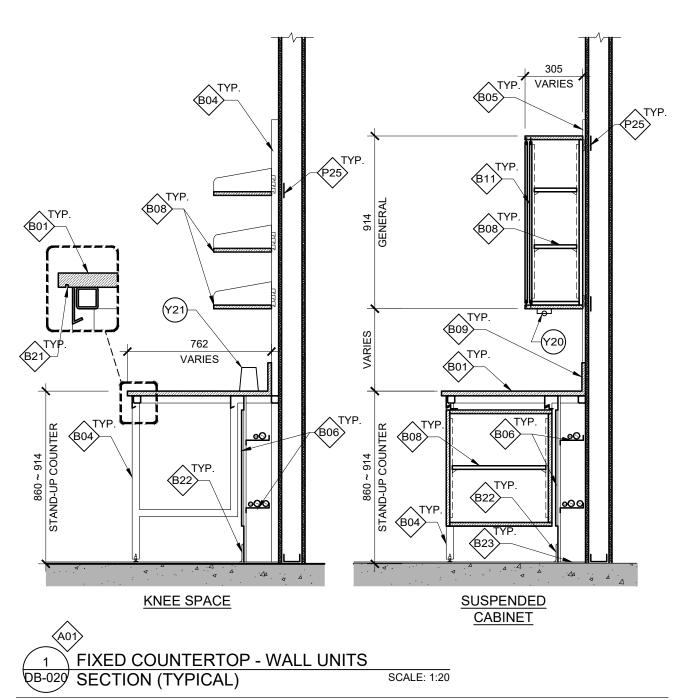


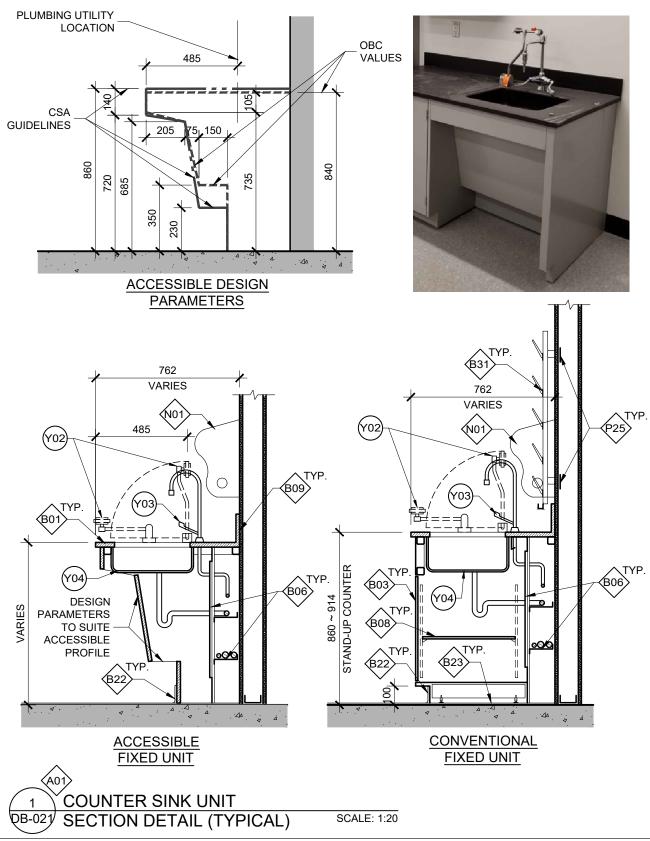


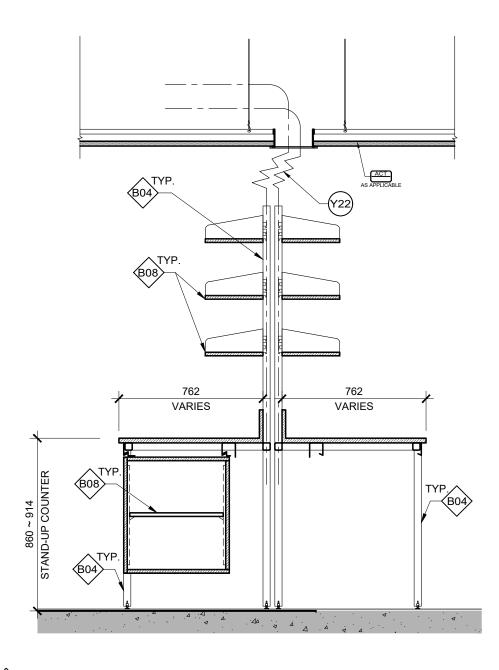
1 MOBILE COUNTERTOP - WALL UNITS W/ FIXED ACCESSIBLE UNITS OB-016 PICTURES (STEM Building) SCALE: NTS

VOLUME VI - Appendix DB. Lab Furniture Details

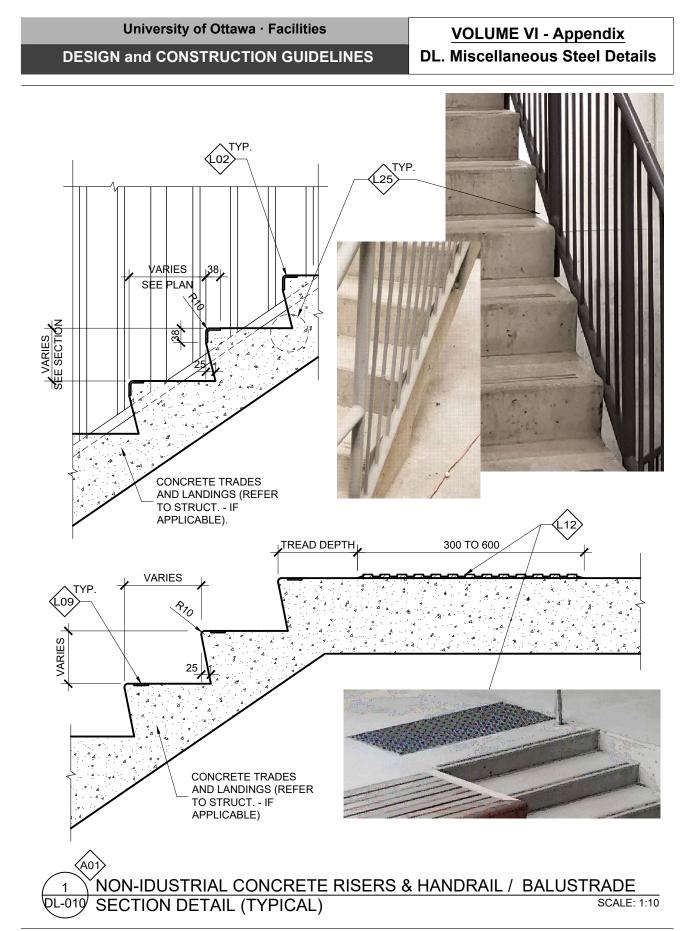
DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

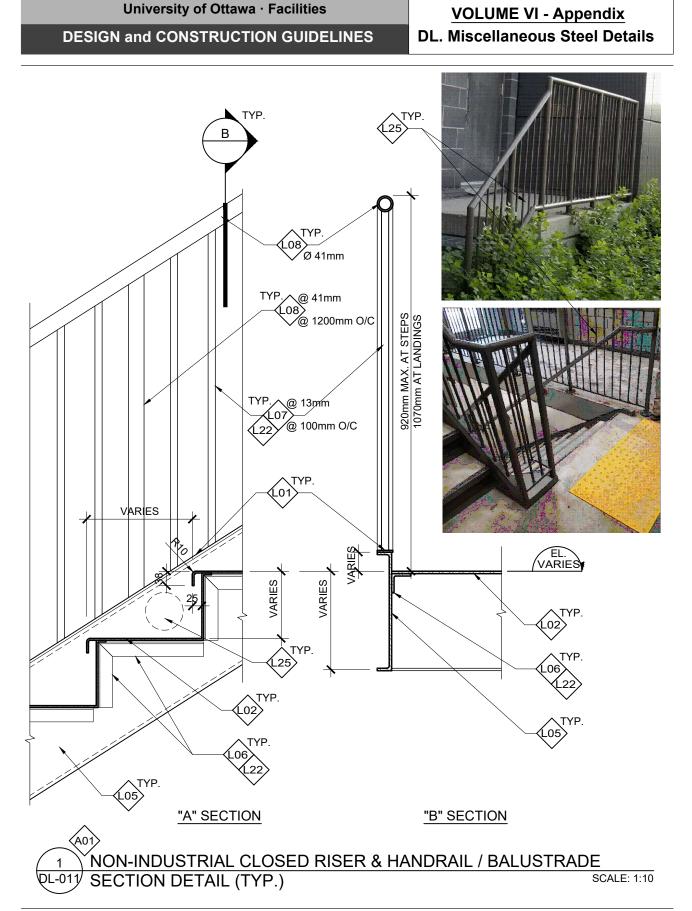


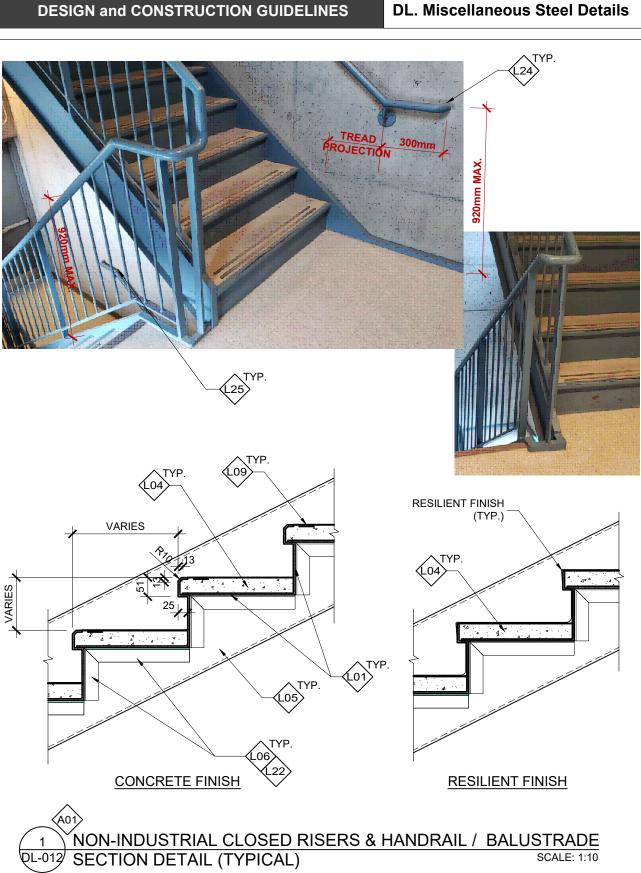








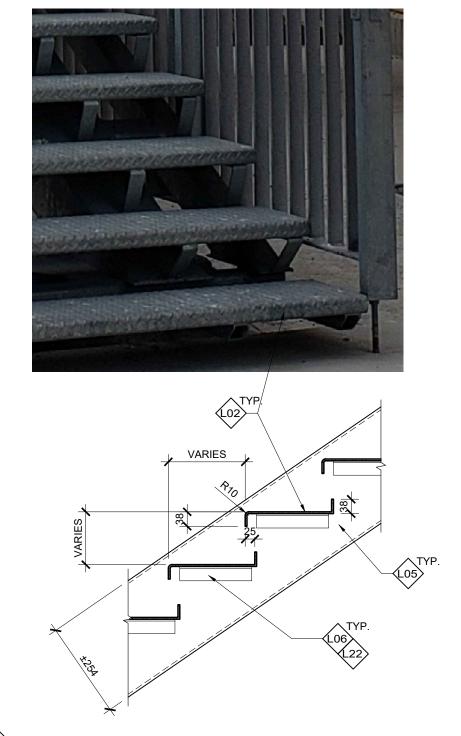




VOLUME VI - Appendix DL. Miscellaneous Steel Details

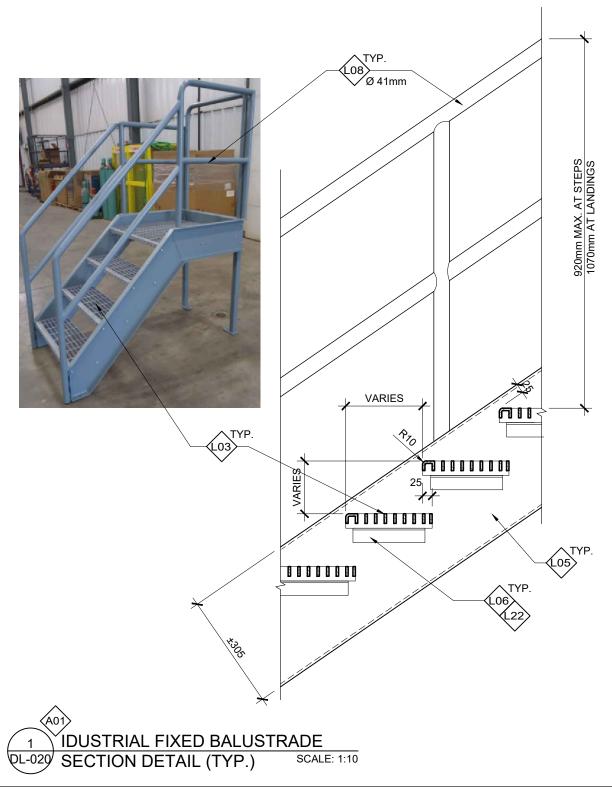
VOLUME VI - Appendix DL. Miscellaneous Steel Details

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

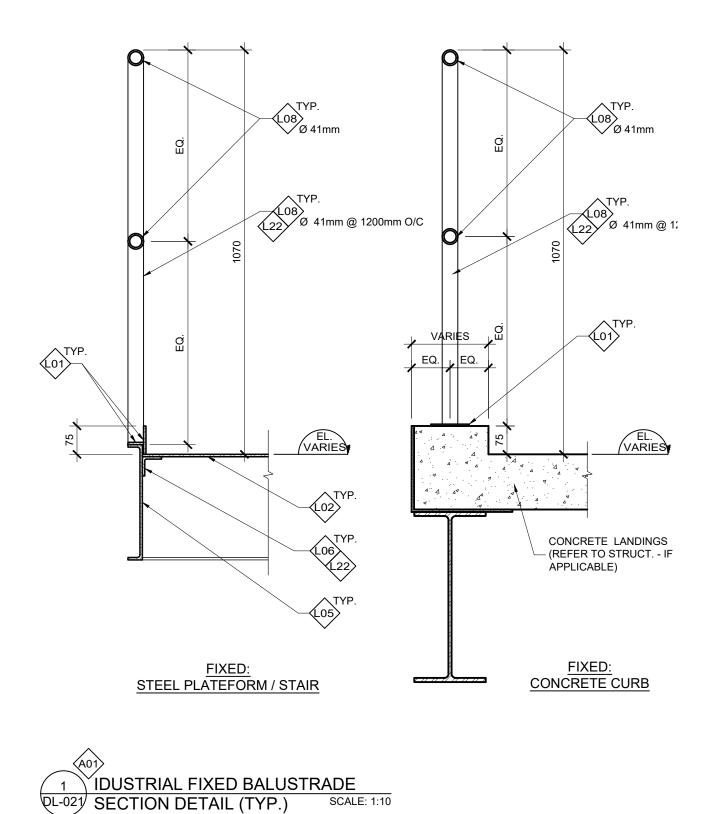


1 NON-INDUSTRIAL OPEN RISERS & HANDRAIL / BALUSTRADE PL-013 SECTION DETAIL (TYPICAL) SCALE: 1:10

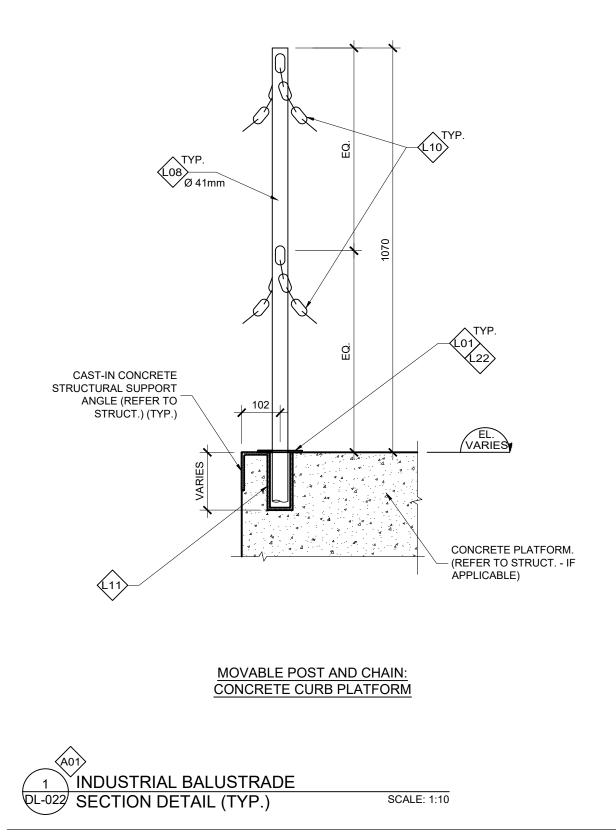
VOLUME VI - Appendix DP. Miscellaneous Steel Details

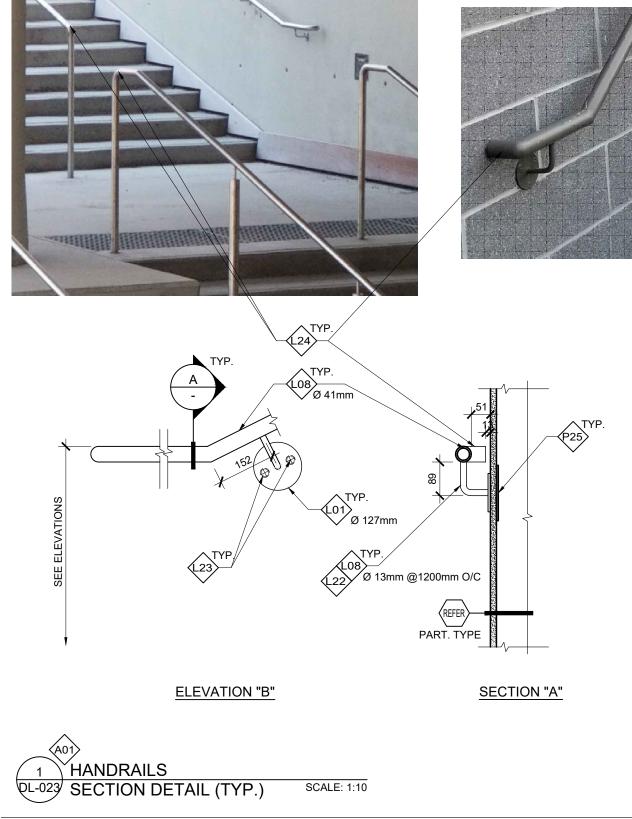


VOLUME VI - Appendix DL. Miscellaneous Steel Details



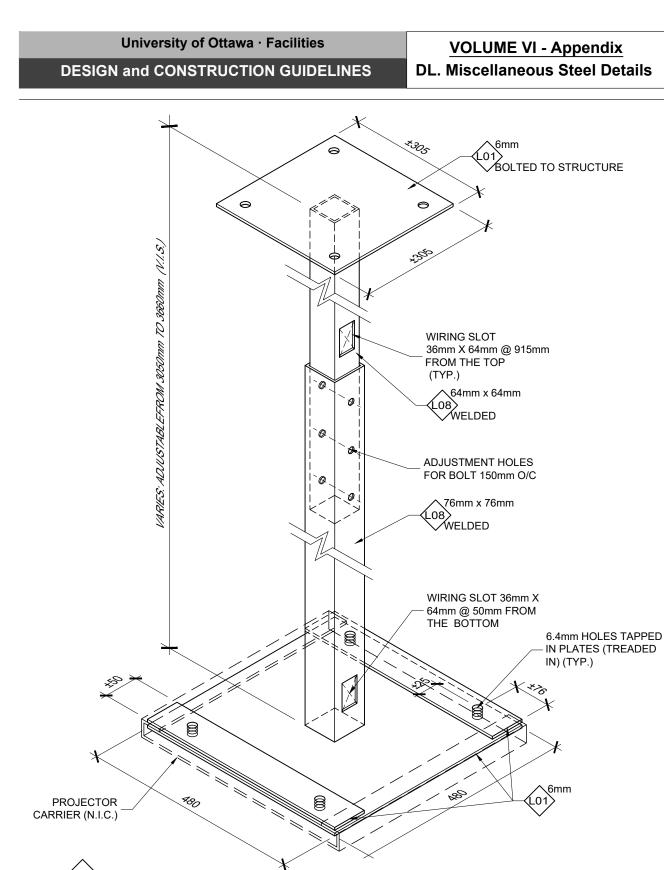
VOLUME VI - Appendix DL. Miscellaneous Steel Details





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VOLUME VI - Appendix DL. Miscellaneous Steel Details



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VOLUME VI - Appendix DM. Millwork

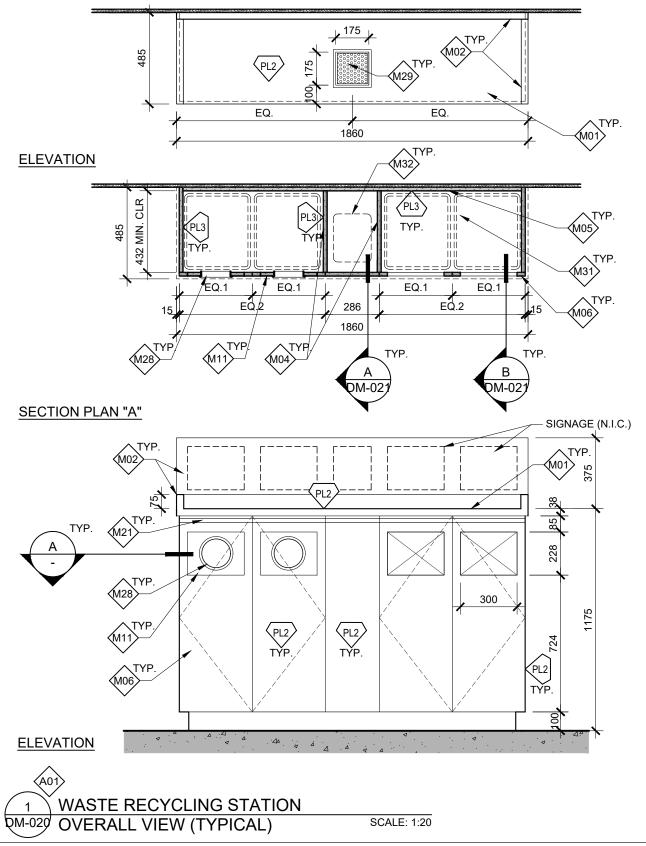




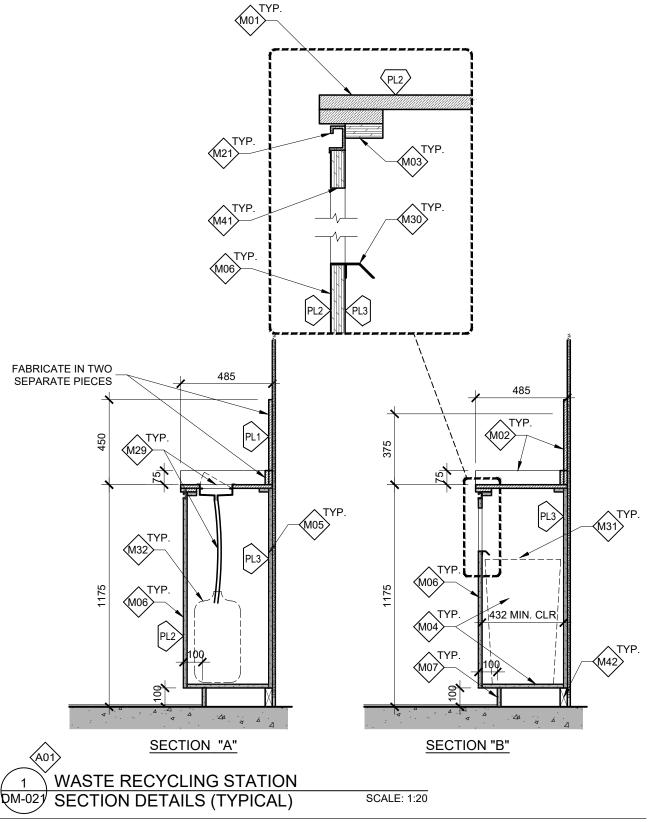
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DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

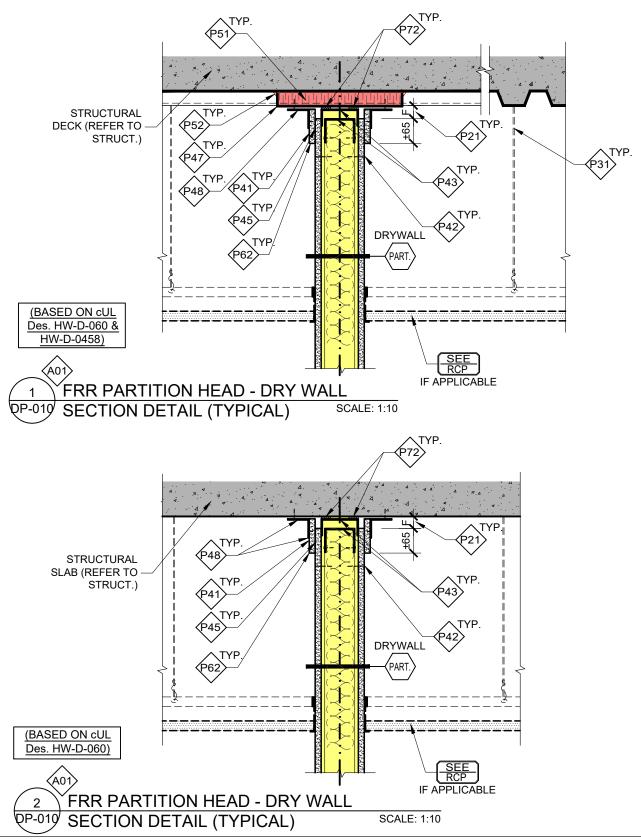
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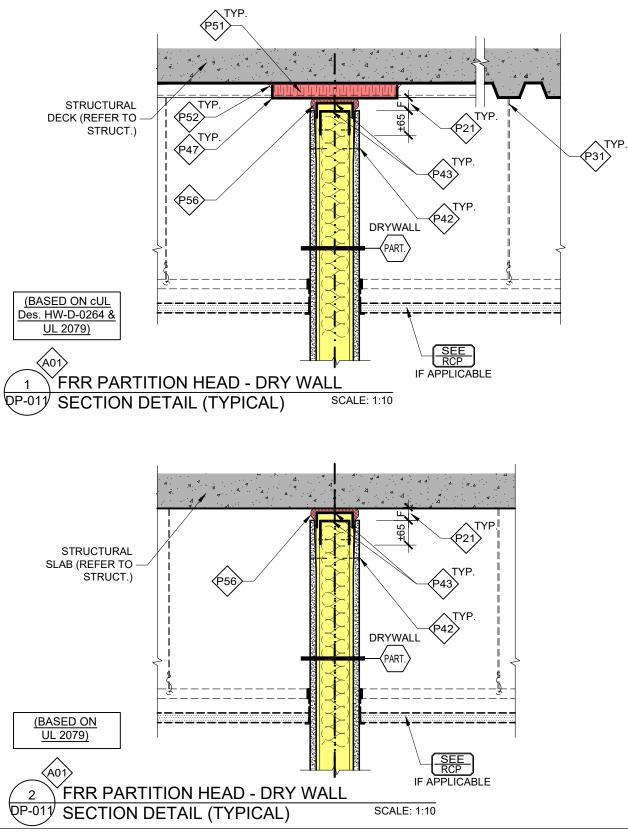


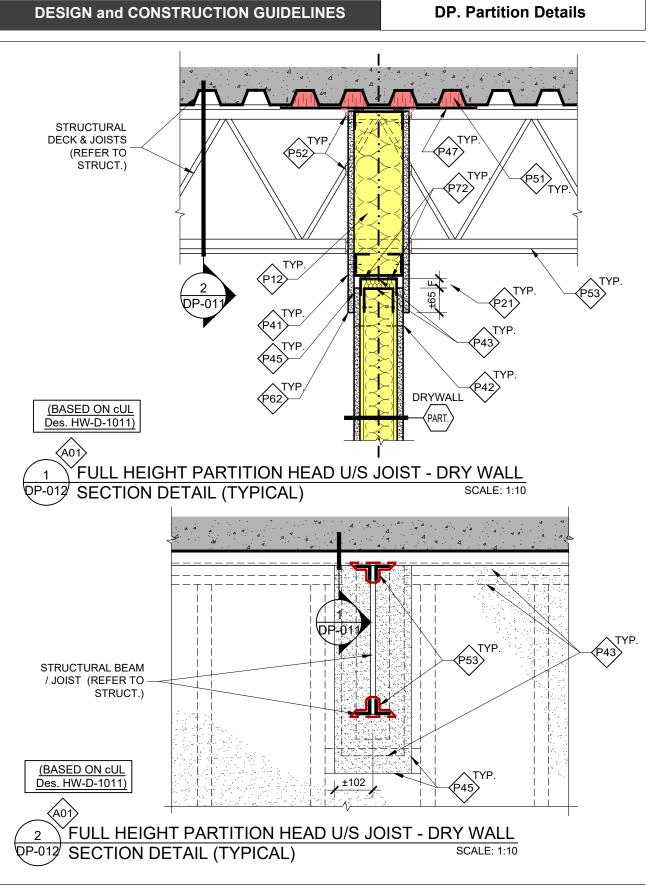
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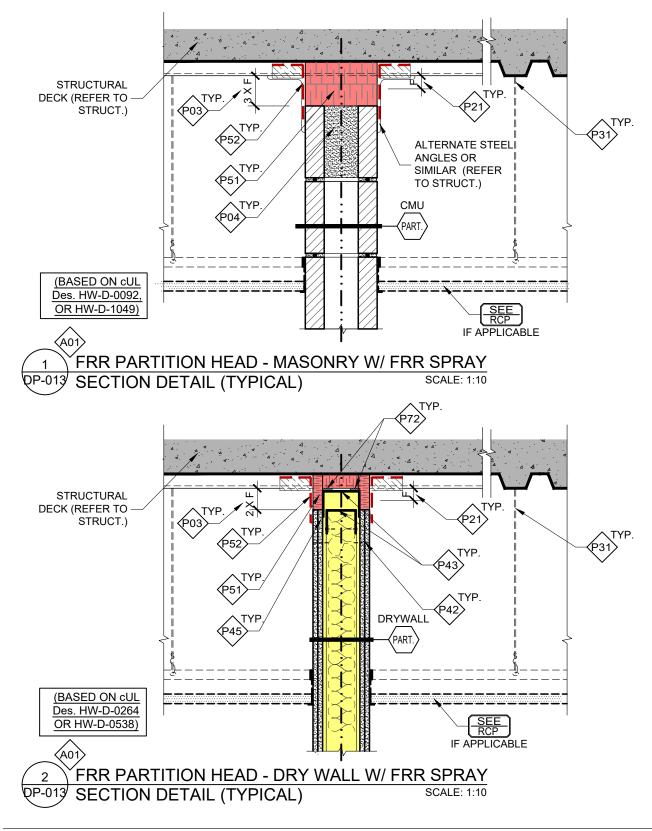


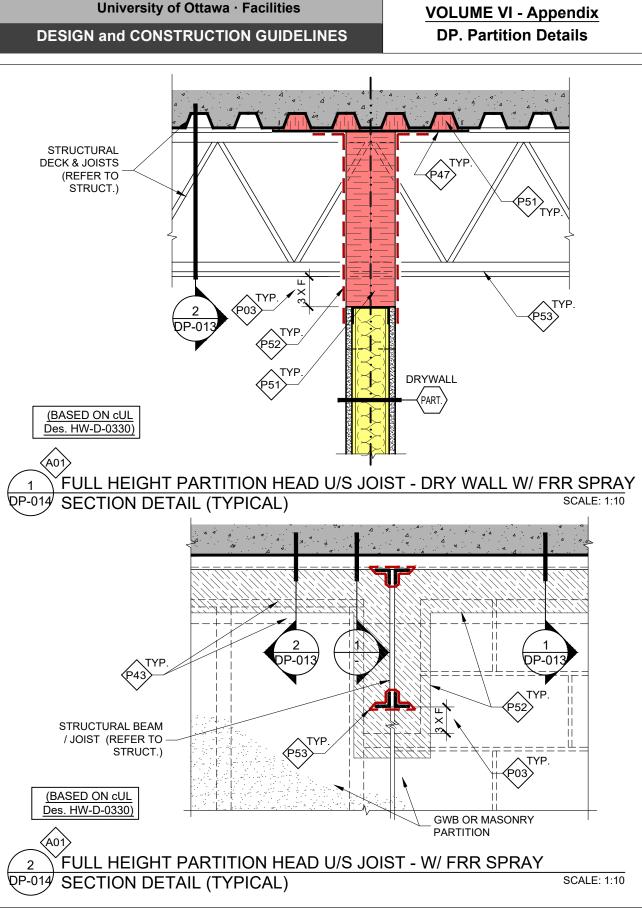




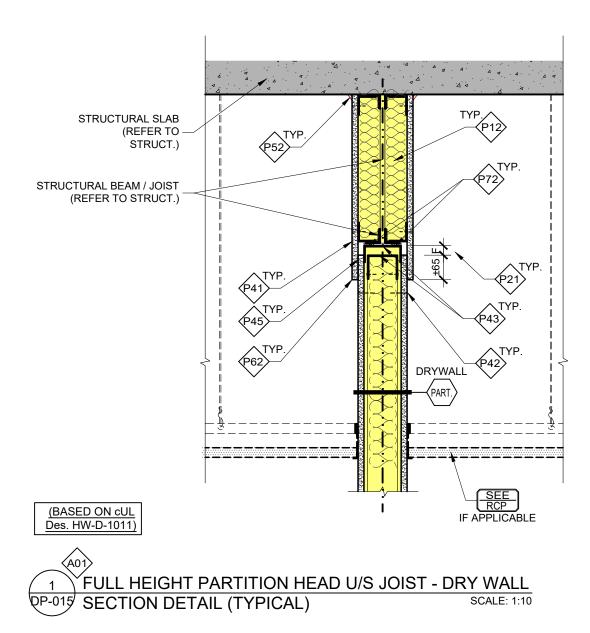
VOLUME VI - Appendix

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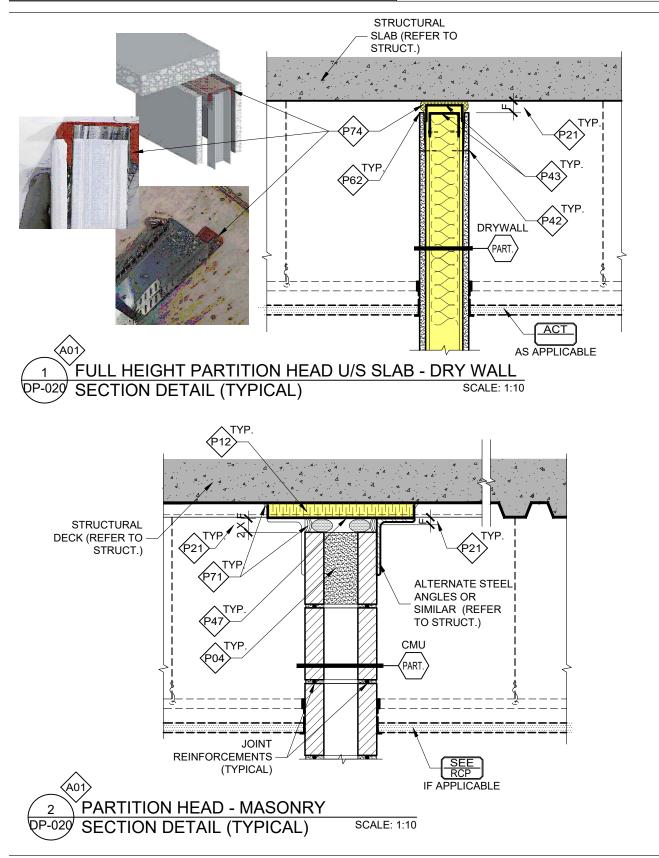


VOLUME VI - Appendix DP. Partition Details



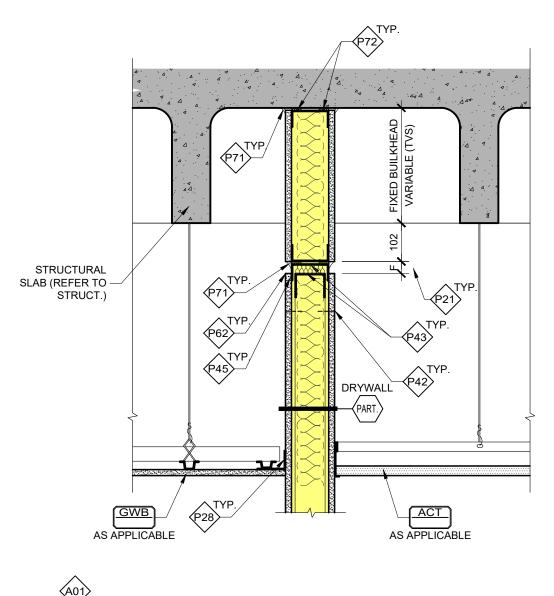


VOLUME VI - Appendix DP. Appendix



VOLUME VI - Appendix DP. Partition Details

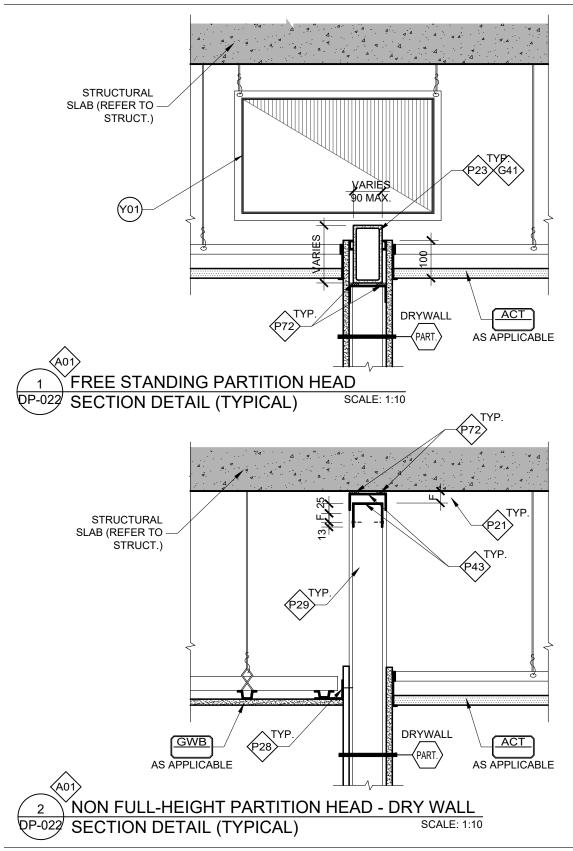
DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES



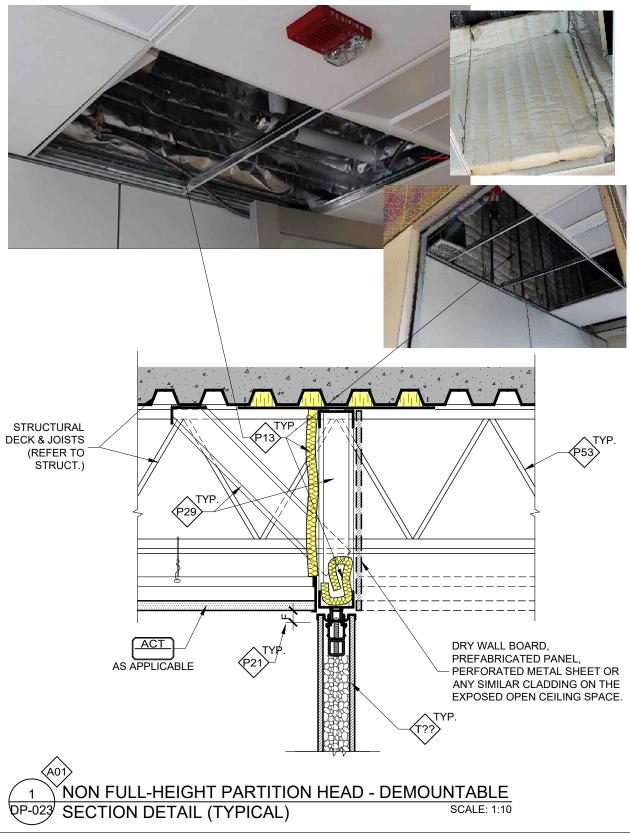
1 FULL HEIGHT PARTITION HEAD U/S SLAB - DRY WALL PP-021 SECTION DETAIL (TYPICAL) SCALE: 1:10

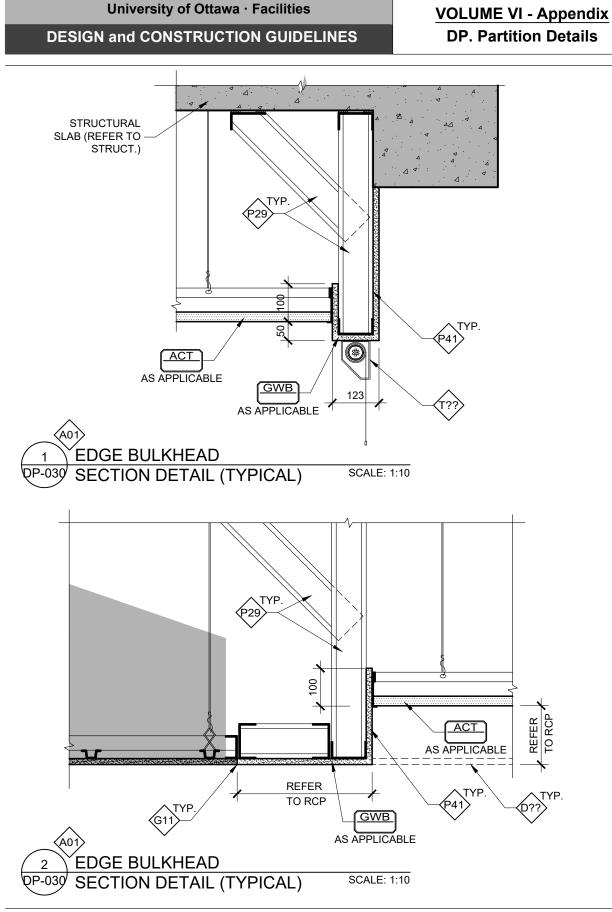


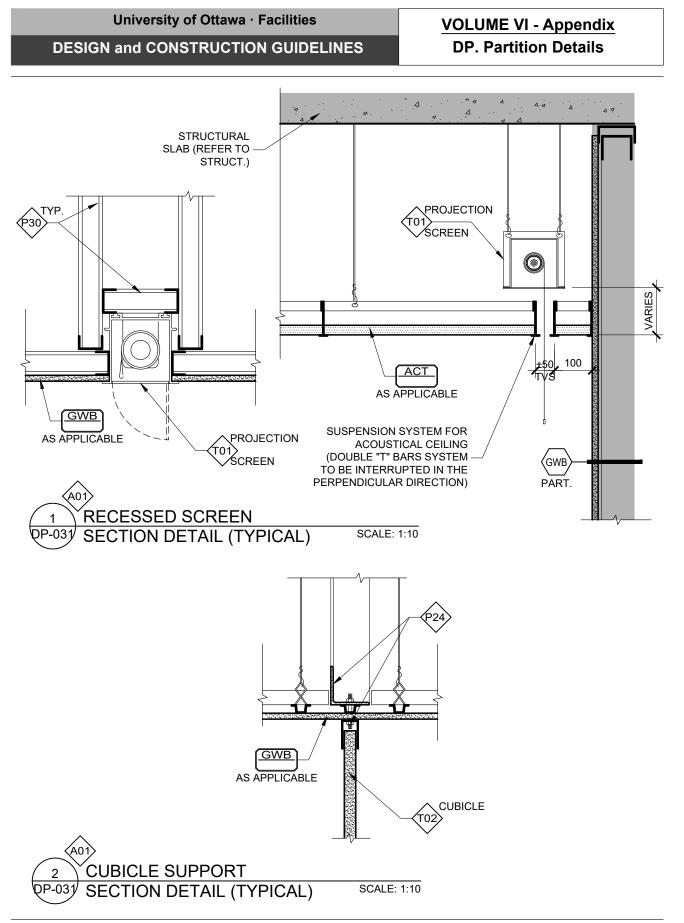
VOLUME VI - Appendix DP. Partition Details

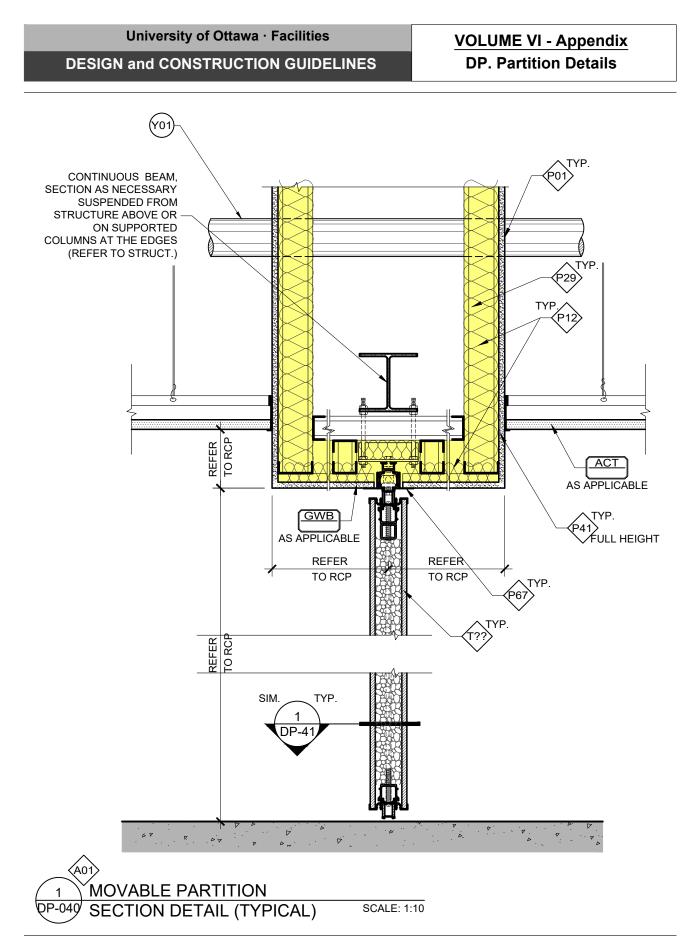


VOLUME VI - Appendix DP. Partition Details

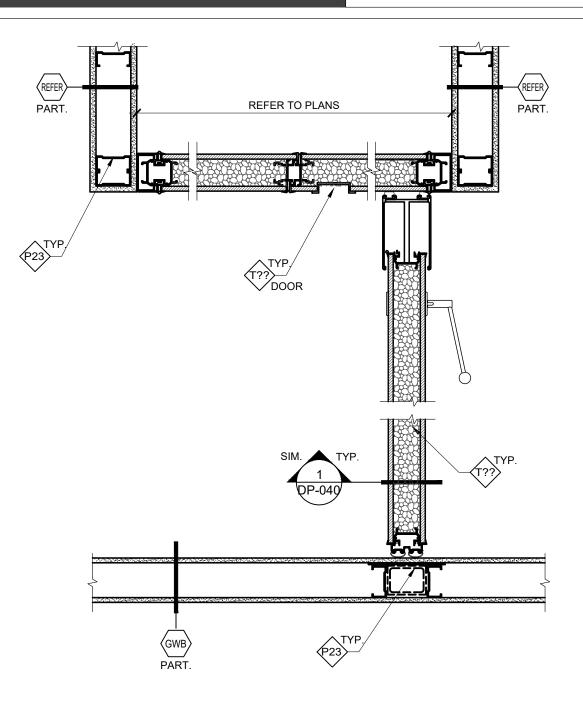






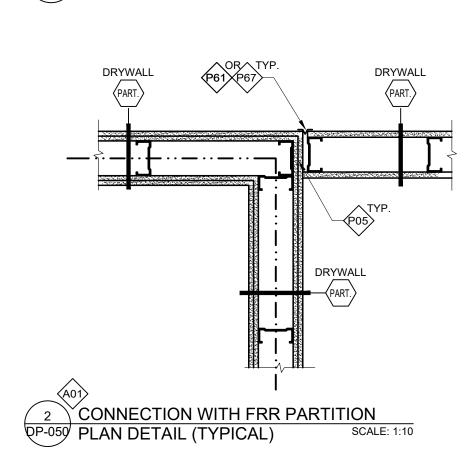


VOLUME VI - Appendix DP. Partition Details

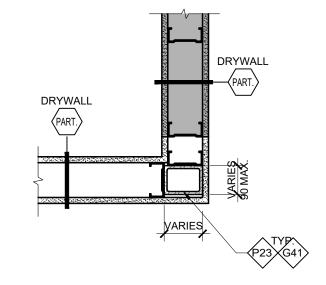




SCALE: 1:10





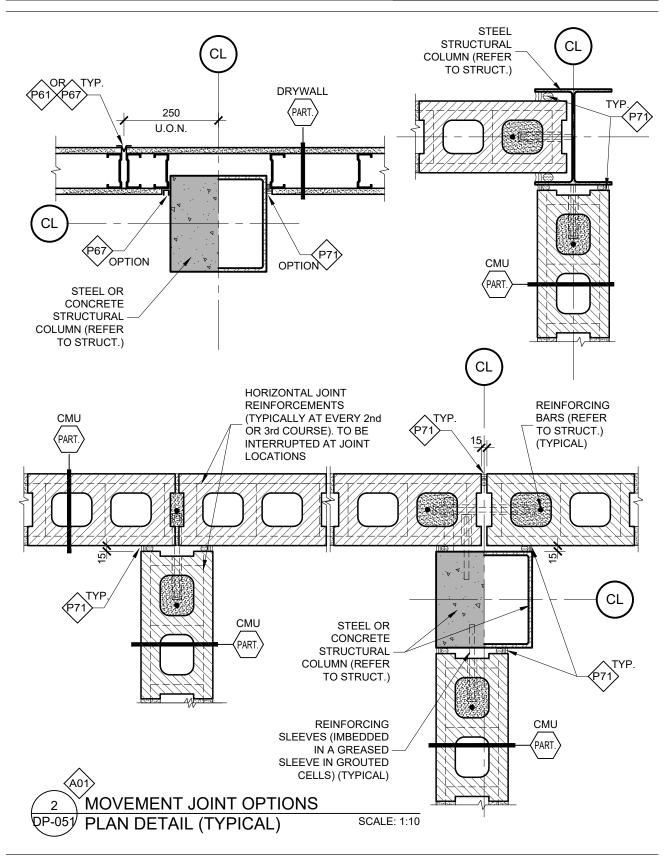


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VOLUME VI - Appendix DP. Partition Details

VOLUME VI - Appendix

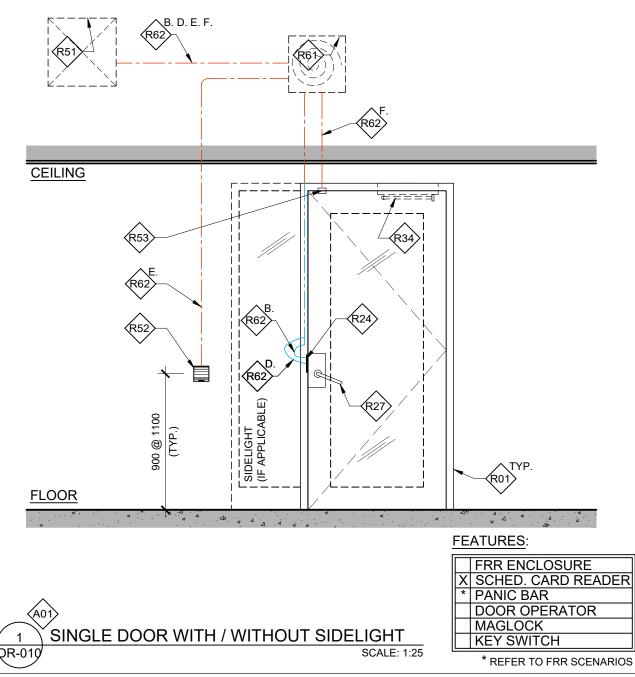
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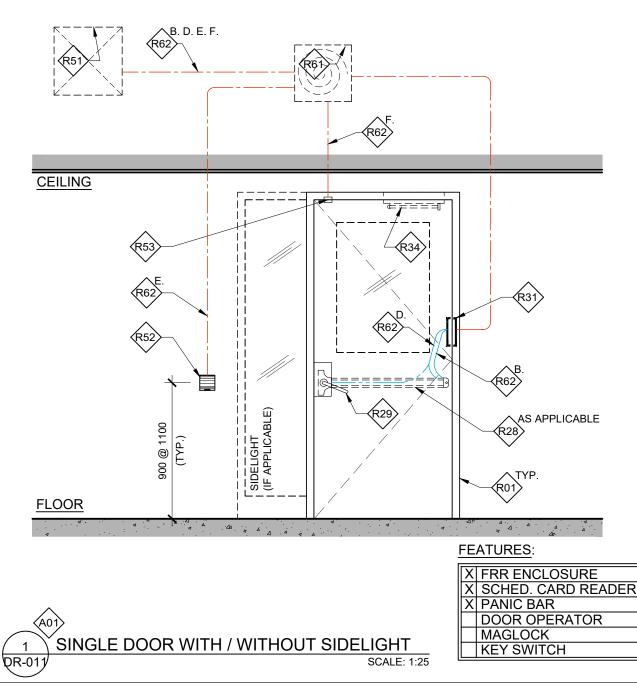
DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

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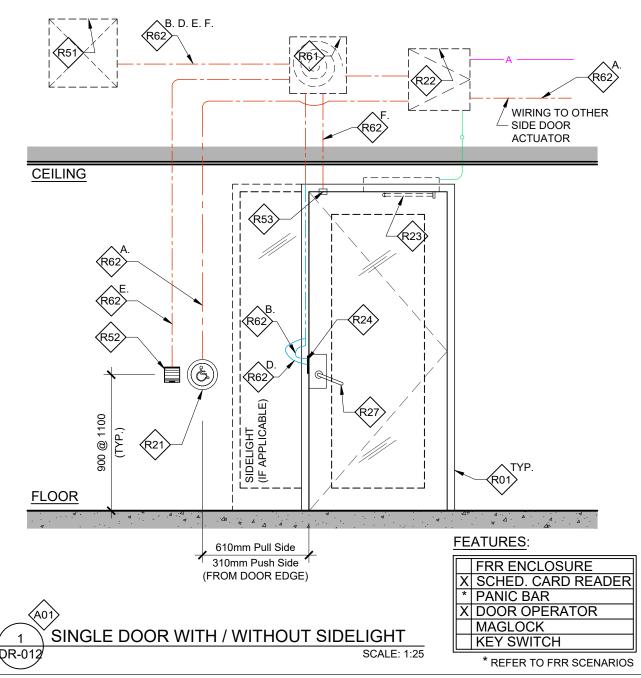
VOLUME VI - Appendix DR. Doors & Hardware



VOLUME VI - Appendix DR. Doors & Hardware



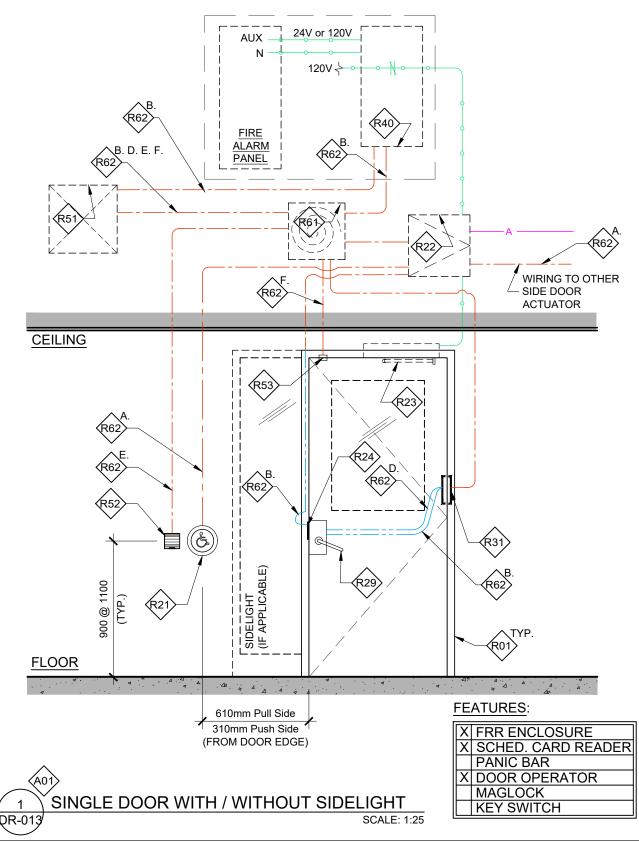
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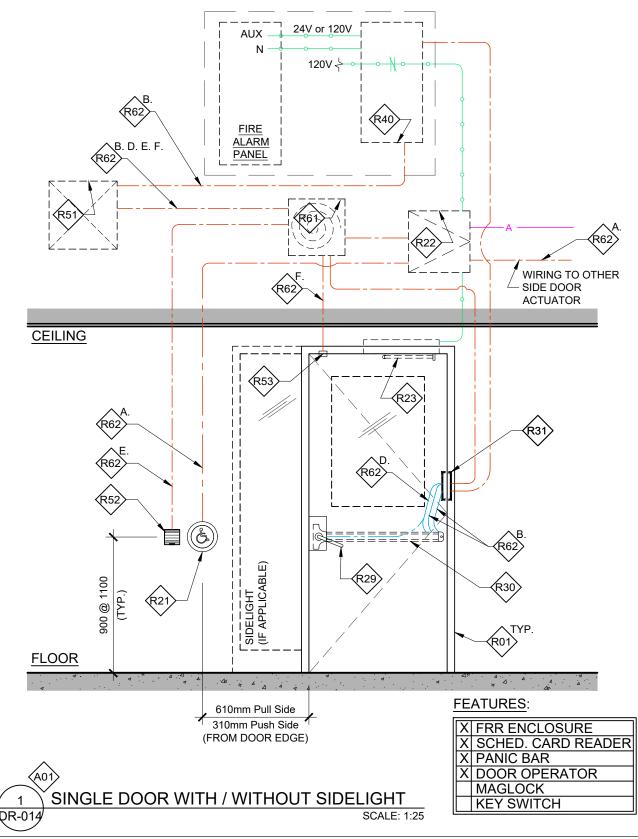


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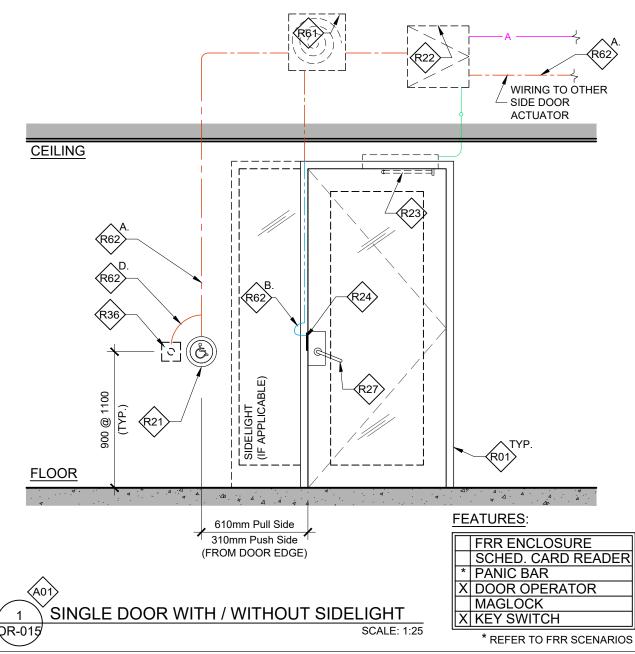
DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

VOLUME VI - Appendix DR. Doors & Hardware



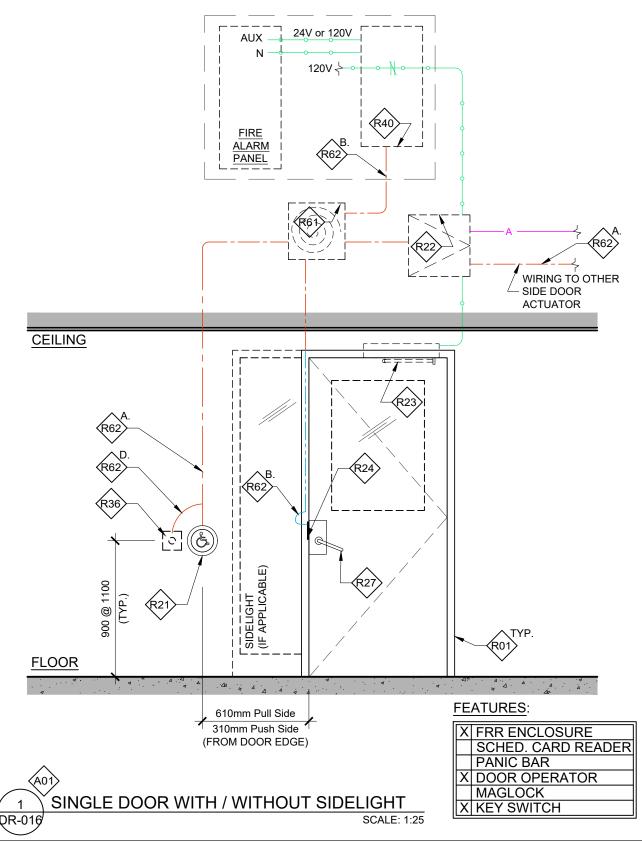


VOLUME VI - Appendix DR. Doors & Hardware



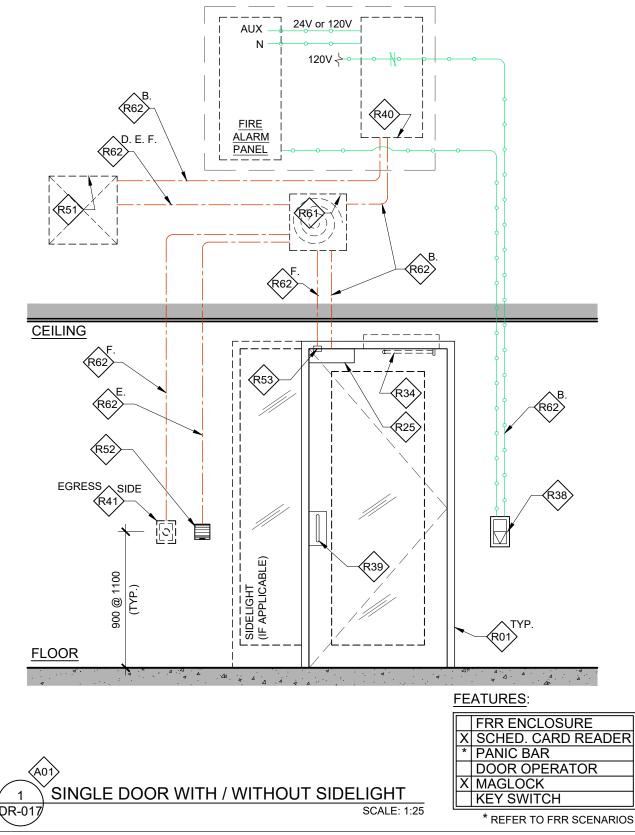
DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

VOLUME VI - Appendix DR. Doors & Hardware



DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

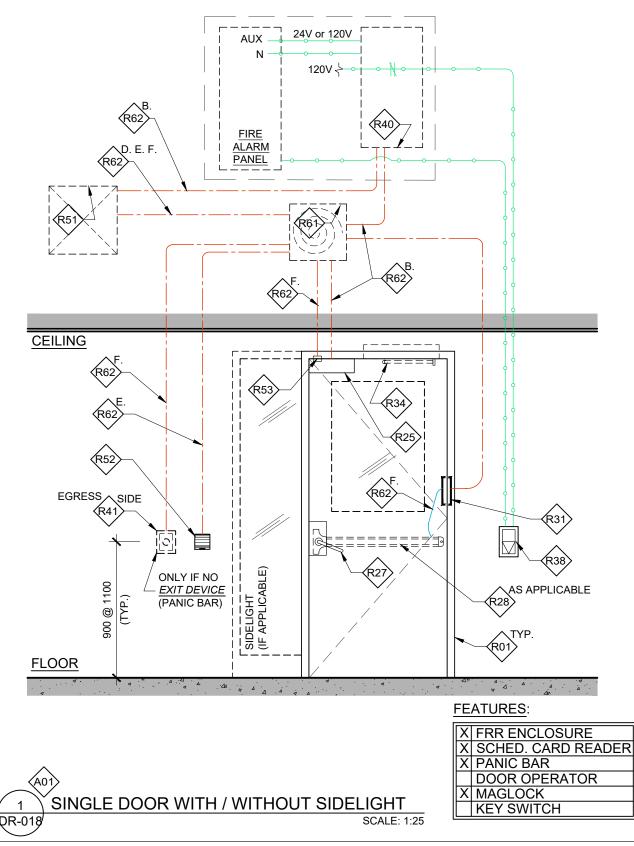
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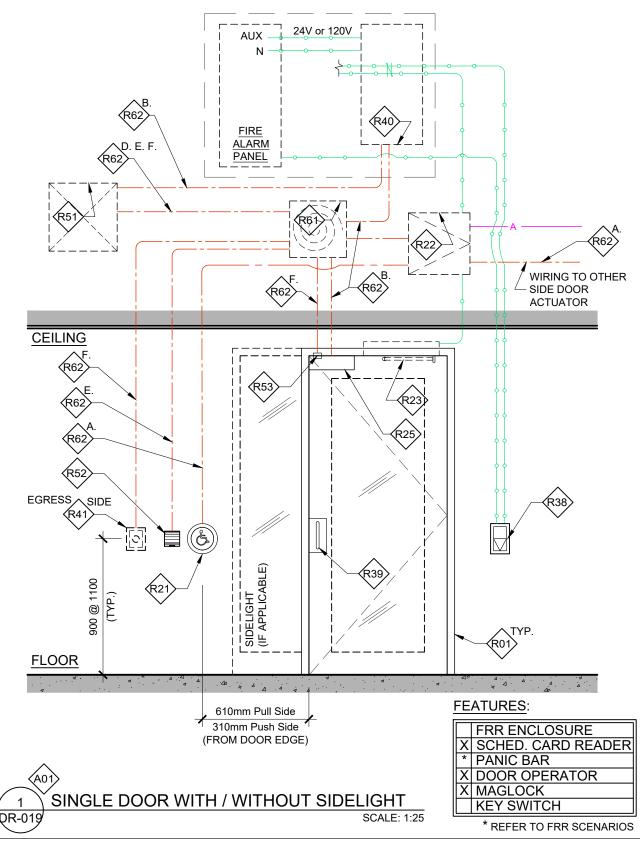
DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

VOLUME VI - Appendix DR. Doors & Hardware

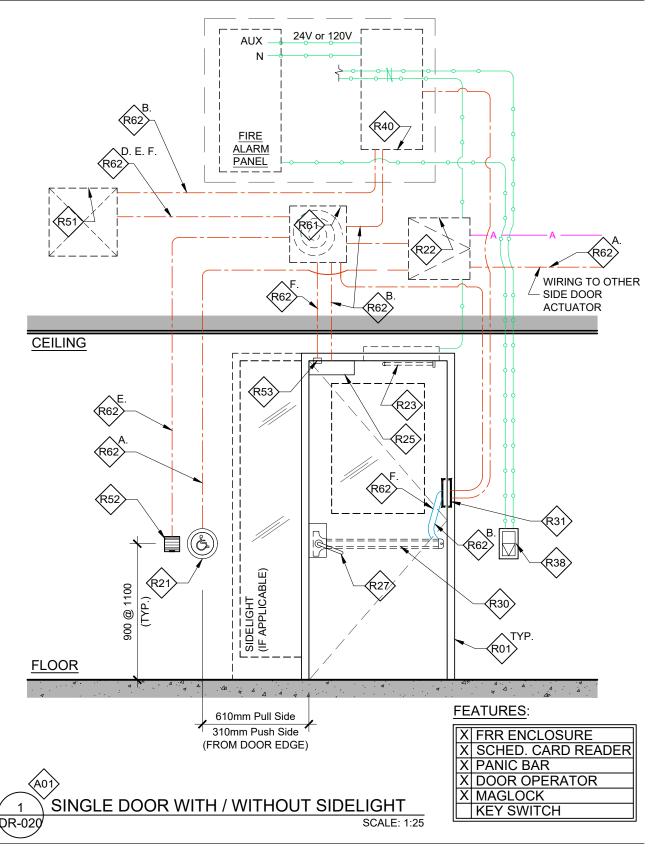


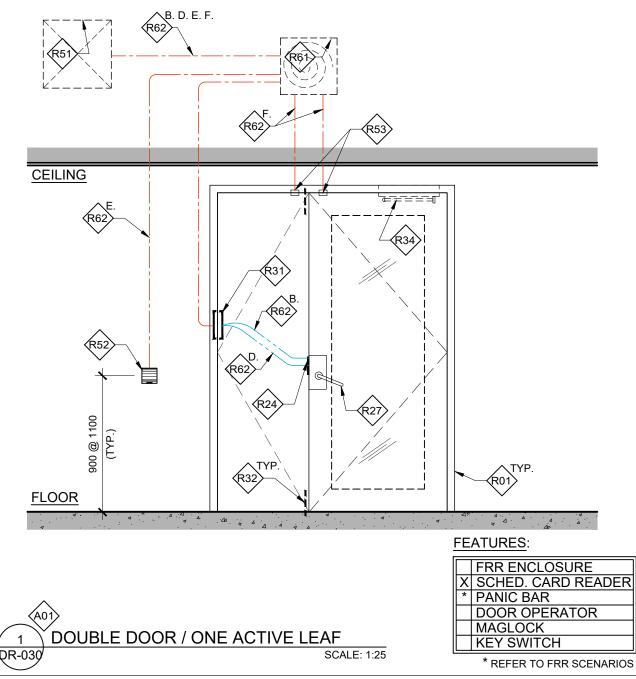
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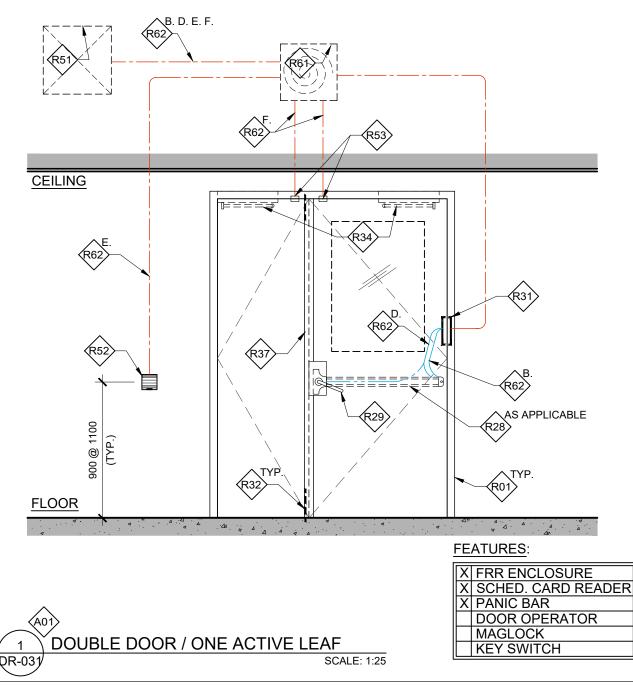


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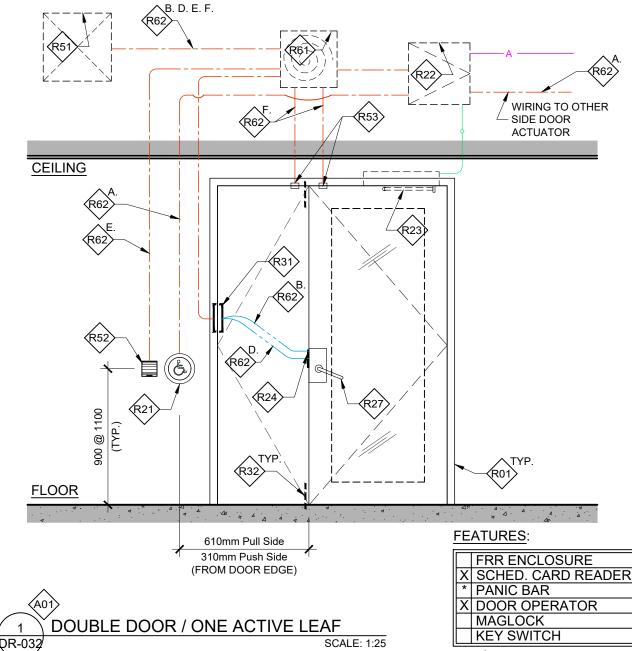




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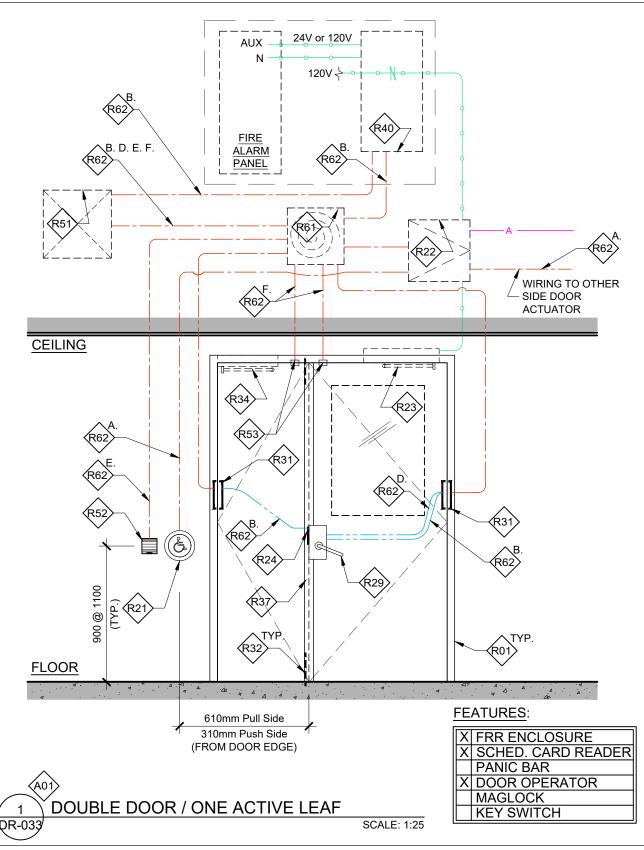
VOLUME VI - Appendix DR. Doors & Hardware



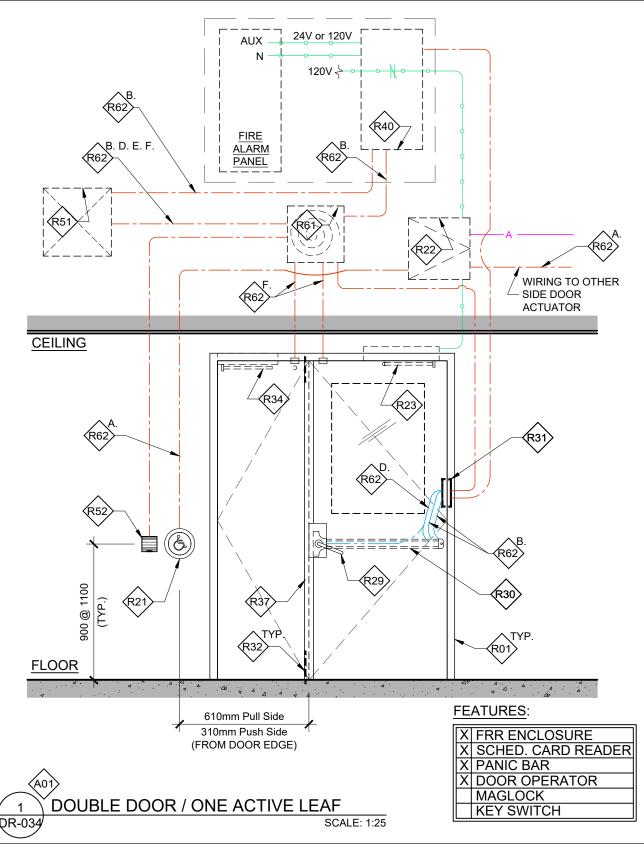
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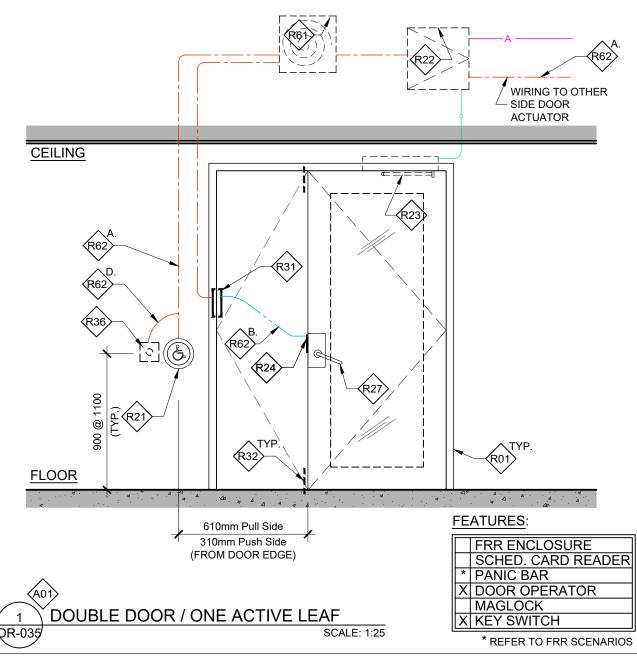
DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

VOLUME VI - Appendix DR. Doors & Hardware



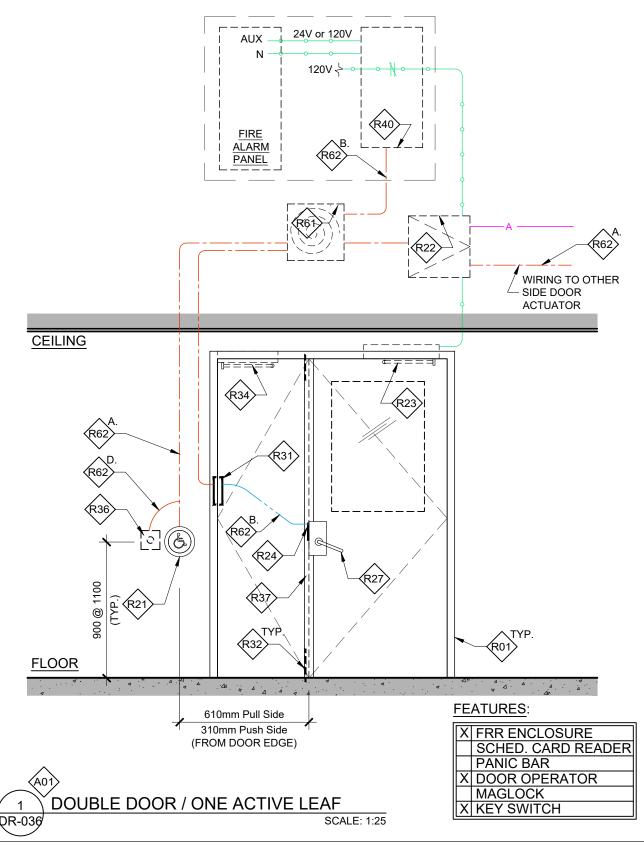
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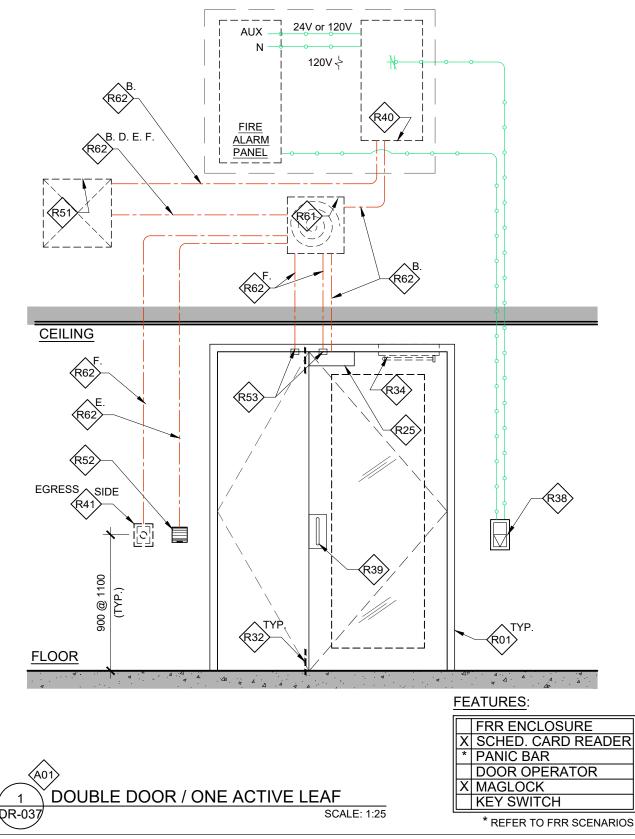


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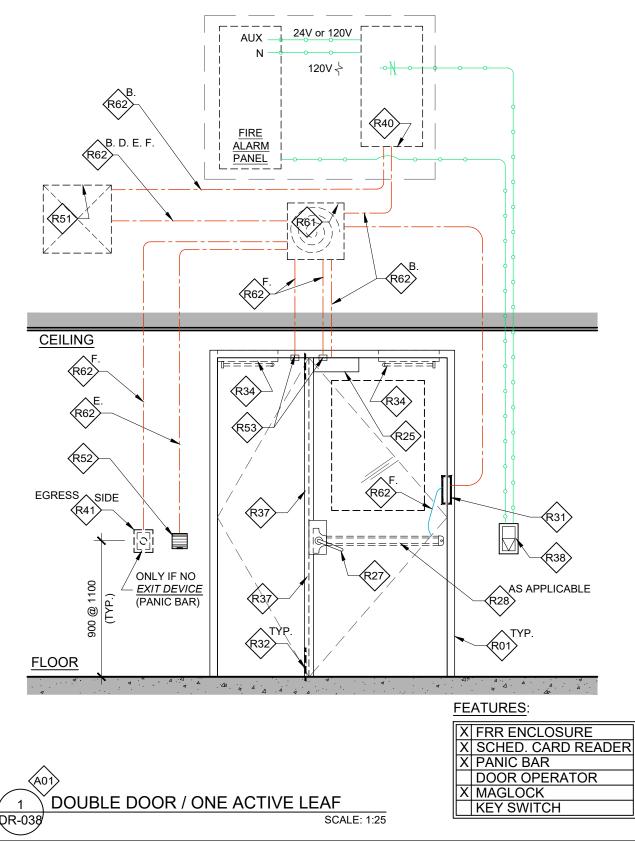


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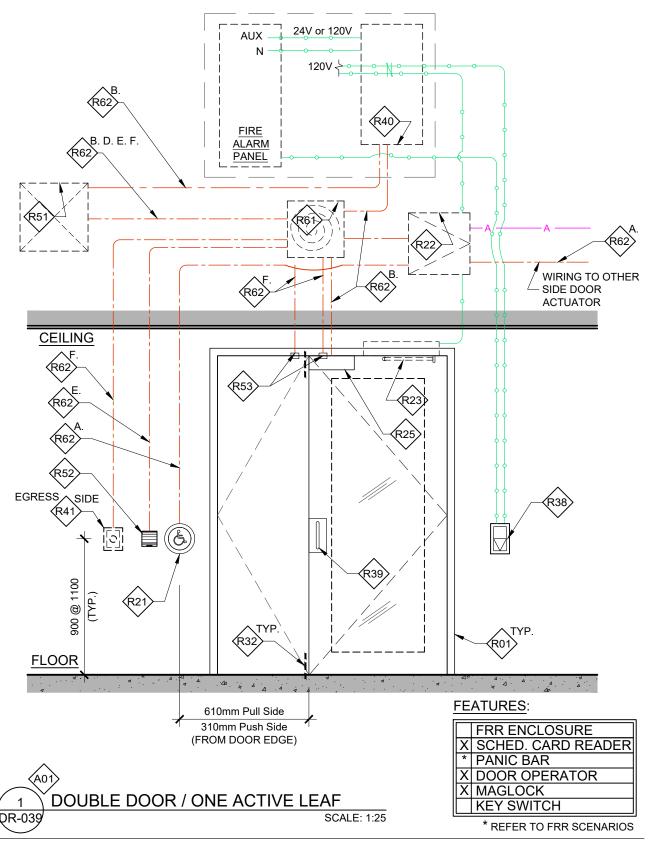


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VOLUME VI - Appendix DR. Doors & Hardware

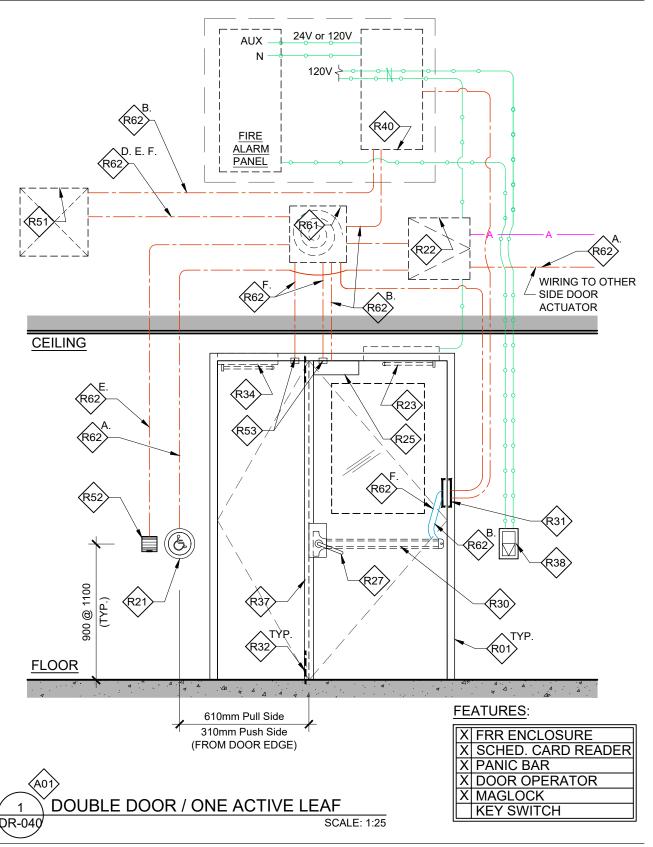


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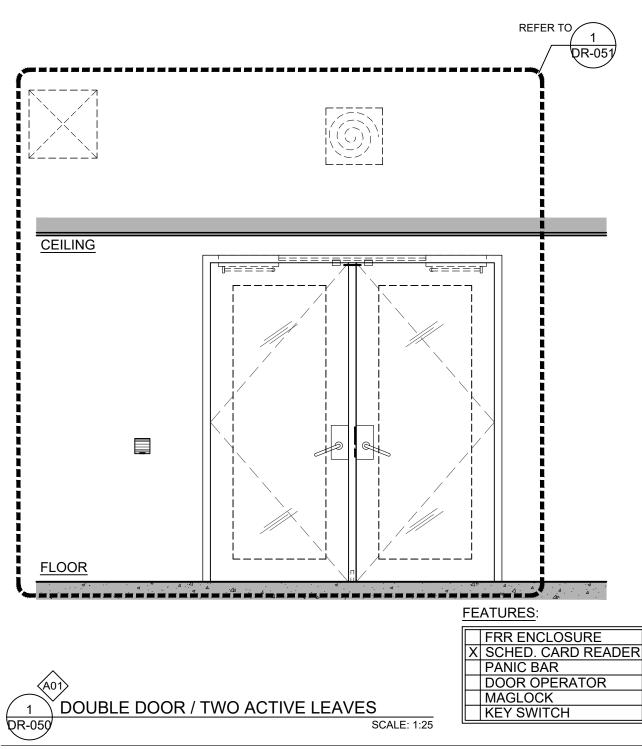


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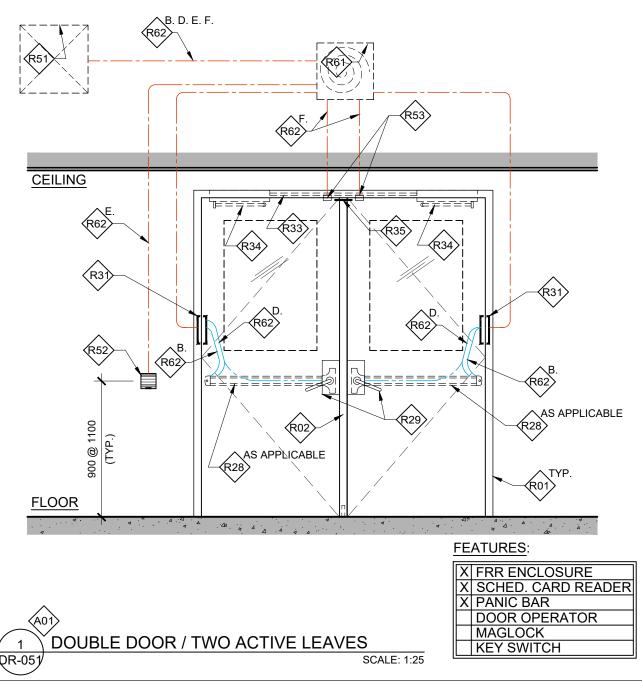
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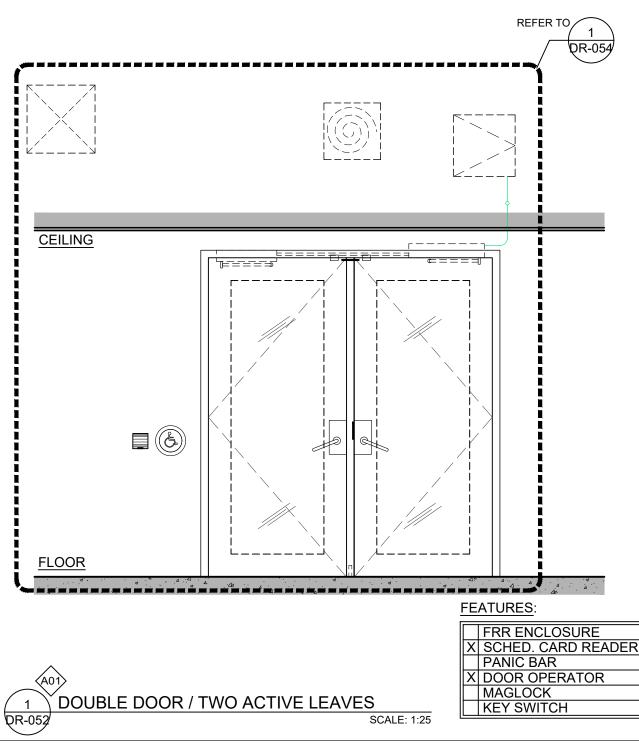
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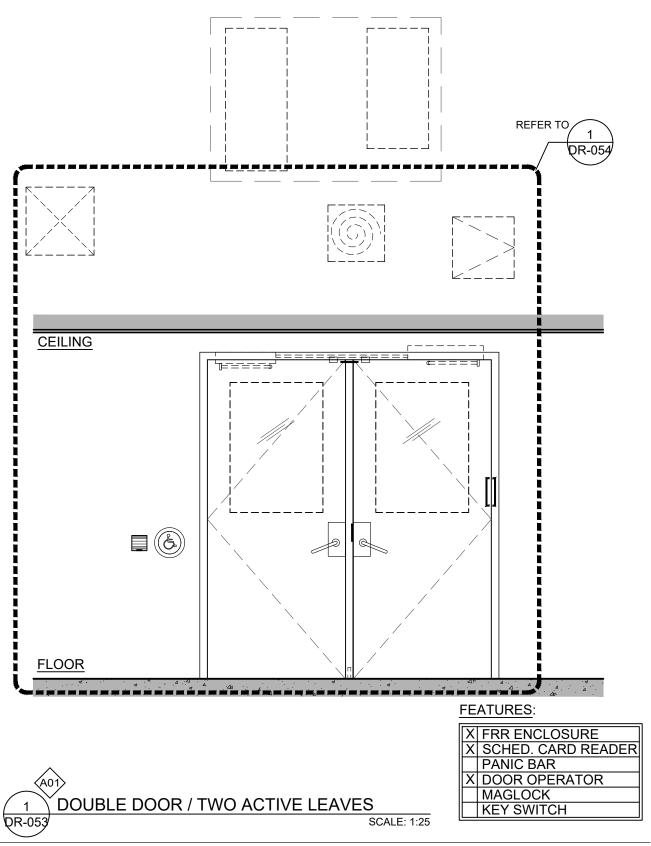




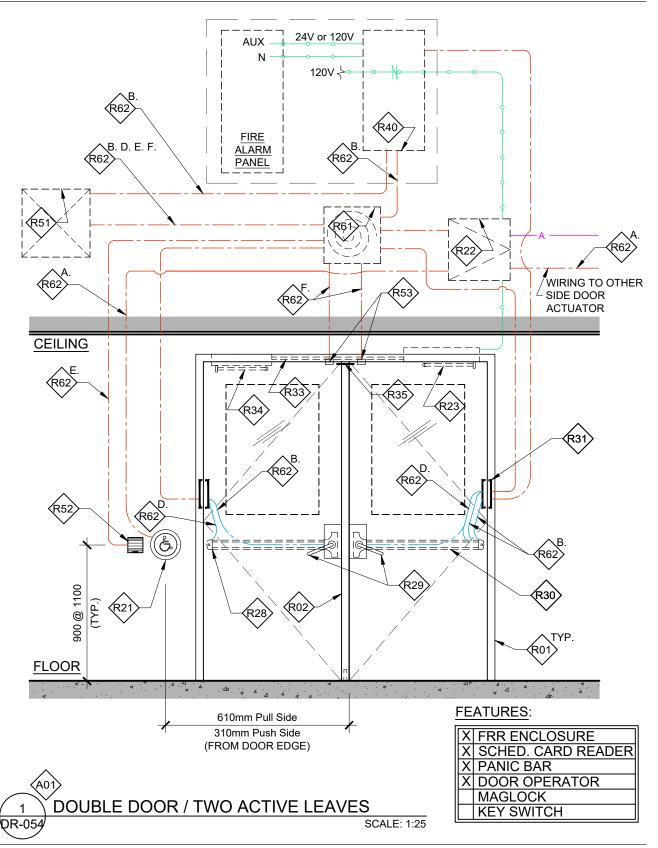


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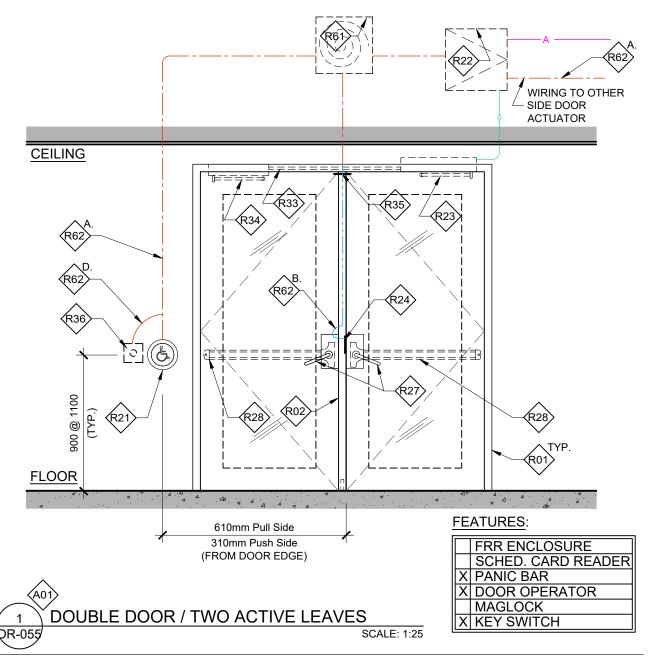
VOLUME VI - Appendix DR. Doors & Hardware



DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

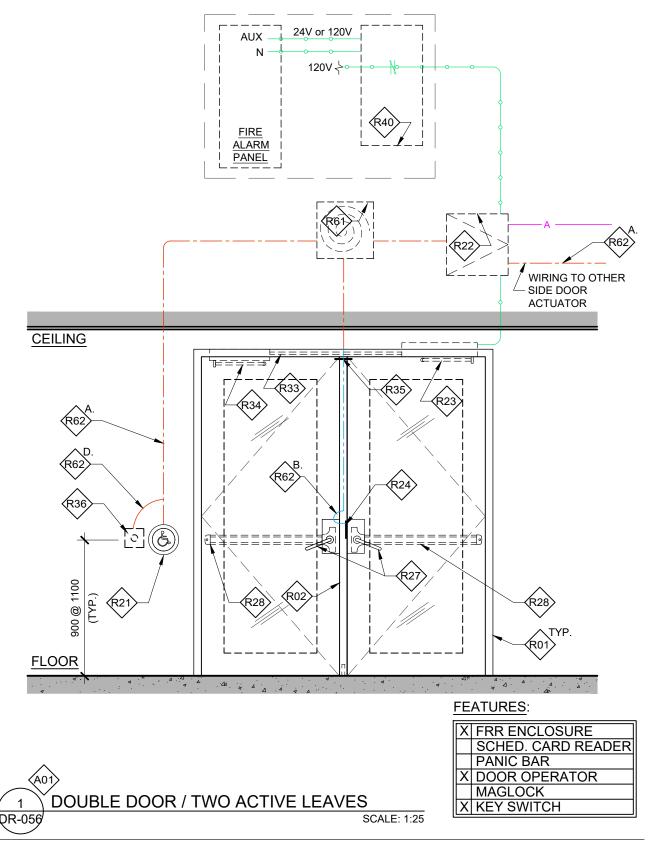


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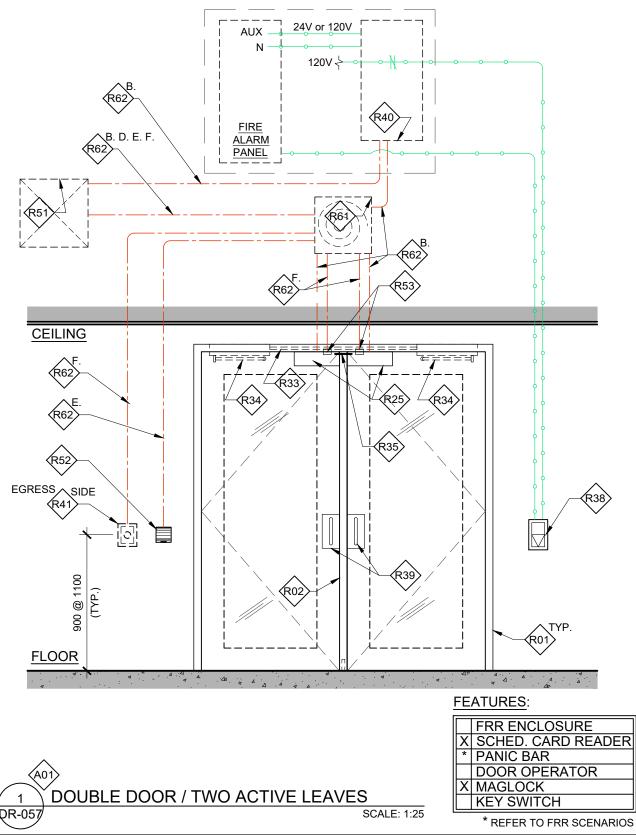
DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

VOLUME VI - Appendix DR. Doors & Hardware



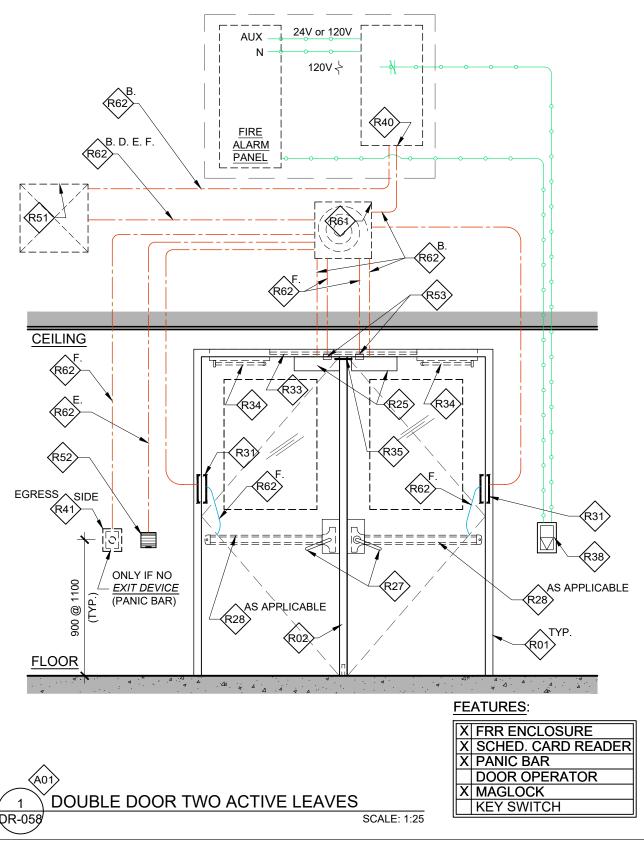
DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

VOLUME VI - Appendix DR. Doors & Hardware

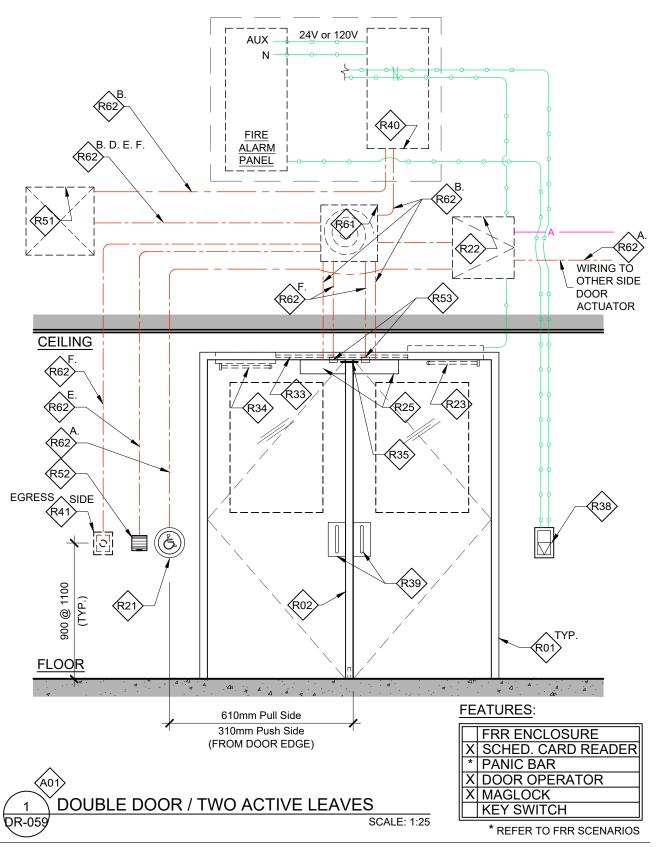


DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

VOLUME VI - Appendix DR. Doors & Hardware

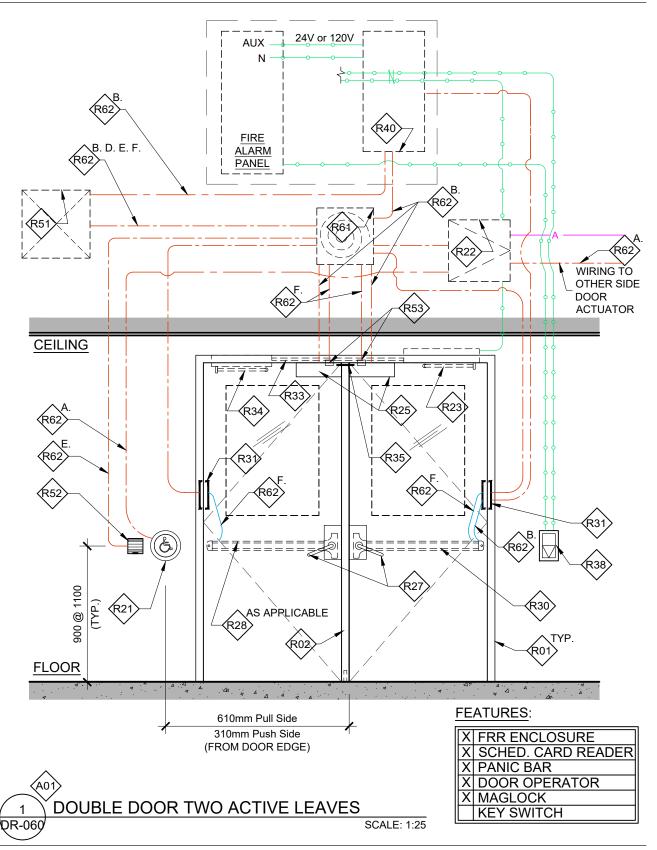


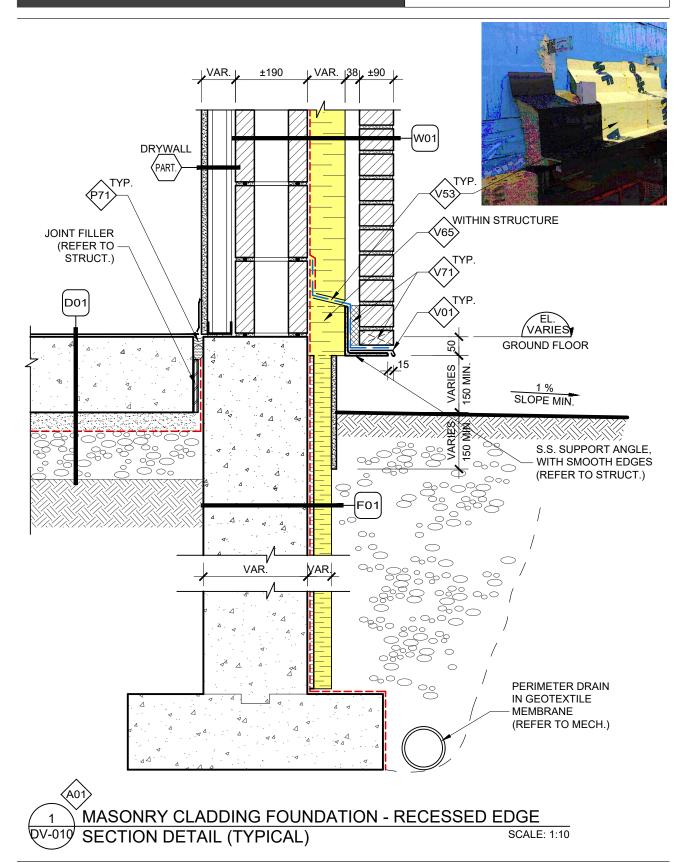
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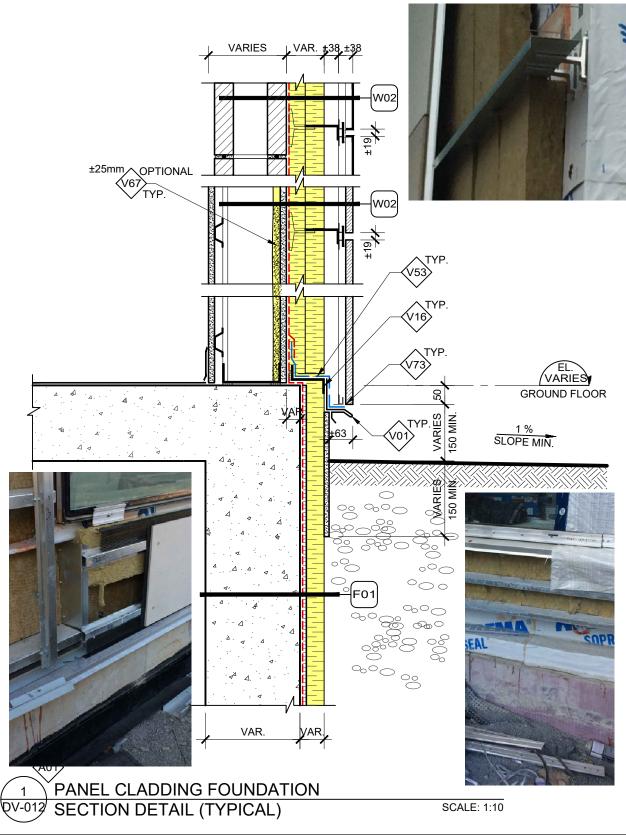
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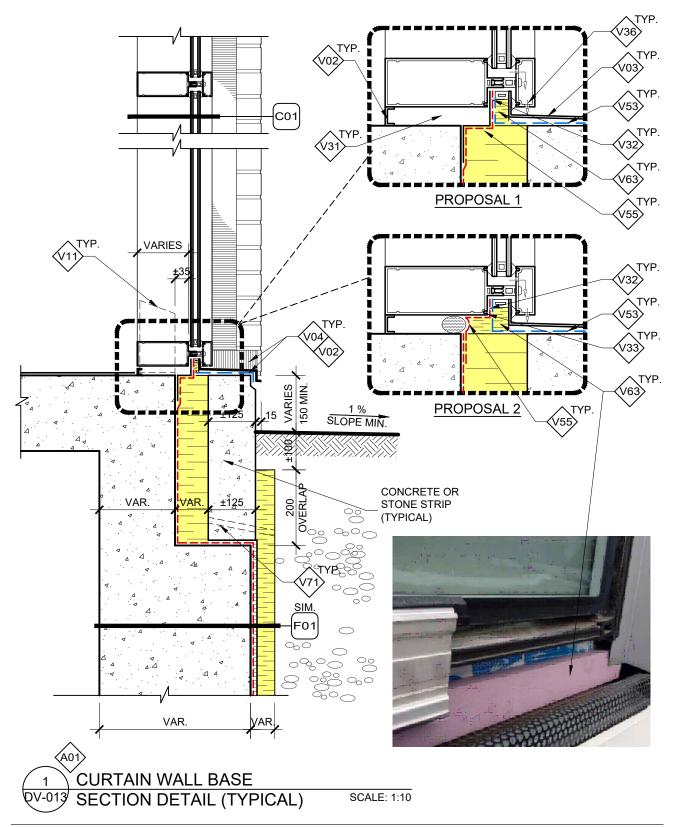


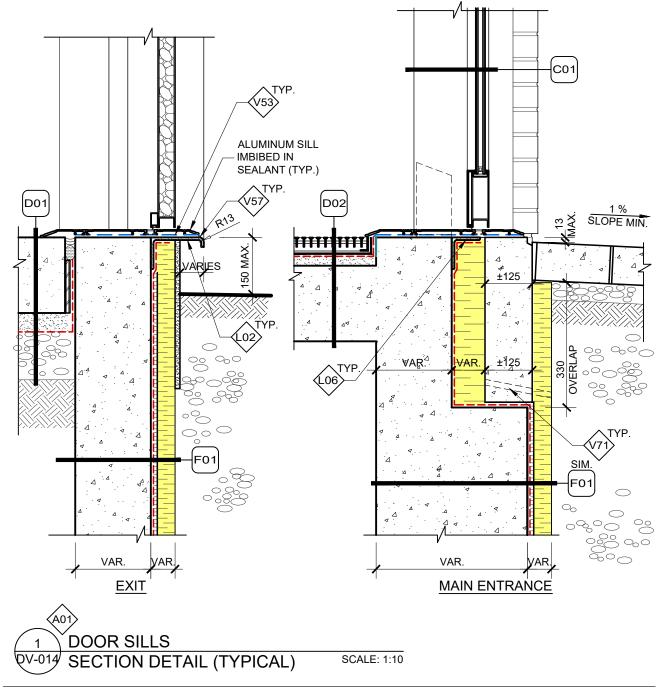
VOLUME VI - Appendix DV. Building Envelope Details

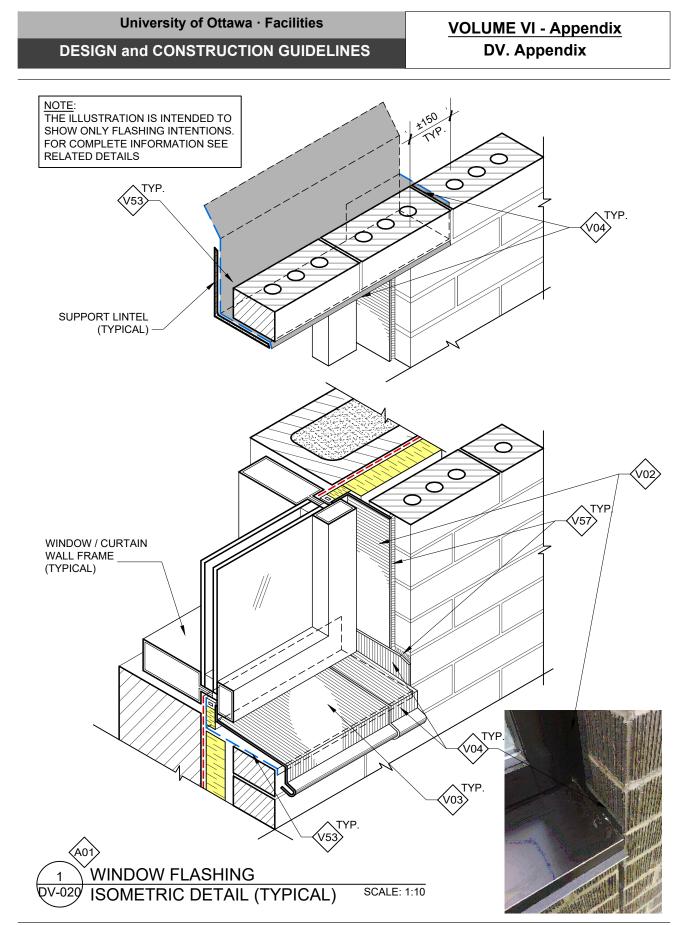
±190 VAR. VARIES VAR. |38|, ±90 ±25mm_OPTIONAL V67) TYP W01 W01 SIM SIM 1 1 QV-010 QV-010 ±125⁴ AR VARIES 5 CROUND FLOOR VARIES 150 MIN. 41 VARIES ٦ . 4 Δ TANK T 4 ٠۵ 200 Ĵ CONCRETE OR VAR. ±125 /AR STONE STRIP, OVERLAP 4 5 ANCHORED TO STRUCT. ·⊿ (TYPICAL) 00 00 TYP TYP 0 $\supset \circ$ \bigcirc Δ. SIM. 4 00 SIM F01 00 F01 \bigcirc Δ 44 Δ 000 0 VAR. VAR. VAR. VAR. 000 000 PROPOSAL 1 PROPOSAL 2 A01 MASONRY CLADDING FONDATION - FLUSH EDGE 1 DV-01 SECTION DETAIL (TYPICAL) SCALE: 1:10

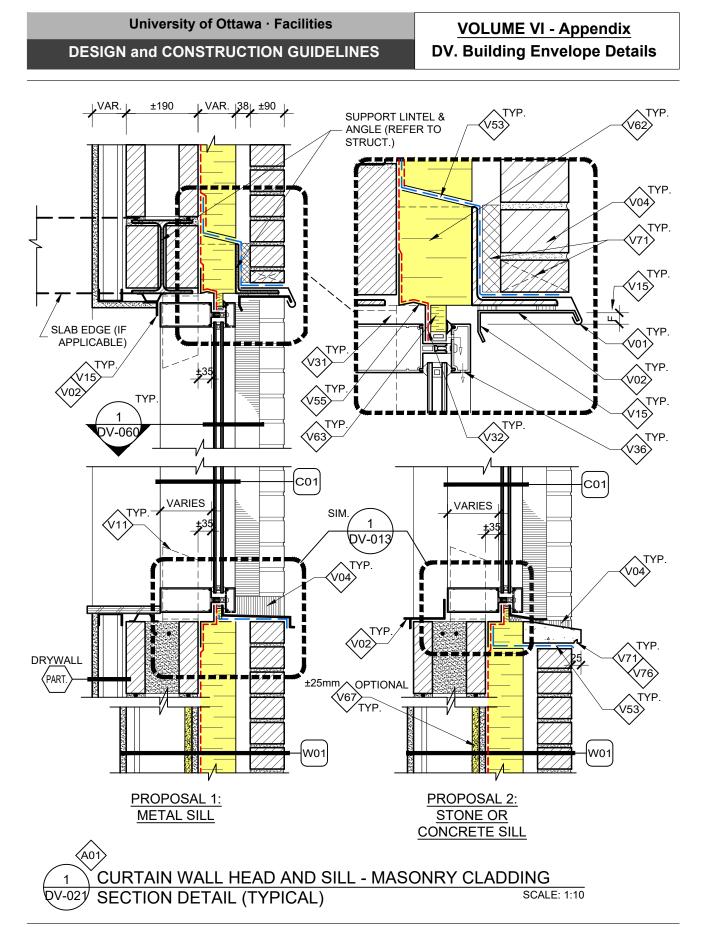


VOLUME VI - Appendix DV. Building Envelope Details

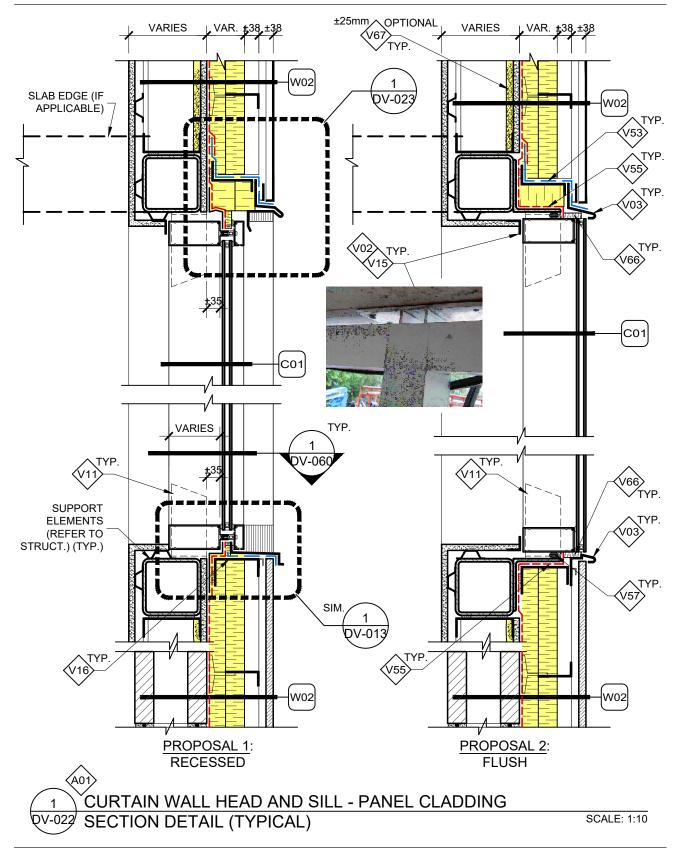


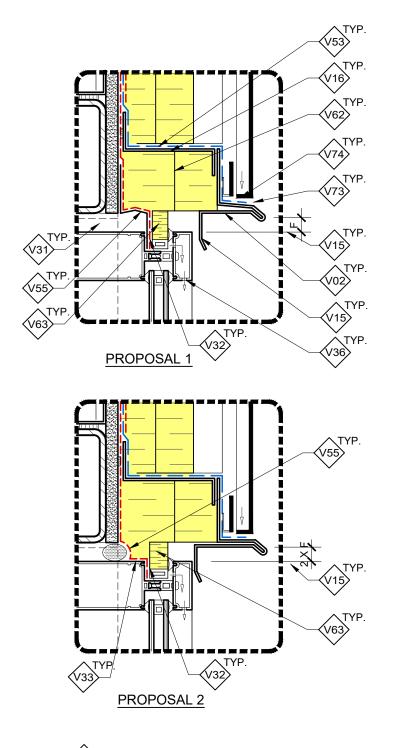




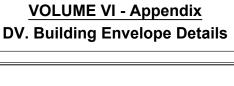




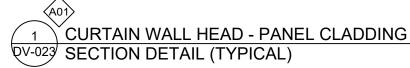




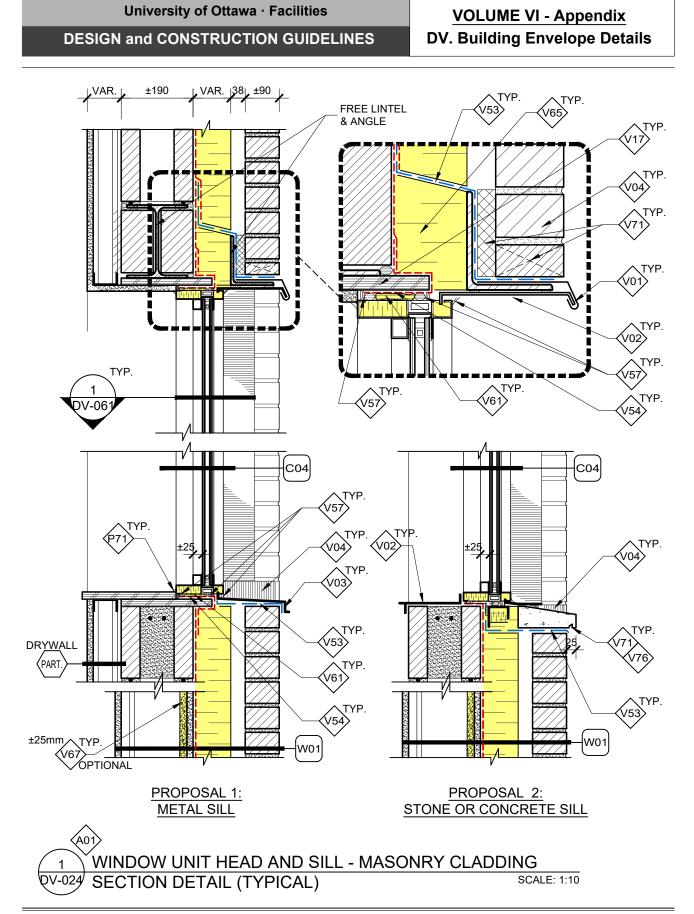
DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES





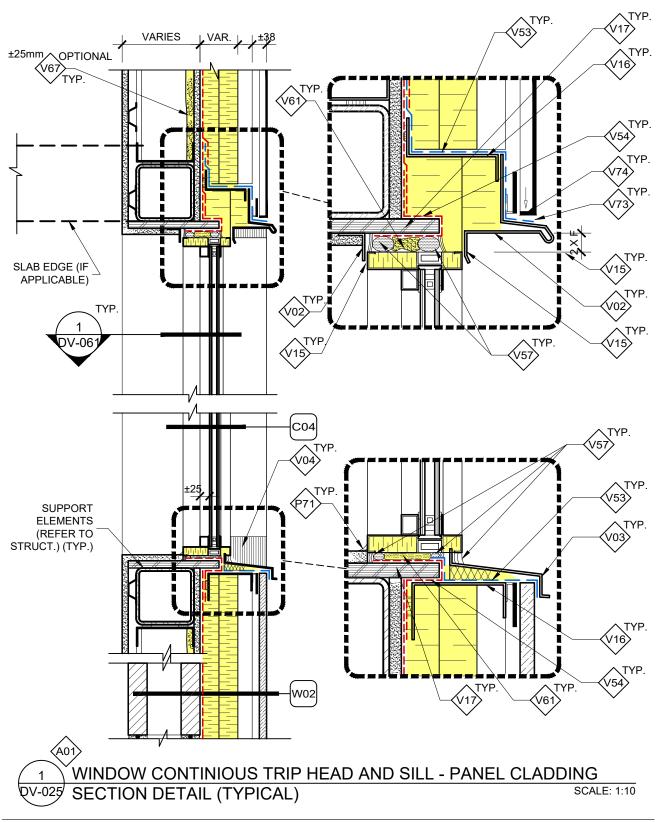


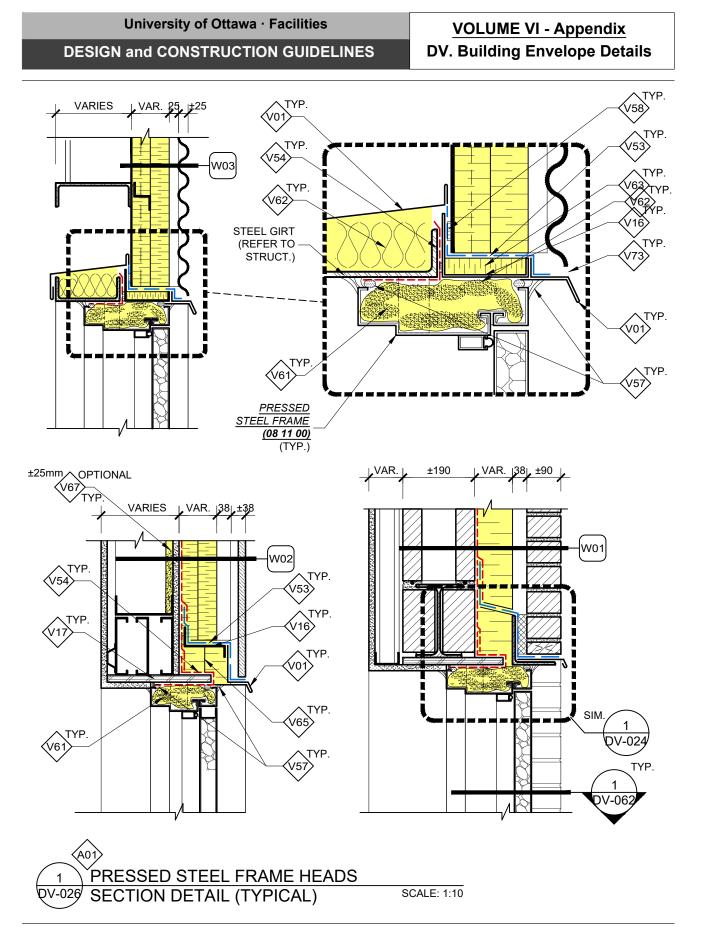
SCALE: 1:10

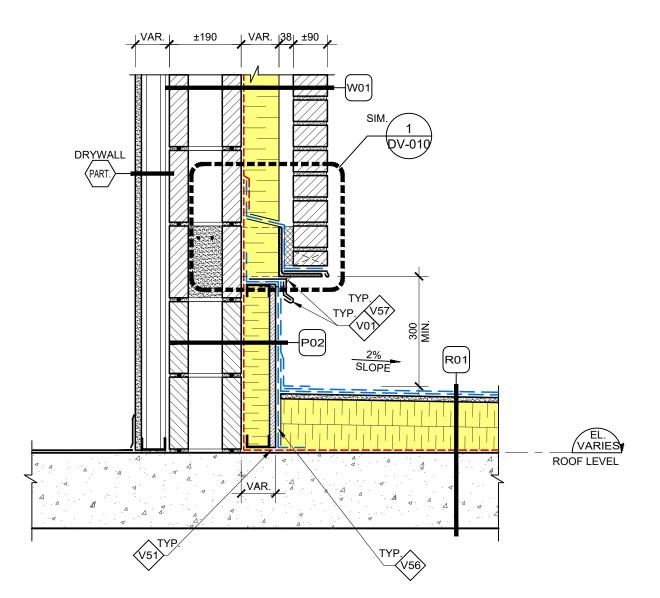


VOLUME VI - Appendix DV. Building Envelope Details

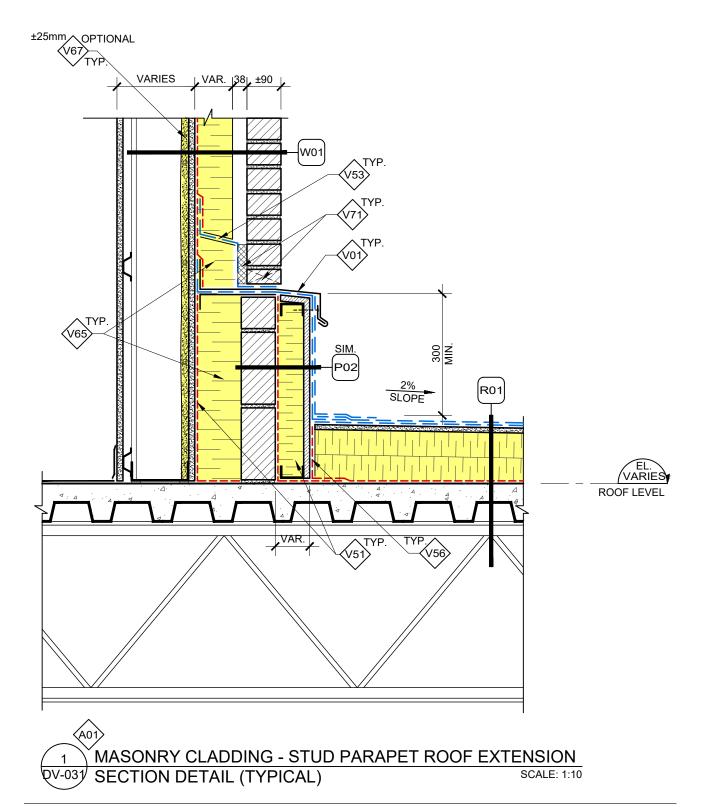
DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

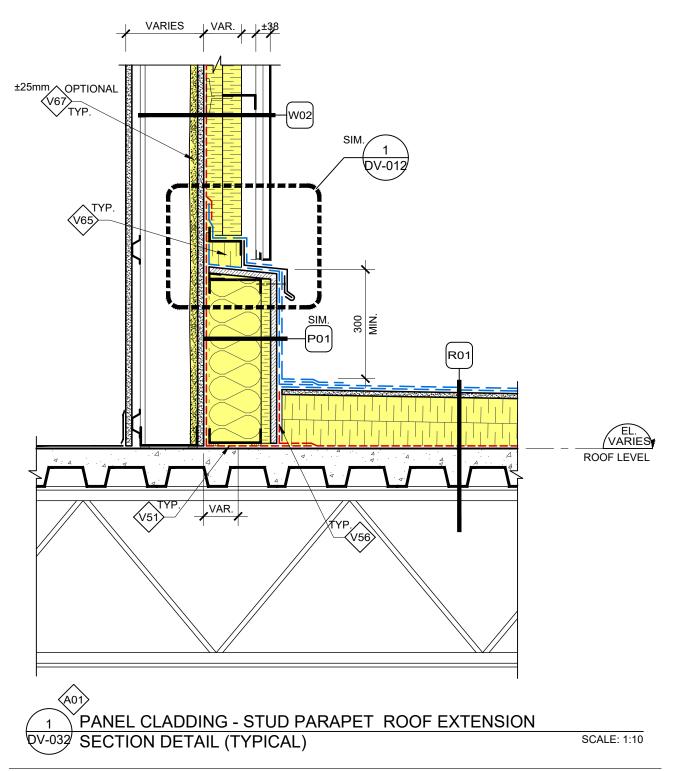


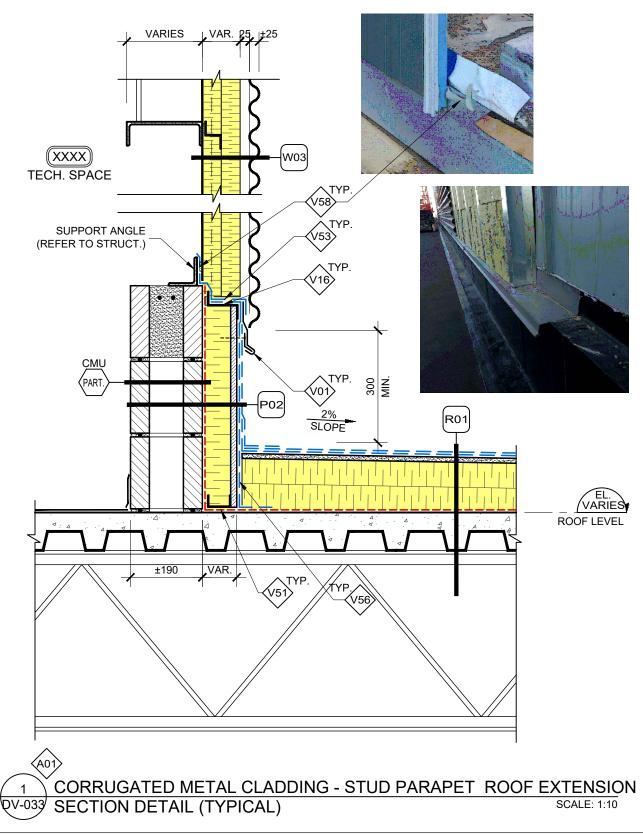


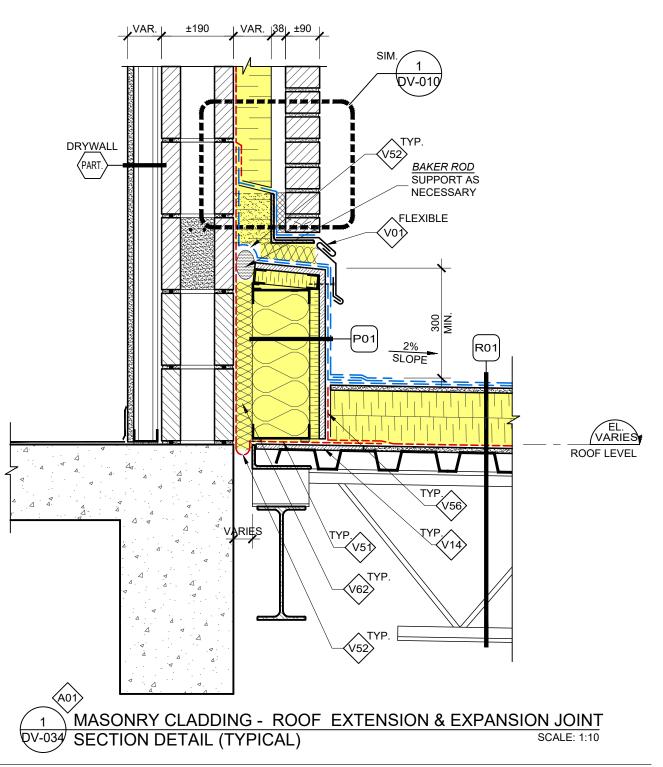


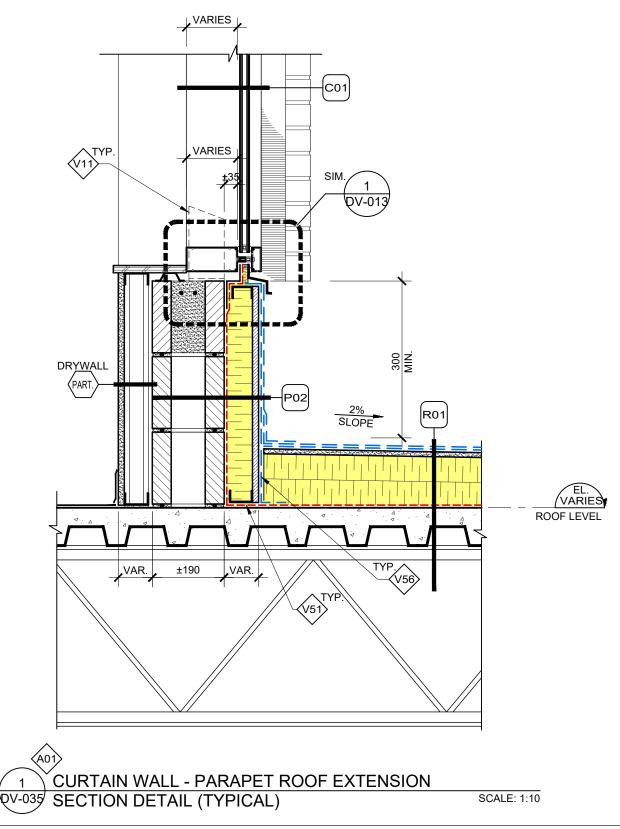
1 MASONRY CLADDING - CMU PARAPET ROOF EXTENSION V-030 SECTION DETAIL (TYPICAL) SCALE: 1:10

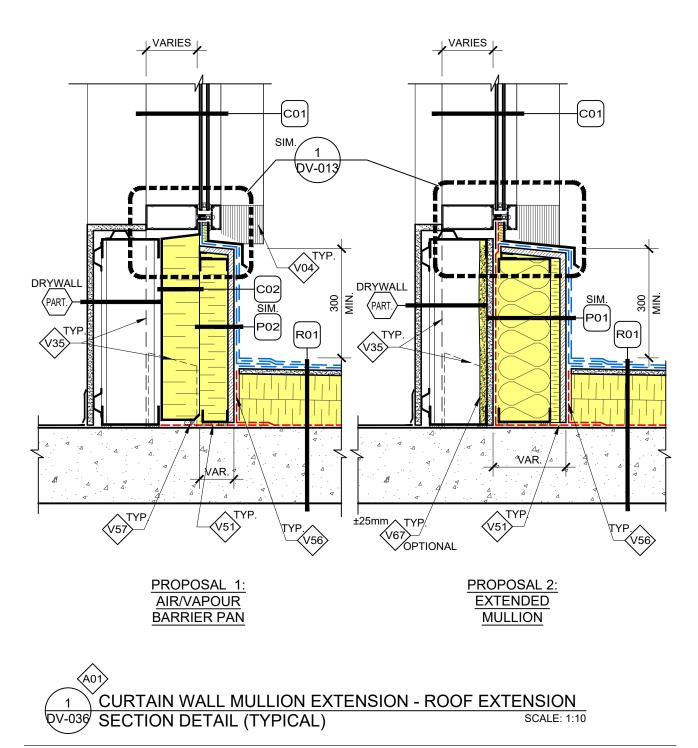




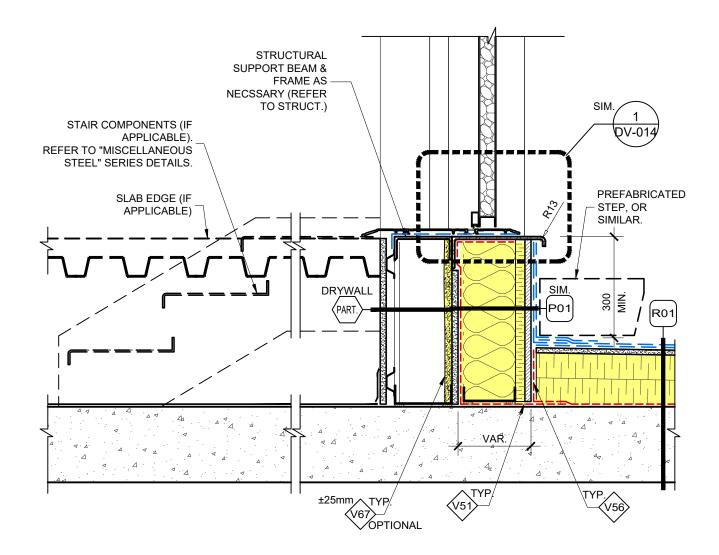




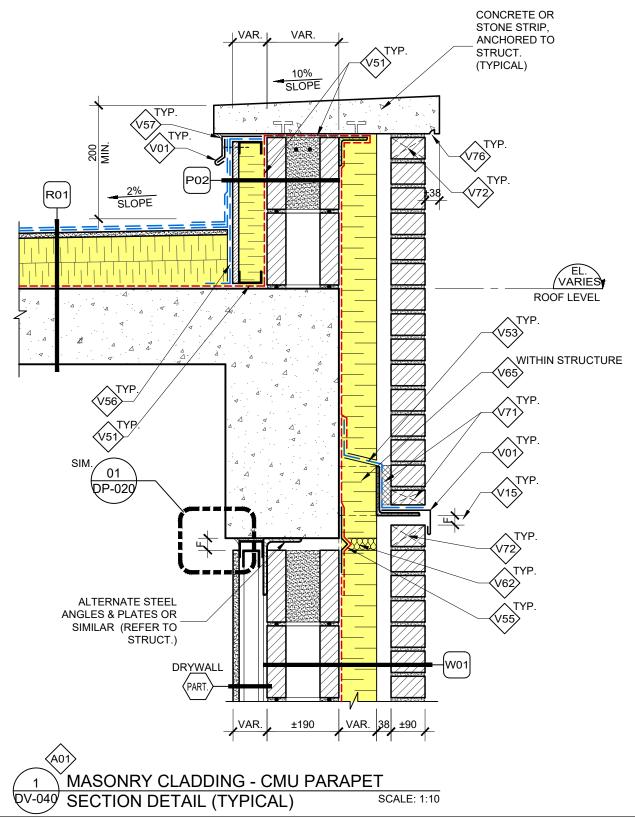


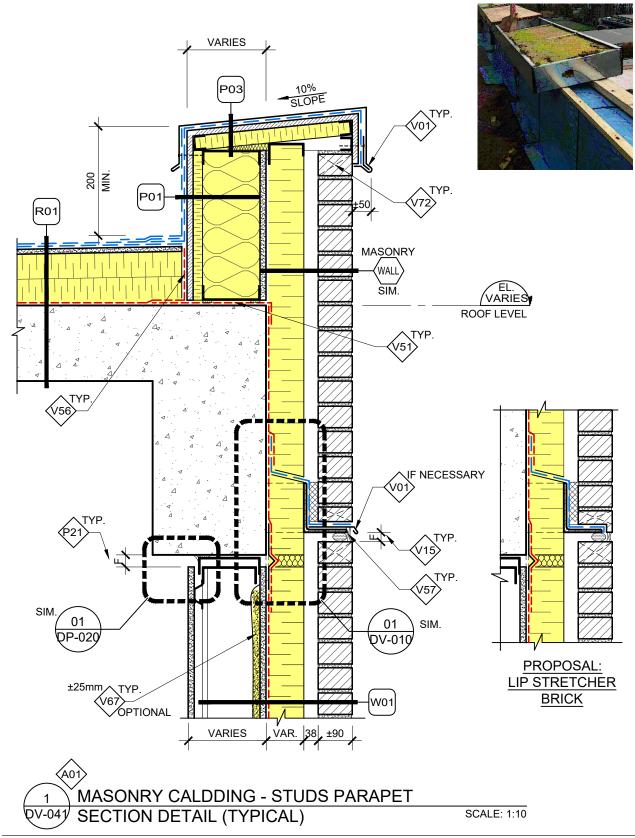


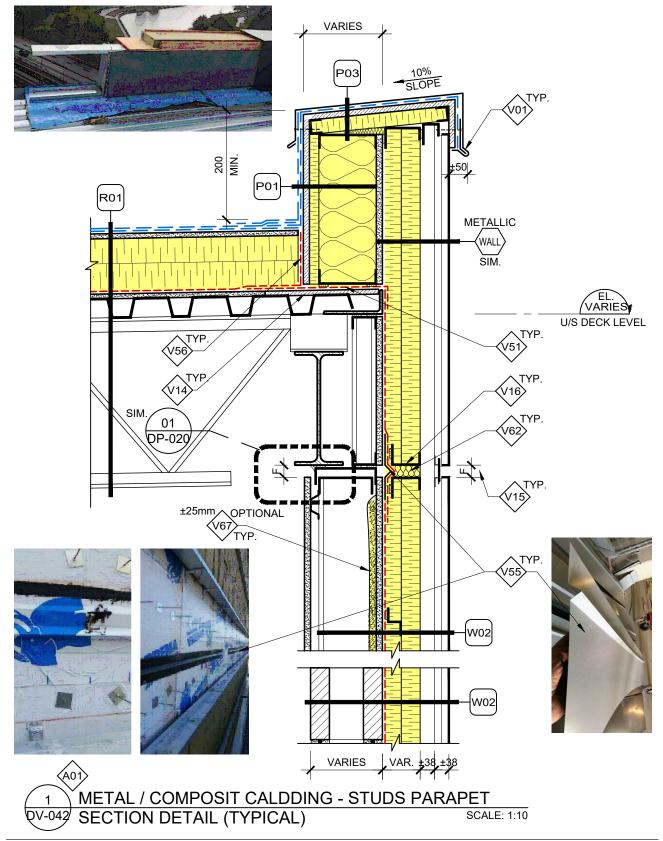
VOLUME VI - Appendix DV. Building Envelope Details



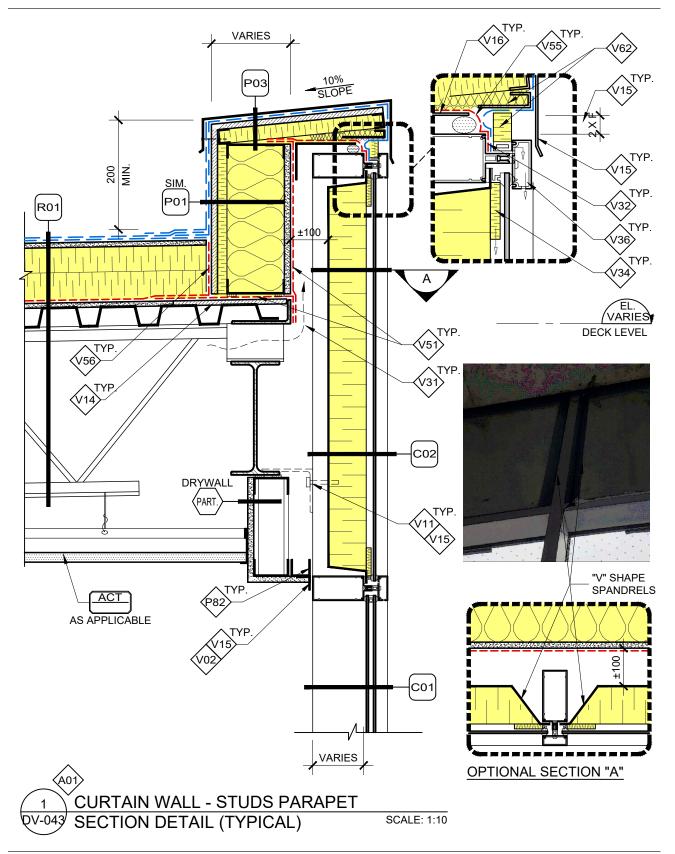


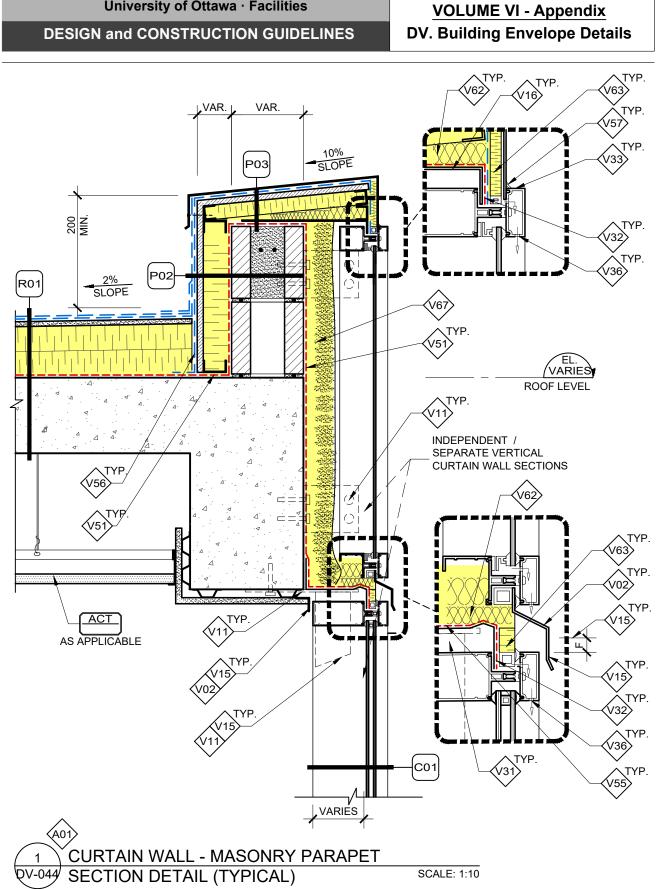




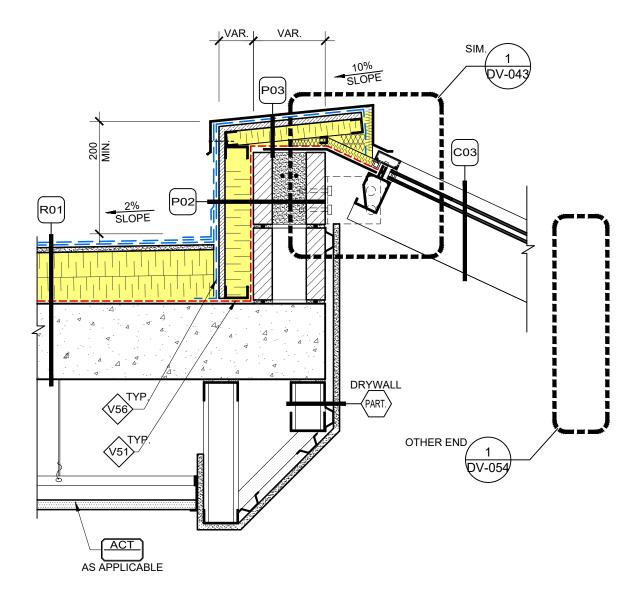


VOLUME VI - Appendix DV. Building Envelope Details



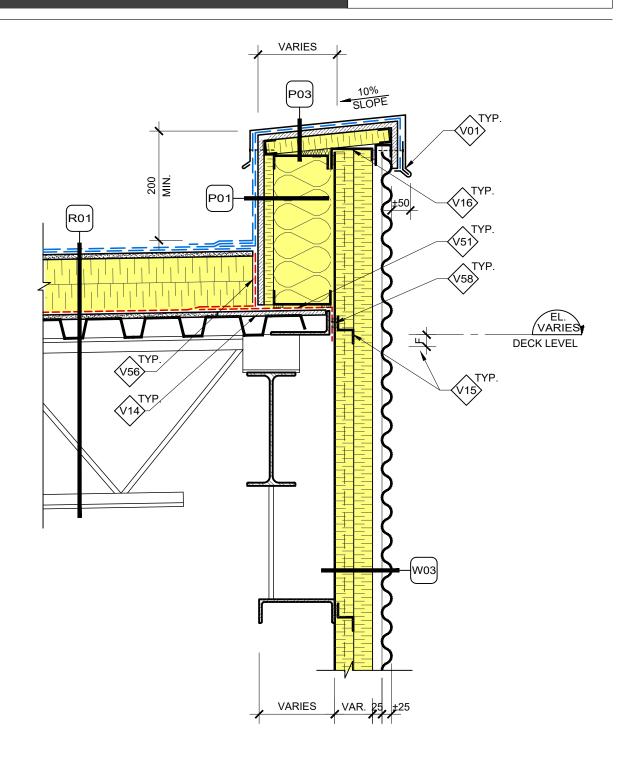


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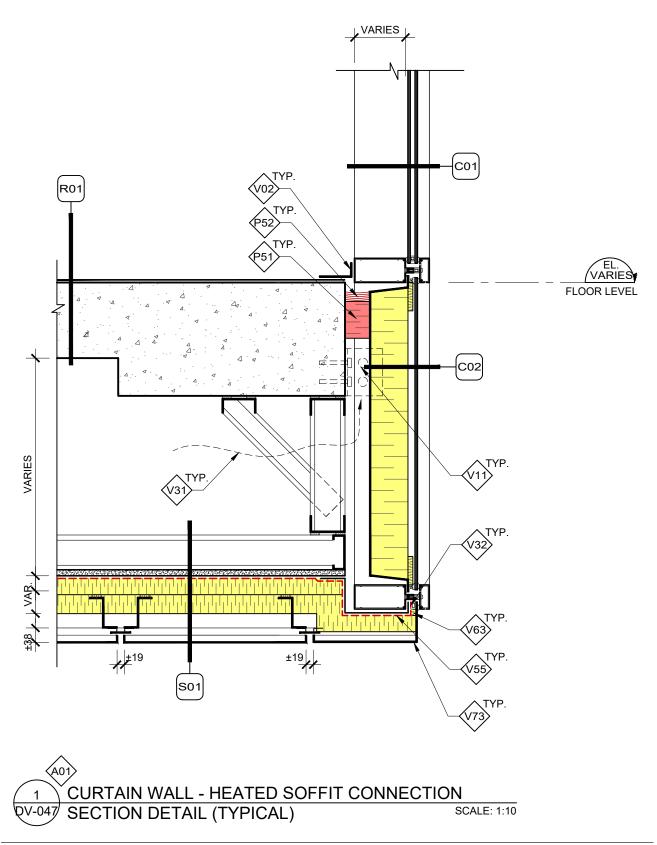


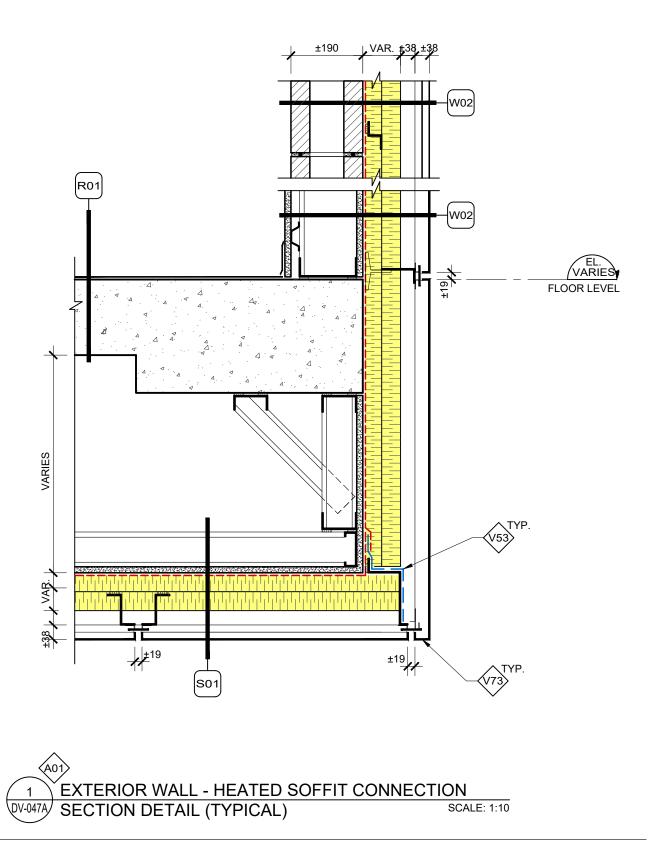


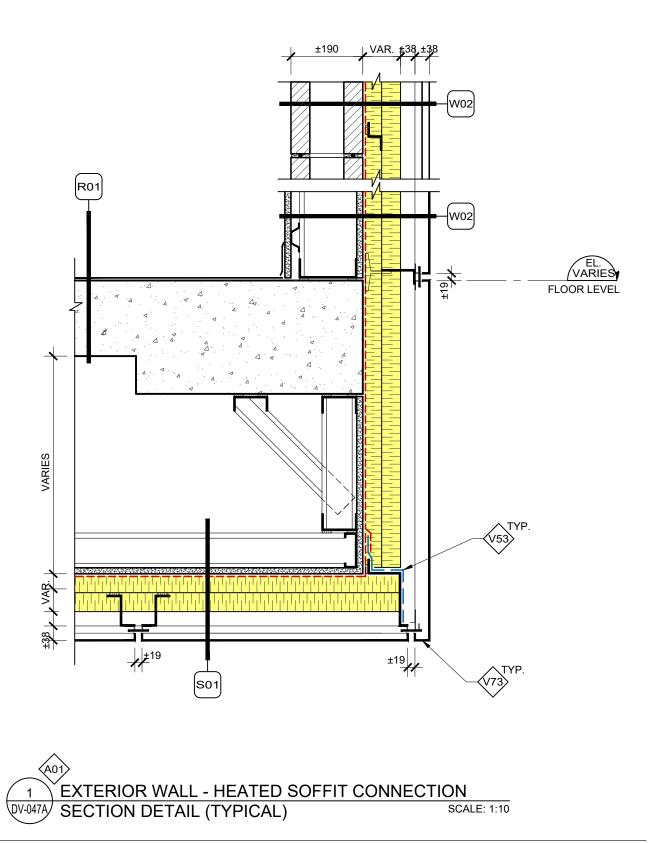
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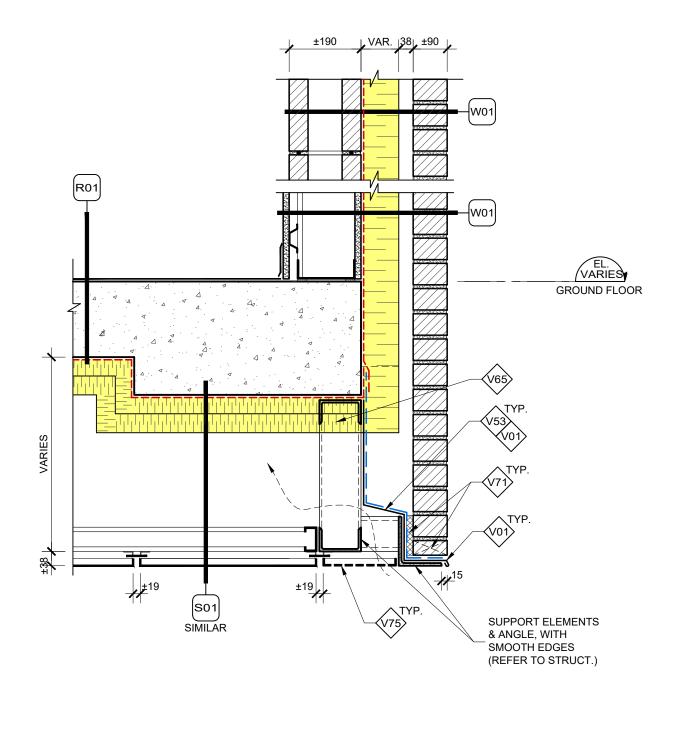


1 CORRUGATED METAL CALDDING - STUDS PARAPET V-046 SECTION DETAIL (TYPICAL) SCALE: 1:10

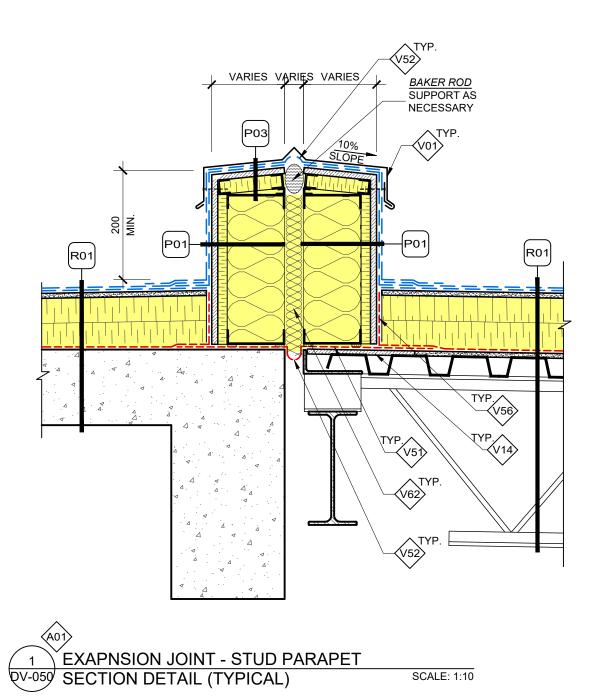


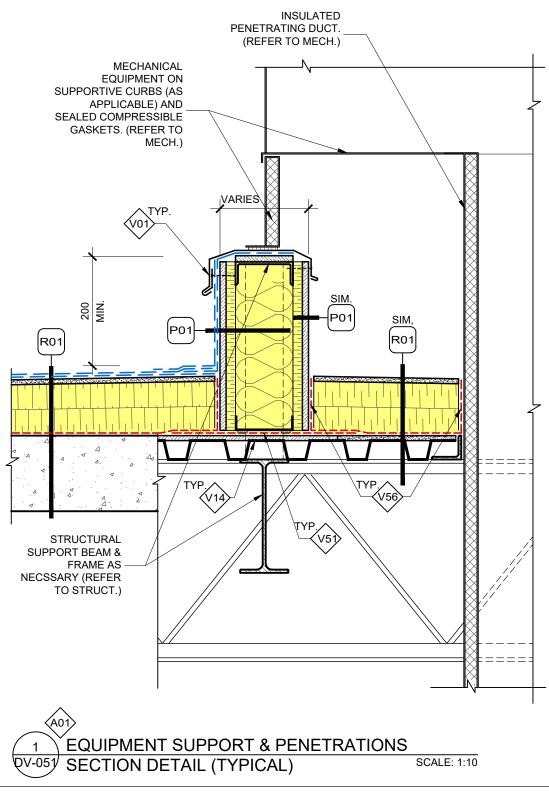




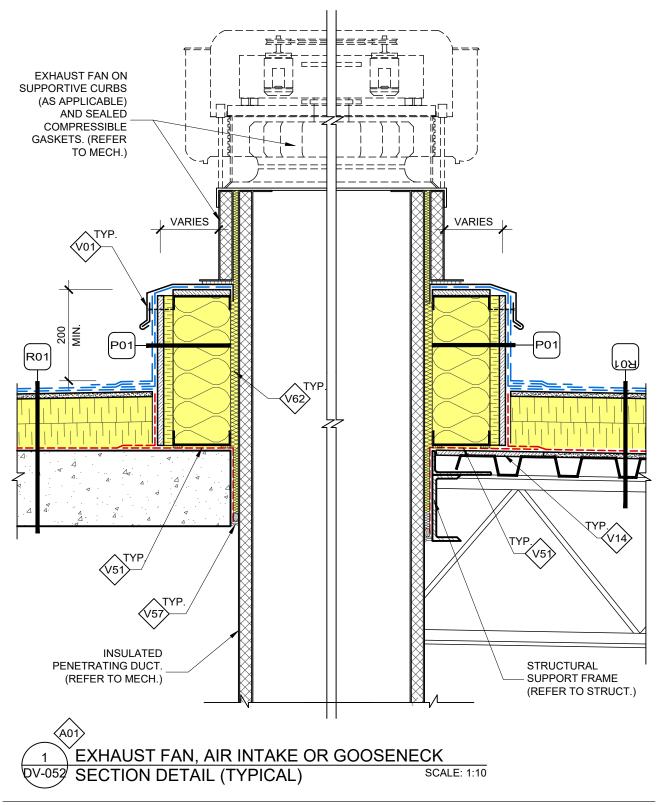




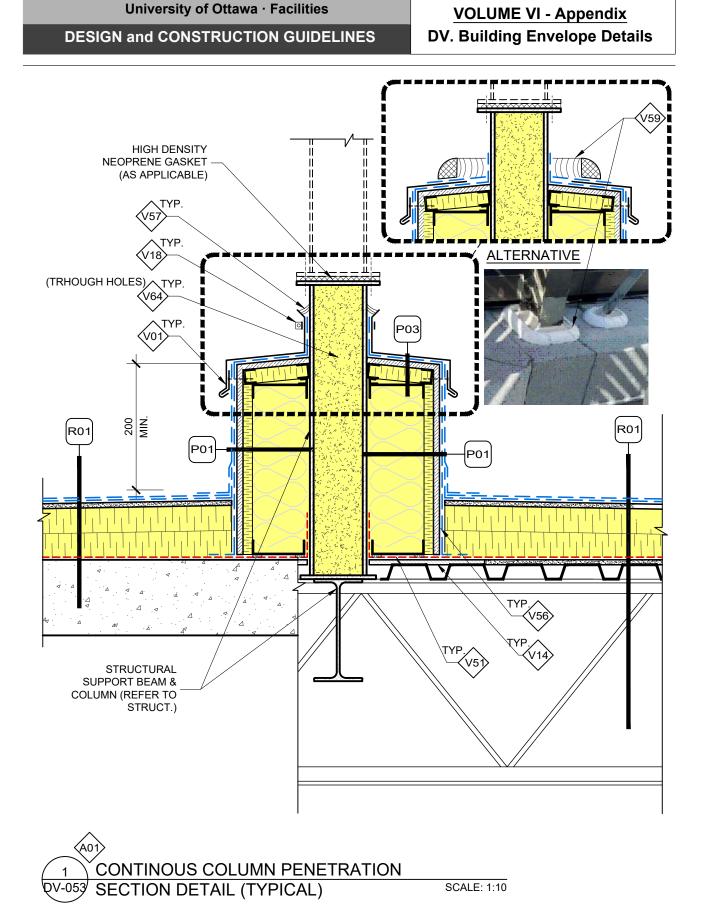




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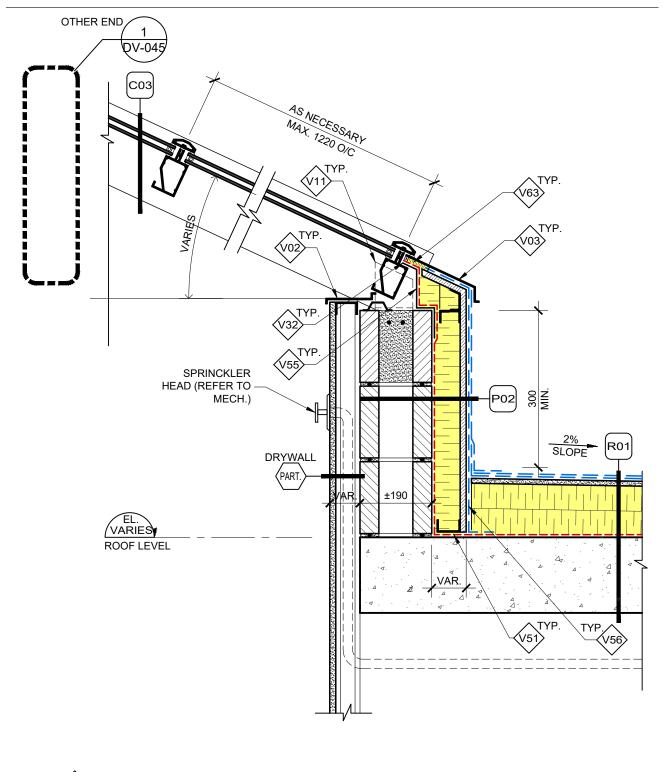


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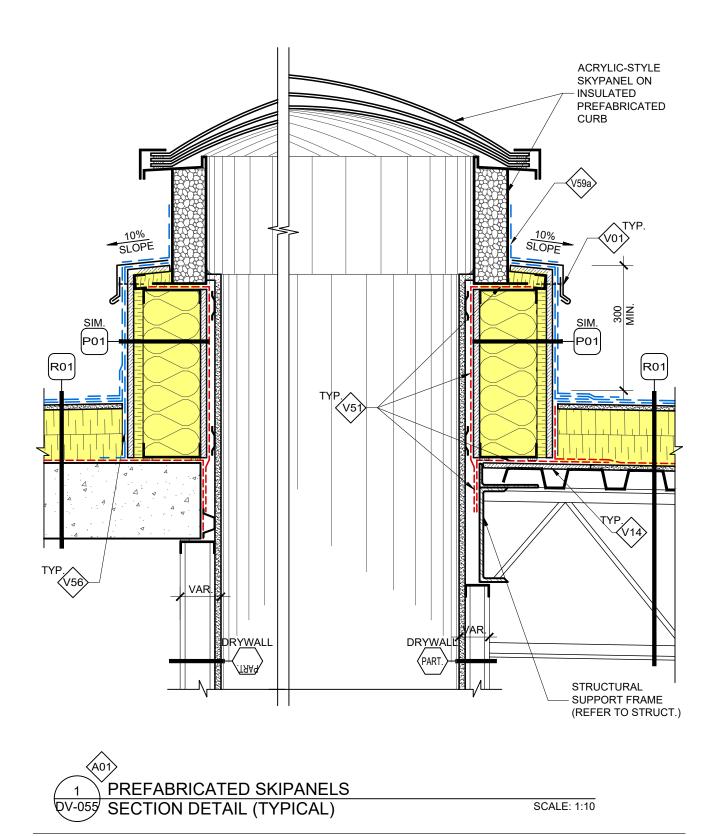


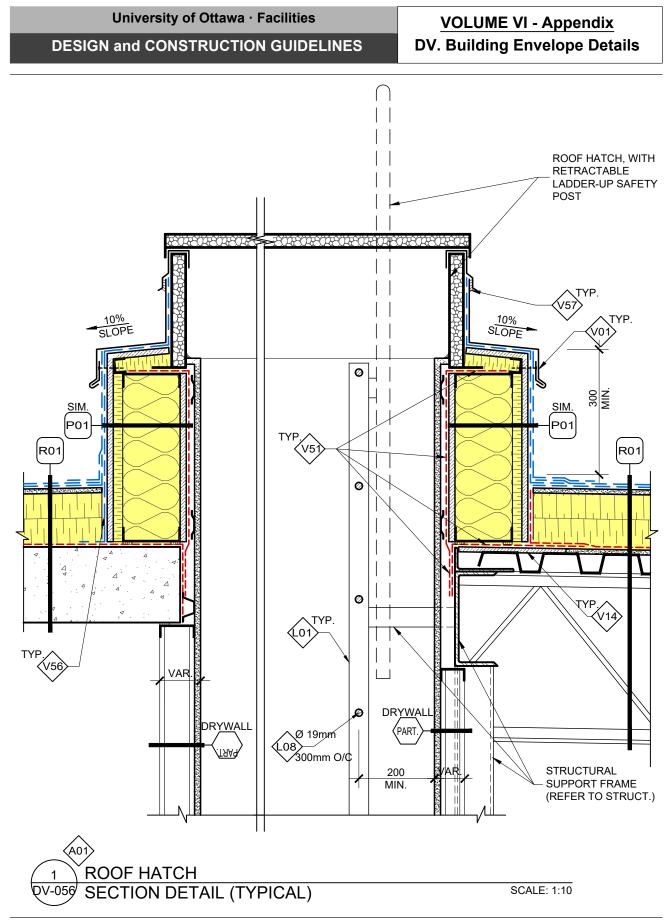


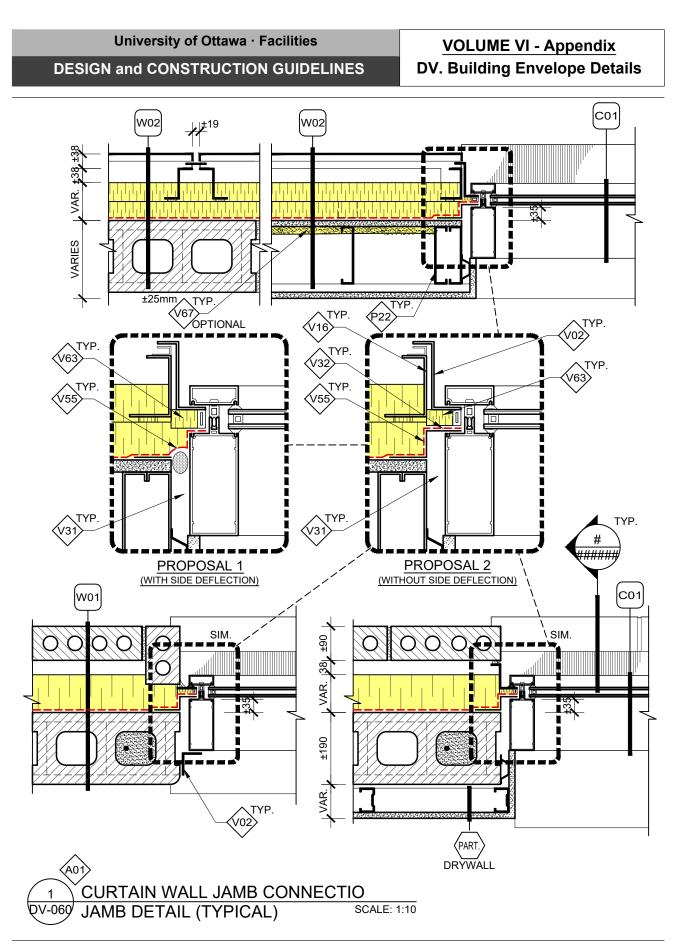


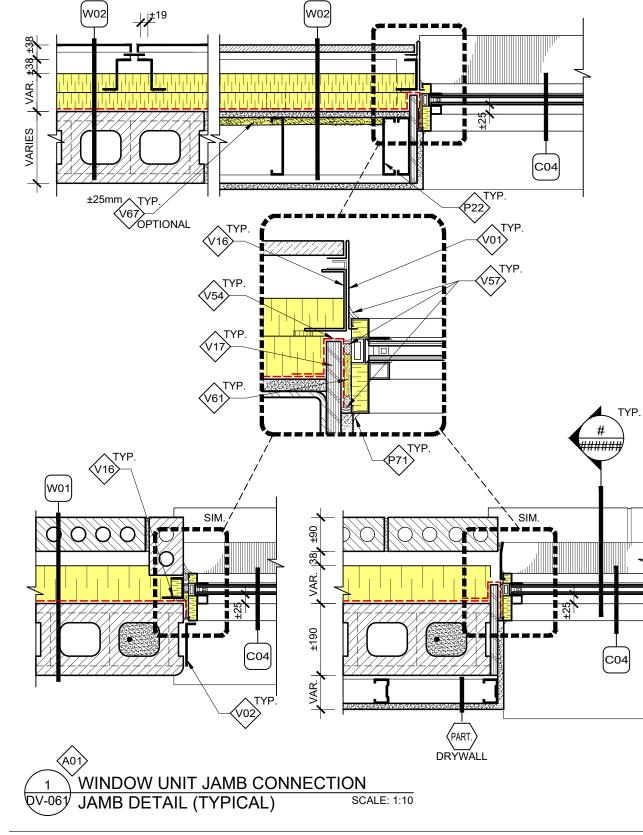
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VOLUME VI - Appendix DV. Building Envelope Details





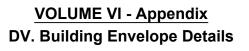


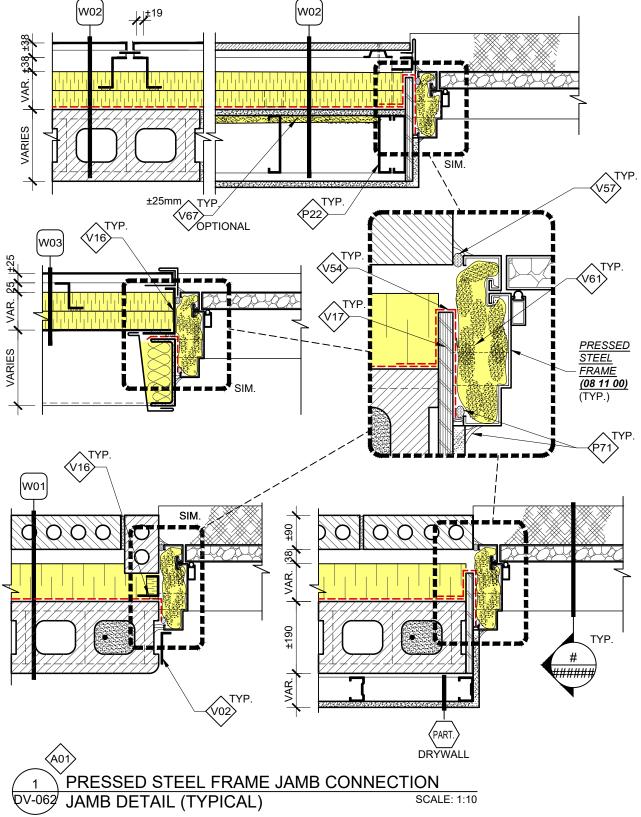


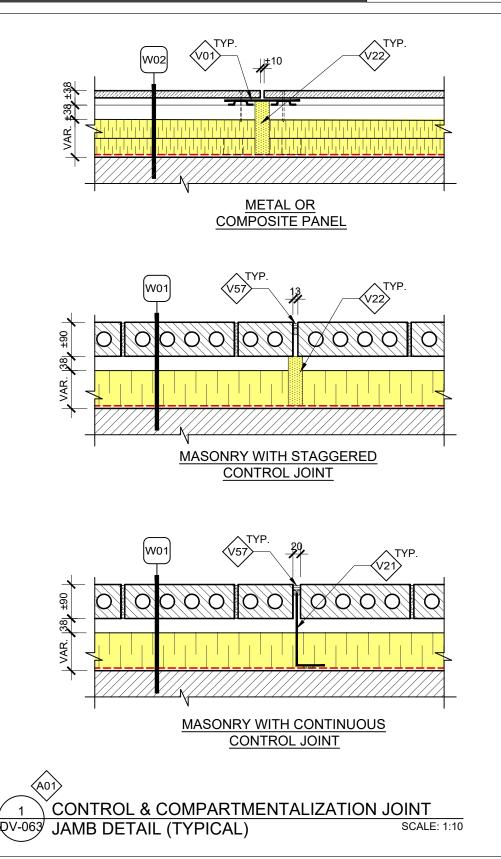
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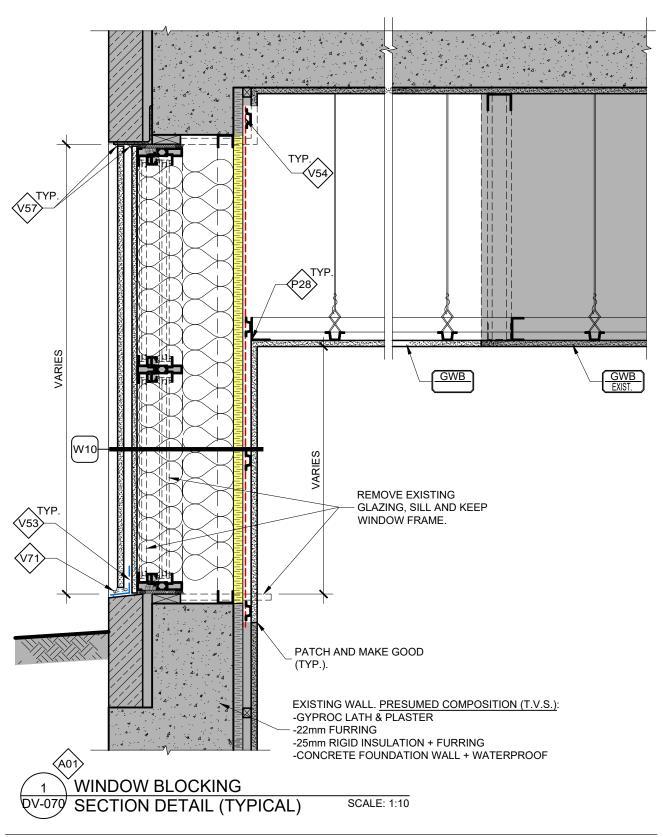
DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

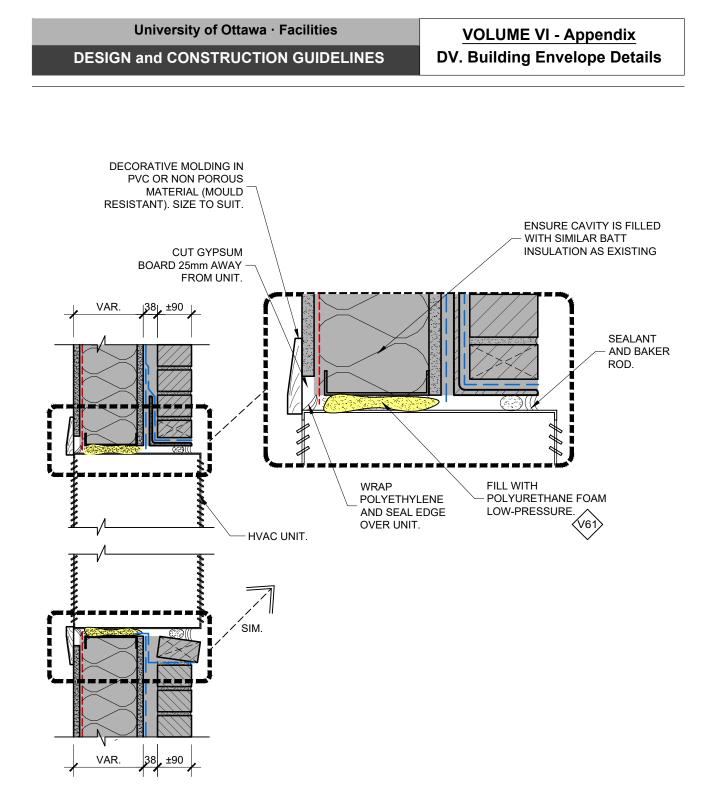


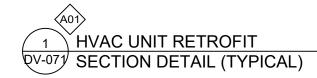








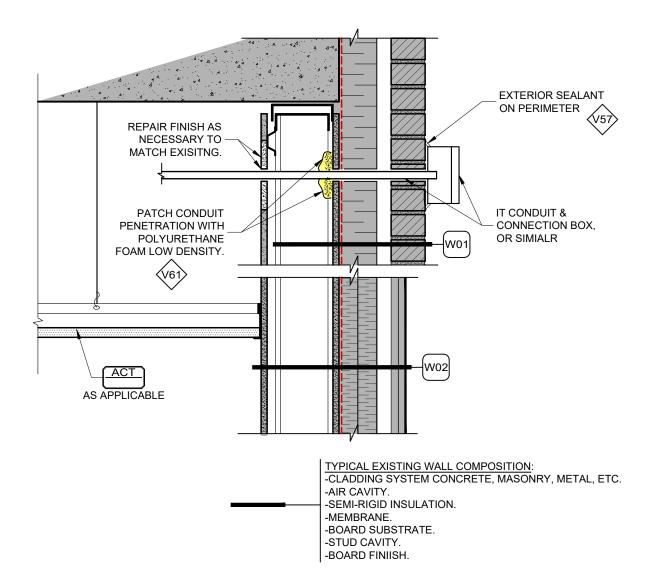


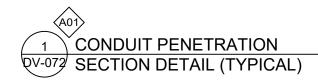


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VOLUME VI - Appendix DV. Building Envelope Details

DESIGN and CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES





SCALE: 1:10